

Weyl Anomalies of Boundaries and Defects

Andy O'Bannon



University of
Southampton



THE ROYAL
SOCIETY



Science & Technology
Facilities Council

Conformal Anomalies: Theory and Applications
Université de Tours
June 1, 2022

Credits

1309.4523 O'B. + Jensen
1509.02160 O'B. + Jensen
1812.00923 O'B. + Estes, Krym, Robinson, Rodgers
1812.08745 O'B. + Jensen, Robinson, Rodgers
2003.02857 O'B. + Chalabi, Robinson, Sisti
2111.14713 O'B. + Chalabi, Herzog, Robinson, Sisti

1205.1573 Nozaki, Takayanagi, Ugajin	1709.07431 Herzog, Huang, Jensen
1305.2334 Fursaev	1804.01974 Prochazka
1510.00021 Herzog, Huang, Jensen	1810.06995 Kobayashi, Nishioka, Sato, Watanabe
1510.01427 Fursaev	1812.08183 Casini, Landea, Torroba
1510.04566 Solodukhin	1906.11281 Herzog + Shamir
1511.06713 Bianchi, Meineri, Myers, Smolkin	1907.04952 Herzog + Shamir
1601.06418 Fursaev + Solodukhin	1907.06193 Bianchi
1601.02883 Billò, Gonçalves, Lauria, Meineri	1911.05082 Bianchi + Lemos
1604.07571 Berthiere + Solodukhin	2010.04995 Herzog + Shrestha
1702.00566 Astaneh + Solodukhin	2012.06574 Wang
1703.04186 Astaneh, Berthiere, Fursaev, Solodukhin	2101.12648 Wang
1707.06224 Herzog + Huang	2102.07661 Astaneh + Solodukhin

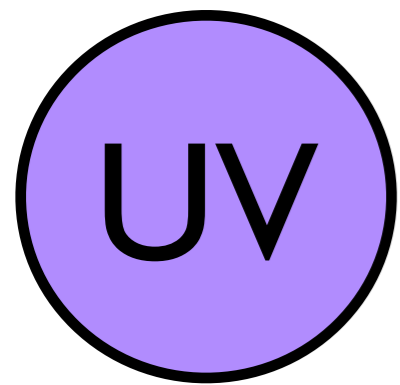
See also A. F. Astaneh's talk!

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

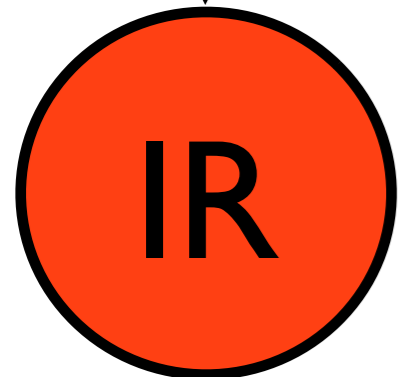
- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook



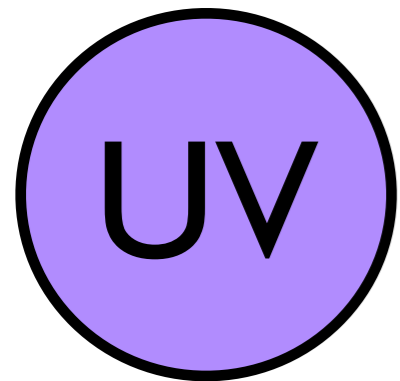
Microscopic/High-energy scales

Quantum Field Theory

Renormalisation Group (RG) flow
from the UV to IR



Macroscopic/Low-energy scales



UV CFT

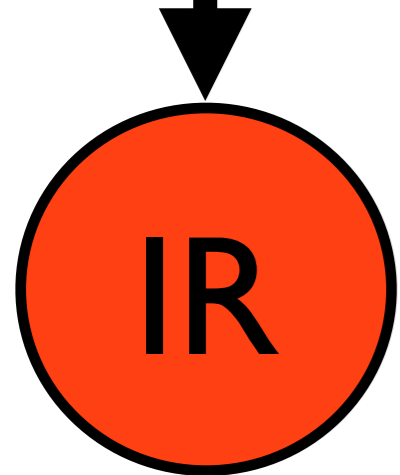
A purple rectangular box containing the text "UV CFT".

Conformal Field Theories
(CFTs)

A blue rectangular box containing the text "Conformal Field Theories (CFTs)".

RG fixed points

A green rectangular box containing the text "RG fixed points".



IR CFT

A red rectangular box containing the text "IR CFT".

Quantum Field Theory

Generating functional Z

Non-dynamical background metric $g_{\mu\nu}(x)$

Stress-Energy Tensor

$$T_{\mu\nu} \equiv \frac{2}{\sqrt{g}} \frac{\delta}{\delta g^{\mu\nu}} \ln Z[g_{\mu\nu}]$$

Quantum Field Theory

Generating functional Z

Non-dynamical background metric $g_{\mu\nu}(x)$

Stress-Energy Tensor

$$g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \delta_{\mu\nu}$$

Translational and Rotational Symmetry

$$\partial_{\mu} T_{\mu\nu} = 0$$

Conformal Field Theory

Generating functional Z

Non-dynamical background metric $g_{\mu\nu}(x)$

Conformal Transformation

Diffeomorphism

$$x^\mu \rightarrow x'^\mu(x)$$

such that

$$g_{\mu\nu}(x) \rightarrow e^{2\Omega(x)} g_{\mu\nu}(x)$$

Conformal Field Theory

$$g_{\mu\nu}(x) \rightarrow e^{2\Omega(x)} g_{\mu\nu}(x)$$

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{g}} \frac{\delta}{\delta\Omega} \ln Z[g_{\mu\nu}]$$

Conformal invariance

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = 0$$

CFT

flat space \mathbb{R}^d

Rotations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu x^\nu$$

Translations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow x^\mu + c^\mu$$

Dilatations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \lambda x^\mu$$

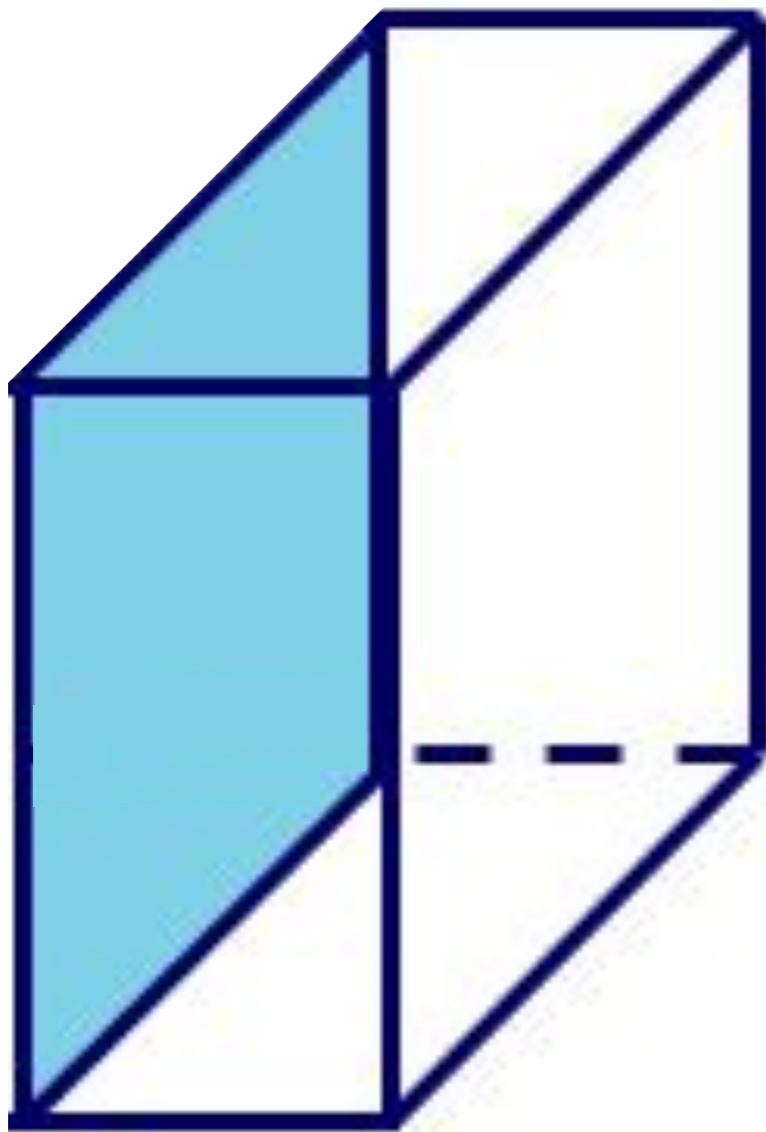
Special Conformal

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \frac{x^\mu + b^\mu x^2}{1 + 2x^\nu b_\nu + b^2 x^2}$$

$$SO(d + 1, 1)$$

conformal field theory (CFT) with a boundary
+ conformally-invariant boundary conditions
possibly + massless degrees of freedom at the boundary

