

World influence from Wikipedia directed networks

Academic rankings, infectious diseases, cancers and drugs

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References:

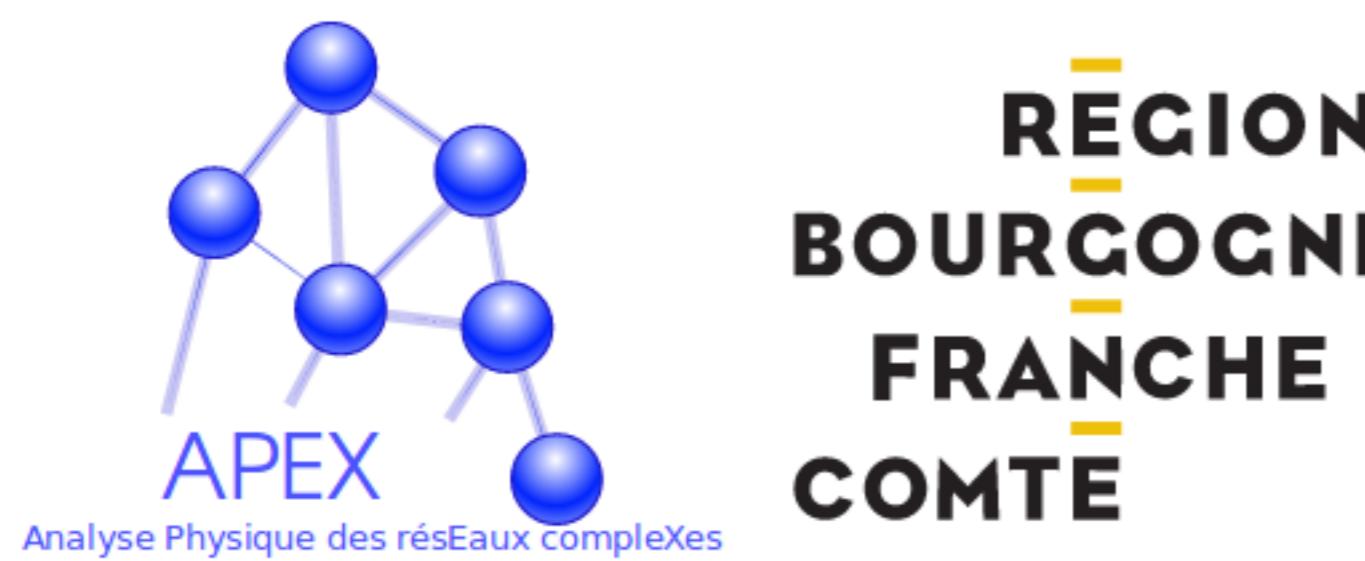
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- G. Rollin, J. L., D. L. Shepelyansky, bioRxiv (2018) doi:10.1101/424465



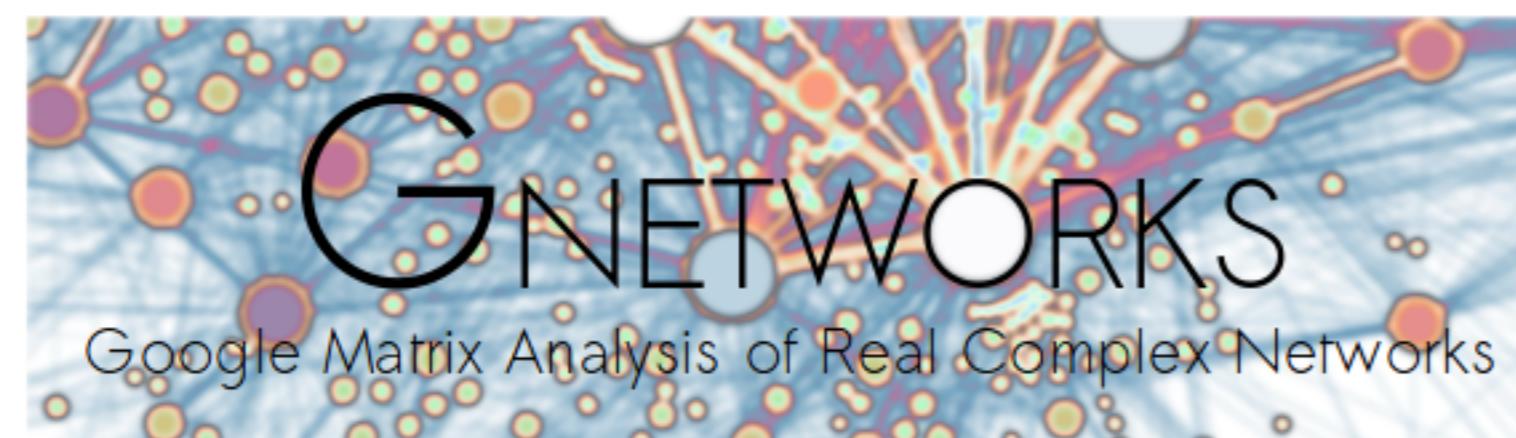
October 18th 2018



ApliGoogle project (2016-2018)
funded by MASTODONS CNRS Mission interdisciplinarité
Partners : LPT, CNRS, UPS, Toulouse
UTINAM, CNRS, UBFC, Besançon
I. Curie, Inserm, PSL, Paris
IRIT, CNRS, UPS, Toulouse



APEX project (2017-2020)
funded by Région Bourgogne Franche-Comté.



GNETWORKS project (2018-2021)
funded by ISITE-UBFC (PIA) ANR-15-IDEX-0003.



3 projects devoted to the physical analysis of complex networks
and the application of Google matrix based analysis to complex systems

Outline

Influence and interactions of ...

World Universities

Infectious diseases

Cancer and related drugs

... through the prism of Wikipedia

Rankings of World Universities



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-
-

About **20 different** global university rankings are listed in the Wikipedia page "College and university rankings"

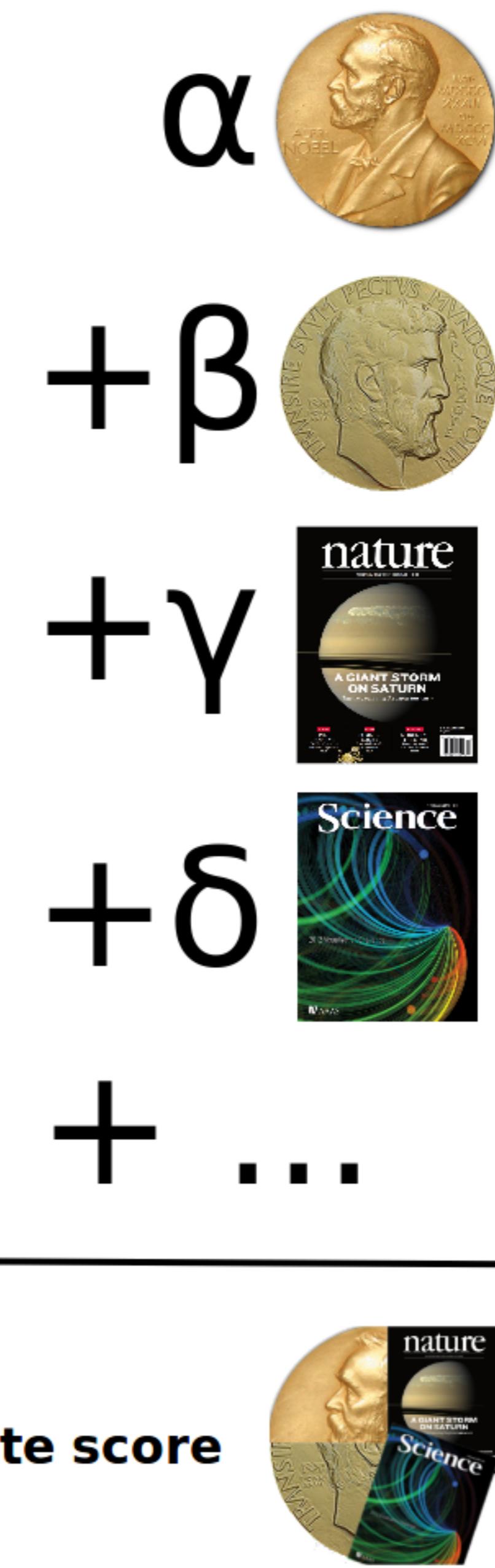
Rankings of World Universities



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All these rankings are composite:



Also, universities are preselected

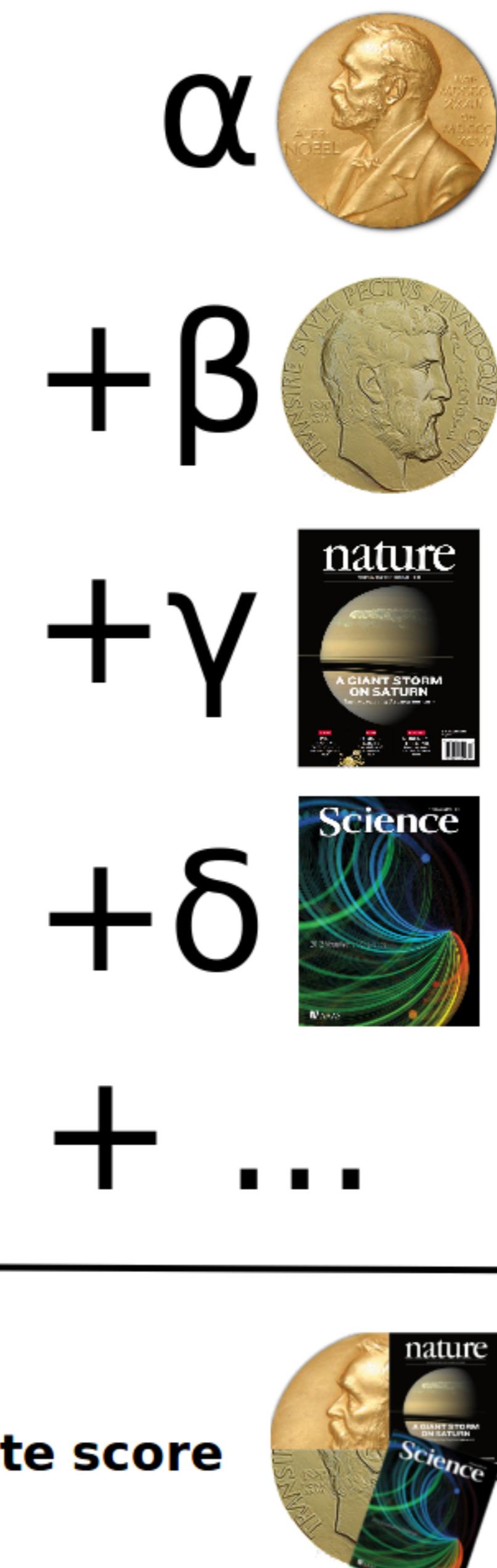
Rankings of World Universities



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All these rankings are composite:



These rankings have an impact on scientific and educational policies of governments

Also, universities are preselected

Is
there
an universal
ranking without
a priori criteria and
without cultural bias ?



WIKIPEDIA

The Free Encyclopedia

(Most of) human knowledge
is encoded in Wikipedia

Everybody use it
at least as a first approach
=
First contact with a subject

About 40M wikipages
280 language editions

24 Wikipedia language editions
covering 59% of world population
and 68% total Wikipages

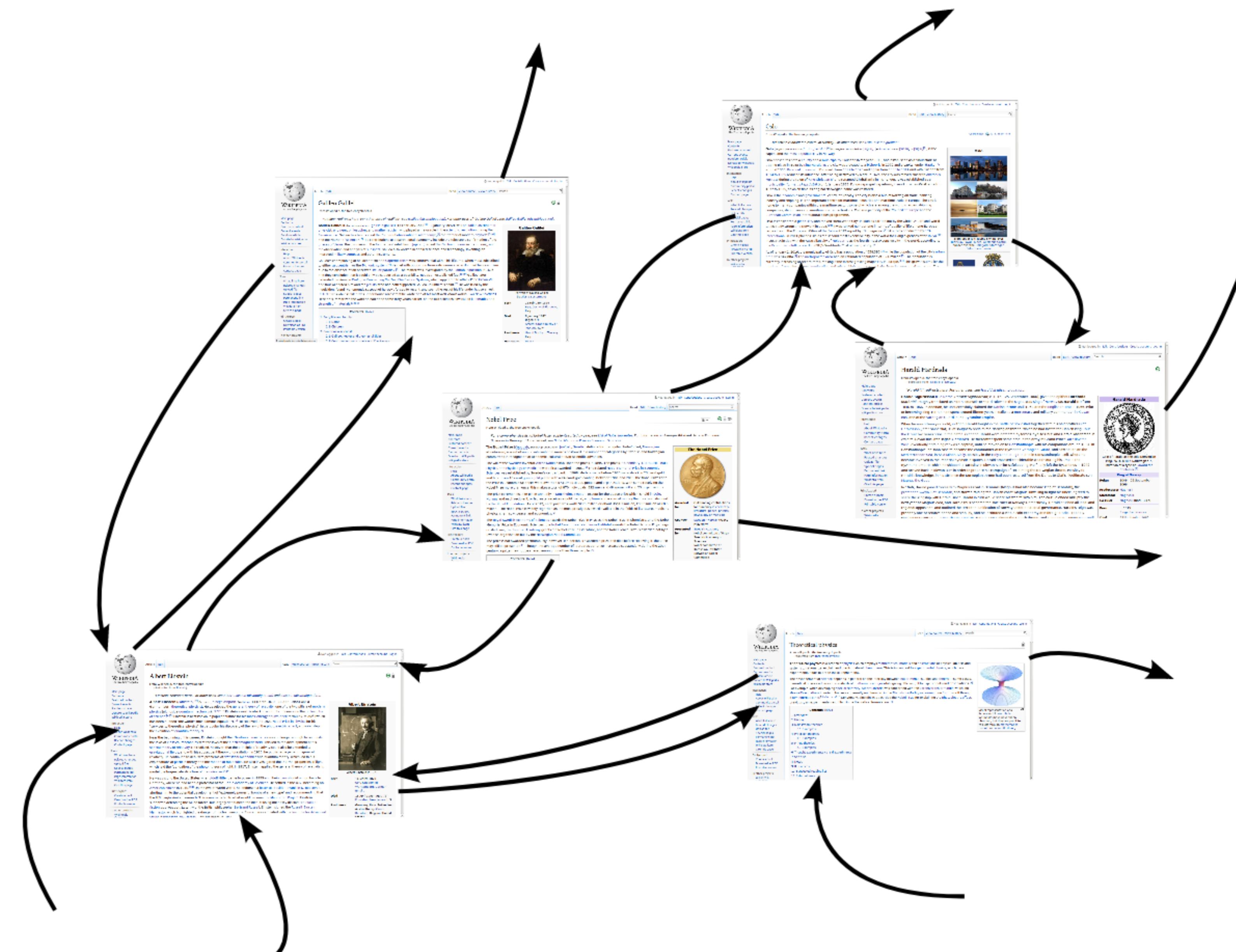
Edition	Language	<i>N</i>	Edition	Language	<i>N</i>
EN	English	4 212 493	VI	Vietnamese	594 089
DE	German	1 532 978	FA	Persian	295 696
FR	French	1 352 825	HU	Hungarian	235 212
NL	Dutch	1 144 615	KO	Korean	231 959
IT	Italian	1 017 953	TR	Turkish	206 311
ES	Spanish	974 025	AR	Arabic	203 328
RU	Russian	966 284	MS	Malaysian	180 886
PL	Polish	949 153	DA	Danish	175 228
JA	Japanese	852 087	HE	Hebrew	144 959
SV	Swedish	780 872	HI	Hindi	96 869
PT	Portuguese	758 227	EL	Greek	82 563
ZH	Chinese	663 485	TH	Thai	78 953

About 17M wikipages considered
(March '13)



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

Each Wikipedia edition is treated as
a complex network



Google Matrix analysis

A Wikipedia language edition is characterized by N articles connected via N_ℓ hyperlinks.

Adjacency matrix $A_{ij} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j \not\rightarrow i \\ 1 & \text{if } j \rightarrow i \end{cases}$

node j outdegree $k_{out}(j) = \sum_{i=1}^N A_{ij}$

node j indegree $k_{in}(i) = \sum_{j=1}^N A_{ij}$

Stochastic matrix $S_{ij} = \begin{cases} A_{ij}/k_{out}(j) & \text{if } k_{out}(j) \neq 0 \\ 1/N & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$$\text{Google matrix } G_{ij} = \alpha S_{ij} + (1 - \alpha)/N$$

$$\text{Damping factor } \alpha = 0.85$$

For a given wikiedition, we rank all the pages using:

PageRank algorithm

More a given page is pointed by important pages
more this page is important
(Measure of influence)

$$\mathbf{P}(t) = \underbrace{GG \dots G}_{t \text{ times}} \mathbf{P}(0) = G^t \mathbf{P}(0)$$

$P_i(t)$ is the probability that random surfer ends at site i after t steps

Providing $\alpha < 1$, $\mathbf{P}(t)$ converges to a unique PageRank vector \mathbf{P}

$$G\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{P}$$

After a sufficiently long journey, P_i is the probability that a random surfer ends at site i

The PageRank index is $K \in \{1, \dots, N\}$

$K = 1$ for page with highest P_i

$K = N$ for page with lowest P_i

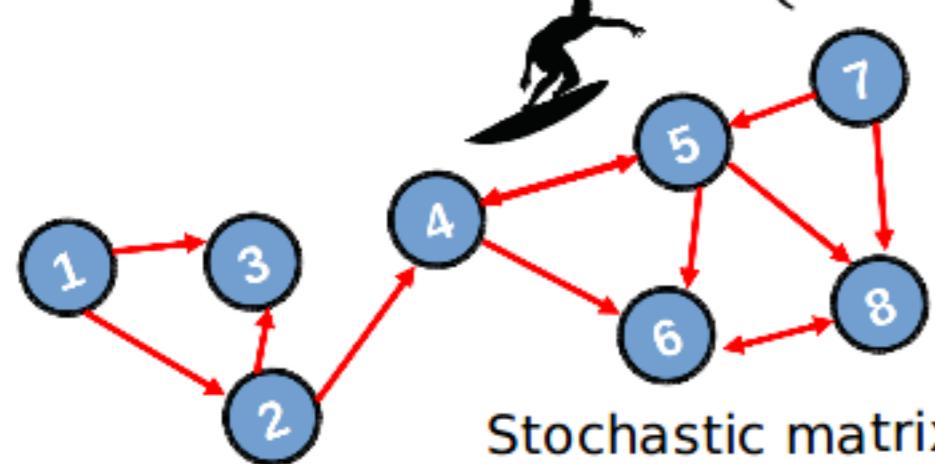
PageRank algorithm is at the heart of

search engine
(Brin & Page '98)

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Google

search engine

(Brin & Page '98)

$$\text{Stochastic matrix } S_{ij}^* = \begin{cases} A_{ji}/k_{in}(j) & \text{if } k_{in}(j) \neq 0 \\ 1/N & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Google matrix } G_{ij}^* = \alpha S_{ij}^* + (1 - \alpha)/N$$

$$\text{Damping factor } \alpha = 0.85$$

For a given wikiedition, we rank all the pages using:

CheiRank algorithm

More a given page points to important pages
more this page is important
(Measure of communicativity)

$$\mathbf{P}^*(t) = \underbrace{G^* G^* \dots G^*}_{t \text{ times}} \mathbf{P}^*(0) = G^{*t} \mathbf{P}^*(0)$$

Providing $\alpha < 1$, $\mathbf{P}^*(t)$ converges to a unique CheiRank vector \mathbf{P}^*

$$G^* \mathbf{P}^* = \mathbf{P}^*$$

After a sufficiently long journey, P_i^* is the probability that a random surfer started his journey from site i

The CheiRank index is $K^* \in \{1, \dots, N\}$

$K^* = 1$ for page with highest P_i^*

$K^* = N$ for page with lowest P_i^*

(Chepelianskii '10, Ermann et al. '12, Zhirov et al. '10)

For a given wikiedition, we rank all the pages using:

2DRank algorithm

(Measure influence and communicativity)

The 2DRank index is $K_2 \in \{1, \dots, N\}$

Assuming a page has a PageRank index K and a CheiRank index K^*

the 2DRank index is $K_2 = \max\{K, K^*\}$

(Zhirov et al. '10)

Wikipedia Ranking of World Universities

From the Page/Chei/2DRanking of each of the 24 Wikipedia language editions, we extract the rank index of pages devoted to "Universities" and we establish top 100 for each editions and for each algorithms.

Let $R_{U,E,A}$ be the rank index of an university U appearing in the top 100 of the Wikipedia edition E obtained via algorithm A

The global ranking is obtained defining the ranking score $\Theta_{U,A} = \sum_E (101 - R_{U,E,A})$

Results: 1024 ranked universities with PageRank algorithm,
1378 with CheiRank algorithm and 1559 with 2DRank algorithm

Universities from 142 countries.

Example: PageRank algorithm applied to frwiki (March '13) gives the following top 3:

- 1- K=904 "Université de Harvard"
- 2- K=1549 "Ecole Polytechnique"
- 3- K=1558 "Université d'Oxford"

Wikipedia PageRanking of World Universities WRWU

- 1st University of Cambridge
- 2nd University of Oxford
- 3rd Harvard University
- 4th Columbia University
- 5th Princeton University
- 6th MIT
- 7th University of Chicago
- 8th Stanford University
- 9th Yale University
- 10th University of California, Berkeley

90% overlap
between top 10s
WRWU and ARWU

60% overlap
between top 100s
WRWU and ARWU

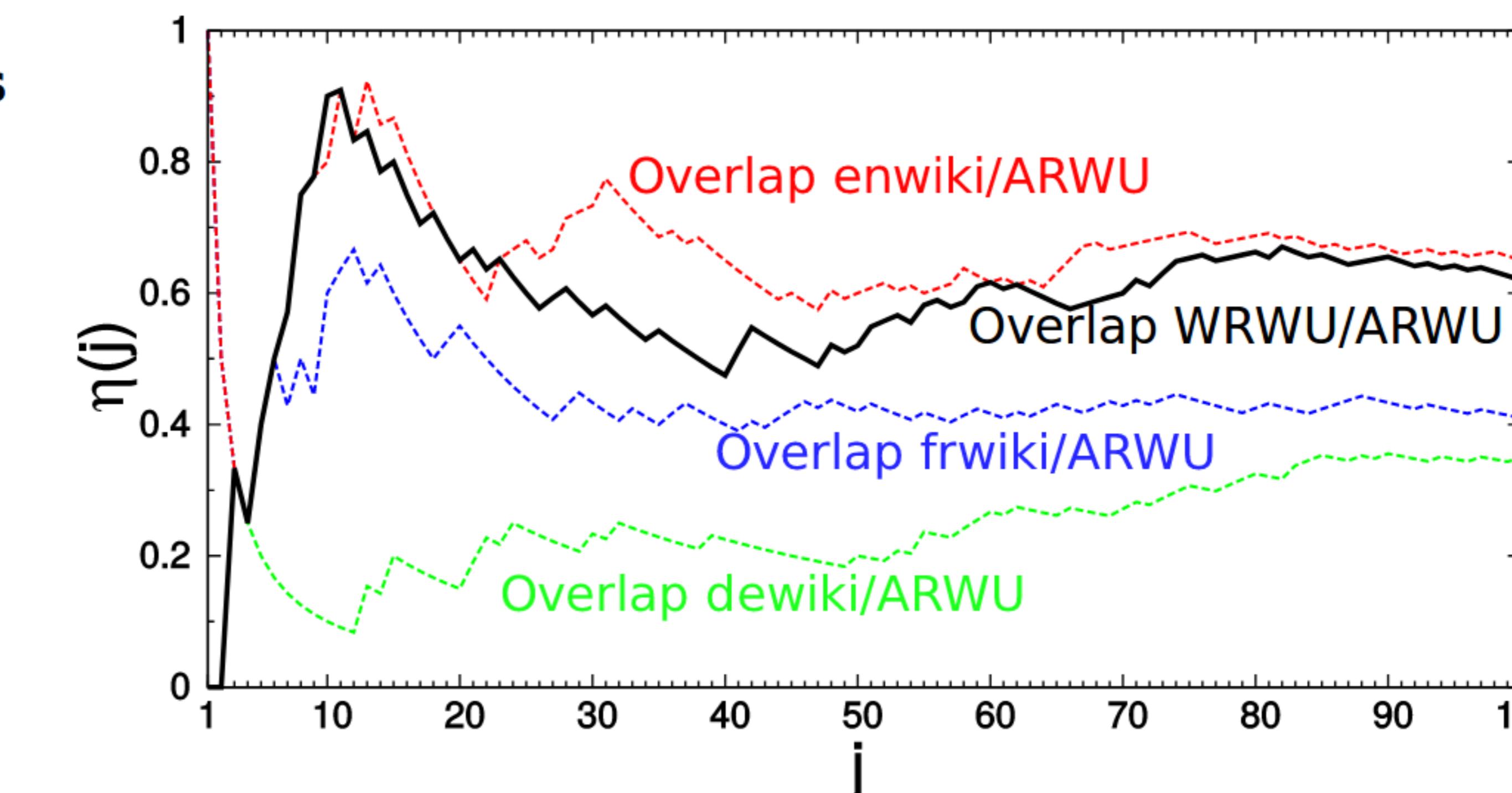
Academic Ranking of World Universities ARWU ("Shanghai ranking" 2013)

- 1st Harvard University (-2)
- 2nd Stanford University (-6)
- 3rd University of California, Berkeley (-7)
- 4th MIT (-2)
- 5th University of Cambridge (+4)
- 6th California Institute of Technology (-22)
- 7th Princeton University (+2)
- 8th Columbia University (+4)
- 9th University of Chicago (+2)
- 10th University of Oxford (+8)

Oxbridge at the top of WRWU
followed by **US major universities**



Marketwatch, December 10, '15



Overlap $\eta(j) = j_c/j$ is the ratio of common universities among the first j

Definitively, as ARWU, WRWU measures academic excellence, but not only ...