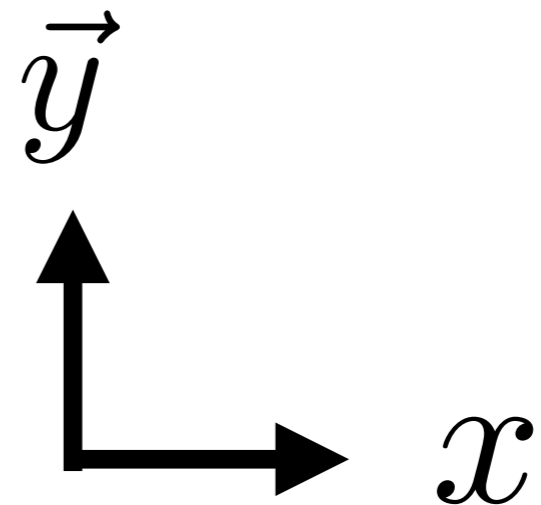
Boundary Conformal Field Theory (BCFT)



CFT dimension d

Boundary dimension $d - 1$

Co-dimension 1



Examples

Experiments

graphene with a boundary

Quantum Field Theory

free fields, Ising model, Wilson-Fisher, etc.
with a boundary

String theory + M-theory

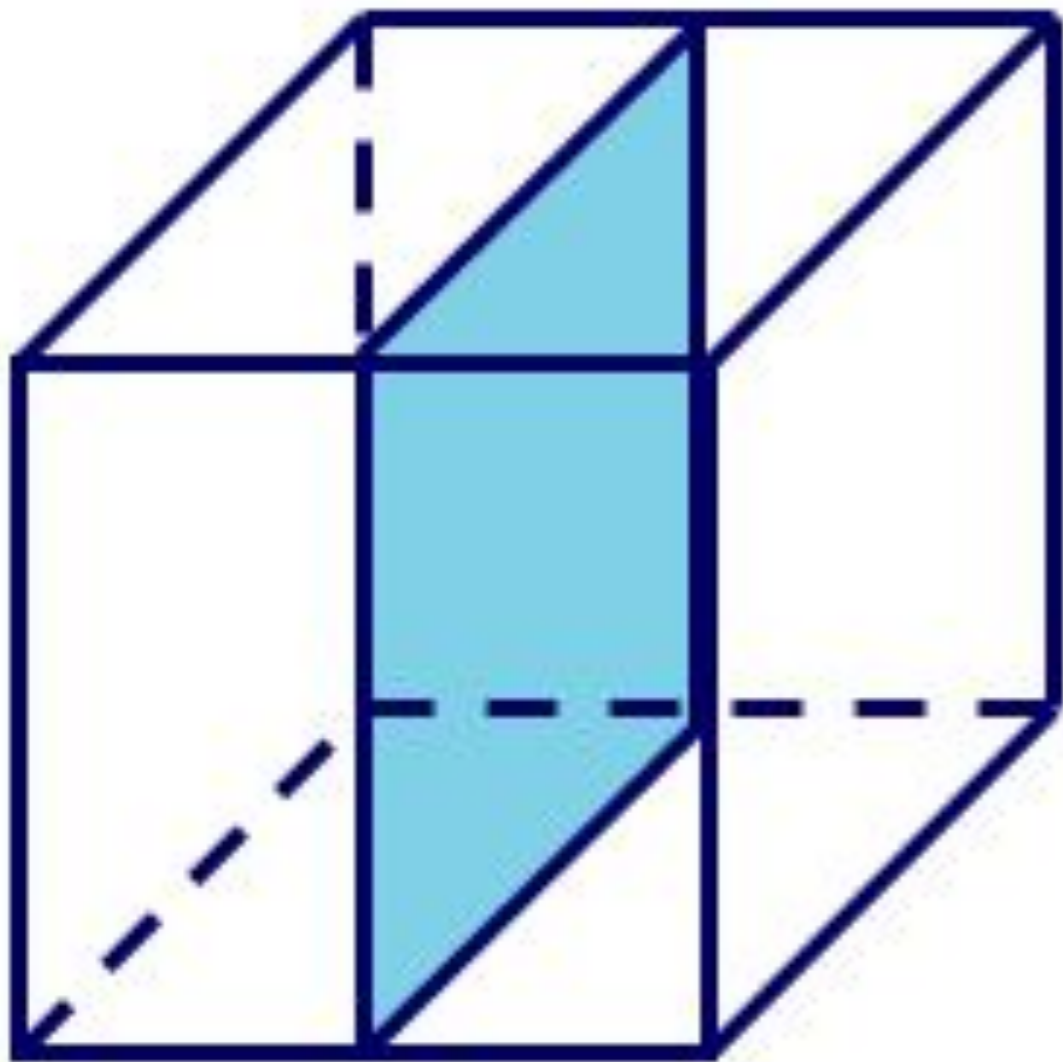
various branes ending on branes

Holography

many examples

CFT with a conformally-invariant defect:
conformally-invariant boundary conditions along a submanifold
and/or massless degrees of freedom supported along a submanifold

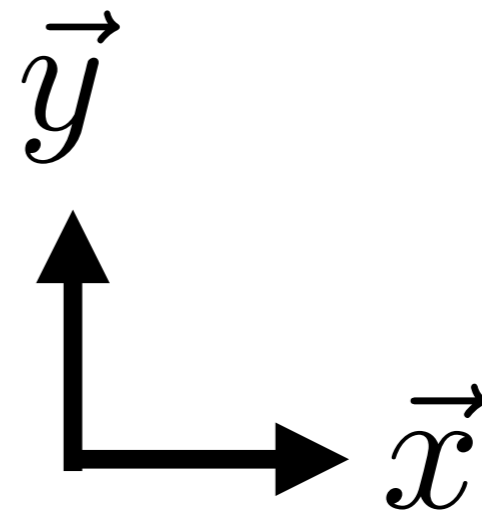
Defect Conformal Field Theory (DCFT)



CFT dimension d

Defect dimension p

Co-dimension $d - p$



Examples

Experiments

graphene with an impurity, line defect, etc.

Quantum Field Theory

Wilson lines, surface operators, etc.