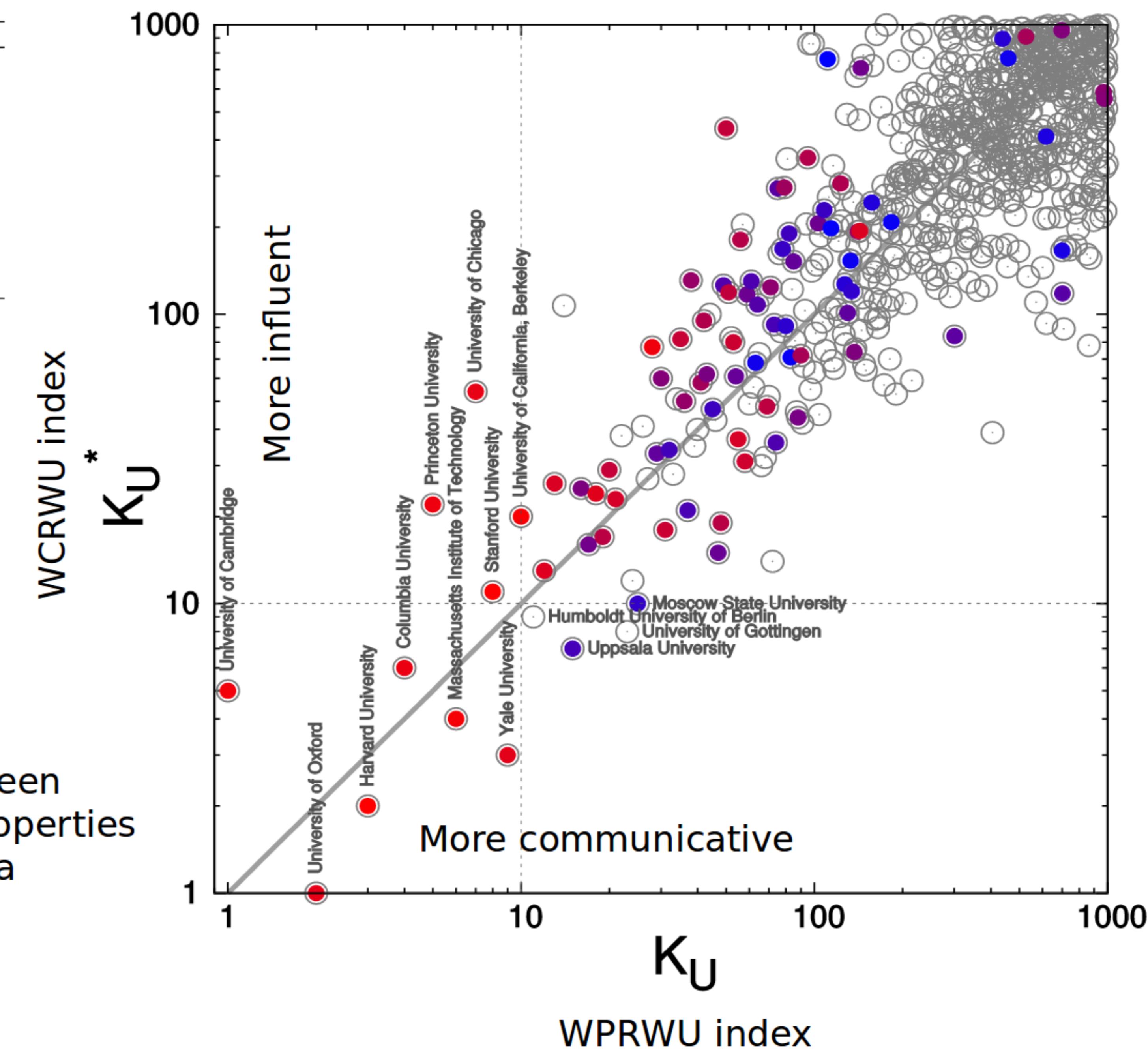
Rank	WPRWU	θ_{PR}	N_a
1st	University of Cambridge	2272	24
2nd	University of Oxford	2247	24
3rd	Harvard University	2112	22
4th	Columbia University	2025	23
5th	Princeton University	1887	23
6th	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	1869	21
7th	University of Chicago	1783	22
8th	Stanford University	1765	21
9th	Yale University	1716	20
10th	University of California, Berkeley	1557	19

Rank	WCRWU	θ_{CR}	N_a
1st	University of Oxford	1191	18
2nd	Harvard University	1025	17
3rd	Yale University	1021	16
4th	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	816	16
5th	University of Cambridge	803	11
6th	Columbia University	779	14
7th	Uppsala University	751	11
8th	University of Göttingen	735	13
9th	Humboldt University of Berlin	703	12
10th	Moscow State University	699	14

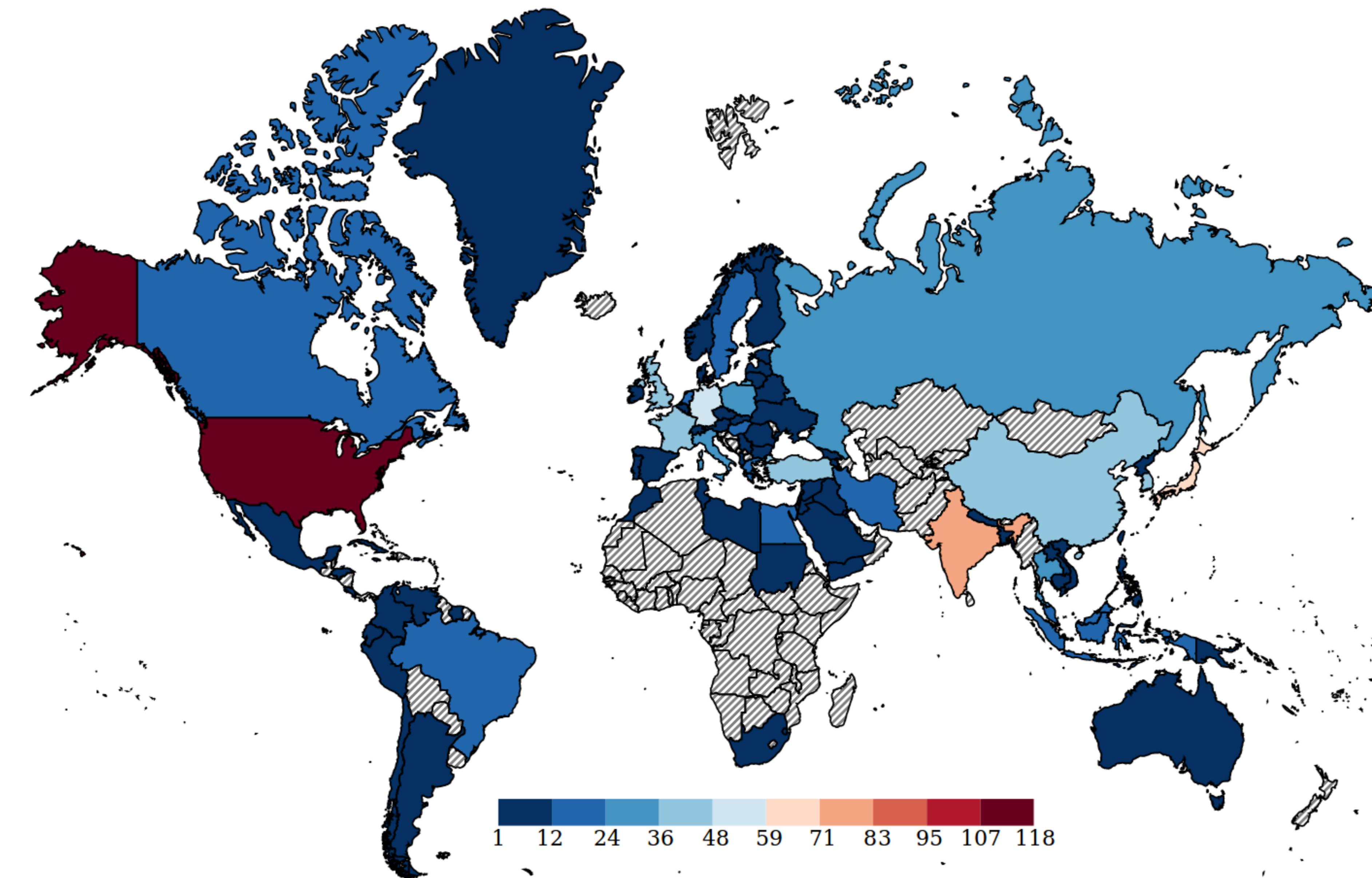
Rank	W2RWU	θ_{2R}	N_a
1st	University of Cambridge	942	16
2nd	Columbia University	786	11
3rd	Stanford University	712	11
4th	Harvard University	683	11
5th	Yale University	609	11
6th	Princeton University	596	11
7th	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	581	10
8th	Humboldt University of Berlin	578	10
9th	Nanjing University	516	8
10th	Johns Hopkins University	511	9

Rank	ARWU	WPRWU	WCRWU	W2RWU
1st	Harvard University	-2	-1	-3
2nd	Stanford University	-6	-9	-1
3rd	University of California, Berkeley	-7	-17	-13
4th	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	-2	0	-3
5th	University of Cambridge	+4	0	+4
6th	California Institute of Technology	-22	-71	-124
7th	Princeton University	+2	-15	+1
8th	Columbia University	+4	+2	+6
9th	University of Chicago	+2	-45	-70
10th	University of Oxford	+8	+9	-2

Approximative balance between influence and communicative properties of universities in Wikipedia

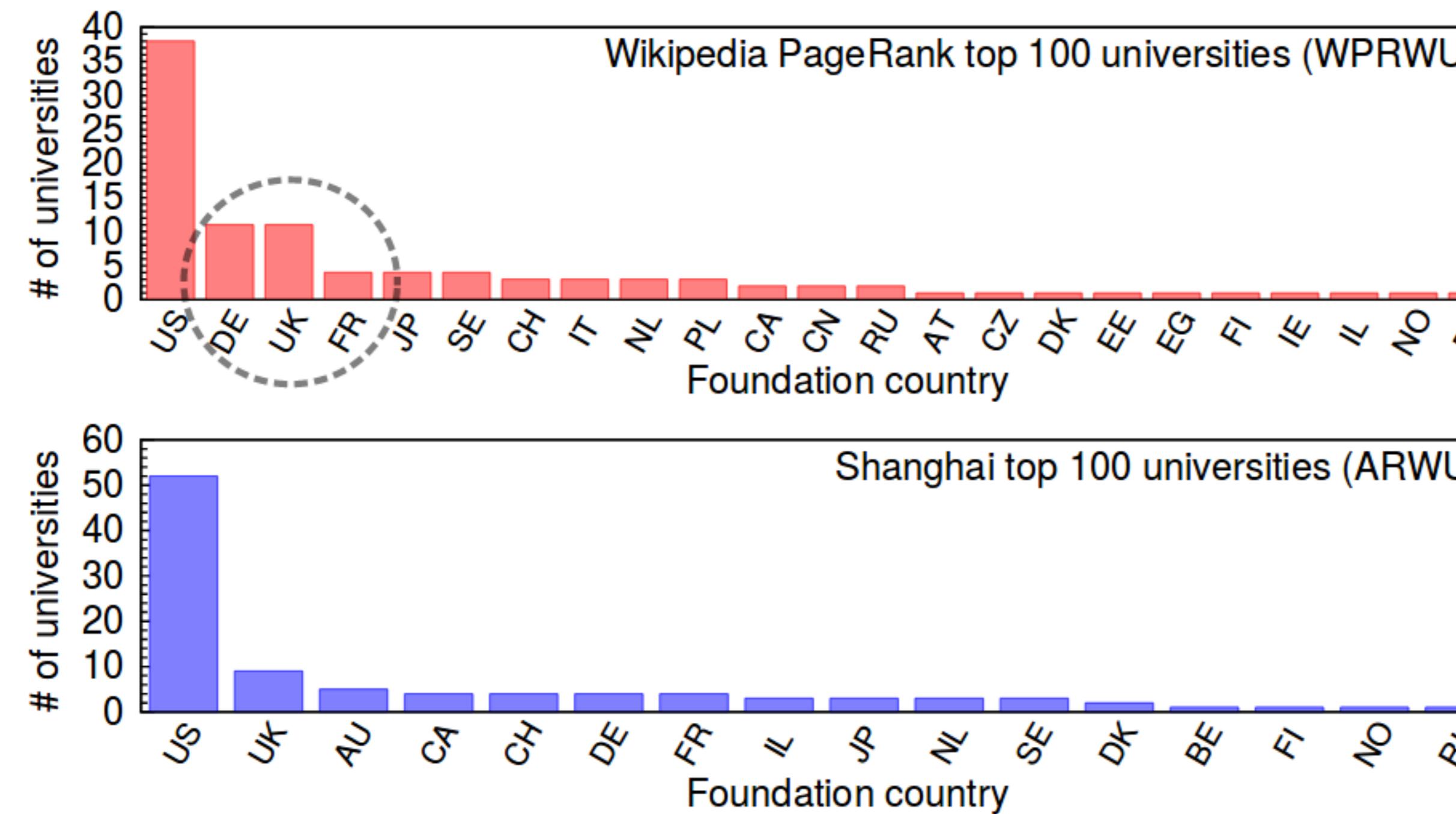


Geographical distribution of universities in WRWU

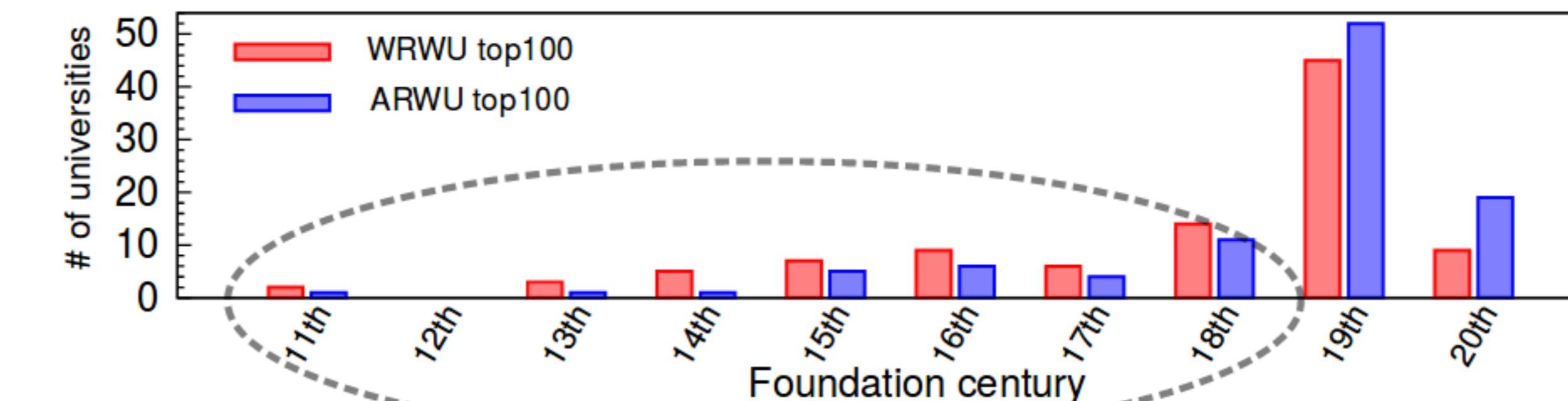


As in the other rankings such as ARWU,
US universities still dominate,
BUT ...

... less US universities
and more european universities among top 100, ...



... also more older universities among top 100.



"Newcomers" in top 100

XIth century

25 11 University of Bologna

XIIIth century

97 13 University of Coimbra
69 13 University of Padua

XIVth century

33 14 Charles University in Prague
65 14 Jagiellonian University
51 14 Sapienza University of Rome
21 14 University of Vienna

XVth century

26 15 Leipzig University
59 15 University of Glasgow
92 15 University of St Andrews
64 15 University of Tübingen

XVIth century

90 16 Martin Luther University of Halle-Wittenberg
80 16 Trinity College, Dublin
75 16 University of Jena

XVIIth century

32 17 Lund University
93 17 University of Amsterdam
83 17 University of Tartu

XVIIIth century

38 18 École Polytechnique
56 18 Georgetown University
66 18 Saint Petersburg State University
22 18 University of Göttingen
99 18 University of Wrocław

XIXth century

11 19 Humboldt University of Berlin
98 19 Indiana University
76 19 Keio University
23 19 London School of Economics
61 19 Peking University
39 19 University of Bonn
95 19 University of Notre Dame
45 19 University of Virginia
86 19 University of Warsaw
71 19 Waseda University

XXth century

43 20 Al-Azhar University
67 20 Free University of Berlin
85 20 Institut Polytechnique des Sciences Avancées
96 20 Technical University of Berlin
91 20 Tsinghua University
100 20 University of Hamburg

These universities are important by their historical, social, or regional impact.

Wikipedia Ranking of World Universities using PageRank algorithm
WPRWU

Theta_PR = Theta PageRank score / Na = Number of appearances in the 24 Wikipedia editions / CC = country code / LC = language code / FC = Foundation century

Universities are ranked by Theta PageRank score (descending order), then by number of appearance in the 24 Wikipedia editions (descending order) and then by foundation century (ascending order)

[\[Download dataset\]](#)

Universities in Top 5

were founded before XIXth century

Rank	Theta_PR	Na	University	CC	LC	FC
1	2272	24	University of Cambridge	UK	EN	13
2	2247	24	University of Oxford	UK	EN	11
3	2112	22	Harvard University	US	EN	17
4	2025	23	Columbia University	US	EN	18
5	1887	23	Princeton University	US	EN	18

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8	1765	21	Stanford University	US	EN	19
9	1716	20	Yale University	US	EN	18
10	1557	19	University of California, Berkeley	US	EN	19
11	1531	21	Humboldt University of Berlin	DE	DE	19
12	1481	22	Cornell University	US	EN	19
13	1351	20	University of Pennsylvania	US	EN	18
14	1285	20	University of London*	UK	EN	19
15	1224	19	Uppsala University	SE	SV	15
16	1209	20	University of Edinburgh	UK	EN	16
17	1195	20	Heidelberg University	DE	DE	14
18	1193	18	University of California, Los Angeles	US	EN	19
19	1171	20	New York University	US	EN	19
20	1131	18	University of Michigan	US	EN	19
21	1119	19	Johns Hopkins University	US	EN	19
22	1113	19	University of Vienna	AT	DE	14
23	1099	18	University of Göttingen	DE	DE	18
24	1030	16	London School of Economics	UK	EN	19
25	990	19	Moscow State University	RU	RU	18
26	974	19	University of Bologna	IT	IT	11
27	948	18	Leipzig University	DE	DE	15
28	928	15	California Institute of Technology	US	EN	19
29	911	18	Ludwig Maximilian University of Munich	DE	DE	15
30	764	15	University of Southern California	US	EN	19
31	752	17	University of Tokyo	JP	JA	19
32	743	15	Leiden University	NL	NL	16
33	707	11	Lund University	SE	SV	17
34	680	13	Charles University in Prague	CZ	WR	14
35	668	12	University College London	UK	EN	19
36	577	11	University of Copenhagen	DK	DA	15
37	576	11	École Normale Supérieure	FR	FR	18
38	570	14	University of Manchester	UK	EN	19
39	556	13	Ecole Polytechnique	FR	FR	18
40	538	14	University of Bonn	DE	DE	19
41	523	11	University of Texas at Austin	US	EN	19
42	519	15	Duke University	US	EN	19
43	507	15	Carnegie Mellon University	US	EN	19

**Universities in Top 43
were founded before XXth century**

Quite rigid club
of first universities
"not willing" to accept
new members



These universities are important by their historical, social, or regional impact.

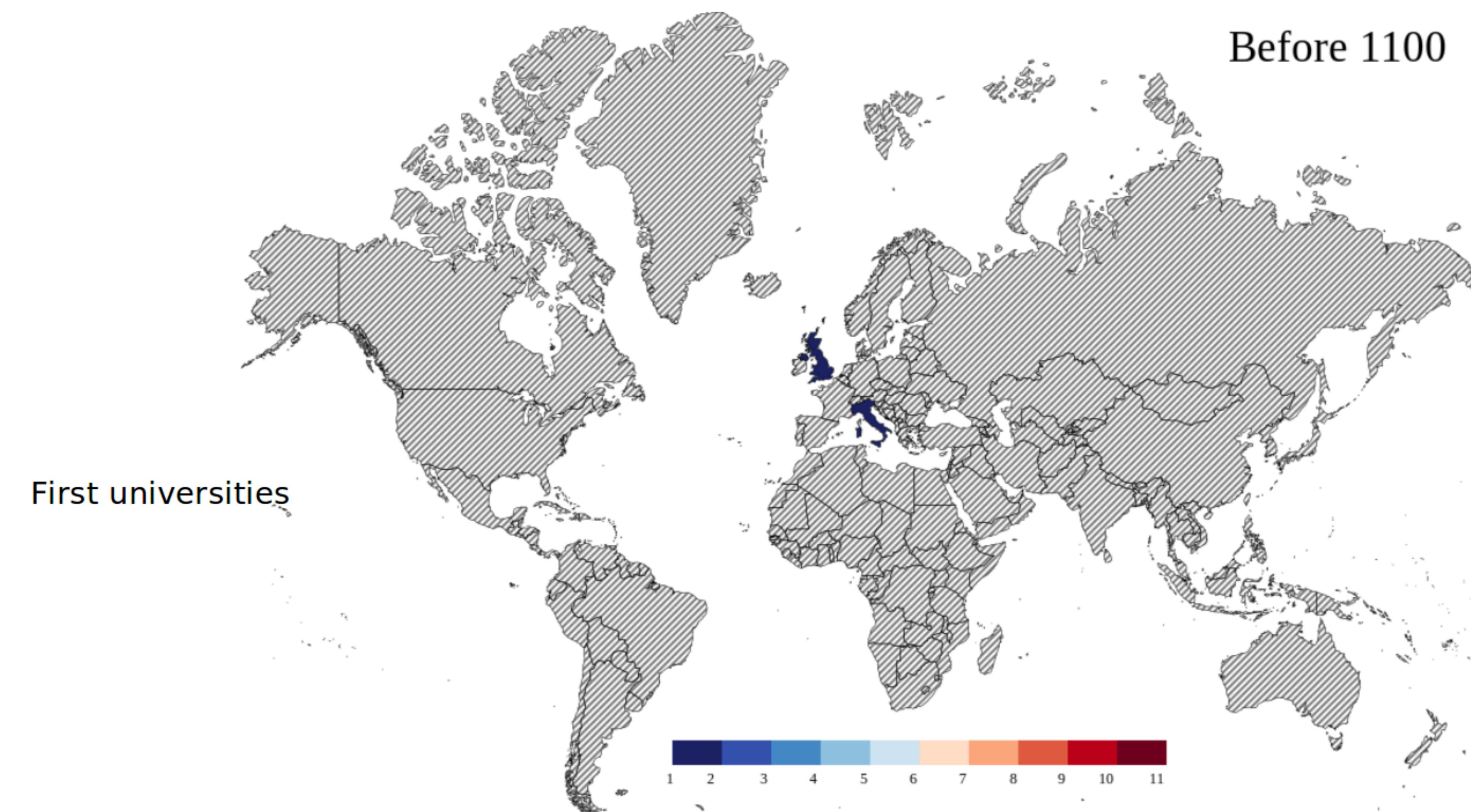
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44	505	9	Al-Azhar University	EG AR 20
45	490	10	University of Helsinki	FI WR 17
46	487	15	University of Virginia	US EN 19
47	483	12	Hebrew University of Jerusalem	IL HE 20
48	470	12	University of Toronto	CA EN 19
49	460	9	King's College London	UK EN 16
50	450	9	Imperial College London	UK EN 20
51	447	11	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	US EN 19
52	429	10	Sapienza University of Rome	IT IT 14
53	428	8	ETH Zurich	CH DE 19
54	426	12	University of Zurich	CH DE 16
55	389	12	University of Washington	US EN 19

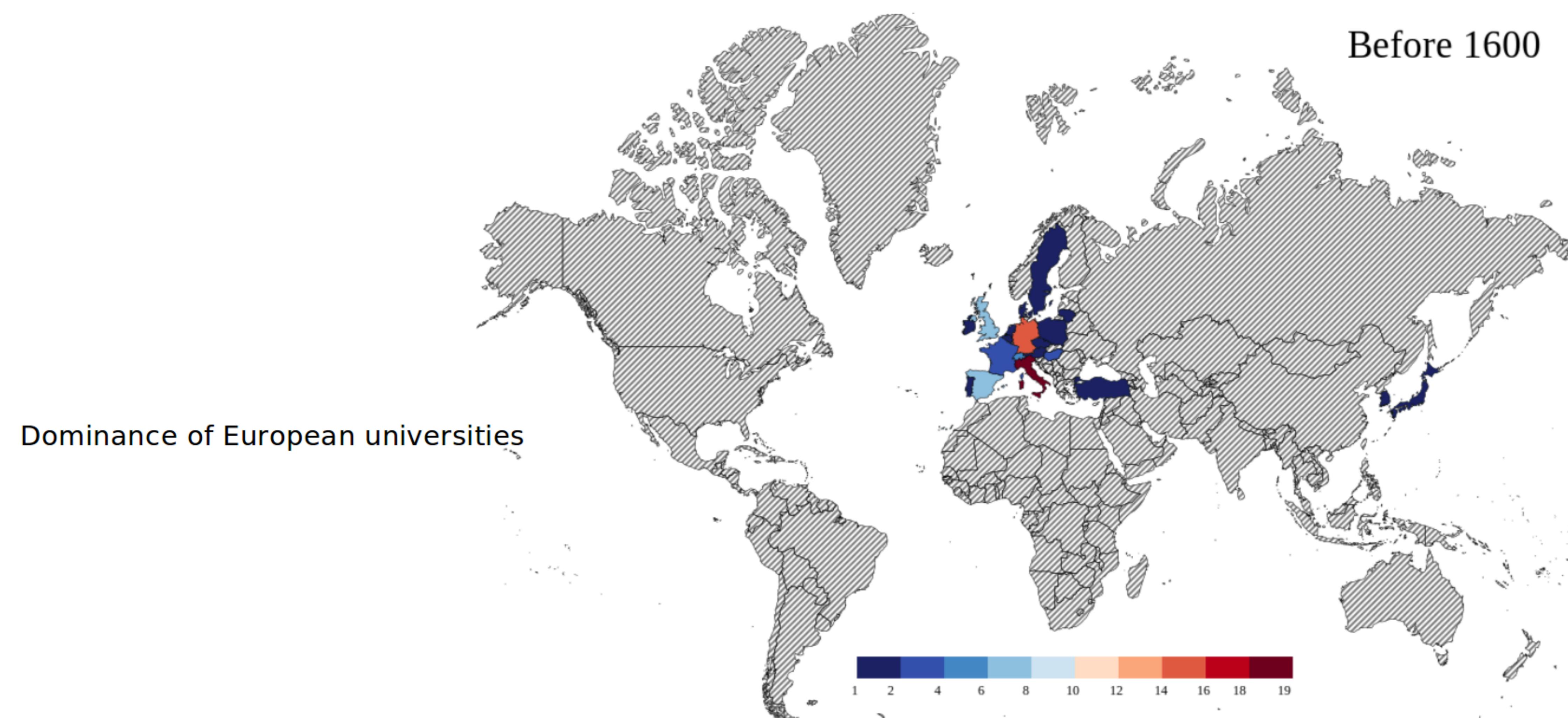
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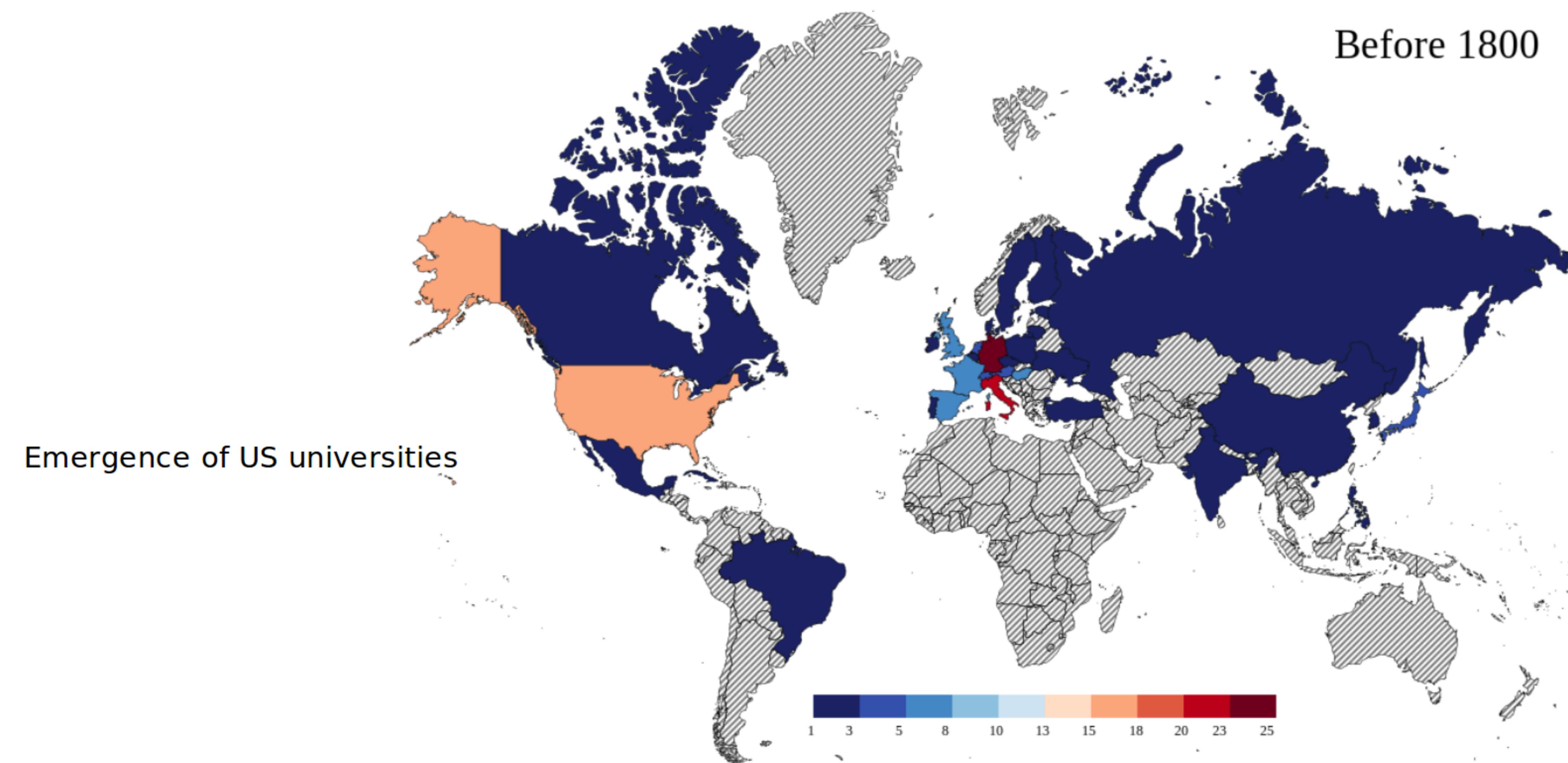
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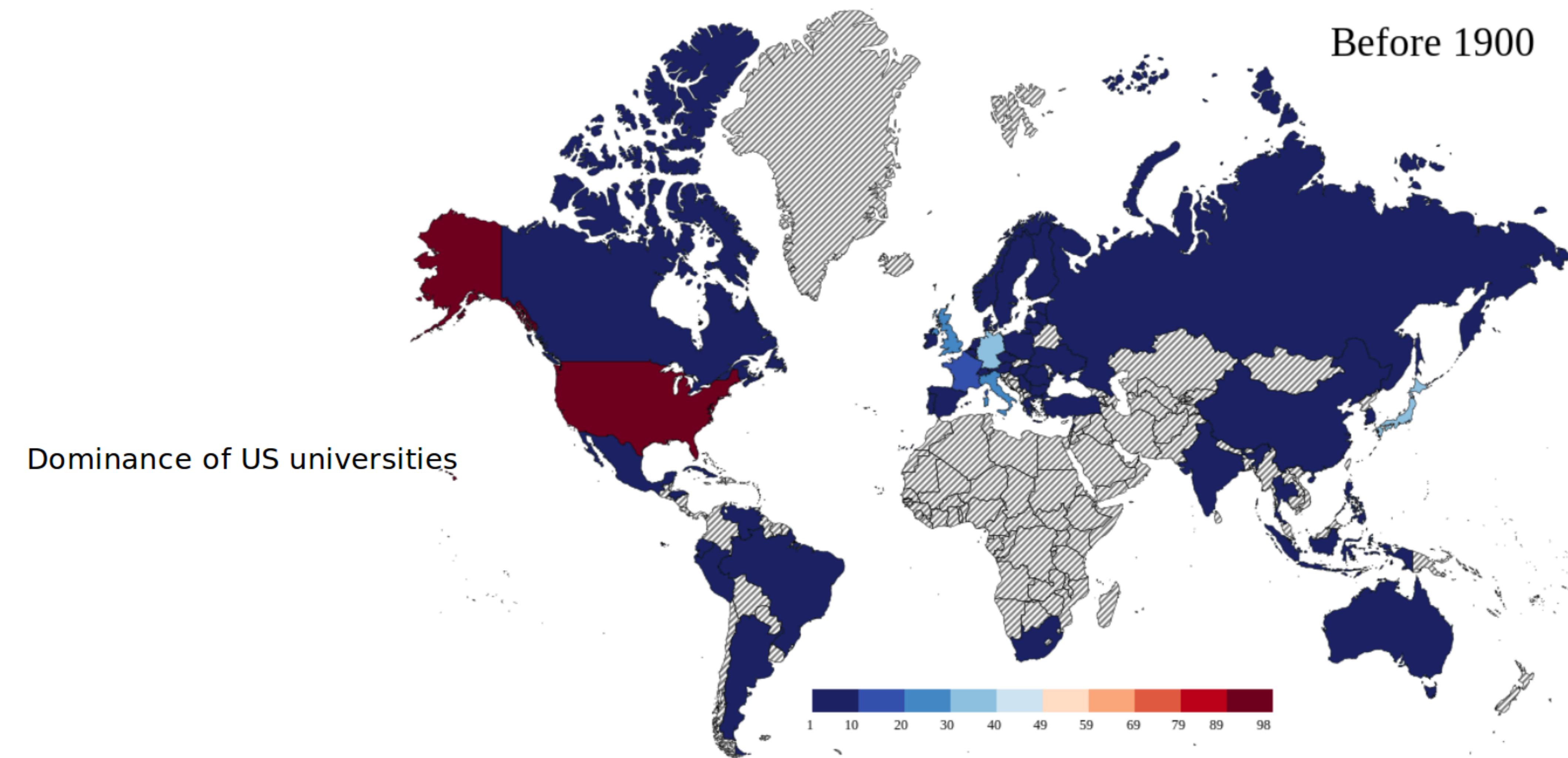


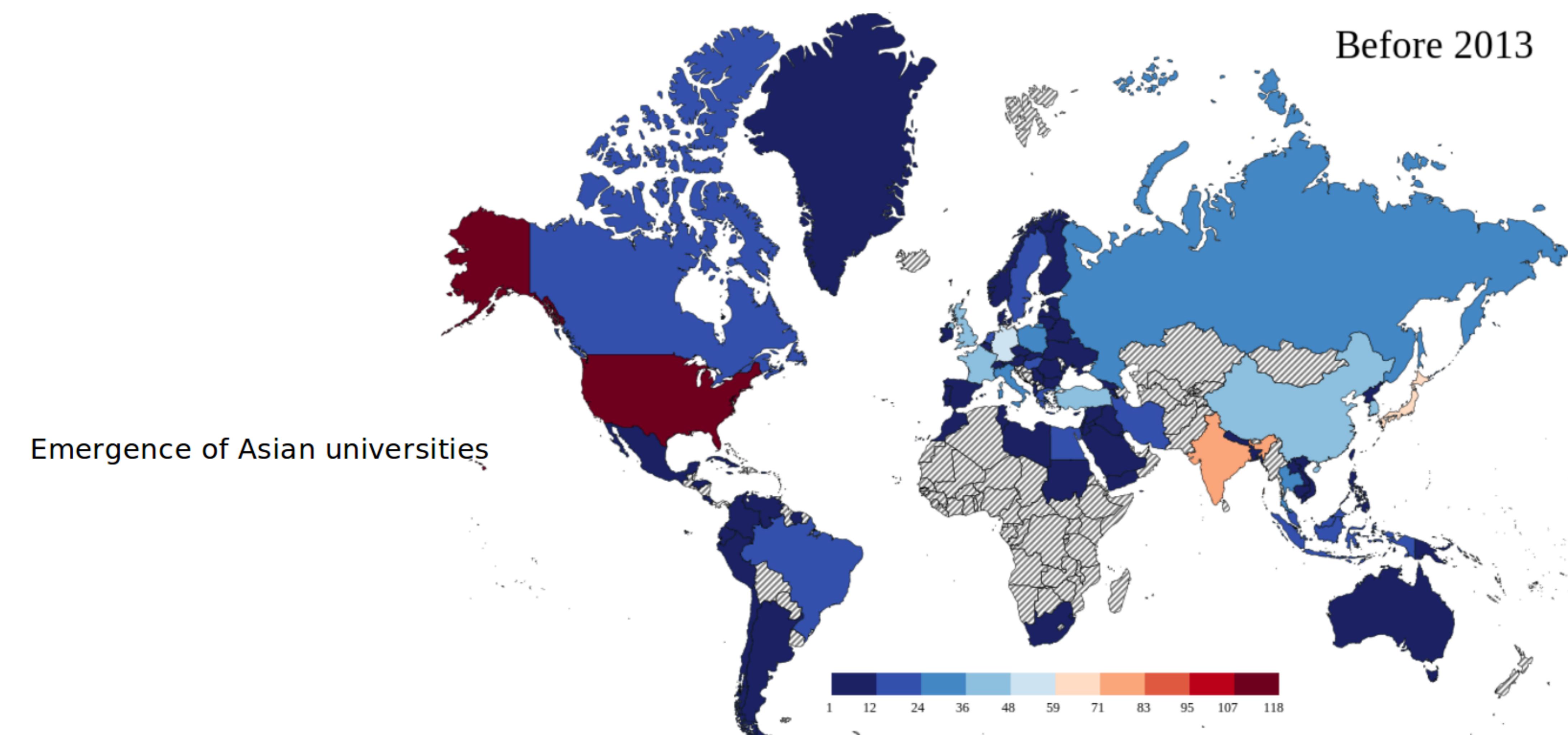
Timeline Evolution through centuries



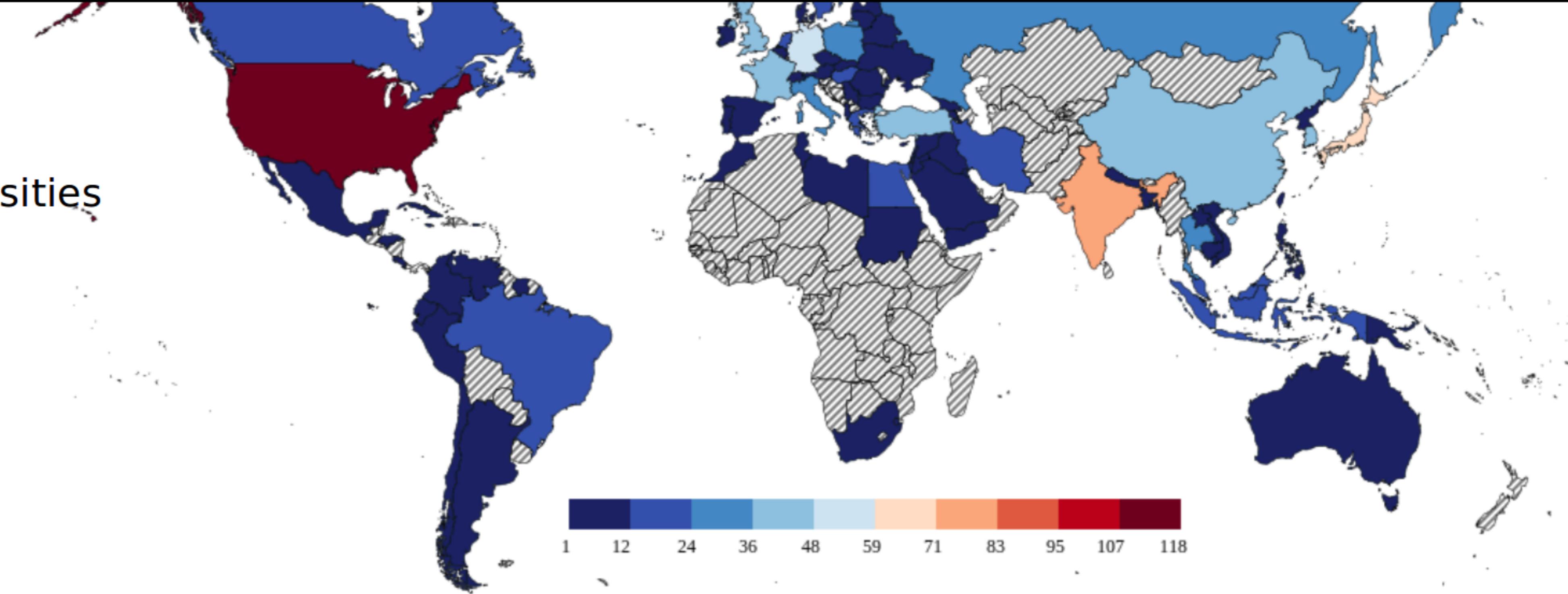








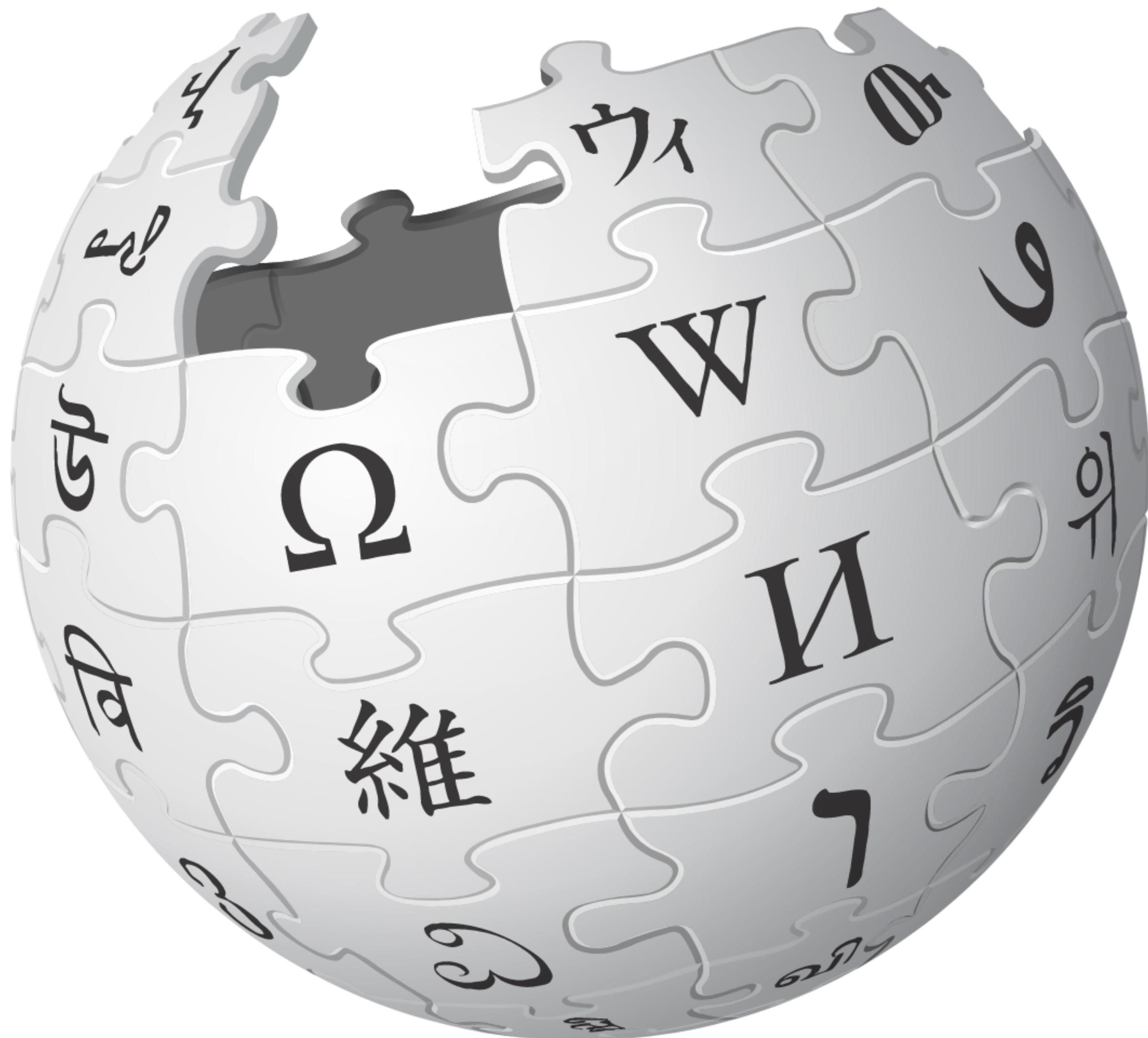
Emergence of Asian universities



What's next ? dominance of Asian universities ?

Wikipedia Ranking of World Universities

Conclusion



WRWU is **free from any cultural preferences since :**

- it takes into account many cultural points of view as we use all human knowledge contained in 24 Wikipedia language editions (17 millions Wiki articles)
- these cultural points of view are treated on equal footing with the same statistical analysis (PageRank, CheiRank, 2DRank)

WRWU measures **academic excellence** (top 10 and top 100 are similar to ARWU) but also **historic, social, or regional importance** of universities.

WRWU can be considered as **complementary** to already existing rankings such as ARWU, but **in fact it encodes already all existing rankings** since Wikipedia contains information on it.

Universal ranking ?

Want to check the position of your Alma Mater ?

<http://perso.utinam.cnrs.fr/~lages/datasets/WRWU/>

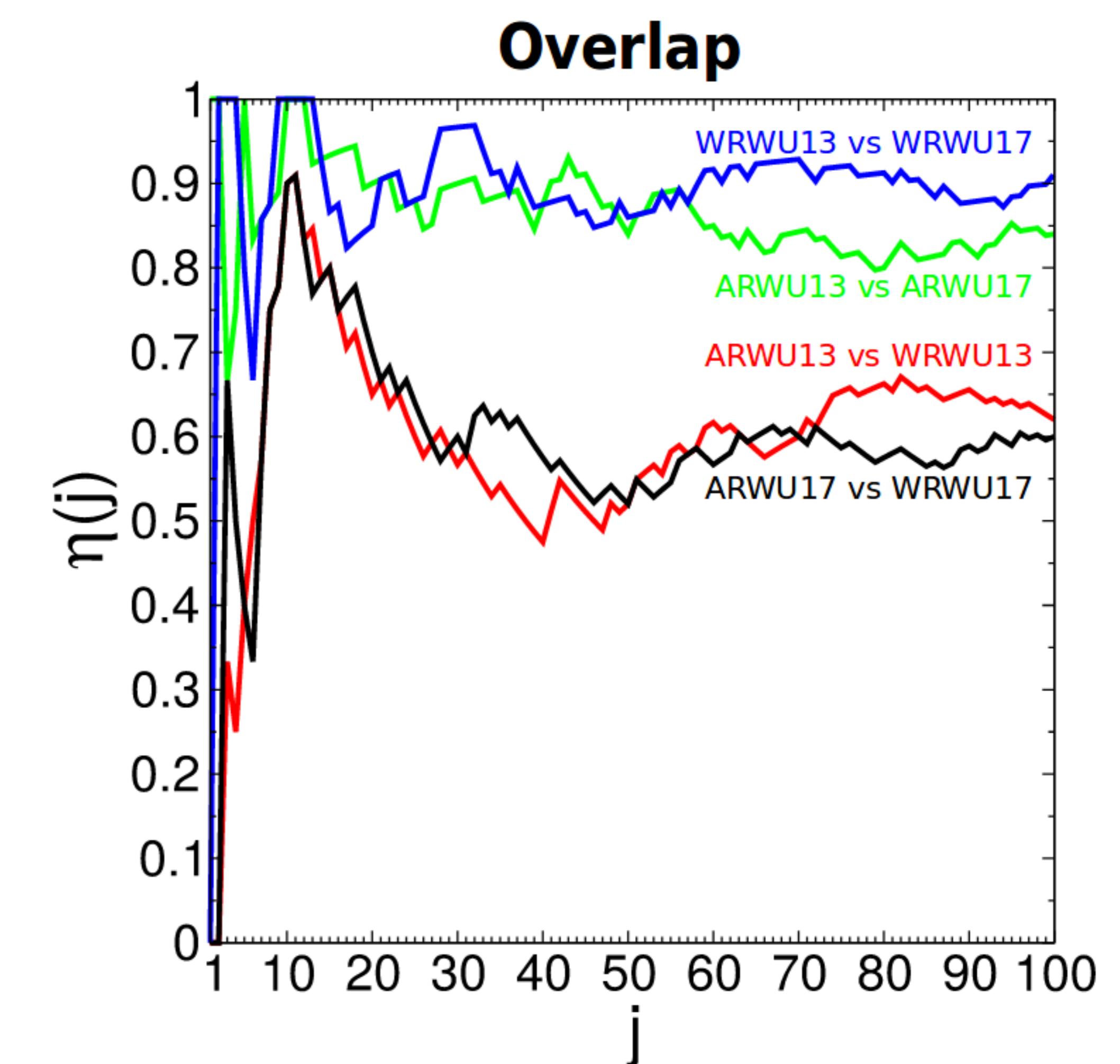
<http://perso.utinam.cnrs.fr/~lages/datasets/WRWU17/>



Wikipedia PageRanking of World Universities WRWU 2013

University of Cambridge	1st	University of Oxford
University of Oxford	2nd	University of Cambridge
Harvard University	3rd	Harvard University
Columbia University	4th	Columbia University
Princeton University	5th	Yale University
MIT	6th	University of Chicago
University of Chicago	7th	Princeton University
Stanford University	8th	Stanford University
Yale University	9th	MIT
University of California, Berkeley	10th	University of California, Berkeley

Wikipedia PageRanking of World Universities WRWU 2017



Robustness of WRWU

Reduced Google matrix

Consider a network with $N \gg 1$ nodes.