String theory + M-theory

various branes intersecting branes

Holography

many examples

CFT

flat space \mathbb{R}^d

Rotations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu x^\nu$$

Translations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow x^\mu + c^\mu$$

Dilatations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \lambda x^\mu$$

Special Conformal

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \frac{x^\mu + b^\mu x^2}{1 + 2x^\nu b_\nu + b^2 x^2}$$

$$SO(d + 1, 1)$$

BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

Rotations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \Lambda^\mu_\nu x^\nu$$

Translations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow x^\mu + c^\mu$$

Dilatations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \lambda x^\mu$$

Special Conformal

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \frac{x^\mu + b^\mu x^2}{1 + 2x^\nu b_\nu + b^2 x^2}$$

$$SO(d + 1, 1)$$

Broken to subgroup
that preserves the boundary or defect

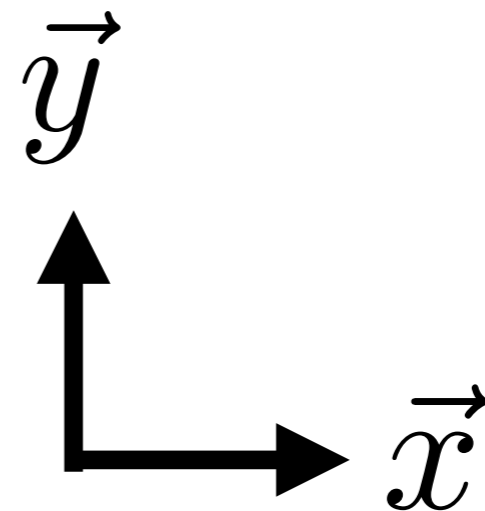
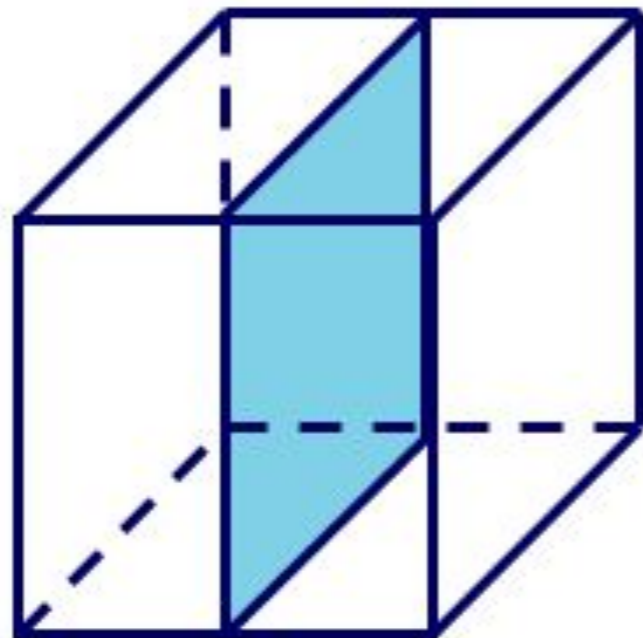
BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

Rotations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu x^\nu$$

Broken to rotations in \vec{y} + rotations in \vec{x}



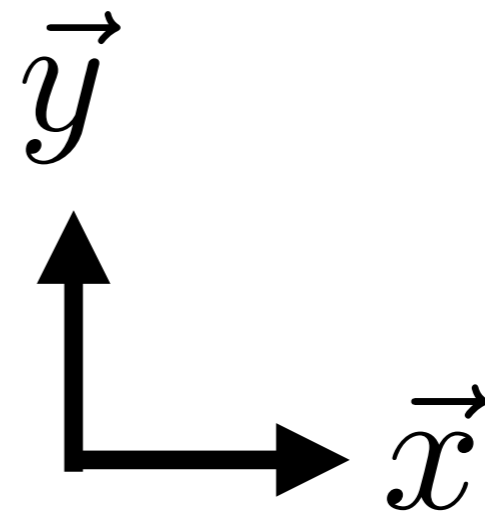
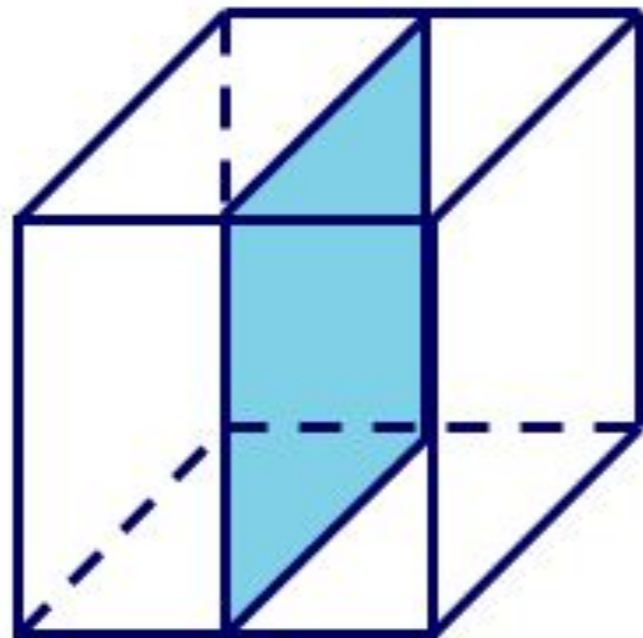
BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

Translations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow x^\mu + c^\mu$$

Broken to translations along \vec{y}



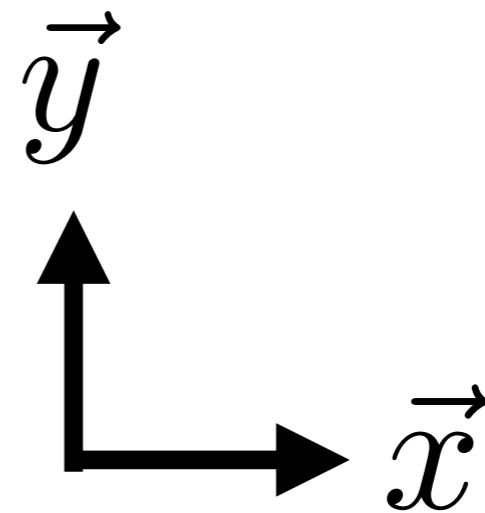
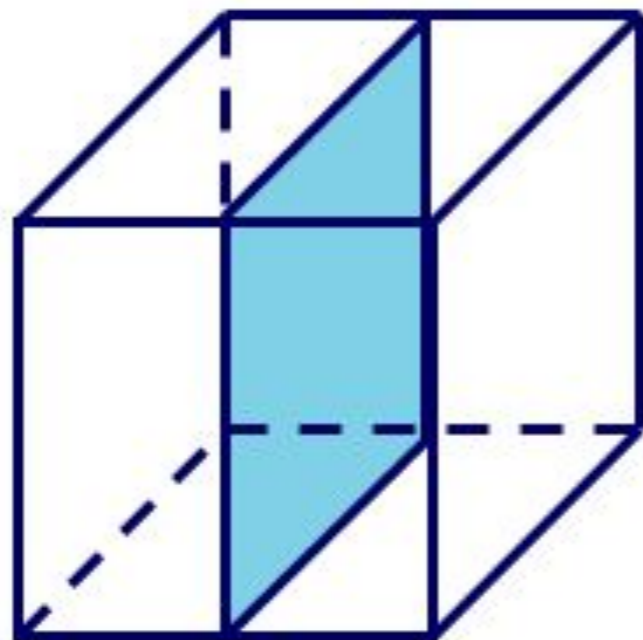
BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

Dilatations

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \lambda x^\mu$$

Unbroken



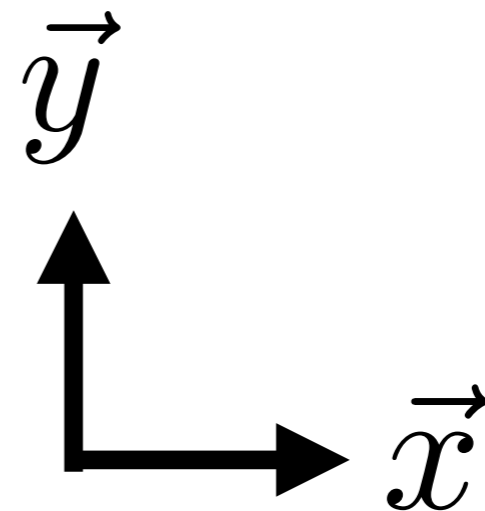
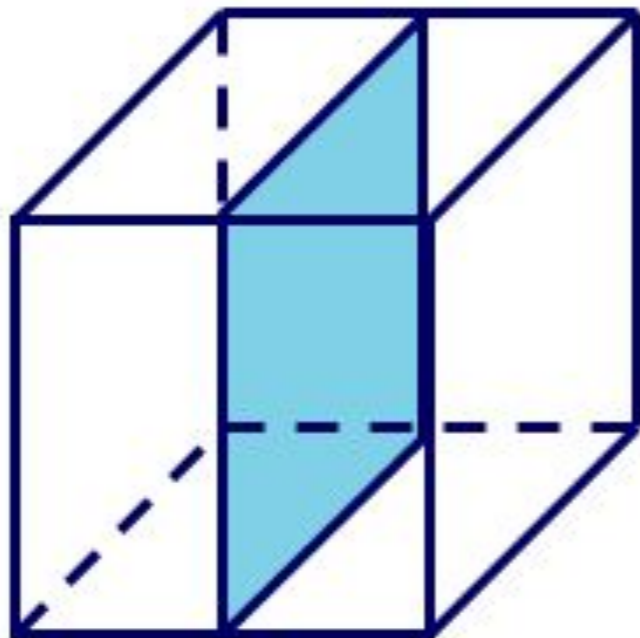
BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