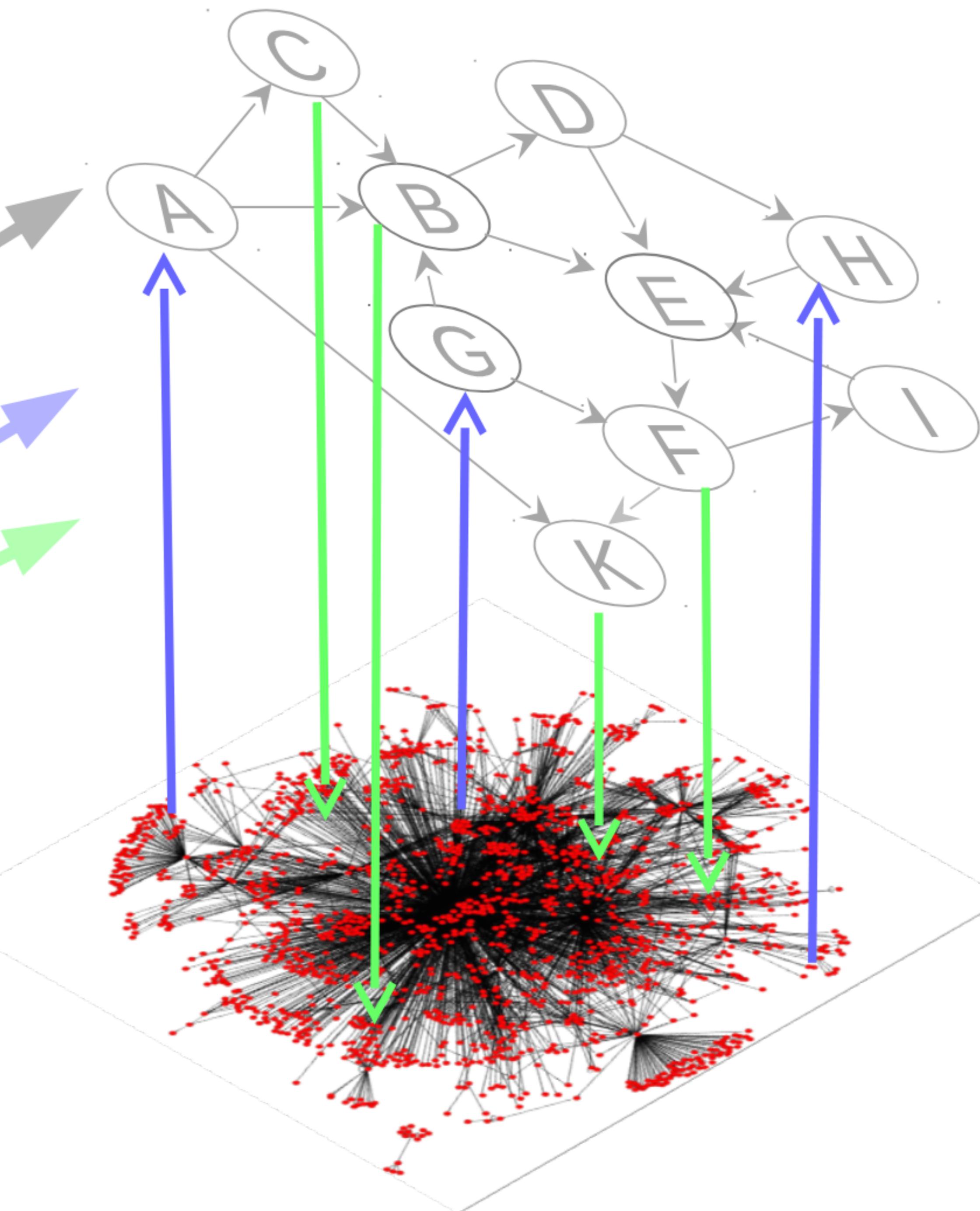
Consider a sub-network of $N_r \ll N$ nodes of interest.

The Google matrix of the whole network and the associated PageRank vector can be written as

$$\mathbf{G} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{G}_{rr} & \mathbf{G}_{rs} \\ \mathbf{G}_{sr} & \mathbf{G}_{ss} \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{P}_r \\ \mathbf{P}_s \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{GP} = \mathbf{P}$$



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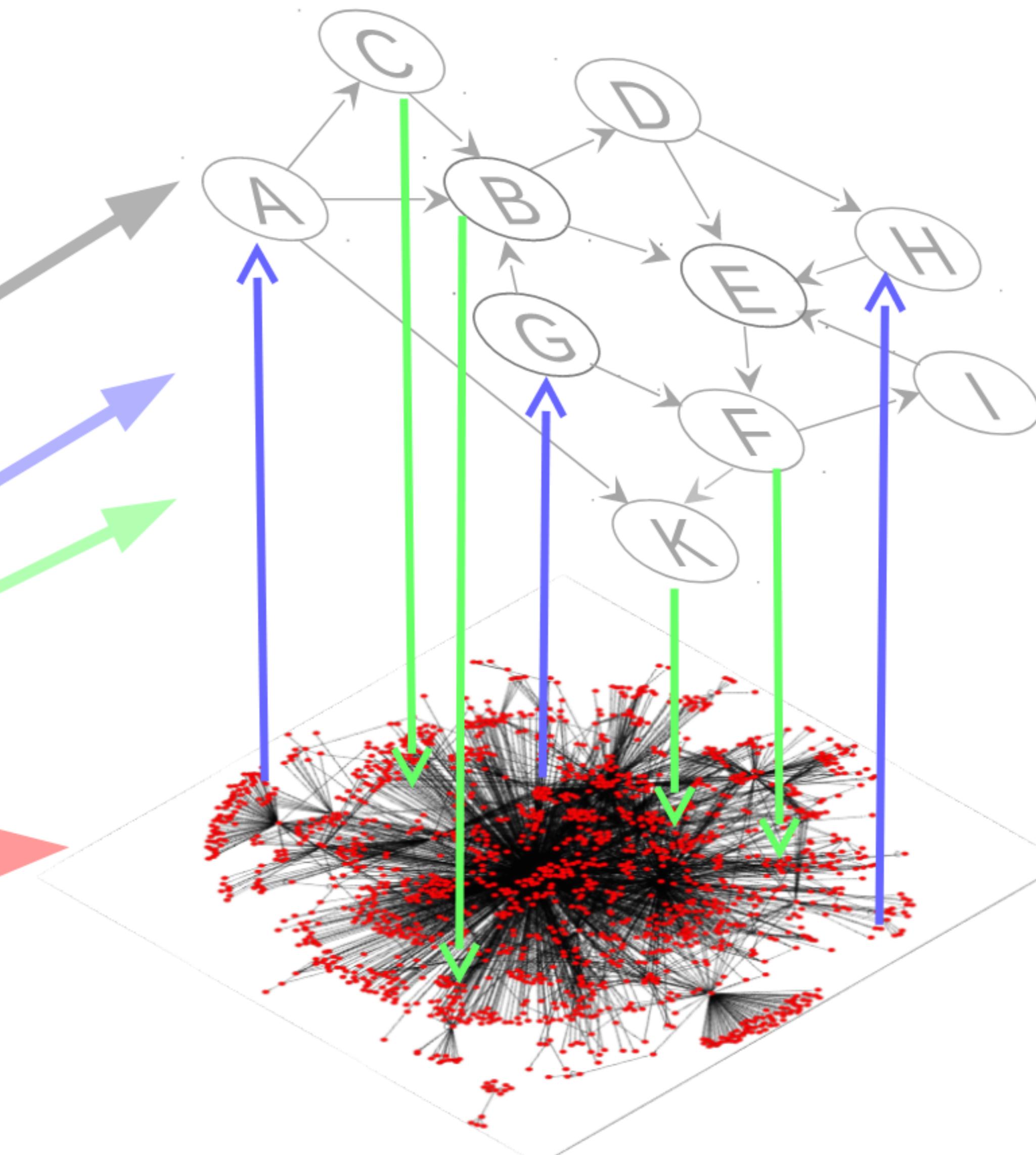
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We define, \mathbf{G}_R , the reduced Google matrix associated to the sub-network of size N_r such as

$$\mathbf{G}_R \mathbf{P}_r = \mathbf{P}_r$$



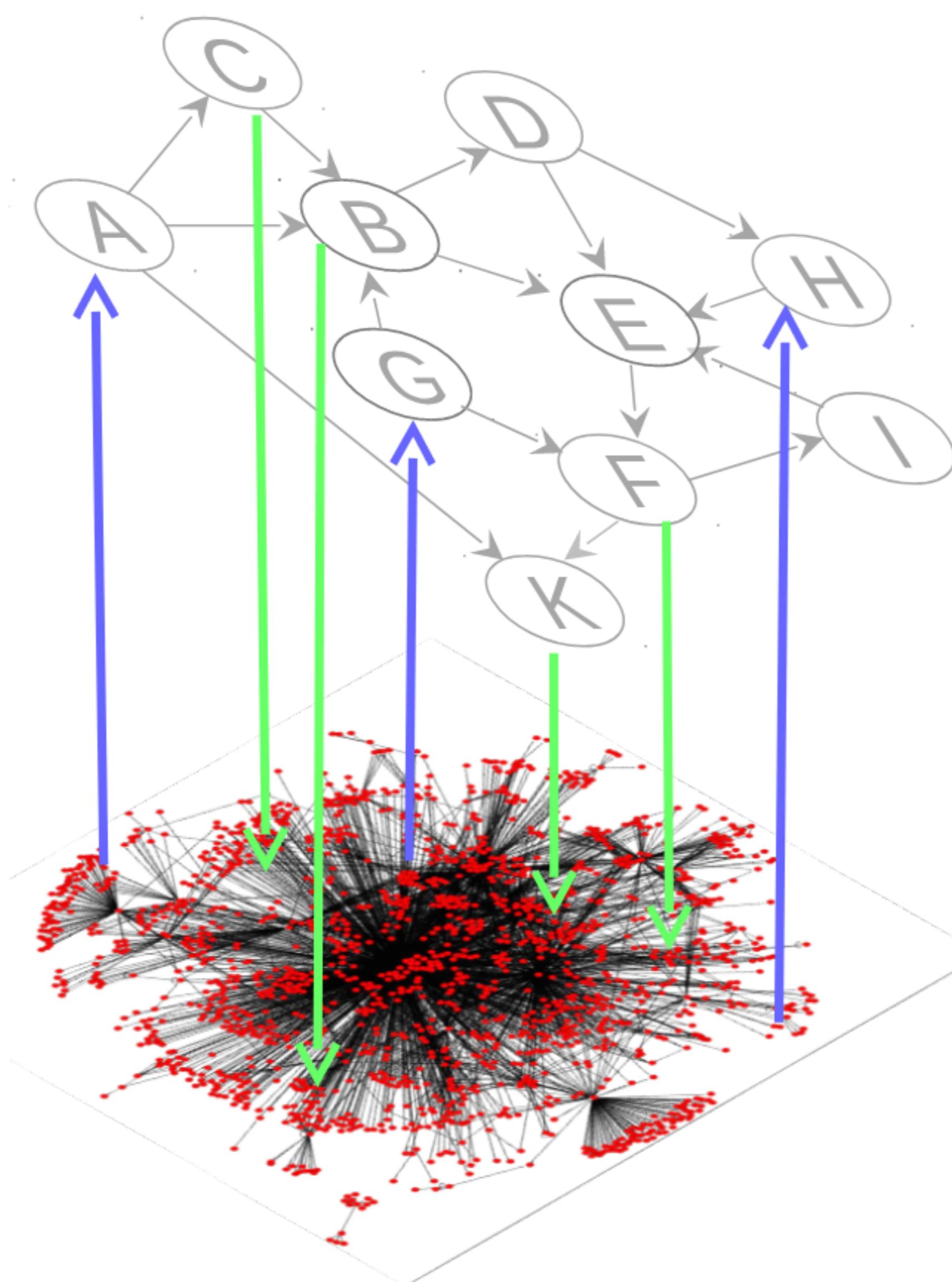
The reduced Google matrix can be written

$$\mathbf{G}_R = \mathbf{G}_{rr} + \mathbf{G}_{rs} (\mathbf{1} - \mathbf{G}_{ss})^{-1} \mathbf{G}_{sr}$$

**Contribution
from direct links**

**Contribution
from indirect links
(scattering term)**

Very slow convergence
since the leading eigenvalue λ_c
of $\mathbf{G}_{ss} \sim \mathbf{G}$
is very close to 1



Reduced Google matrix

Consider a network with $N \gg N_{\text{nodes}}$.

Consider a sub-network of $N_r \ll N_{\text{nodes}}$ of interest.

$$(1 - \mathbf{G}_{ss})^{-1} = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \mathbf{G}_{ss}^l$$

$$(1 - \mathbf{G}_{ss})^{-1} = \mathbf{P}_c(1 - \lambda_c)^{-1} + \mathbf{Q}_c \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} (\mathbf{Q}_c \mathbf{G}_{ss} \mathbf{Q}_c)^l$$

Contribution
from "PageRank"

$$\mathbf{P}_c = \psi_R \psi_L^T \quad \text{with} \quad \begin{cases} G_{ss} \psi_R = \lambda_c \psi_R \\ \psi_L^T G_{ss} = \lambda_c \psi_L \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbf{Q}_c = \mathbf{1} - \mathbf{P}_c$$

The reduced Google matrix can be written

$$\mathbf{G}_R = \mathbf{G}_{rr} + \mathbf{G}_{rs} (1 - \mathbf{G}_{ss})^{-1} \mathbf{G}_{sr}$$

Contribution
from direct links

Contribution
from indirect links
(scattering term)

Very slow convergence
since the leading eigenvalue λ_c
of $\mathbf{G}_{ss} \sim \mathbf{G}$
is very close to 1

The reduced Google matrix can be rewritten

$$\mathbf{G}_R = \mathbf{G}_{rr} + \mathbf{G}_{pr} + \mathbf{G}_{qr}$$

Contribution from
direct links

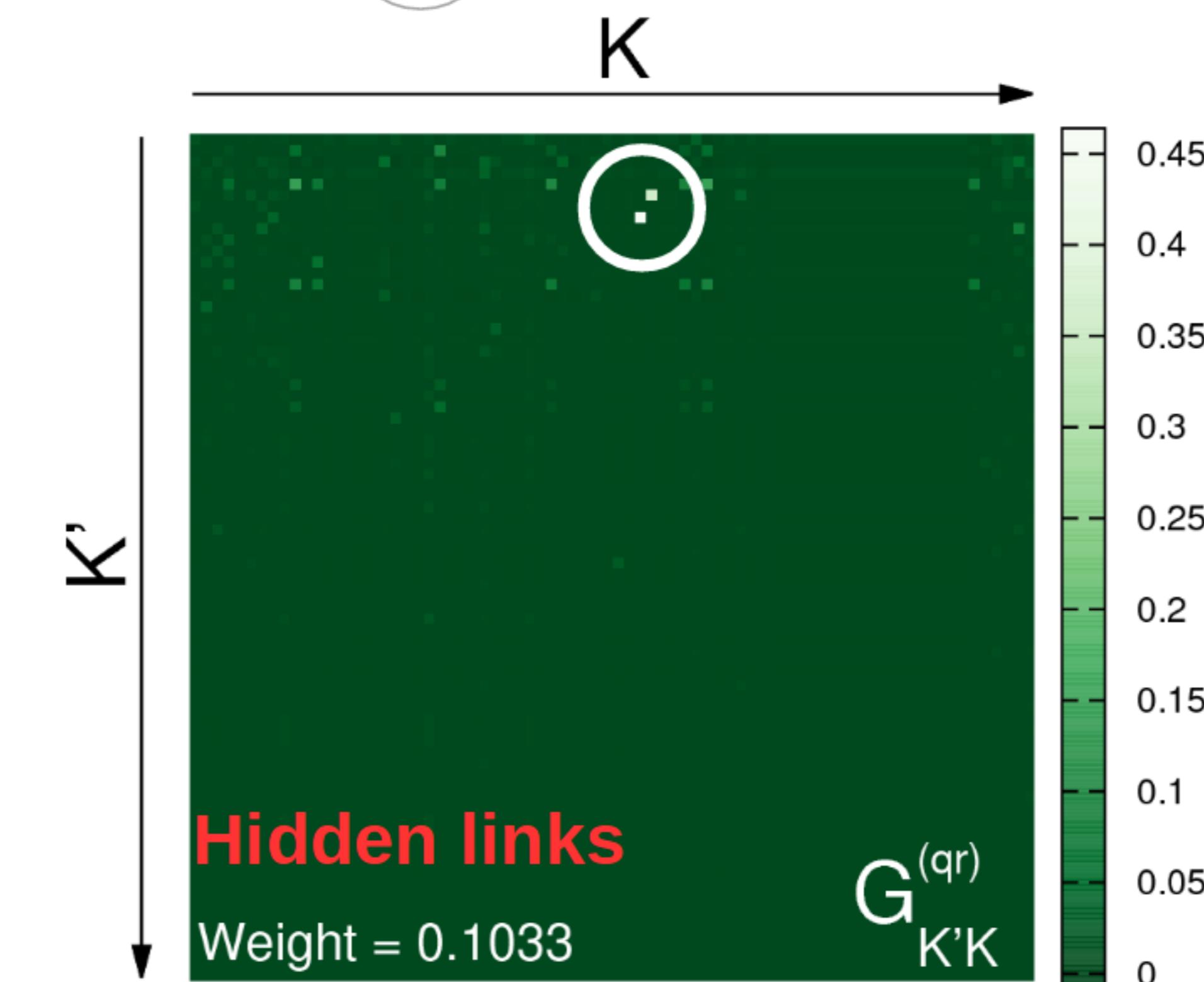
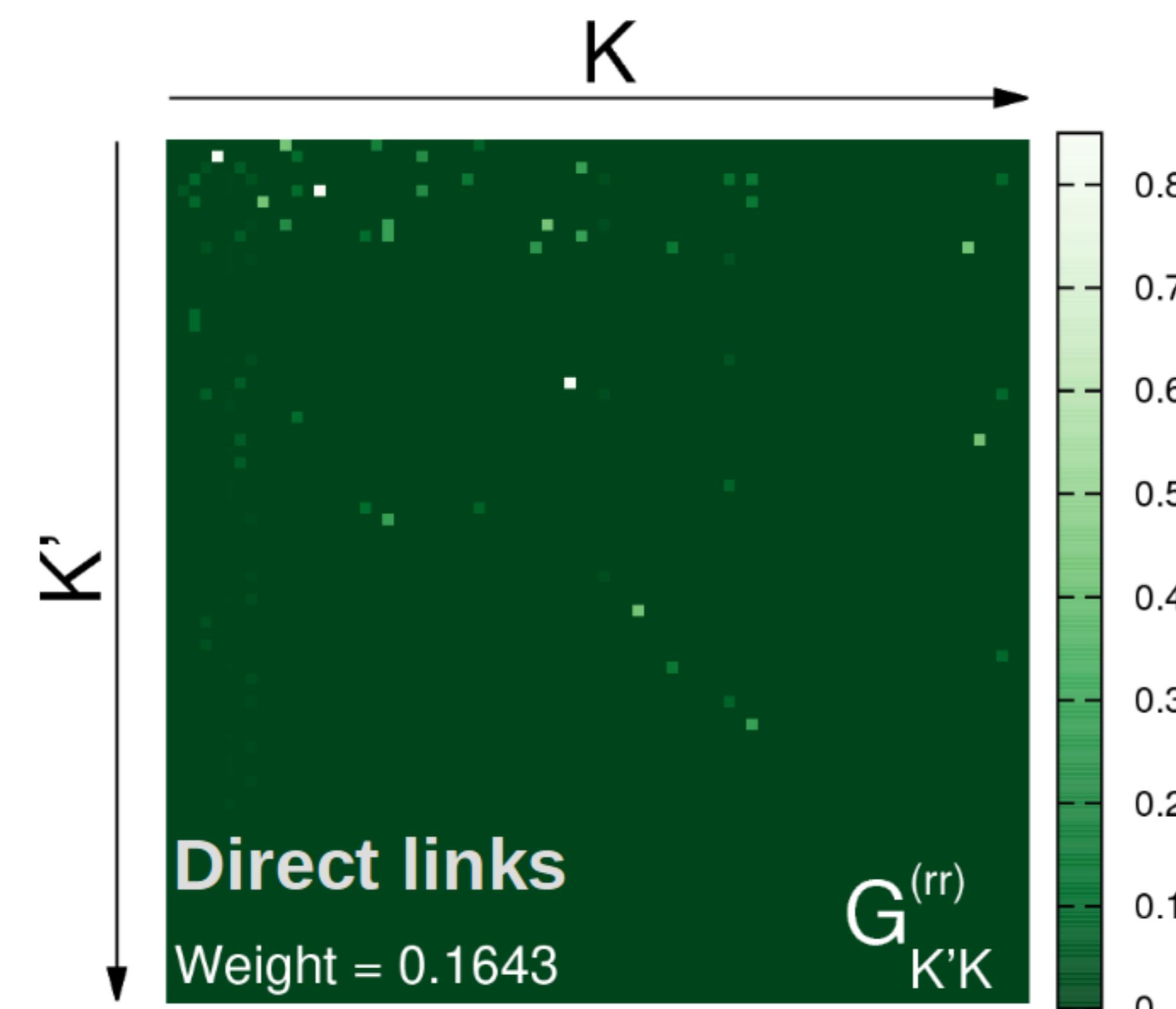
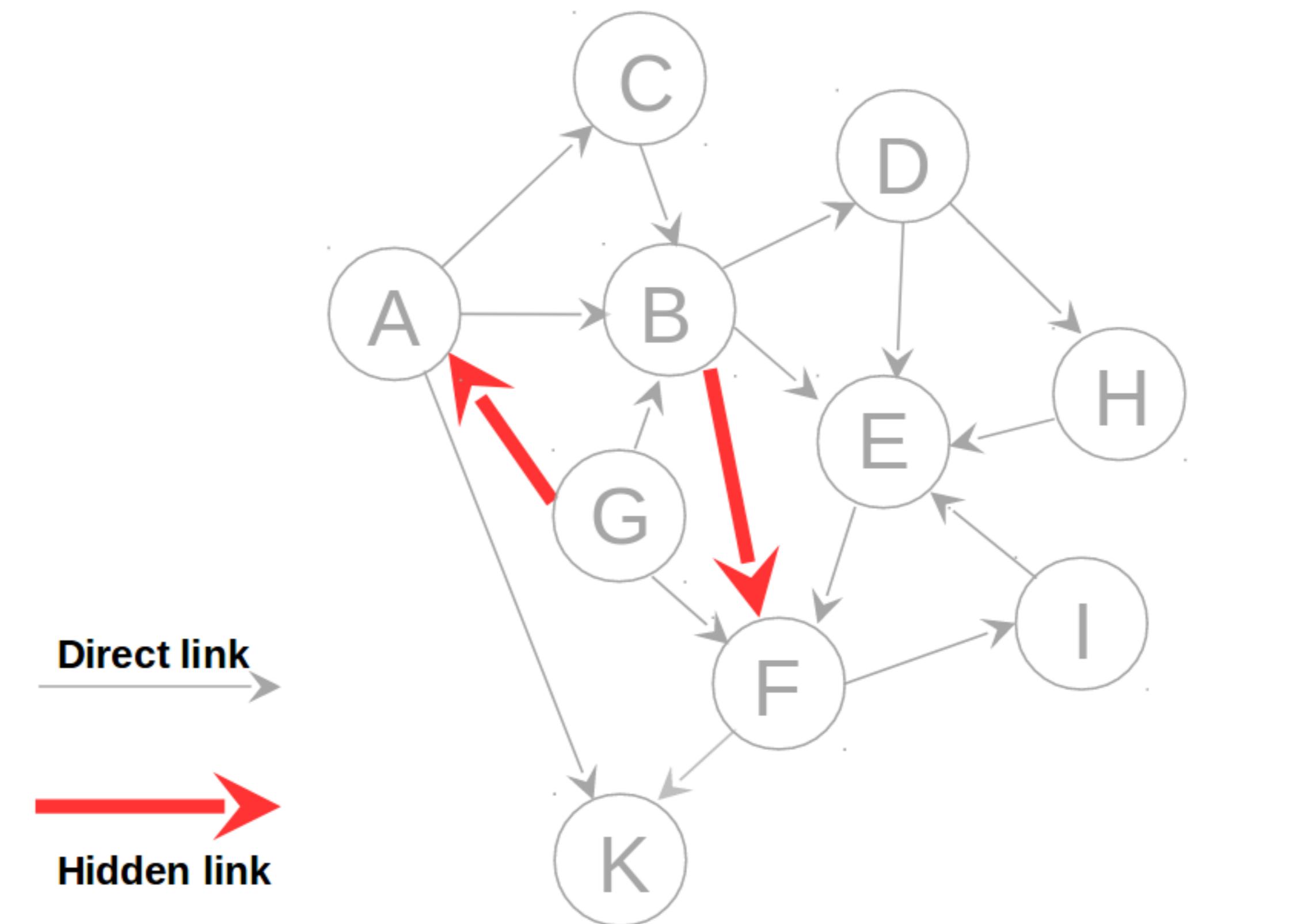
Contribution from
hidden links