Special Conformal

$$x^\mu \rightarrow \frac{x^\mu + b^\mu x^2}{1 + 2x^\nu b_\nu + b^2 x^2}$$

Broken to $b^\perp = 0$



BCFT + DCFT

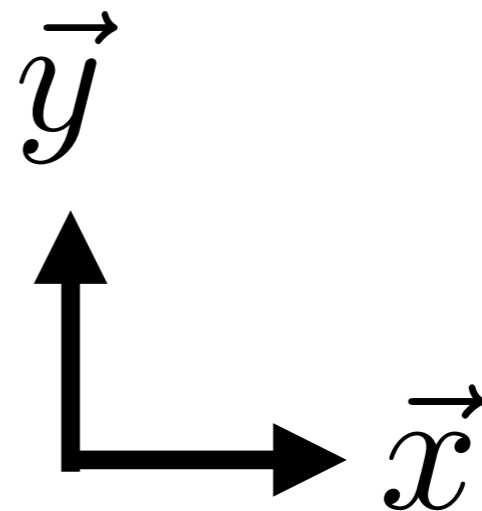
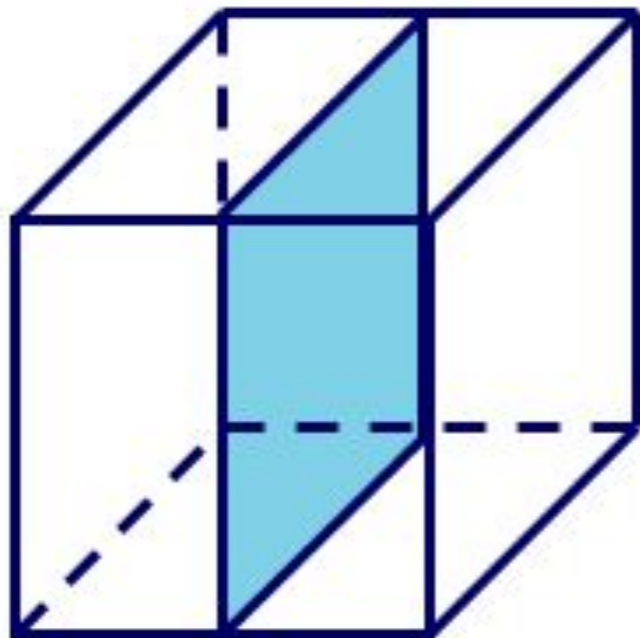
boundary or defect in flat space

$$SO(d + 1, 1) \rightarrow SO(p + 1, 1) \times SO(d - p)$$



conformal transformations
preserving the boundary/defect

rotations around
the defect



BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

x^μ with $\mu = 1, 2, 3, \dots, d$

along the boundary/defect

y^a with $a = 1, 2, \dots, p$

transverse to the boundary/defect

x^i with $i = p + 1, p + 2, \dots, d$

BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

$$\partial_\mu T^{\mu i} = \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) D^i$$

Displacement operator D^i

$$T^{\mu\nu} = [T^{\mu\nu}]_{\text{bulk}} + \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) [T^{\mu\nu}]_p$$

Gaussian pillbox integration around boundary/defect

Boundary case:

$$D \propto [T^{\perp\perp}]_{\text{bulk}}^{\partial}$$

$$\partial_a [T^{ab}]_{p=d-1} \propto [T^{b\perp}]_{\text{bulk}}^{\partial}$$

BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

$$\partial_{\mu} T^{\mu i} = \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) D^i$$

Displacement operator D^i

$$T^{\mu\nu} = [T^{\mu\nu}]_{\text{bulk}} + \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) [T^{\mu\nu}]_p$$

Conformal invariance

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{\text{bulk}} = 0 \quad [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p = 0$$

BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

$$\partial_\mu T^{\mu i} = \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) D^i$$

Displacement operator D^i

$$T^{\mu\nu} = [T^{\mu\nu}]_{\text{bulk}} + \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) [T^{\mu\nu}]_p$$

Conformal invariance

$$\langle D^i(y^a) D^j(0) \rangle \propto \frac{\delta^{ij}}{|y^a|^{2(p+1)}}$$

BCFT + DCFT

boundary or defect in flat space

Co-dimension $d - p > 1$

$$SO(d + 1, 1) \rightarrow SO(p + 1, 1) \times SO(d - p)$$

symmetry allows

$$\langle [T^{ab}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = -h(d - p - 1) \frac{\delta^{ab}}{|x_{\perp}|^d} \quad \langle [T^{ai}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle [T^{ij}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = h \frac{(p + 1)\delta^{ij} - d \frac{x_{\perp}^i x_{\perp}^j}{|x_{\perp}|^2}}{|x_{\perp}|^d}$$

BCFT + DCFT

Average Null Energy Condition (ANEC)

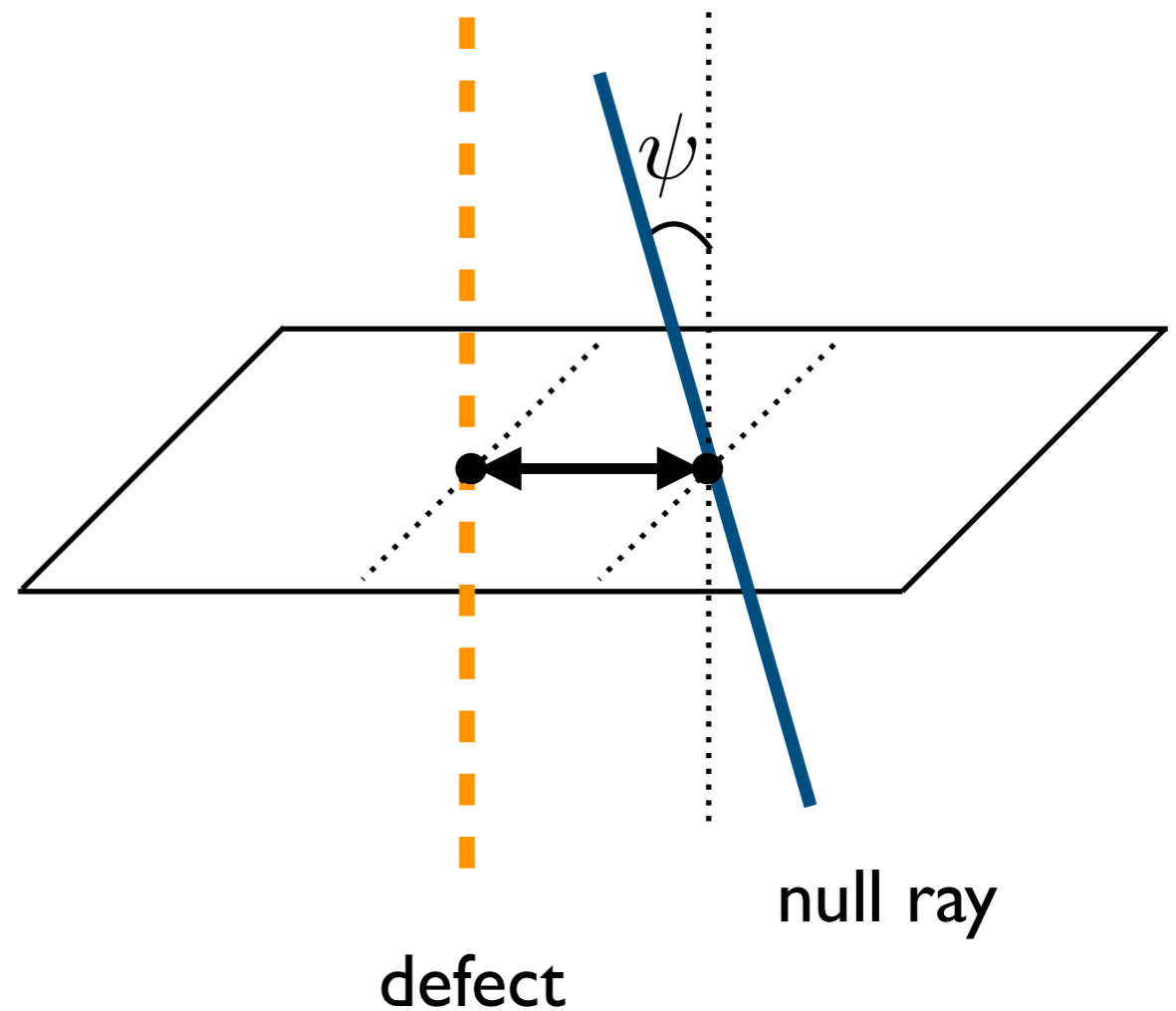
Jensen, O'Bannon, Robinson, Rodgers 1812.08745

Lorentzian BCFT/DCFT

along any null ray

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} du \langle T_{uu} \rangle \geq 0$$

$$h \geq 0$$



CFT

Average Null Energy Condition (ANEC)

Faulkner, Leigh, Parrikar, Wang 1605.08072

Hartman, Kundu, Tajdini 1610.05308

Lorentzian CFT

excited state

along any null ray

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} du \langle T_{uu} \rangle \geq 0$$

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Weyl Anomaly

Conformal Field Theory

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \delta_{\mu\nu}$$

Conformal invariance

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = 0$$

Weyl Anomaly

Conformal Field Theory

$$g_{\mu\nu} \neq \delta_{\mu\nu}$$

Quantum Effects
Break Conformal Invariance

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} \neq 0$$

Weyl Anomaly

What is the general form of T_{μ}^{μ} ?

Step #1

Write down all curvature invariants
built from $g_{\mu\nu}$
with the correct dimension

$d = 4$ CFT

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = c_1 R_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} R^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} + c_2 R_{\mu\nu} R^{\mu\nu} + c_3 R^2 + c_4 \square R$$

Weyl Anomaly

What is the general form of T_{μ}^{μ} ?

Step #2

Wess-Zumino consistency

$$g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow e^{2\Omega_1} e^{2\Omega_2} g_{\mu\nu} = g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow e^{2\Omega_2} e^{2\Omega_1} g_{\mu\nu}$$

Fixes some coefficients

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = c_1 R_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} R^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} + c_2 R_{\mu\nu} R^{\mu\nu} + c_3 R^2 + c_4 \square R$$

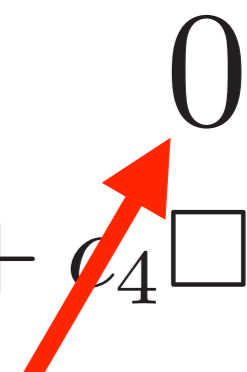
Weyl Anomaly

What is the general form of T_{μ}^{μ} ?

Step #3

Add local counterterms
Determine how they enter T_{μ}^{μ}

Fixes more coefficients

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = c_1 R_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} R^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} + c_2 R_{\mu\nu} R^{\mu\nu} + c_3 R^2 + c_4 \square R$$


Weyl Anomaly

Conformal Field Theory

What is the general form of T_{μ}^{μ} ?

$$d \text{ odd} \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = 0$$

$$d \text{ even} \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} \neq 0$$

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \right)$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

Deser, Duff, Isham NPB 111 (1976) 45

Bonora, Pasti, Bregola CQG 3 (1986) 635

Duff hep-th/9308075

Bastianelli, Frolov, Tseytlin hep-th/0001041

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(-a_{4d} E_4 - c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \right)$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

Euler density

$$E_d = \frac{1}{2^{d/2}} \delta_{\rho_1\sigma_1 \dots \rho_{d/2}\sigma_{d/2}}^{\mu_1\nu_1 \dots \mu_{d/2}\nu_{d/2}} R^{\rho_1\sigma_1}_{\mu_1\nu_1} R^{\rho_2\sigma_2}_{\mu_2\nu_2} \dots R^{\rho_{d/2}\sigma_{d/2}}_{\mu_{d/2}\nu_{d/2}}$$

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \right)$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

Weyl tensor

$$W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}$$

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

$$I_1 = W_{\mu\lambda\rho\nu} W^{\lambda\sigma\tau\rho} W_{\sigma}^{\mu\nu}{}_{\tau}$$

$$I_2 = W_{\mu\nu}{}^{\lambda\rho} W_{\lambda\rho}{}^{\sigma\tau} W_{\sigma\tau}{}^{\mu\nu}$$

$$I_3 = W_{\mu\nu\lambda\rho} \left(D^2 \delta^{\nu}_{\sigma} - \frac{6}{5} R \delta^{\nu}_{\sigma} + 4R^{\nu}_{\sigma} \right) W^{\sigma\nu\lambda\rho}$$

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} (a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3)$$

“Weyl anomaly coefficients”

“central charges”

Wess-Zumino consistency

$\int d^d x \sqrt{g} T_\mu^\mu$ is conformally invariant

$$d = 4 \quad T_\mu^\mu = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

Type A

$$\sqrt{g} E$$

Changes by a total derivative

Type B

$$\sqrt{g} W^2$$

Invariant

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} (a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3)$$

Type A

Type B

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

Type A

RG Flows

Monotonicity Theorems

Euclidean symmetry (Poincaré symmetry)
Reflection positivity (Unitarity)
Locality

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

Type A

c-theorem

$$c_{2d}^{\text{UV}} \geq c_{2d}^{\text{IR}}$$

A.B. Zamolodchikov

JETP Vol. 43 No. 12 p. 565, 1986

a-theorem

$$a_{4d}^{\text{UV}} \geq a_{4d}^{\text{IR}}$$

Cardy PLB 215 (1988) 749

Komargodski + Schwimmer JHEP 12 (2011) 099

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} \left(a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3 \right)$$

Type A

c-theorem

$$c_{2d}^{\text{UV}} \geq c_{2d}^{\text{IR}}$$

a-theorem

$$a_{4d}^{\text{UV}} \geq a_{4d}^{\text{IR}}$$

Counts the number of degrees of freedom

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} (a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3)$$

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

spherical region of radius ℓ

$$S_{\text{EE}} = \# \frac{\text{Area}}{\varepsilon^{d-2}} + \frac{\#}{\varepsilon^{d-4}} + \dots + \# a \ln(\ell/\varepsilon) + \dots$$

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} (a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3)$$

fixes normalisation of

$$\langle T_{\mu\nu}(x) T_{\rho\sigma}(0) \rangle$$

reflection positivity (unitarity)

$$c_{2d} \geq 0$$

Weyl Anomaly

$$d = 2 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{6} c_{2d} E_2$$

$$d = 4 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} (-a_{4d} E_4 + c_{4d} W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} W^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma})$$

$$d = 6 \quad T_{\mu}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^3} (a_{6d} E_6 + c_{6d}^{(1)} I_1 + c_{6d}^{(2)} I_2 + c_{6d}^{(3)} I_3)$$

Type A

Wess-Zumino consistency

type A coefficients are independent of marginal couplings

Question

How do boundaries and defects contribute to the Weyl anomaly?

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{\text{bulk}} + \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p$?

Geometry of Submanifolds

boundary/defect

“target space”

embedding

induced metric

Intrinsic curvature

second fundamental form

trace

traceless

$$\sigma^a$$

$$x^\mu$$

$$x^\mu(\sigma^a)$$

$$\hat{g}_{ab} = g_{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial \sigma^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial \sigma^b}$$

$$\hat{R}_{abcd} \Rightarrow \hat{R}_{ab} \Rightarrow \hat{R}$$

$$\mathbb{I}_{ab}^\mu$$

$$\mathbb{I}^\mu \equiv \hat{g}^{ab} \mathbb{I}_{ab}^\mu$$

$$\mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^\mu \equiv \mathbb{I}_{ab}^\mu - \hat{g}_{ab} \mathbb{I}^\mu / p$$

Question

How do boundaries and defects contribute to the Weyl anomaly?