Contribution
from "PageRank"

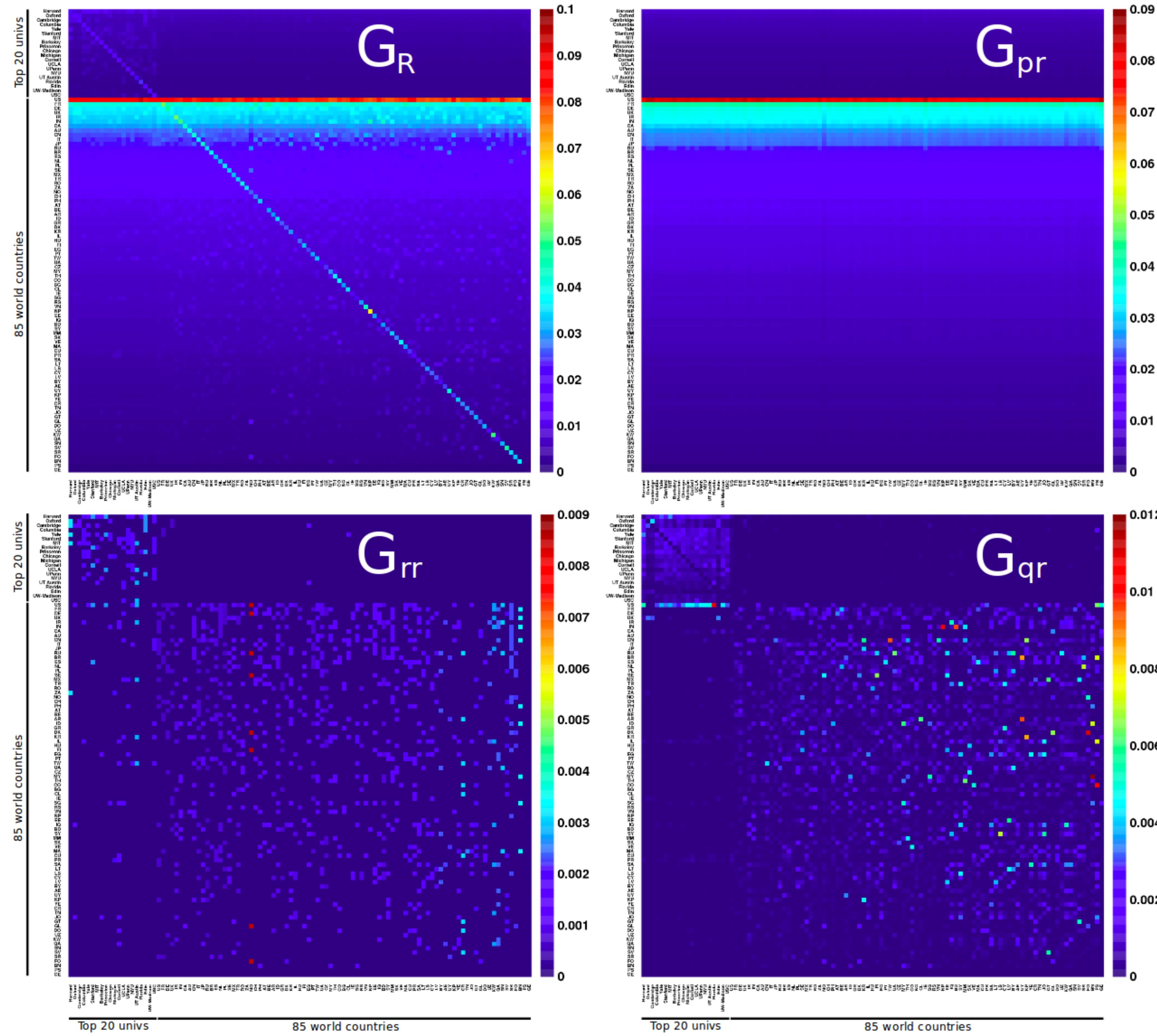
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↓ ↓ ↓
Contribution from direct links **Contribution from hidden links**
Contribution from "PageRank"



2017 English Wikipedia



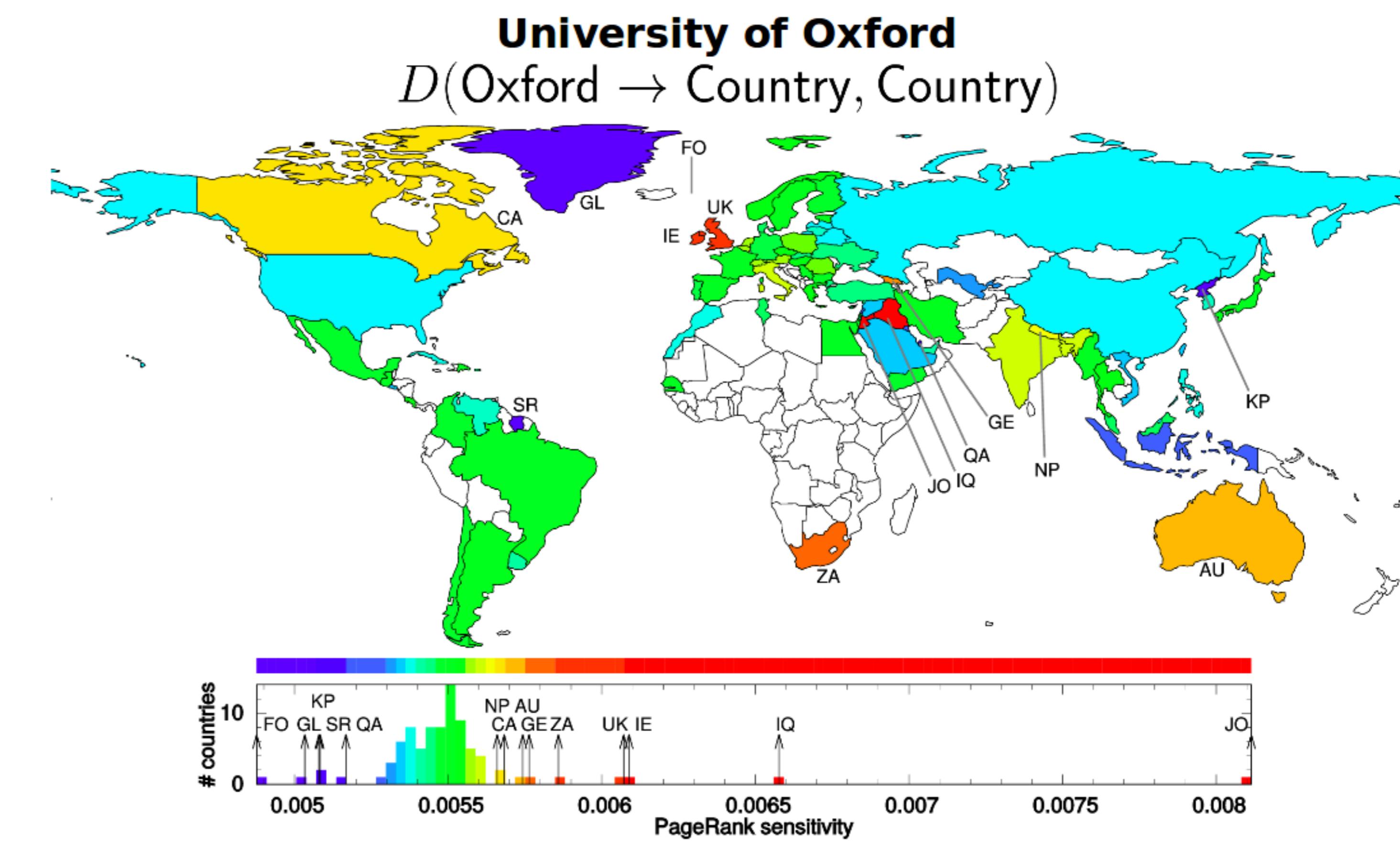
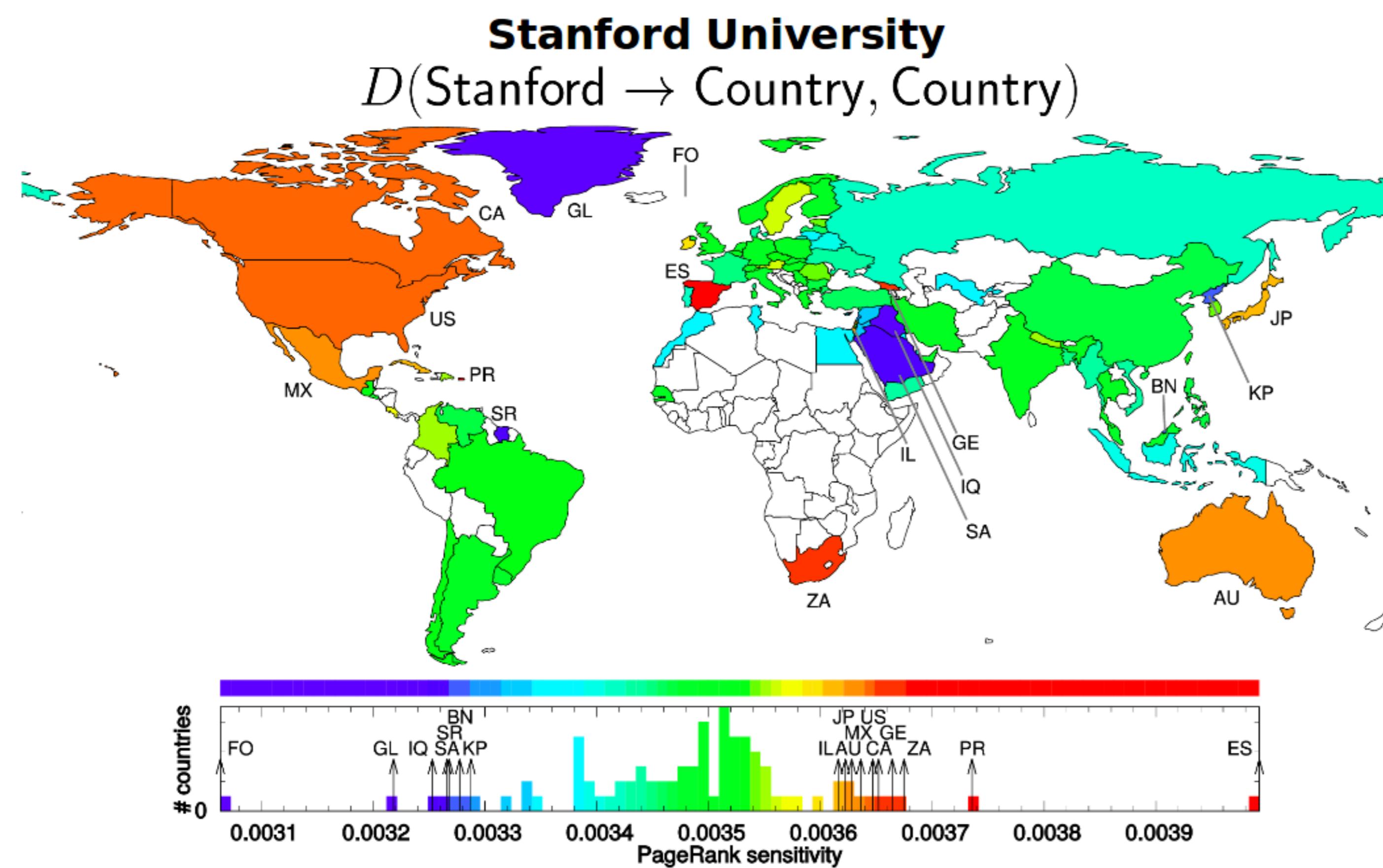
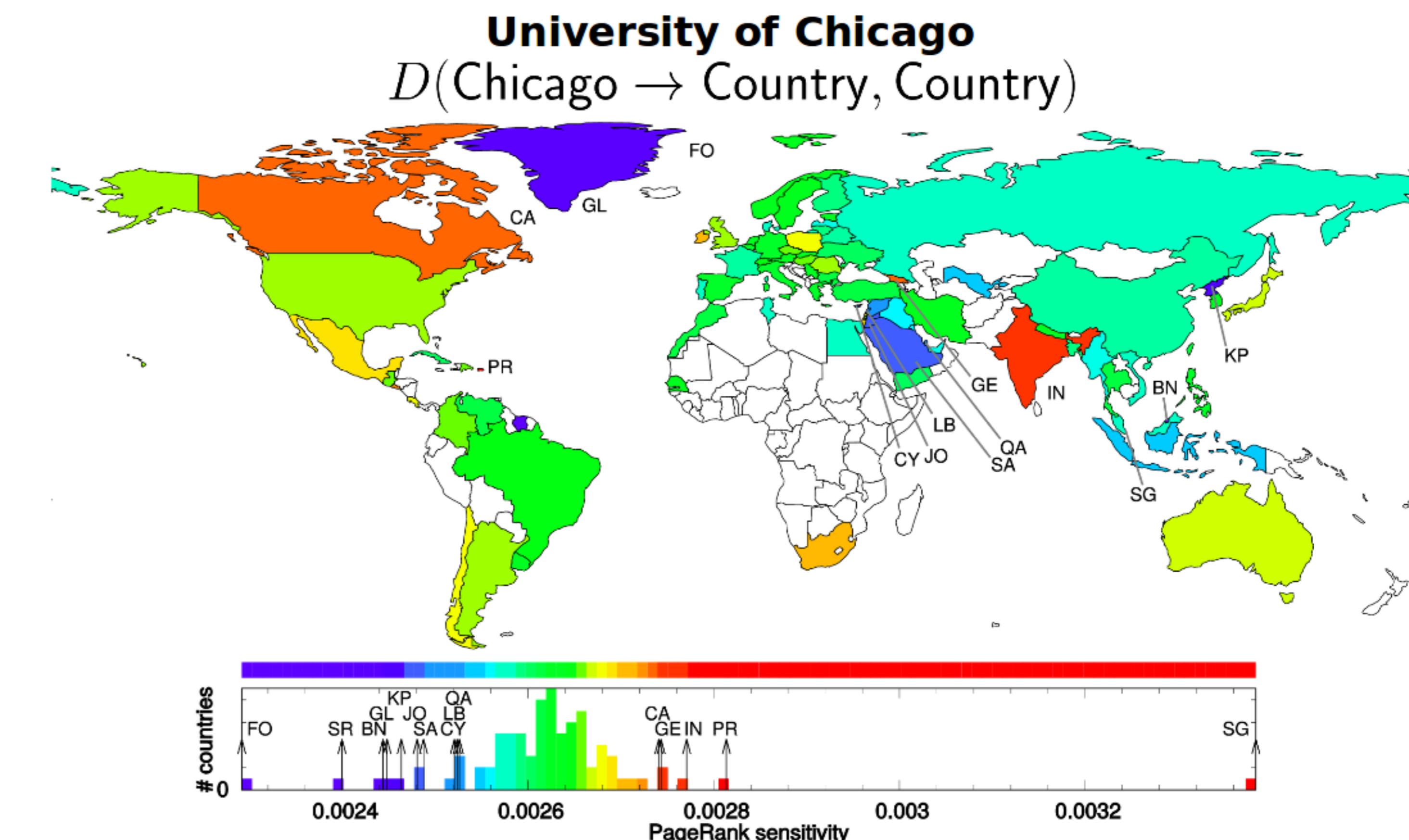
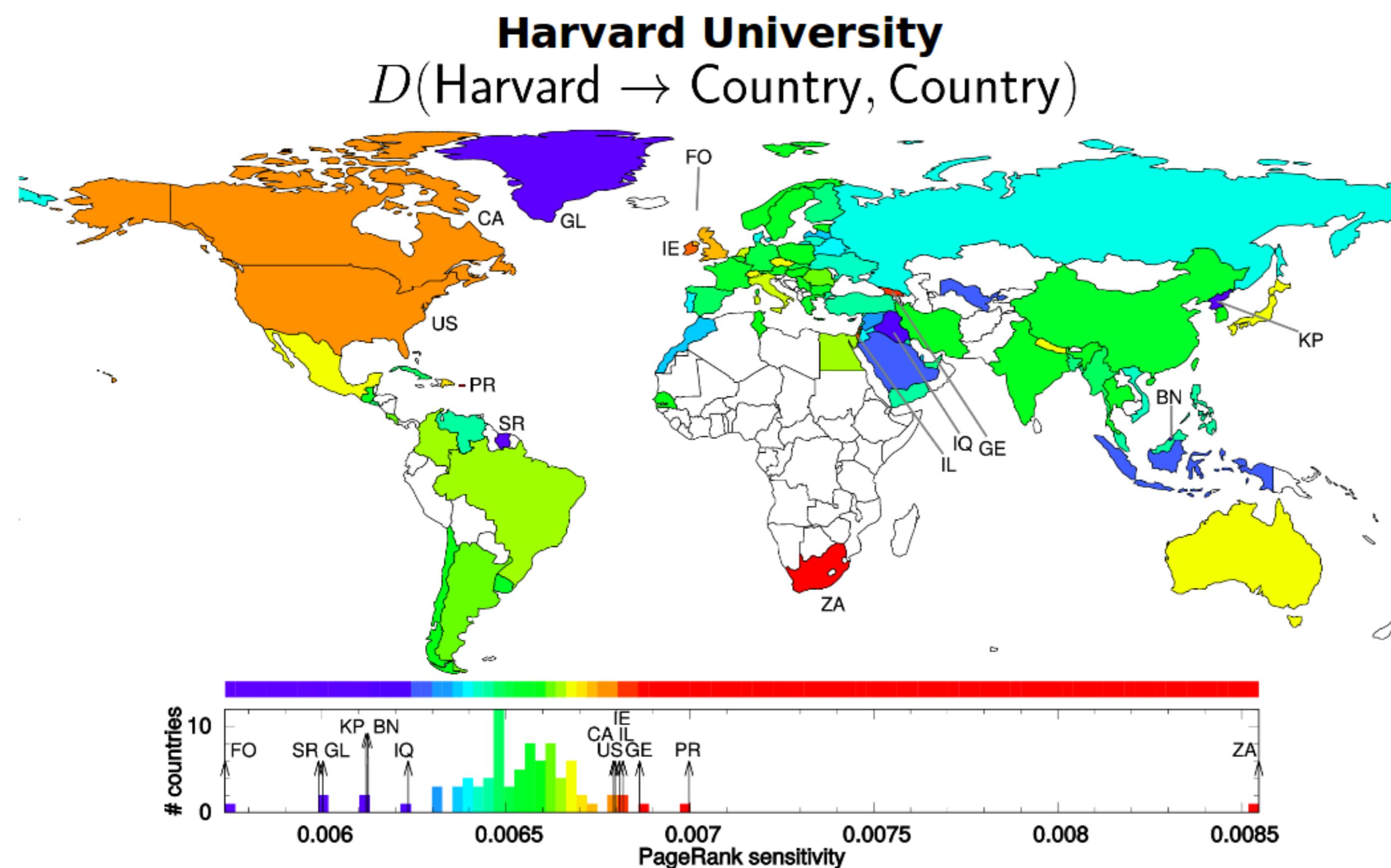
PageRank sensitivity

(to the change of a reduced Google matrix link)

$$D(j \rightarrow i, k) = \frac{1}{P_k(0)} \lim_{\delta_{ij} \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{P_k(\delta_{ij}) - P_k(0)}{\delta_{ij}} \right)$$

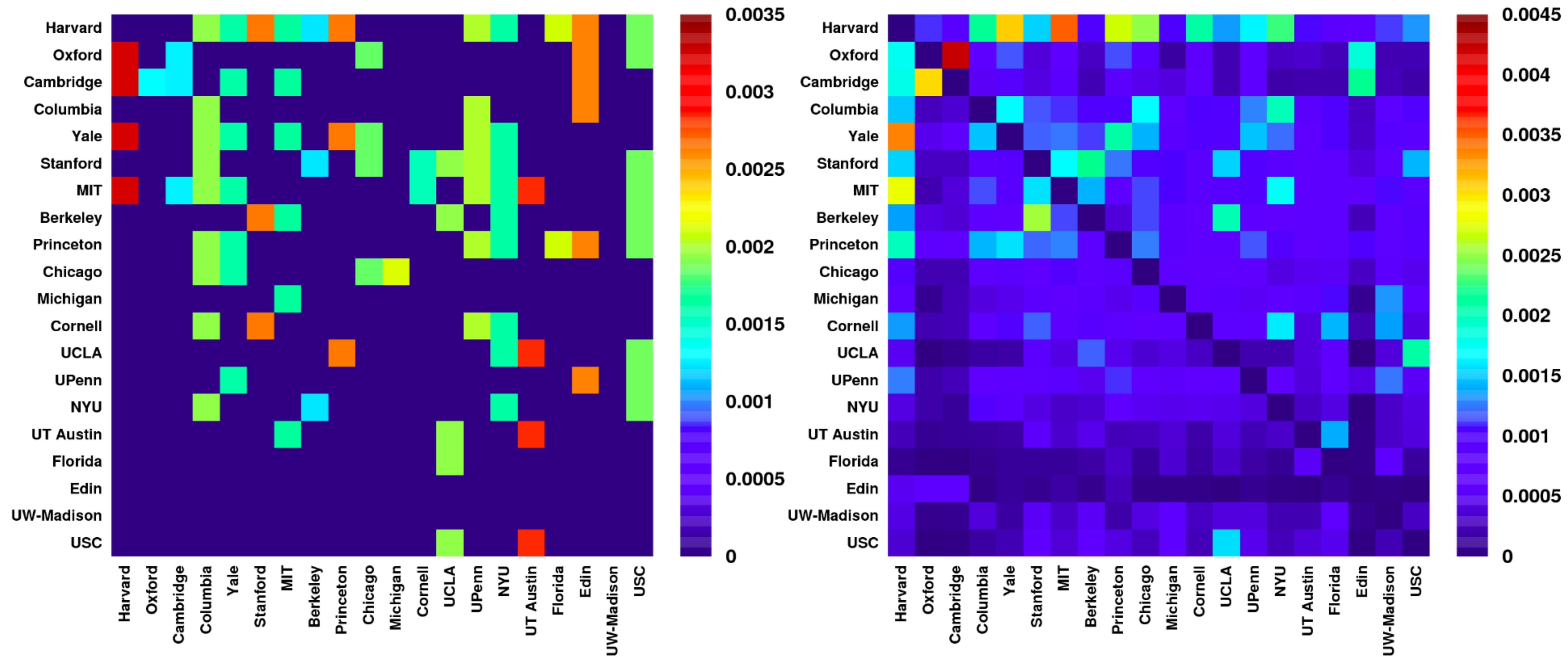
δ_{ij} is the infinitesimal change
in $j \rightarrow i$ reduced Google matrix link

$P_k(\delta_{ij})$ is the kth component of the associated PageRank vector

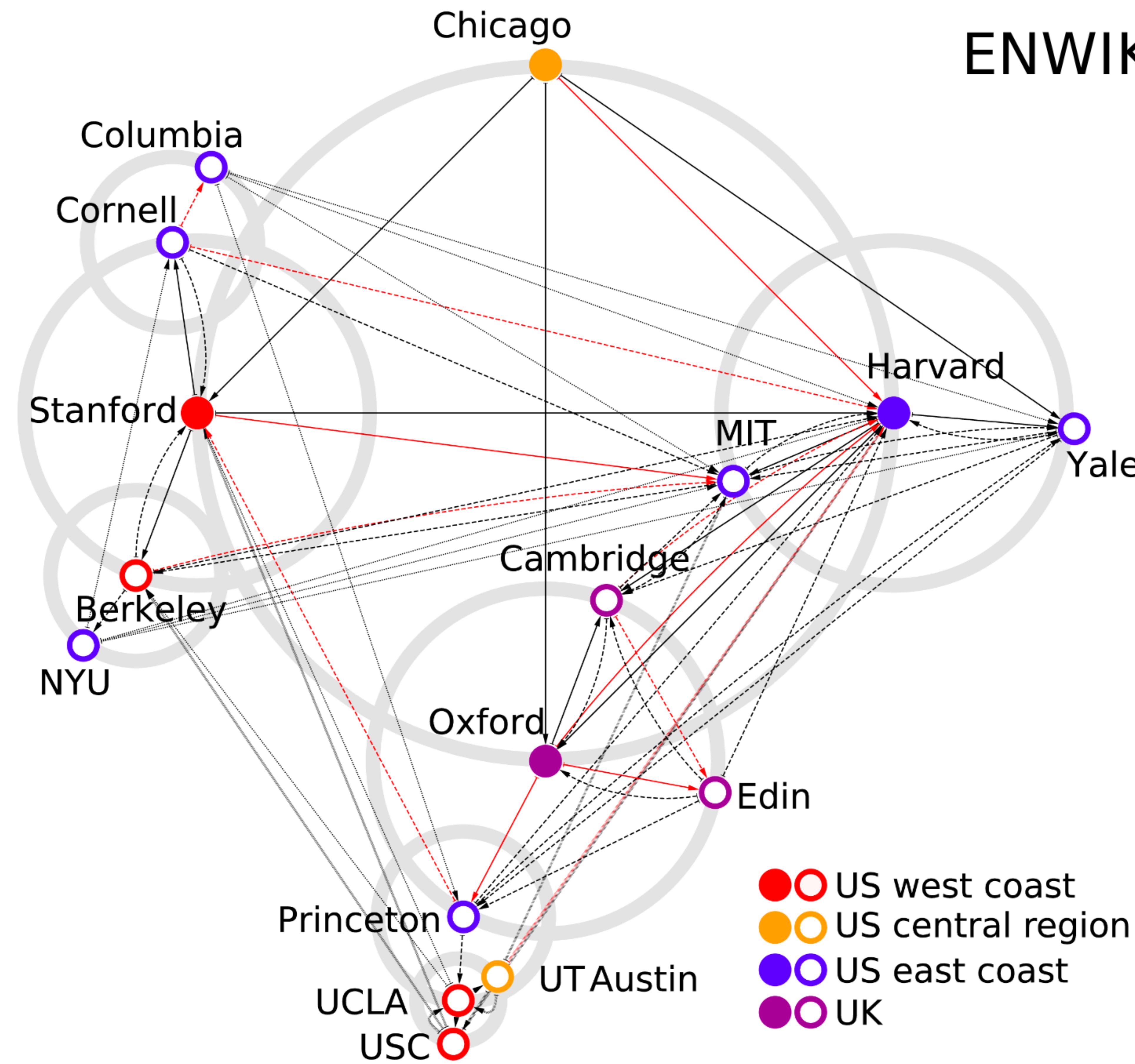


2017 English Wikipedia

Reduced Google matrix for the subset of interest
"top 20 universities"

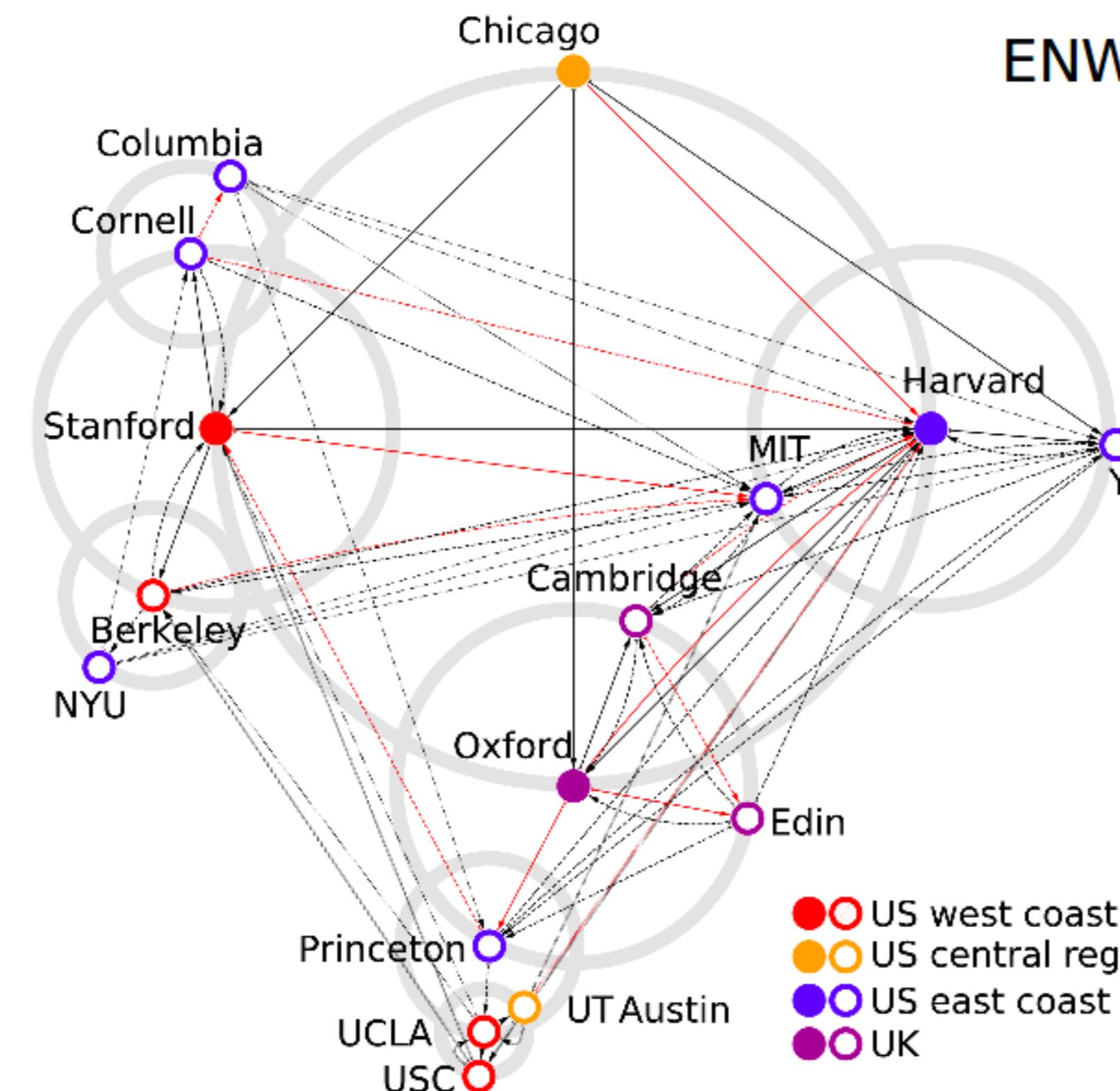


ENWIKI

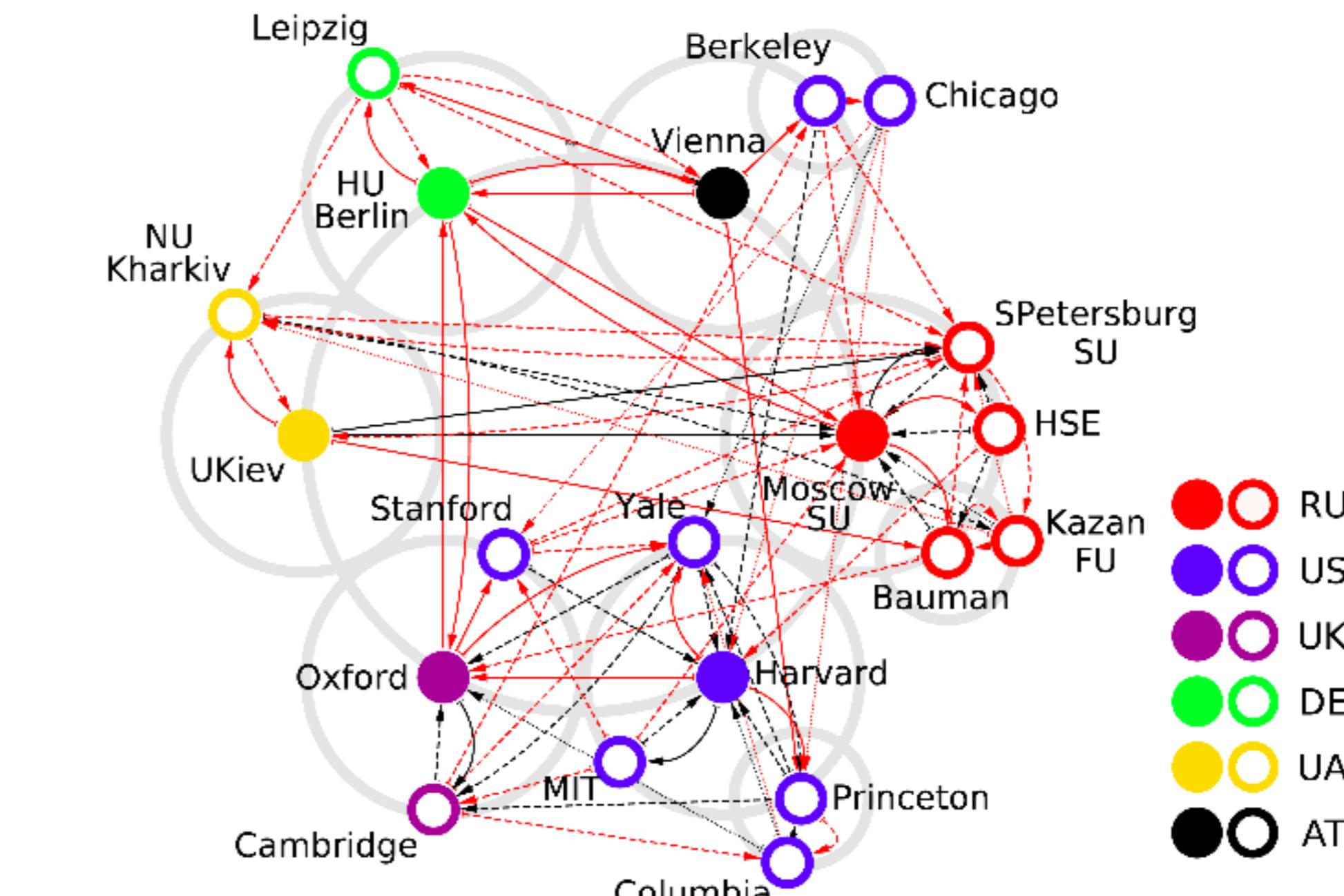


Reduced networks of top20 universities

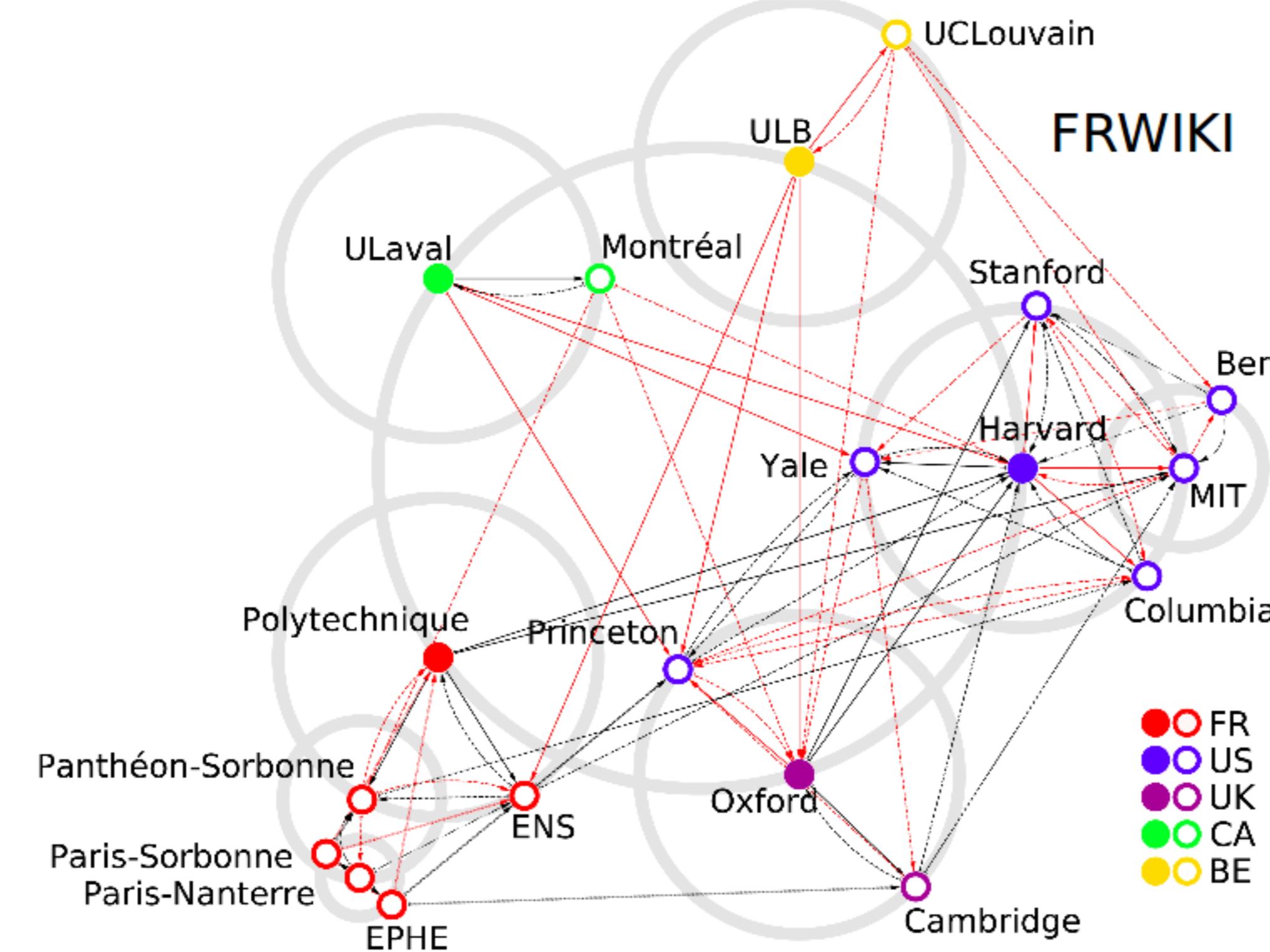
ENWIKI



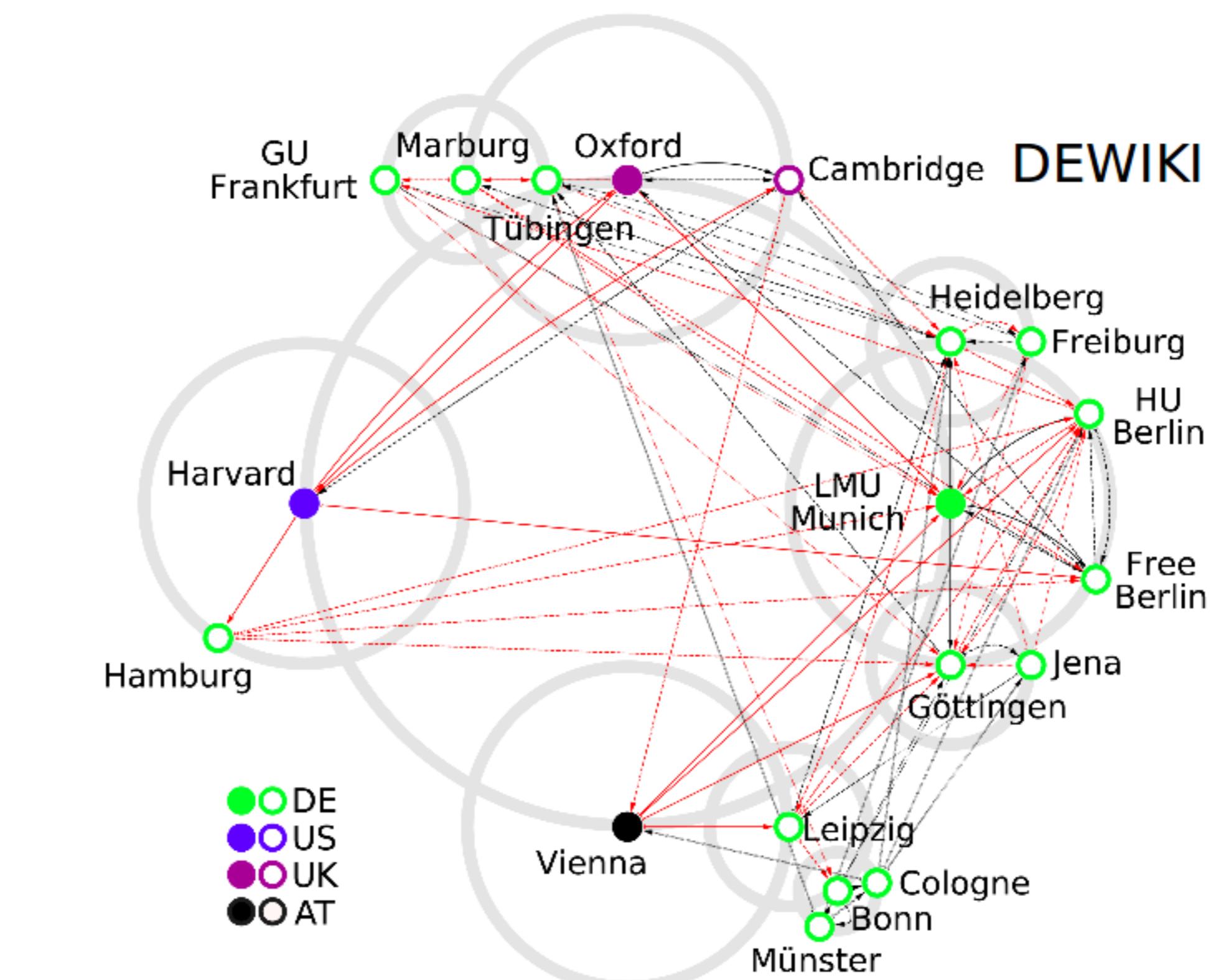
RUWIKI



FRWIKI



DEWIKI



Outline

Influence and interactions of ...

World Universities

Infectious diseases

Cancer and related drugs

... through the prism of Wikipedia

TABLE List of infectious diseases ordered by type (82 of bacterial type, 60 of viral type, 52 of parasitic type, 24 of fungal type, 6 of multiple types, and 2 of other types) then by PageRank of the corresponding article in English edition of Wikipedia. The $n_d = 230$ elements of this list have been extracted from the list of infectious diseases article in 2017 English Wikipedia.

Infectious diseases	Bacterial type	Bacterial type (Cont.)	Viral type	Viral type (Cont.)	Parasitic type	Parasitic type (Cont.)
1	Tuberculosis	61	Prevotella	38	CCHF ^e	Anaplasmosis
2	Cholera	62	Ehrlichiosis	39	Caliciviridae	Baylisascaris
3	Typhoid fever	63	Vibrio vulnificus	40	PML ^f	Fasciolopsiasis
4	Syphilis	64	Actinomycosis	41	Rift Valley fever	Head lice infestation
5	Bubonic plague	65	Ureaplasma urealyticum	42	Lassa fever	Angiostrongyliasis
6	Leprosy	66	Melioidosis	43	Astroivirus	Isosporiasis
7	Sepsis	67	Granuloma inguinale	44	Fifth disease	Diphyllobothriasis
8	Meningitis	68	Buruli ulcer	45	VEE ^g	Cyclosporiasis
9	Plague (disease)	69	Yersinia pseudotuberculosis	46	Molluscum contagiosum	Balantidiasis
10	Typhus	70	Kingella kingae	47	MERS ^h	Blastocystosis
11	Diphtheria	71	H. granulocytic anaplasmosis	48	Monkeypox	Dientamoebiasis
12	Anthrax	72	Pneumococcal inf.	49	Hand, foot, and mouth disease	Gnathostomiasis
13	Helicobacter pylori	73	Nocardiosis	50	Bolivian hemorrhagic fever	Capillariasis
14	Lyme disease	74	Bartonellosis	51	H. metapneumovirus	Metagonimiasis
15	Staphylococcus	75	Group B streptococcal inf.	52	HFRS ⁱ	Pediculosis corporis
16	Haemophilus influenzae	76	Pasteurellosis	53	LCM ^j	Free-living Amoebae inf.
17	Tetanus	77	Carrión's disease	54	BK virus	fungal type
18	Gonorrhea	78	Yersiniosis	55	Colorado tick fever	1
19	Pertussis	79	Mycoplasma pneumonia	56	Argentine hemorrhagic fever	Candidiasis
20	Botulism	80	HME ^a	57	Heartland virus	2
21	Chlamydia inf.	81	Ehrlichiosis ewingii inf.	58	Venezuelan hemorrhagic fever	Histoplasmosis
22	Rickettsia	82	A. haemolyticum ^b	59	Brazilian hemorrhagic fever	3
23	Brucellosis	Viral type	60	H. bocavirus	6	
24	Leptospirosis	1	HIV/AIDS	7	Parasitic type	7
25	Pelvic inf ammatory disease	2	Smallpox	1	Malaria	8
26	Cellulitis	3	Inf uenza	2	Schistosomiasis	9
27	Legionnaires' disease	4	Measles	3	African trypanosomiasis	10
28	Clostridium difficile inf.	5	Yellow fever	4	Toxoplasmosis	Tinea versicolor
29	Rocky Mountain spotted fever	6	Poliomyelitis	5	Onchocerciasis	11
30	Enterococcus	7	SARS ^c	6	Scabies	Tinea cruris
31	Bacterial vaginosis	8	Hepatitis C	7	Chagas disease	12
32	Bacterial pneumonia	9	Hepatitis B	8	Blastomycosis	13
33	Epidemic typhus	10	Ebola virus disease	9	Zygomycosis	14
34	Trachoma	11	Common cold	10	Hookworm inf.	15
35	Salmonellosis	12	Rabies	11	Leishmaniasis	16
36	Tularemia	13	Dengue fever	12	Paracoccidioidomycosis	17
37	Kawasaki disease	14	Chickenpox	13	Tinea corporis	18
38	Bacteroides	15	H. papillomavirus inf.	14	Tinea barbae	19
39	Acinetobacter	16	West Nile fever	15	Amoebiasis	20
40	Chlamydophila pneumoniae	17	Herpes simplex	16	Chromoblastomycosis	Tinea nigra
41	Q fever	18	Rubella	17	White piedra	21
42	Shigellosis	19	Hepatitis A	18	Strongyloidiasis	22
43	Gas gangrene	20	Cytomegalovirus	19	Giardiasis	23
44	Bacillus cereus	21	Mumps	20	Ascariasis	24
45	Group A streptococcal inf.	22	Infectious mononucleosis	21	Strongyloidiasis	Multiple types
46	Meningococcal disease	23	Shingles	22	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
47	Burkholderia	24	Norovirus	23	Foodborne illness	
48	Relapsing fever	25	Rotavirus	24	Foodborne illness	
49	Glanders	26	Hantavirus	25	Hemolytic-uremic syndrome	
50	Psittacosis	27	H. respiratory syncytial virus	26	Hypertension	
51	Listeriosis	28	Marburg virus	27	Hypertension	
52	Rickettsialpox	29	Rhinovirus	28	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
53	Campylobacteriosis	30	Enterovirus	29	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
54	Naegleriasis	31	Chikungunya	30	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
55	Murine typhus	32	Hepatitis D	31	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
56	Fusobacterium	33	Viral pneumonia	32	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
57	Chancroid	34	Hepatitis E	33	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
58	Cat-scratch disease	35	SSPE ^d	34	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
59	Staphylococcal inf.	36	Roseola	35	Neonatal conjunctivitis	
60	Vibrio parahaemolyticus	37	H. parainfluenza viruses	36	Neonatal conjunctivitis	

Abbreviations H. and inf. stand for Human and infection. ^aHME: Human monocytotropic ehrlichiosis. ^bA. haemolyticum: Arcanobacterium haemolyticum. ^cSARS: Severe acute respiratory syndrome. ^dSSPE: Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis. ^eCCHF: Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever. ^fPML: Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy. ^gVEE: Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus. ^hMERS: Middle East respiratory syndrome. ⁱHFRS: Hantavirus hemorrhagic fever with renal syndrome. ^jLCM: Lymphocytic choriomeningitis. ^kGSS: Gerstmann-Sträussler-Scheinker syndrome.