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{\text{bulk}} + \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p$?

Question

How do boundaries and defects contribute to the Weyl anomaly?

$$T_{\mu}^{\mu} = [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{\text{bulk}} + \delta^{d-p}(\vec{x}) [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_p$?

Depends on p and d

Question

How do boundaries and defects contribute to the Weyl anomaly?

Do we get boundary/defect central charges?

Do they obey monotonicity theorems?

Do they appear in entanglement entropy?

Do they appear in stress-energy correlators?

Do they obey bounds?

and so on...

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

1d Boundary or Defect

$$p = 1 \quad d \geq 2$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=1}$?

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=1} = \begin{cases} 0 & d > 2 \\ -\frac{1}{12\pi} c_{2d} \mathbb{I}^{\perp} & d = 2 \end{cases}$$

Boundary contribution to Euler density E_2

No new central charge(s)

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

2d Boundary or Defect

$$p = 2 \quad d \geq 3$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2}$?

Berenstein, Corrado, Fischler, Maldacena hep-th/9809188

Graham + Witten hep-th/9901021

Henningson + Skenderis hep-th/9905163

Gustavsson hep-th/0310037, 0404150

Asnin 0801.1469

Schwimmer + Theisen 0802.1017

2d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

boundary/defect central charges

b

d_1

d_2

2d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Type A

Type B

$$\sqrt{\hat{g}} \hat{R}$$

$$\sqrt{\hat{g}} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^2 \quad \sqrt{\hat{g}} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Changes by a total derivative

Invariant

2d Boundary or Defect

$$\left[T_{\mu}^{\mu} \right]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

b-theorem

Jensen and O'Bannon 1509.02160
Casini, Landea, Torroba 1812.08183

RG flow on the boundary/defect

$$b_{UV} \geq b_{IR}$$

Euclidean symmetry (Poincaré symmetry) along the boundary/defect
Reflection positivity (Unitarity)
Locality

Counts the number of degrees of freedom

2d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Wess-Zumino Consistency

b is independent of boundary/defect marginal couplings

in general, b can depend on *bulk* marginal couplings

Herzog and Shamir 1906.11281, 1907.04952

Bianchi 1907.06193

2d Boundary or Defect

$$\left[T_{\mu}^{\mu} \right]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Bianchi, Meineri, Myers, Smolkin 1511.06713

Herzog + Huang 1707.06224

Herzog, Huang, Jensen 1709.07431

Displacement operator D^i

$$\langle D^i(y^a) D^j(0) \rangle \propto \frac{d_1 \delta^{ij}}{|y^a|^4}$$

Reflection positivity (unitarity)

$$d_1 \geq 0$$

2d Boundary or Defect

$$\left[T_{\mu}^{\mu} \right]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Weyl tensor

$$d = 3 \quad \Rightarrow \quad W_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \equiv 0$$

d_2 is only defined for $d > 3$

\Rightarrow defect co-dimension > 1

2d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

$$\langle [T^{ab}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = -h(d-p-1) \frac{\delta^{ab}}{|x_{\perp}|^d} \quad \langle [T^{ai}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle [T^{ij}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = h \frac{(p+1)\delta^{ij} - d \frac{x_{\perp}^i x_{\perp}^j}{|x_{\perp}|^2}}{|x_{\perp}|^d}$$

$$h = \frac{d-3}{3(d-1)\text{vol}(\mathbb{S}^d)} d_2$$

Bianchi, Meineri, Myers, Smolkin 1511.06713

Jensen, O'Bannon, Robinson, Rodgers 1812.08745

2d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

$$\langle [T^{ab}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = -h(d-p-1) \frac{\delta^{ab}}{|x_{\perp}|^d} \quad \langle [T^{ai}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle [T^{ij}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = h \frac{(p+1)\delta^{ij} - d \frac{x_{\perp}^i x_{\perp}^j}{|x_{\perp}|^2}}{|x_{\perp}|^d}$$

Average Null Energy Condition (ANEC)

$$h \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad d_2 \geq 0$$

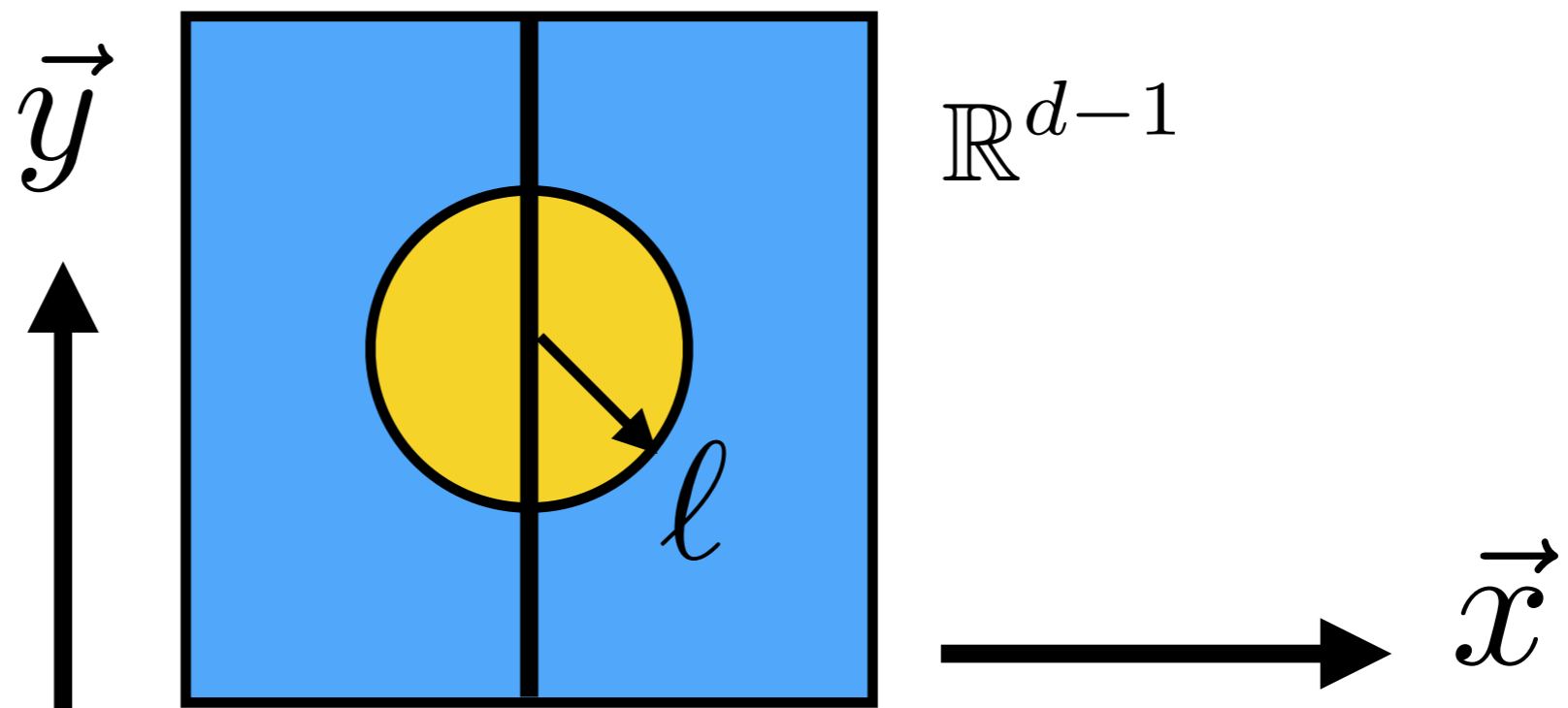
2d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

spherical region of radius ℓ

centered on the boundary/defect



2d Boundary or Defect

$$\left[T_{\mu}^{\mu} \right]_{p=2} = \frac{b}{6} \hat{E}_2 + \frac{d_1}{24\pi} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{ab}^{\mu} \mathring{\mathbb{I}}_{\mu}^{ab} - \frac{d_2}{24\pi} W_{ab}^{ab}$$

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

$$S_{EE} = S_{EE}^d + S_{EE}^{p=2}$$

Kobayashi, Nishioka, Sato, Watanabe 1810.06995
Jensen, O'Bannon, Robinson, Rodgers 1812.08745

$$S_{EE}^{\text{CFT}} = \# \frac{\text{Area}}{\varepsilon^{d-2}} + \frac{\#}{\varepsilon^{d-4}} + \dots + \# a \ln(\ell/\varepsilon) + \# + \dots$$

$$S_{EE}^{p=2} = \frac{1}{3} \left(b - \frac{d-3}{d-1} d_2 \right) \ln(\ell/\varepsilon) + \# + \dots$$

Examples

$d = 3$ BCFTs

free massless real scalar or Dirac fermion

Theory	BC	b	d_1	d_2
Scalar	Dirichlet	$-1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Scalar	Neumann	$1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Fermion	Mixed	0	$3/16$	N/A

Nozaki, Takayanagi, Ugajin 1205.1573

Jensen and O'Bannon 1509.02160

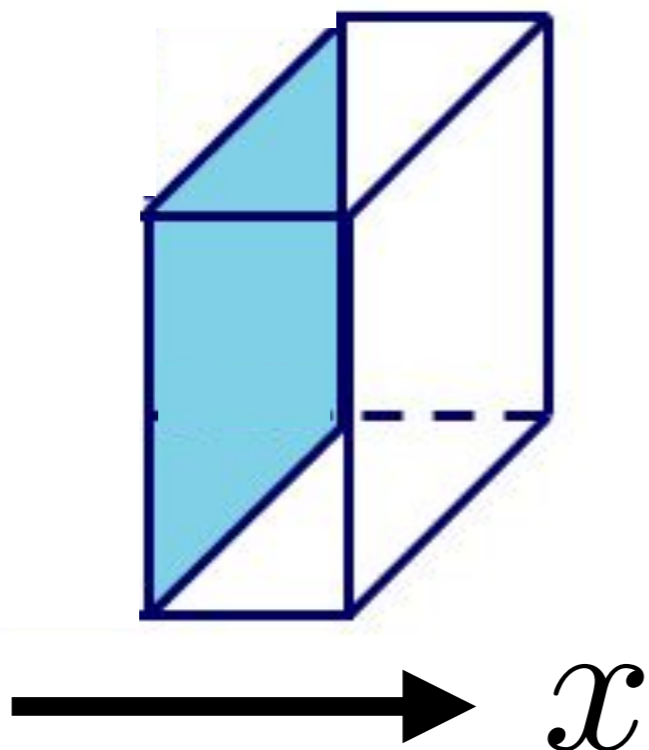
Fursaev and Solodukhin 1601.06418

Examples

$d = 3$ BCFTs

free massless real scalar or Dirac fermion

Theory	BC	b	d_1	d_2
Scalar	Dirichlet	$-1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Scalar	Neumann	$1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Fermion	Mixed	0	$3/16$	N/A



“mixed”

$$\Psi_{\pm} \equiv \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm \gamma^x) \Psi$$

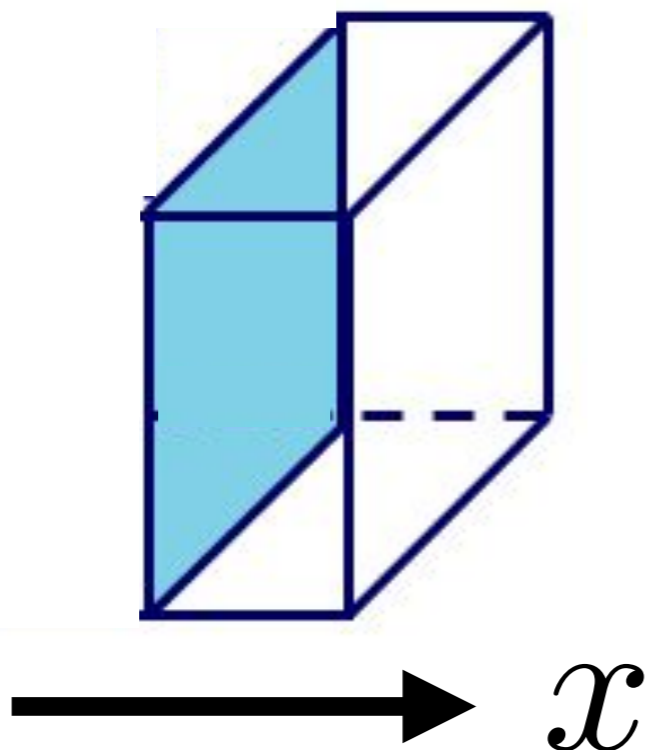
Dirichlet for Ψ_+ or Ψ_-
+ Neumann for Ψ_- or Ψ_+

Examples

$d = 3$ BCFTs

free massless real scalar or Dirac fermion

Theory	BC	b	d_1	d_2
Scalar	Dirichlet	$-1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Scalar	Neumann	$1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Fermion	Mixed	0	$3/16$	N/A



“mixed”

$$\Psi_{\pm} \equiv \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm \gamma^x) \Psi$$

Dirichlet for Ψ_+ or Ψ_-
+ Neumann for Ψ_- or Ψ_+

Examples

$d = 3$ BCFTs

free massless real scalar or Dirac fermion

Theory	BC	b	d_1	d_2
Scalar	Dirichlet	$-1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Scalar	Neumann	$1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Fermion	Mixed	0	$3/16$	N/A

“fermion = Scalar Dirichlet + Scalar Neumann”

$b = 0$ because:

b is independent of boundary marginal couplings

$m\bar{\Psi}\Psi|_{\partial}$ is marginal

Examples

$d = 3$ BCFTs

free massless real scalar or Dirac fermion

Theory	BC	b	d_1	d_2
Scalar	Dirichlet	$-1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Scalar	Neumann	$1/16$	$3/32$	N/A
Fermion	Mixed	0	$3/16$	N/A

$b < 0$ in reflection-positive theory

Does b have a lower bound?

$$d_1 \geq 0$$

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

3d Boundary or Defect

$$p = 3 \quad d \geq 4$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3}$?

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3} \begin{cases} = 0 & d > 4 \\ \neq 0 & d = 4 \end{cases}$$

Herzog, Huang, Jensen 1510.00021, 1709.07431

3d Boundary

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(a_{4d} E_4|_{\partial} - d_1 \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^3 - d_2 \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^{ab} W^c_{acb} \right)$$

Herzog, Huang, Jensen 1510.00021, 1709.07431

3d Boundary

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(a_{4d} \mathbb{E}_4|_{\partial} - d_1 \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^3 - d_2 \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^{ab} W^c_{acb} \right)$$

Herzog, Huang, Jensen | 5 | 0.00021, 1709.0743 |

Boundary contribution to Euler density E_4

No new central charge

3d Boundary

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(a_{4d} E_4|_{\partial} - d_1 \mathbb{I}^3 - d_2 \mathbb{I}^{ab} W^c_{acb} \right)$$

Herzog, Huang, Jensen | 5 | 0.00021, 1709.0743 |

boundary central charges

d_1 d_2

Type B

3d Boundary

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(a_{4d} E_4|_{\partial} - d_1 \mathbb{I}^3 - d_2 \overset{\circ}{\mathbb{I}}^{ab} W^c_{acb} \right)$$

Herzog, Huang, Jensen | 5 | 0.00021, 1709.0743 |

Displacement operator D

$$\langle D(y^a) D(0) \rangle \propto \frac{d_1}{|y^a|^8}$$

Reflection positivity (unitarity)

$$d_1 \geq 0$$

3d Boundary

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=3} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(a_{4d} E_4|_{\partial} - d_1 \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^3 \left(-d_2 \mathring{\mathbb{I}}^{ab} W^c_{acb} \right) \right)$$

Herzog, Huang, Jensen | 5 | 0.00021, 1709.0743 |

Displacement operator D

$$\langle D(\mathbf{y}_1) D(\mathbf{y}_2) D(0) \rangle \propto \frac{d_2}{|\mathbf{y}_1|^4 |\mathbf{y}_2|^4 |\mathbf{y}_1 - \mathbf{y}_2|^4}$$