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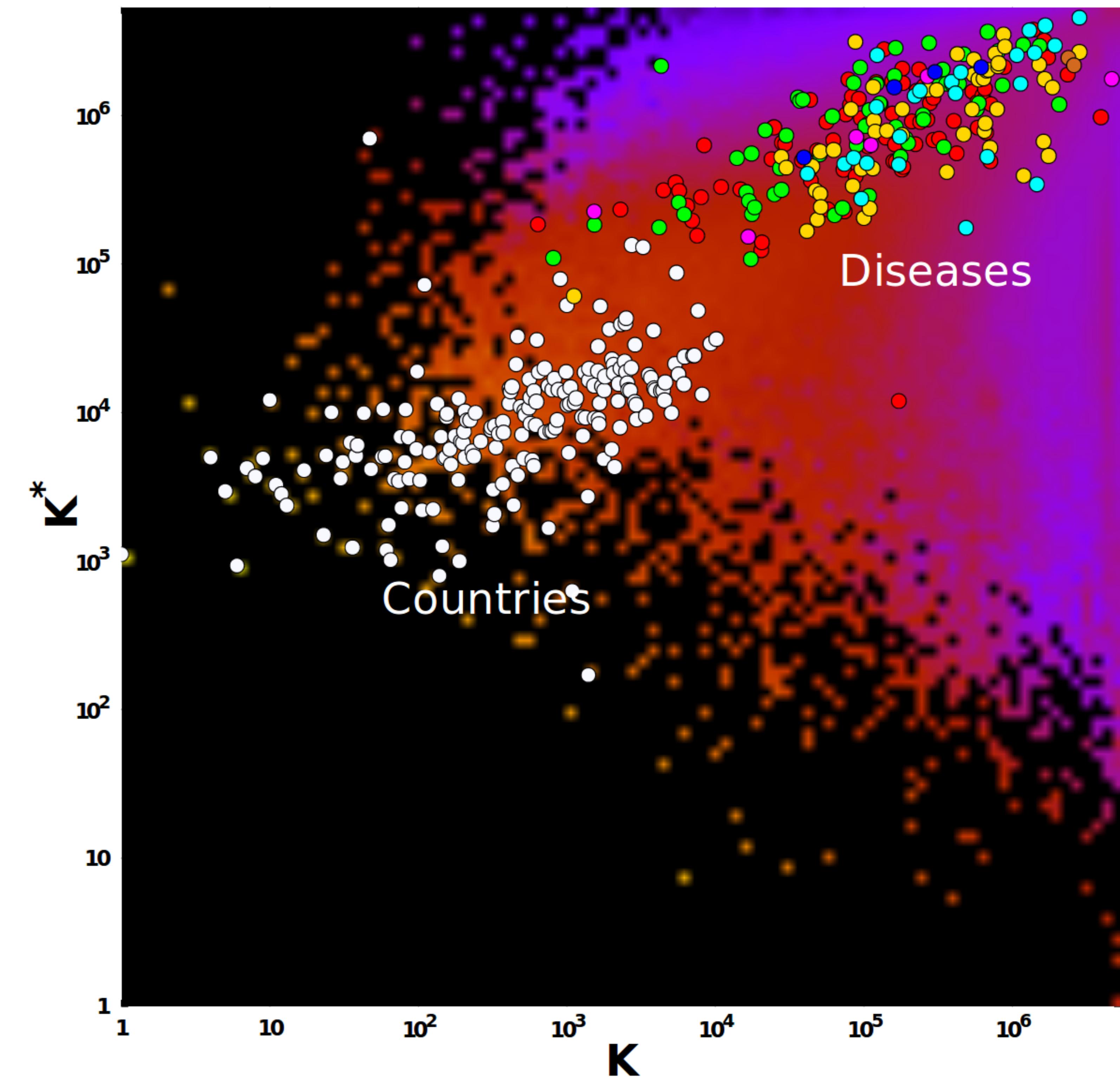
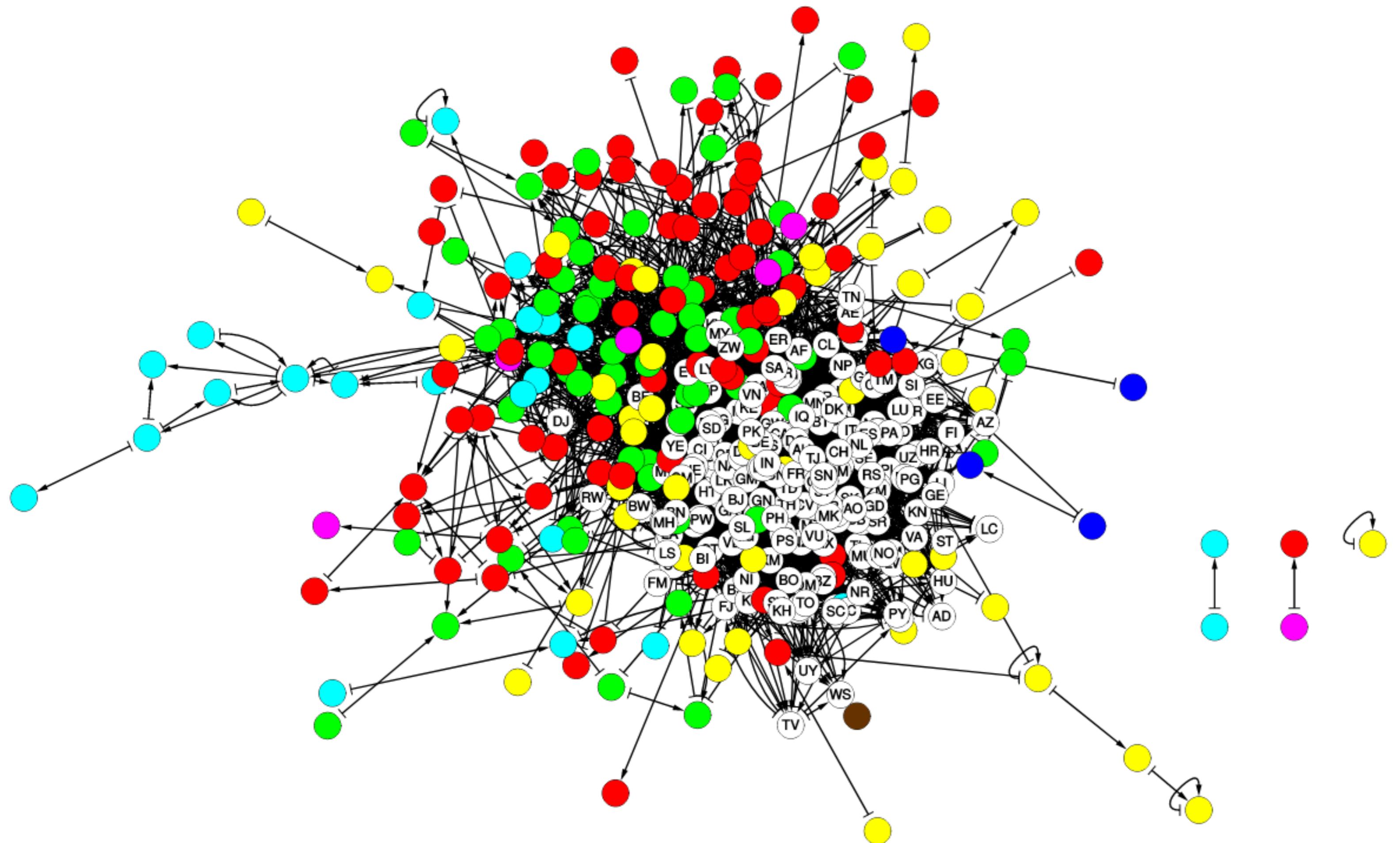
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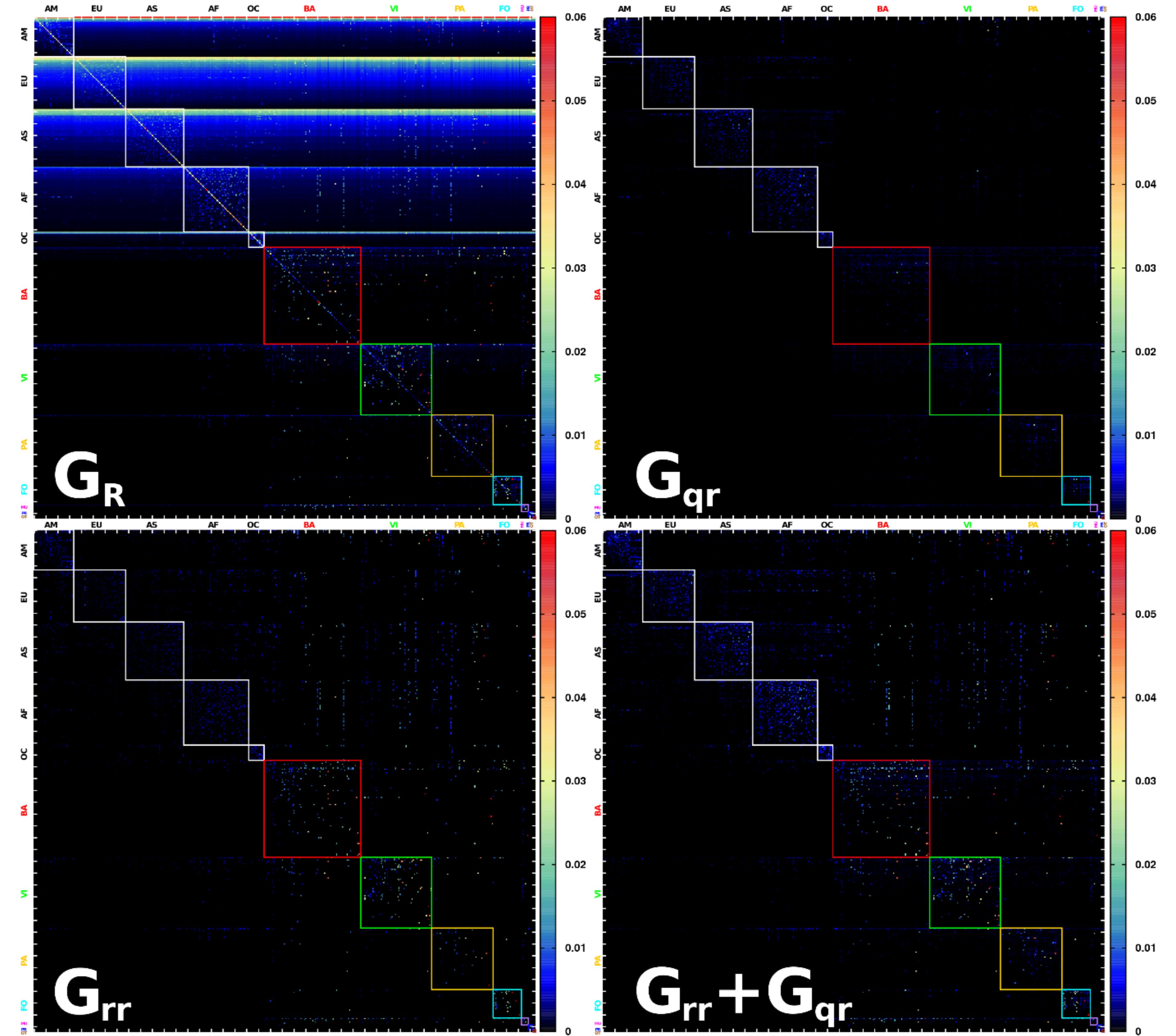
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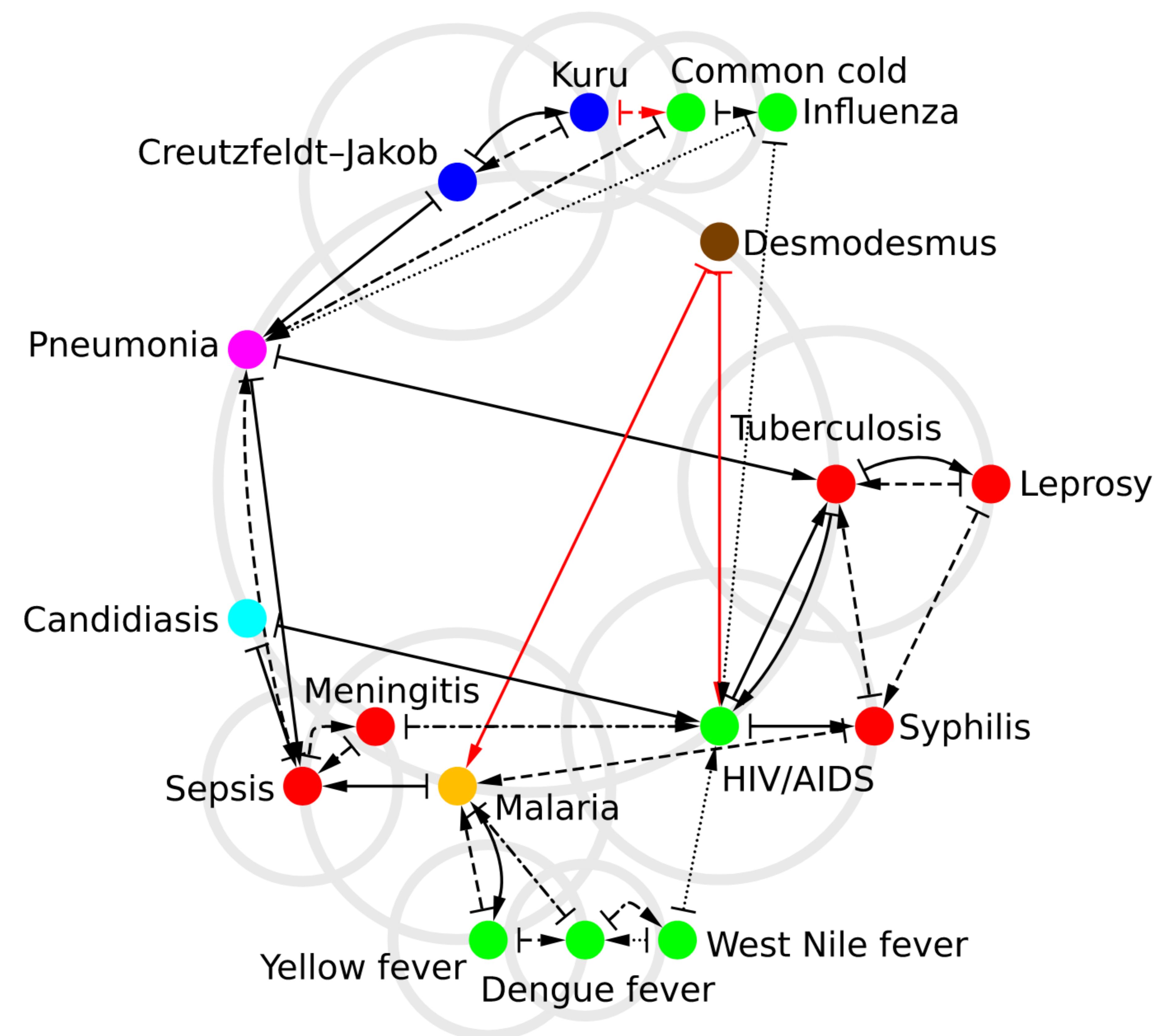
'Infectious diseases and countries' sub-network in English Wikipedia

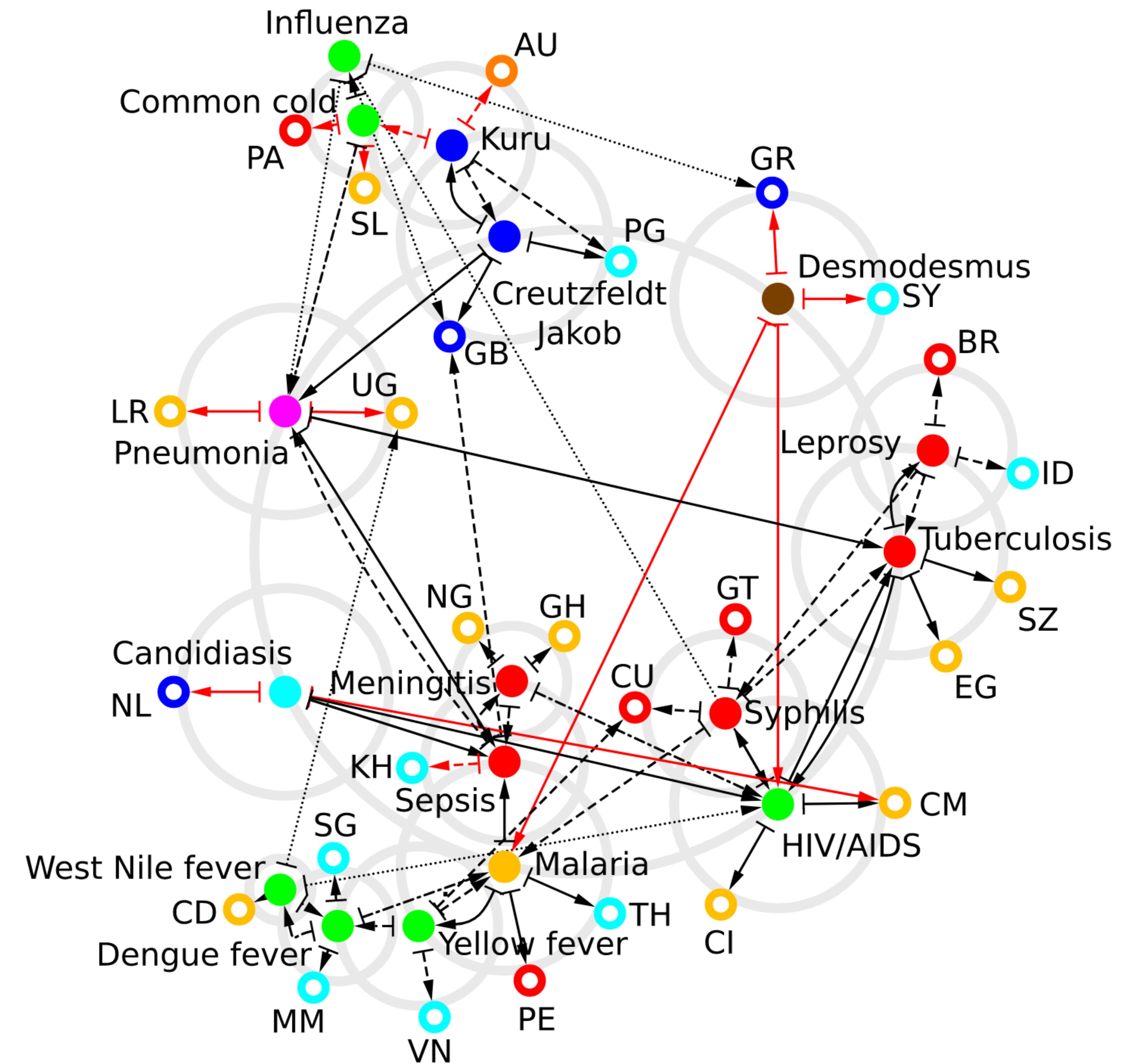


Reduced Google matrix for "infectious diseases and countries"