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

4d Boundary or Defect

$$p = 4 \quad d \geq 5$$

What is the general form of $[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4}$?

$$p = 4 \quad d = 5$$

Astaneh + Solodukhin 2102.07661

See A. F. Astaneh's talk!

$$p = 4 \quad d \geq 5$$

Chalabi, Herzog, O'Bannon, Robinson, Sisti 2111.14713

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{E}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

boundary/defect central charges

$b \quad d_1, d_2, \dots, d_{22}$

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} &= \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} \left(\begin{aligned}
 &- b \hat{E}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \\
 &+ d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 &+ d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 &+ d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 &+ d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 &+ d_{19} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j)
 \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

W^2
 $W \mathbb{I}^2$
 \mathbb{I}^4

boundary/defect central charges

$$b \quad d_1, d_2, \dots, d_{22}$$

4d Boundary or Defect

$$[T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} \left(\begin{aligned} & -b \hat{E}_4 + \textcircled{d_1 \mathcal{J}_1} + \textcircled{d_2 \mathcal{J}_2} + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \\ & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\ & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\ & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\ & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\ & + d_{19} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \end{aligned} \right)$$

W^2

$W \mathring{\Pi}^2$

$\mathring{\Pi}^4$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{J}_1 = & \frac{1}{d-1} R \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{ab} - \frac{1}{d-2} N^{\mu\nu} R_{\mu\nu} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{ab} - \frac{2}{d-2} R^a{}_b \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{bc} - \frac{1}{2} W^c{}_{acb} \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^{iab} \\ & + \frac{4}{9} W^c{}_{ica} \bar{D}^b \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i + \mathring{\Pi}^{iab} D_i W^c{}_{acb} - \frac{1}{2} \mathring{\Pi}^i \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + \frac{1}{16} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j \\ & + \frac{2}{9} \bar{D}^b \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \bar{D}^c \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^a, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{J}_2 = & \frac{d-4}{d-2} W_{ab}{}^{ab} N^{\mu\nu} R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{d-4}{d-1} R W_{ab}{}^{ab} + \frac{4(d-5)}{3(d-2)} R_{ab} W_c{}^{acb} \\ & - \frac{5(d-4)}{48} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i + \frac{2(d-5)}{3} W^c{}_{ica} \bar{D}^b \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i + \frac{4(d+1)}{9} \mathring{\Pi}^{iab} D_i W^c{}_{acb} \\ & - \frac{1}{3} W_{ic}{}^{ac} \bar{D}_a \mathring{\Pi}^i - \frac{2(d-5)}{3} \mathring{\Pi}^i \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + \frac{(d-10)}{12} \mathring{\Pi}^i D_i W_{ab}{}^{ab} + \frac{1}{3} D^i D_i W_{ab}{}^{ab} \end{aligned}$$

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{E}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

boundary/defect central charges

b d_1, d_2, \dots, d_{22}

Type A

Type B

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{W}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

***b*-theorem**

Wang 2101.12648

RG flow on the boundary/defect

$$b_{\text{UV}} \geq b_{\text{IR}}$$

Counts the number of degrees of freedom

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{W}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \hat{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \hat{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \hat{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \hat{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \hat{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \hat{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \hat{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \hat{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \hat{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \hat{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \hat{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \hat{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}_i \hat{\Pi}^j \hat{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}^j \hat{\Pi}_i \hat{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}_i \hat{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Wess-Zumino Consistency

b is independent of boundary/defect marginal couplings

in general, b can depend on *bulk* marginal couplings

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{E}_4 + \textcircled{d_1 \mathcal{J}_1} + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Displacement operator D^i

$$\langle D^i(y^a) D^j(0) \rangle \propto \frac{d_1 \delta^{ij}}{|y^a|^{10}}$$

Reflection positivity (unitarity)

$$d_1 \geq 0$$

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{E}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + \textcircled{d_2 \mathcal{J}_2} + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \ddot{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \ddot{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \ddot{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \ddot{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \ddot{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \ddot{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \ddot{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \ddot{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \ddot{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \ddot{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \ddot{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \ddot{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr} \ddot{\Pi}^i \ddot{\Pi}_i \ddot{\Pi}^j \ddot{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr} \ddot{\Pi}^i \ddot{\Pi}^j \ddot{\Pi}_i \ddot{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr} \ddot{\Pi}^i \ddot{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr} \ddot{\Pi}^i \ddot{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr} \ddot{\Pi}_i \ddot{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle [T^{ab}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = -h(d-p-1) \frac{\delta^{ab}}{|x_{\perp}|^d} \quad \langle [T^{ai}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle [T^{ij}]_{\text{bulk}} \rangle = h \frac{(p+1)\delta^{ij} - d \frac{x_{\perp}^i x_{\perp}^j}{|x_{\perp}|^2}}{|x_{\perp}|^d}$$

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{E}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + \textcircled{d_2 \mathcal{J}_2} + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr } \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$h = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{d-p}{2} + 1\right)}{\pi^{\frac{d-p}{2} + 2} (d-p+3)} d_2$$

Average Null Energy Condition (ANEC)

$$h \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad d_2 \geq 0$$

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{W}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \mathring{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \mathring{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \mathring{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \mathring{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \mathring{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}^i \mathring{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr} \mathring{\Pi}_i \mathring{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

spherical region of radius ℓ

centered on the boundary/defect

4d Boundary or Defect

$$\begin{aligned}
 [T_{\mu}^{\mu}]_{p=4} = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} & \left(-b \hat{W}_4 + d_1 \mathcal{J}_1 + d_2 \mathcal{J}_2 + d_3 W_{abcd} W^{abcd} + d_4 (W_{ab}{}^{ab})^2 \right. \\
 & + d_5 W_{aibj} W^{aibj} + d_6 W^b{}_{iab} W_c{}^{iac} + d_7 W_{ijkl} W^{ijkl} + d_8 W_{aijk} W^{aijk} \\
 & + d_9 W_{abjk} W^{abjk} + d_{10} W_{iabc} W^{iabc} + d_{11} W^c{}_{acb} W_d{}^{adb} + d_{12} W^a{}_{iaj} W_b{}^{ibj} \\
 & + d_{13} W_{ab}{}^{ab} \hat{\Pi}_{cd}{}^i \hat{\Pi}_i{}^{cd} + d_{14} W^a{}_{bij} \hat{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \hat{\Pi}^{jbc} + d_{15} W^a{}_{ibj} \hat{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \hat{\Pi}^{jbc} \\
 & + d_{16} W^{abcd} \hat{\Pi}_{ac}{}^i \hat{\Pi}_{ibd} + d_{17} W_a{}^{bac} \hat{\Pi}_{bd}{}^i \hat{\Pi}_{ic}{}^d + d_{18} W^c{}_{icj} \hat{\Pi}_{ab}{}^i \hat{\Pi}^{jab} \\
 & \left. + d_{19} \text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}_i \hat{\Pi}^j \hat{\Pi}_j + d_{20} \text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}^j \hat{\Pi}_i \hat{\Pi}_j + d_{21} (\text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}_i)^2 + d_{22} (\text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}^i \hat{\Pi}^j) (\text{Tr} \hat{\Pi}_i \hat{\Pi}_j) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

$$S_{\text{EE}} = S_{\text{EE}}^d + S_{\text{EE}}^{p=4}$$

$$S_{\text{EE}}^{p=4} = \dots + \left(4b - \frac{(d-5)(d-4)}{d-1} d_2 \right) \ln(\ell/\varepsilon) + \dots$$

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Outline:

- Review: Boundaries and Defects
- Review: Weyl Anomalies
- 1d Boundary or Defect
- 2d Boundary or Defect
- 3d Boundary or Defect
- 4d Boundary or Defect
- Summary and Outlook

Question

How do boundaries and defects contribute to the Weyl anomaly?

Do we get boundary/defect central charges?

Do they obey monotonicity theorems?

Do they appear in entanglement entropy?

Do they appear in stress-energy correlators?

Do they obey bounds?

and so on...

Outlook

c-theorems? bounds? constraints?

Stress-energy tensor correlators?

thermal entropy?

Examples?

Applications?

Thank You.