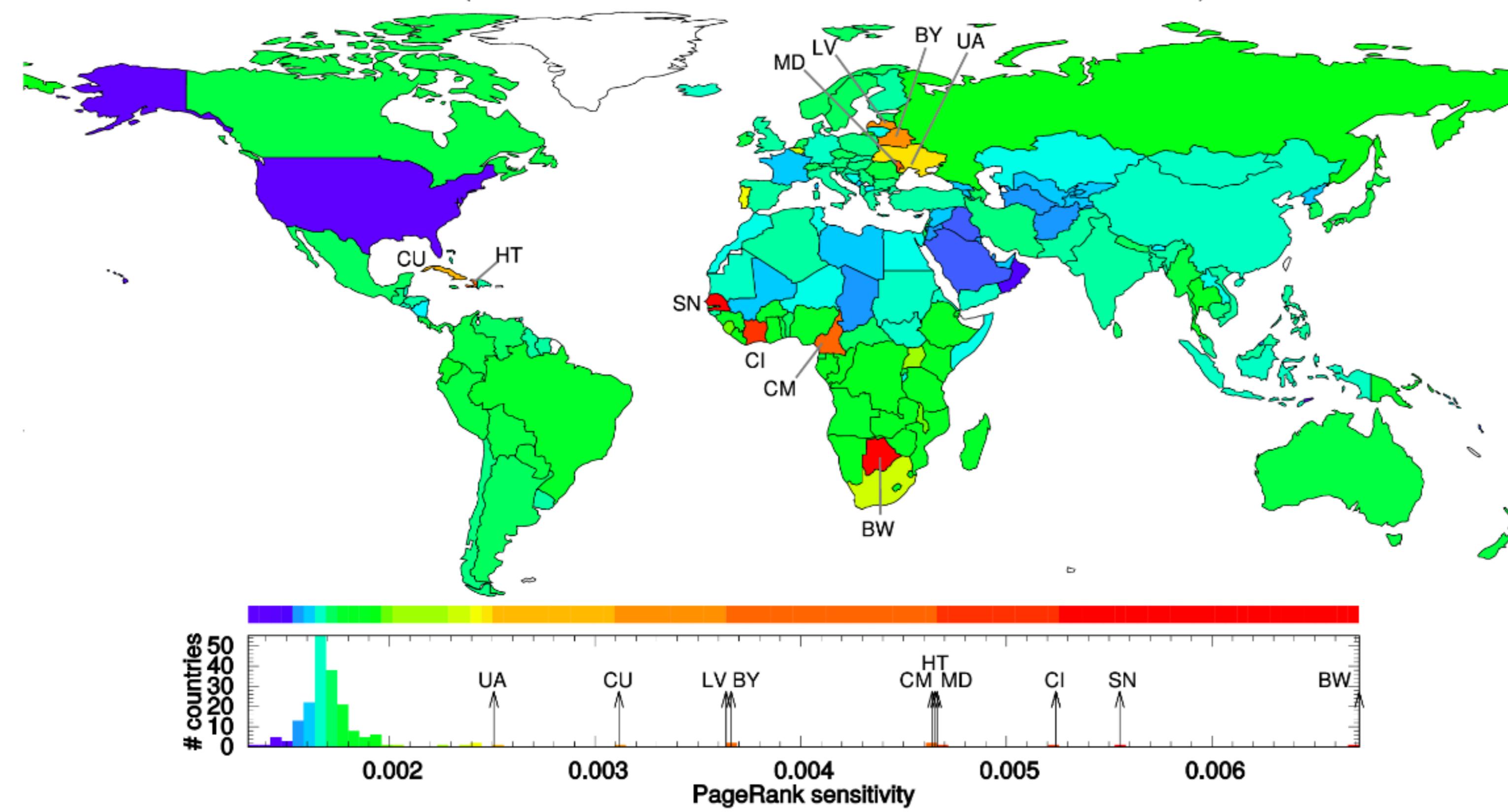


Infectious diseases reduced network

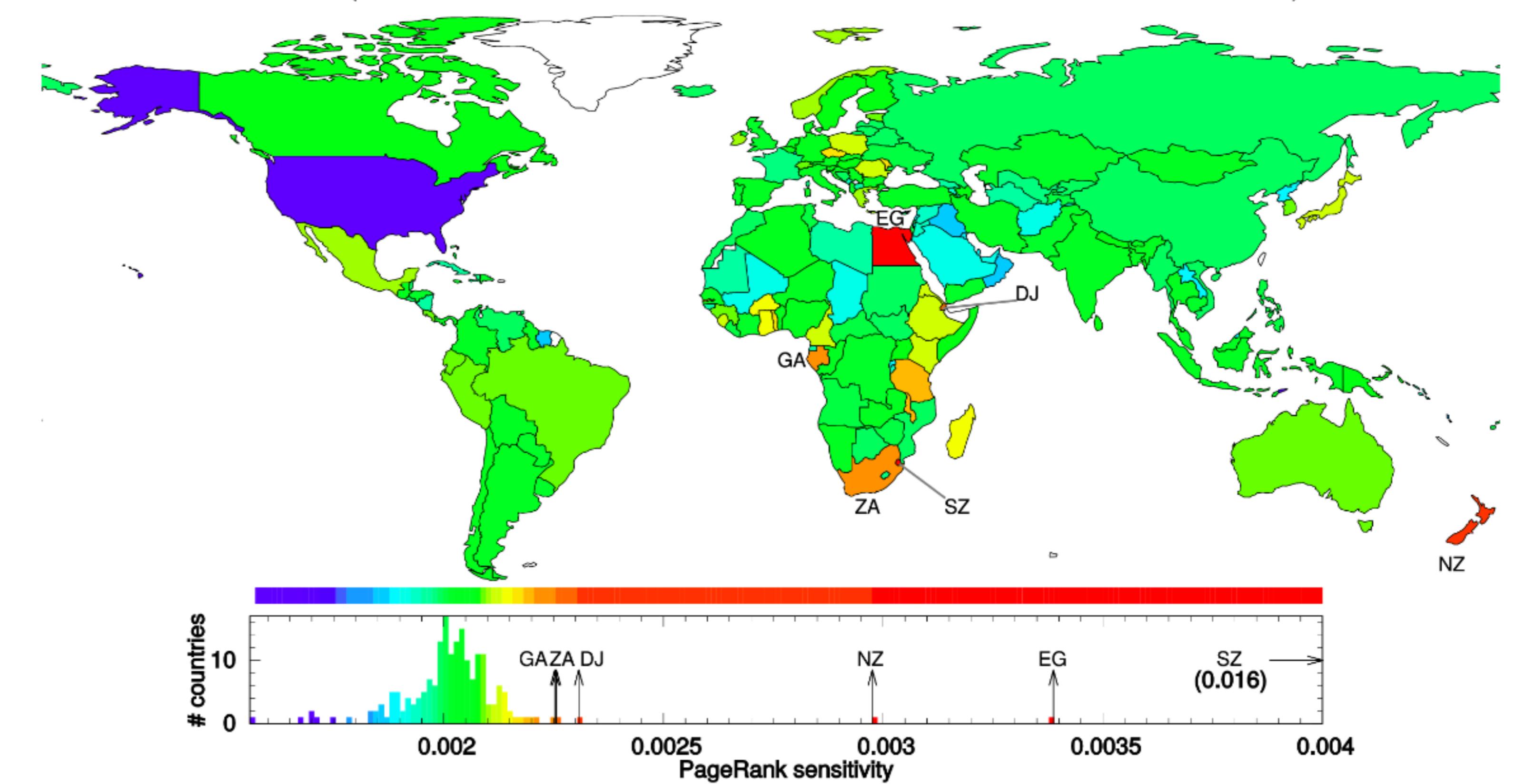




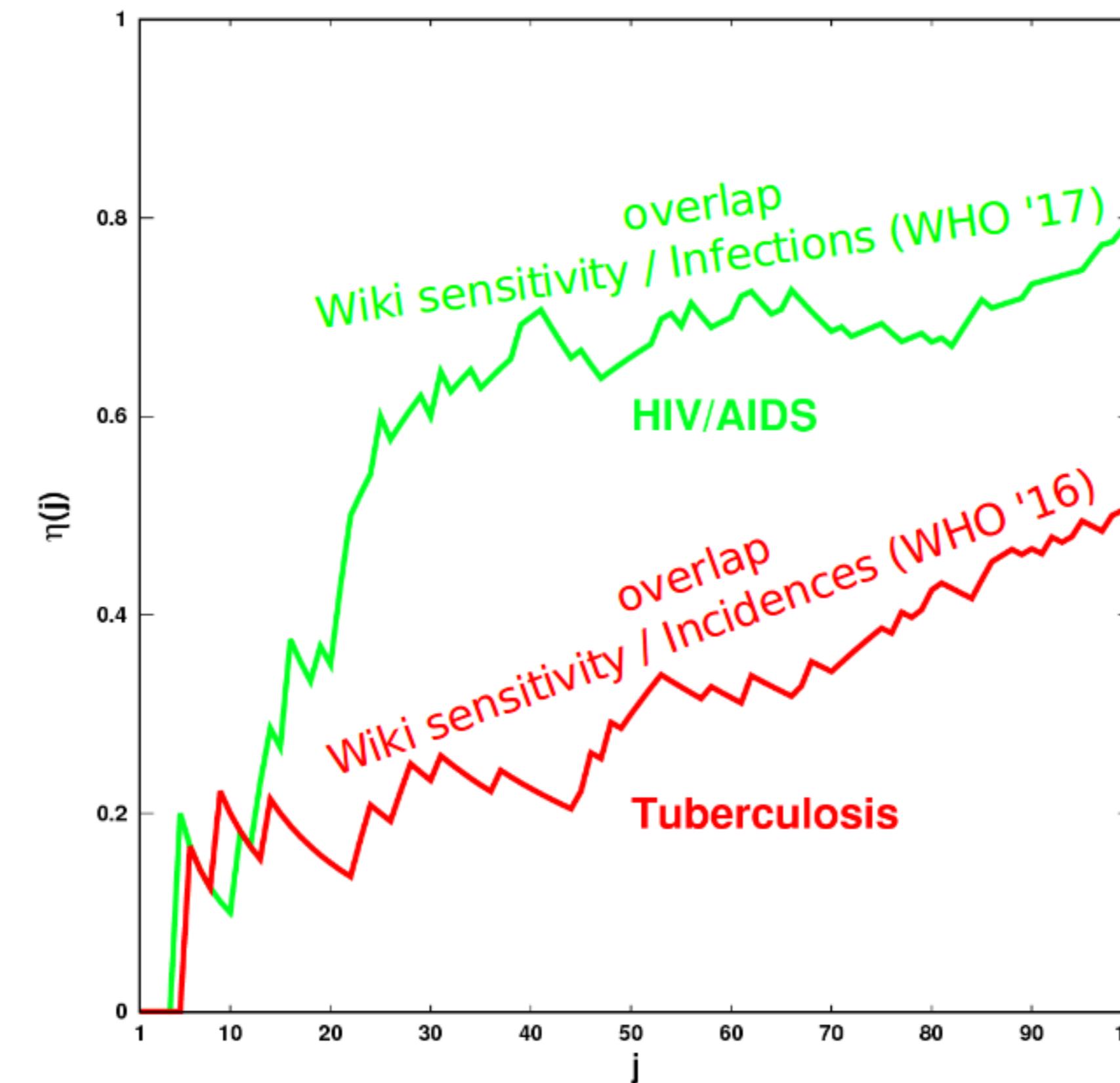
$D(\text{HIV} \rightarrow \text{Country}, \text{Country})$



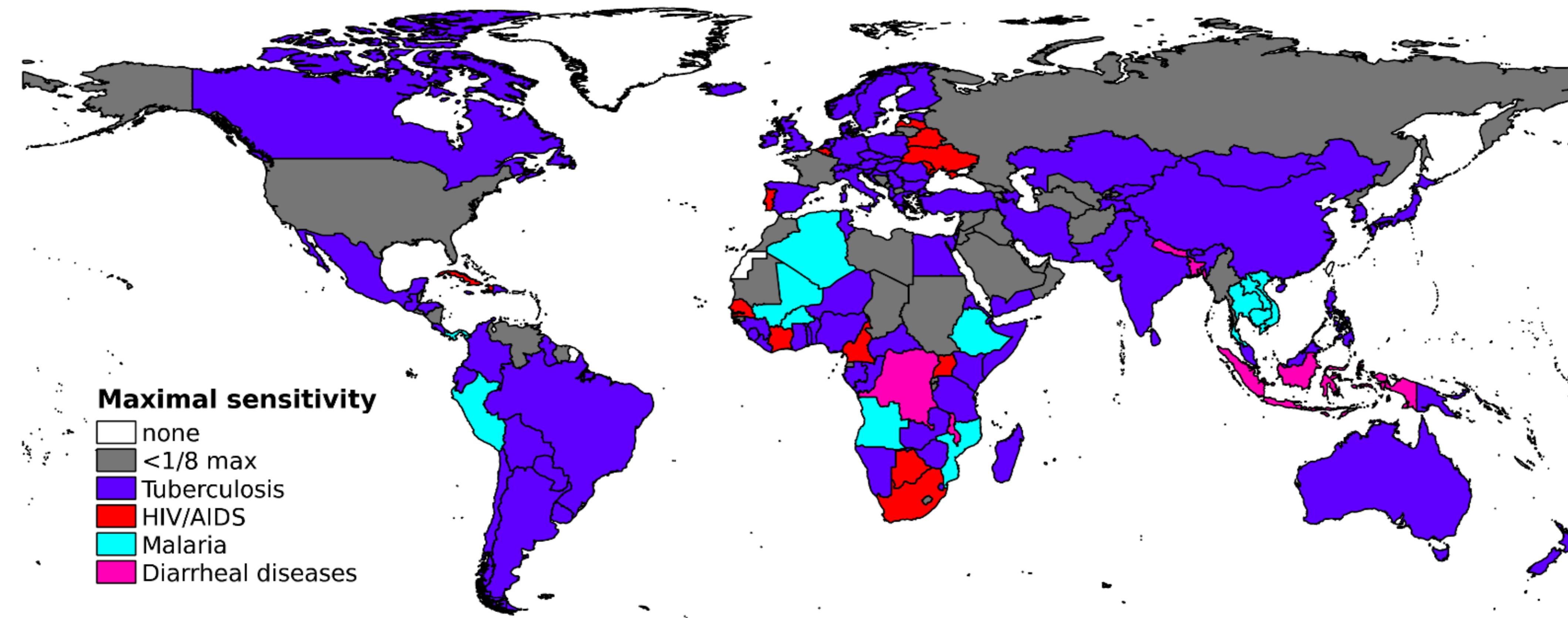
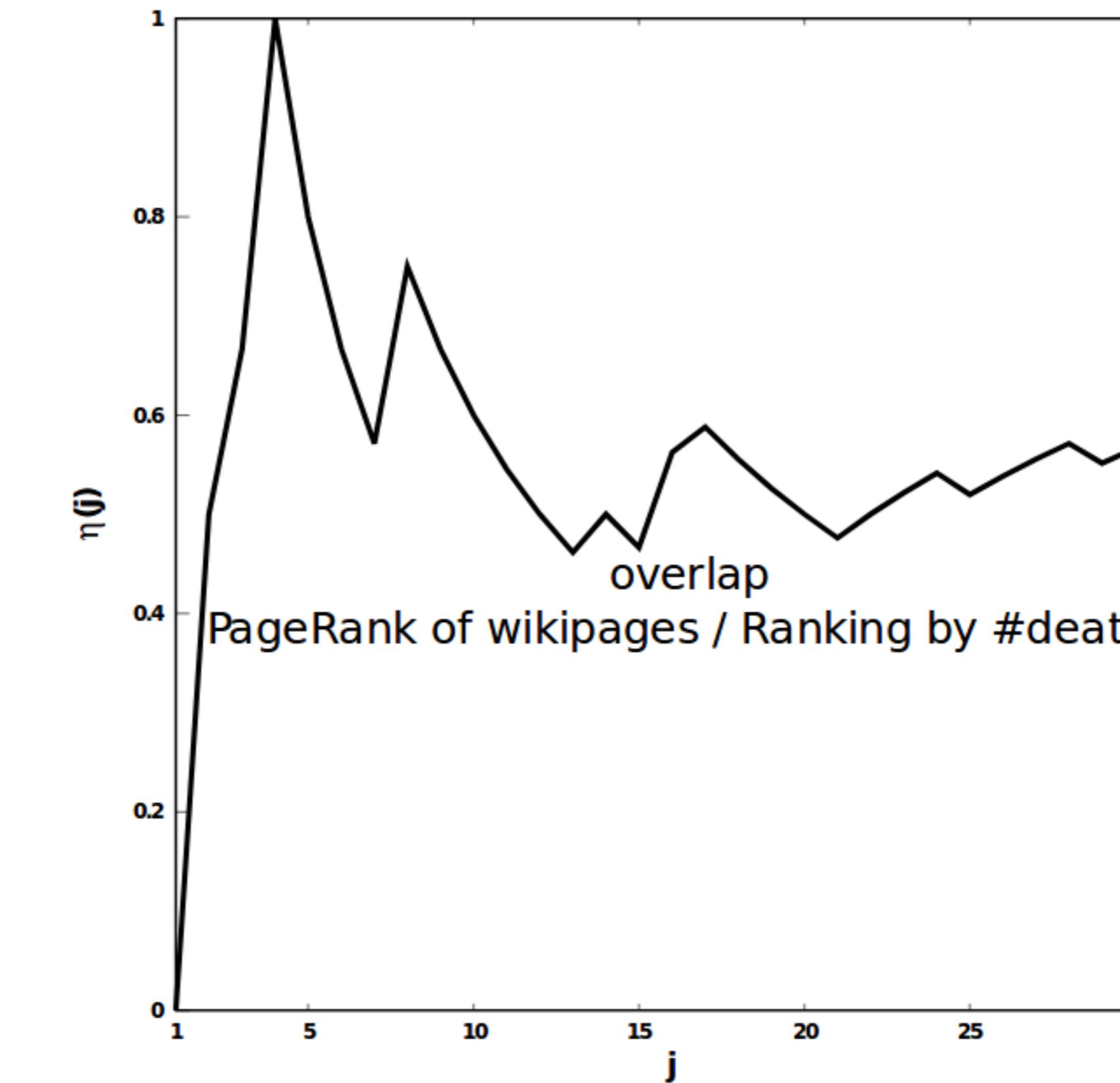
$D(\text{Tuberculosis} \rightarrow \text{Country}, \text{Country})$



Ranking of countries



Ranking of diseases



Outline

Influence and interactions of ...

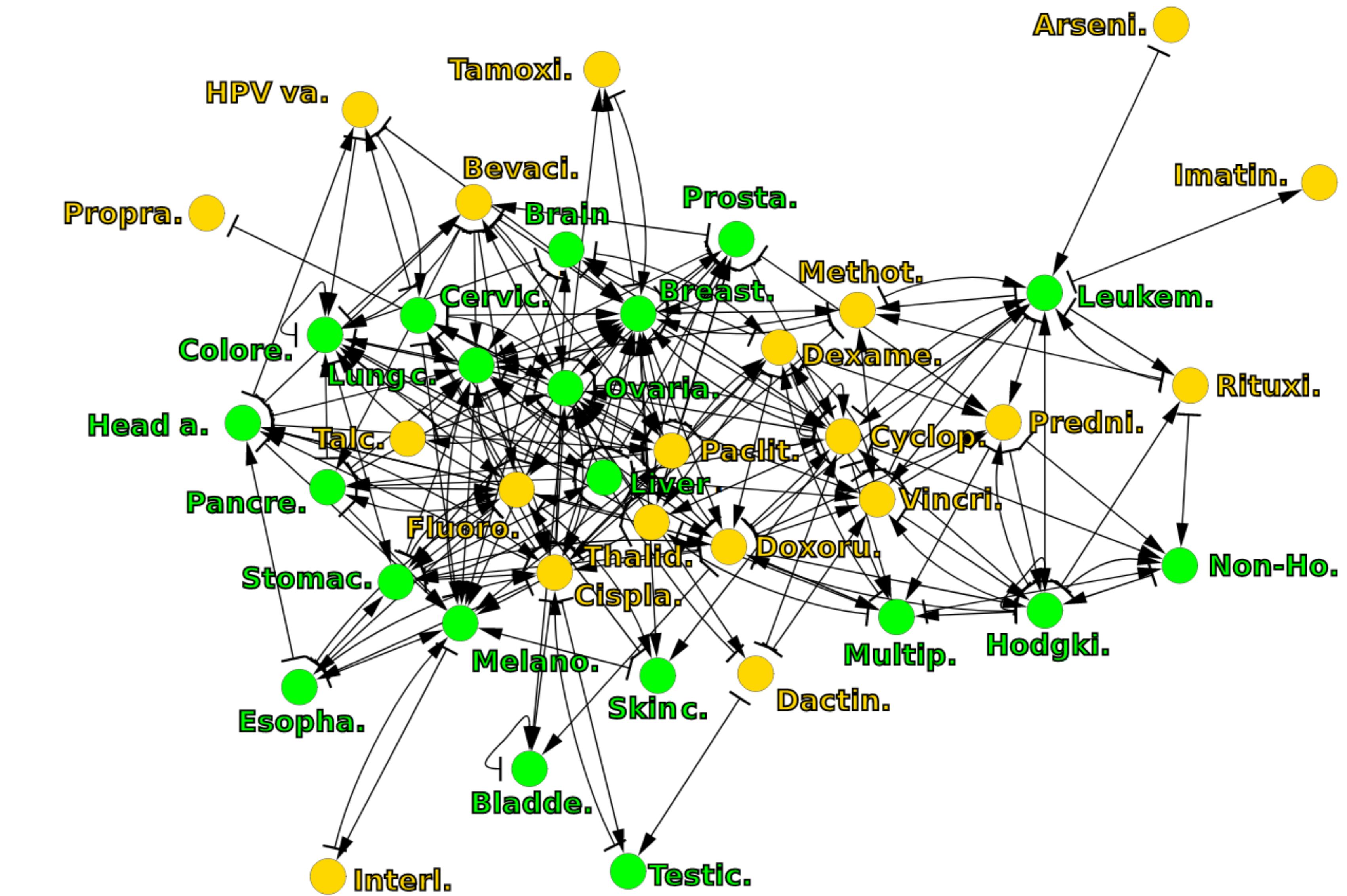
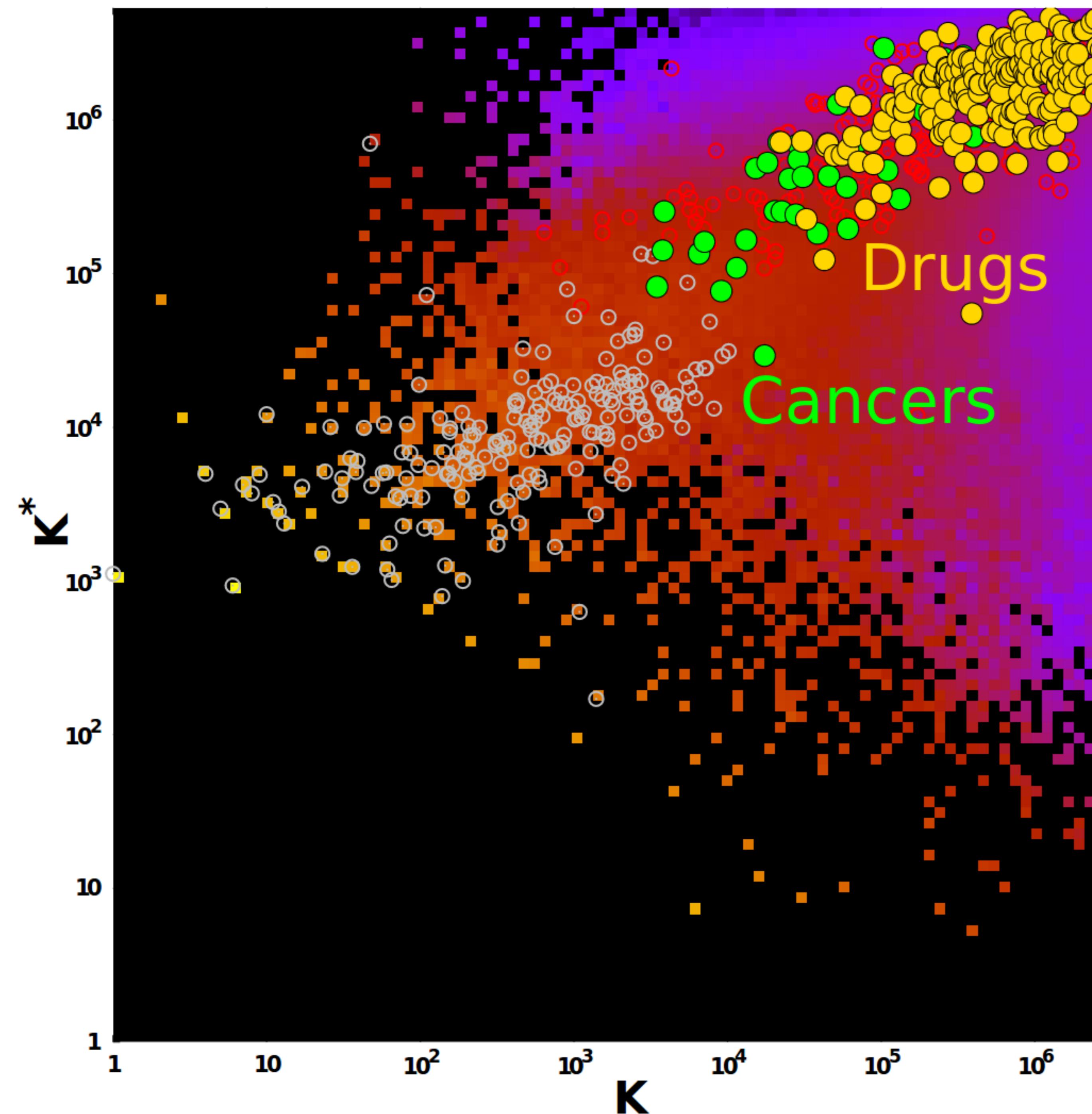
World Universities

Infectious diseases

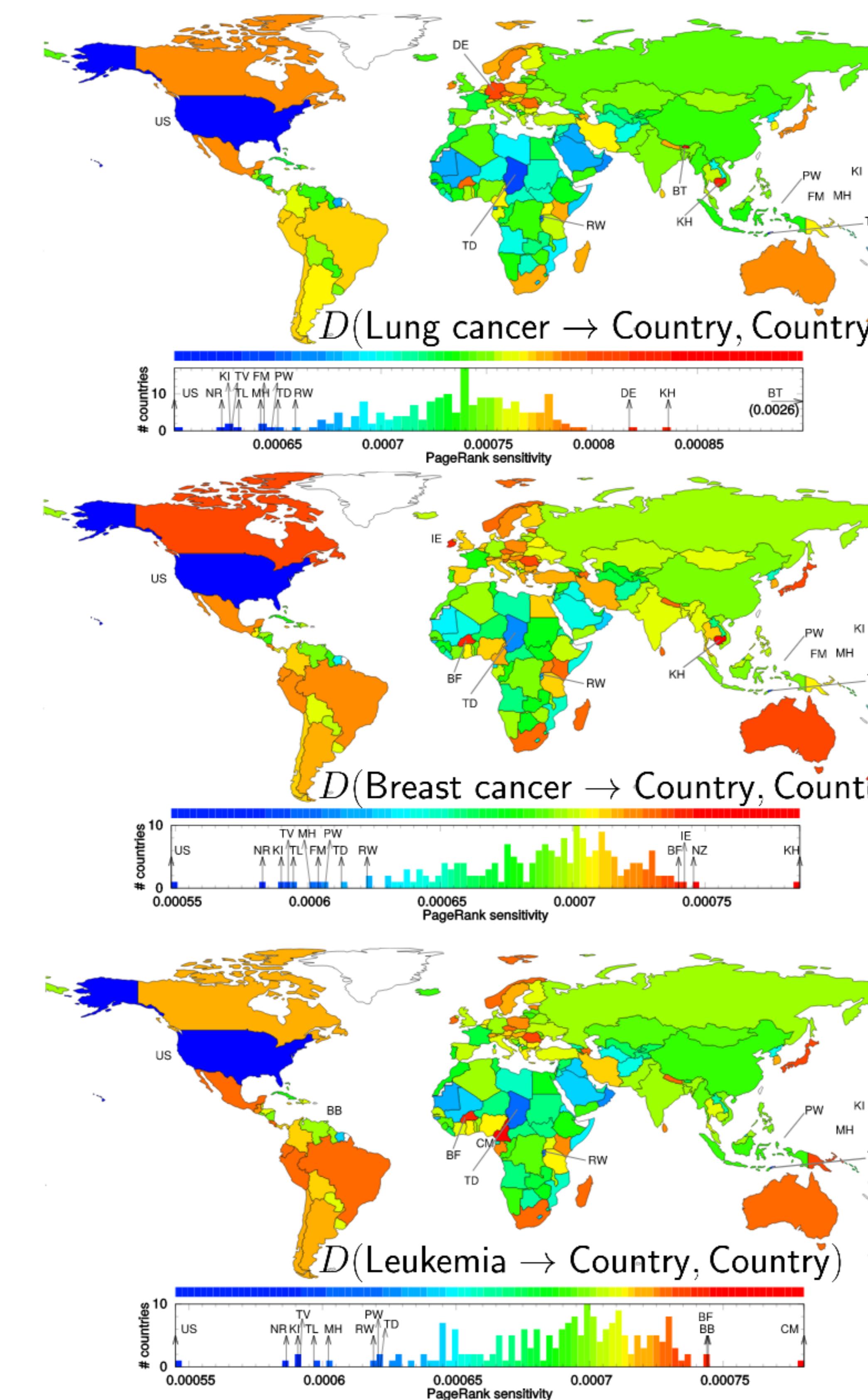
Cancer and related drugs (preliminary results)

... through the prism of Wikipedia

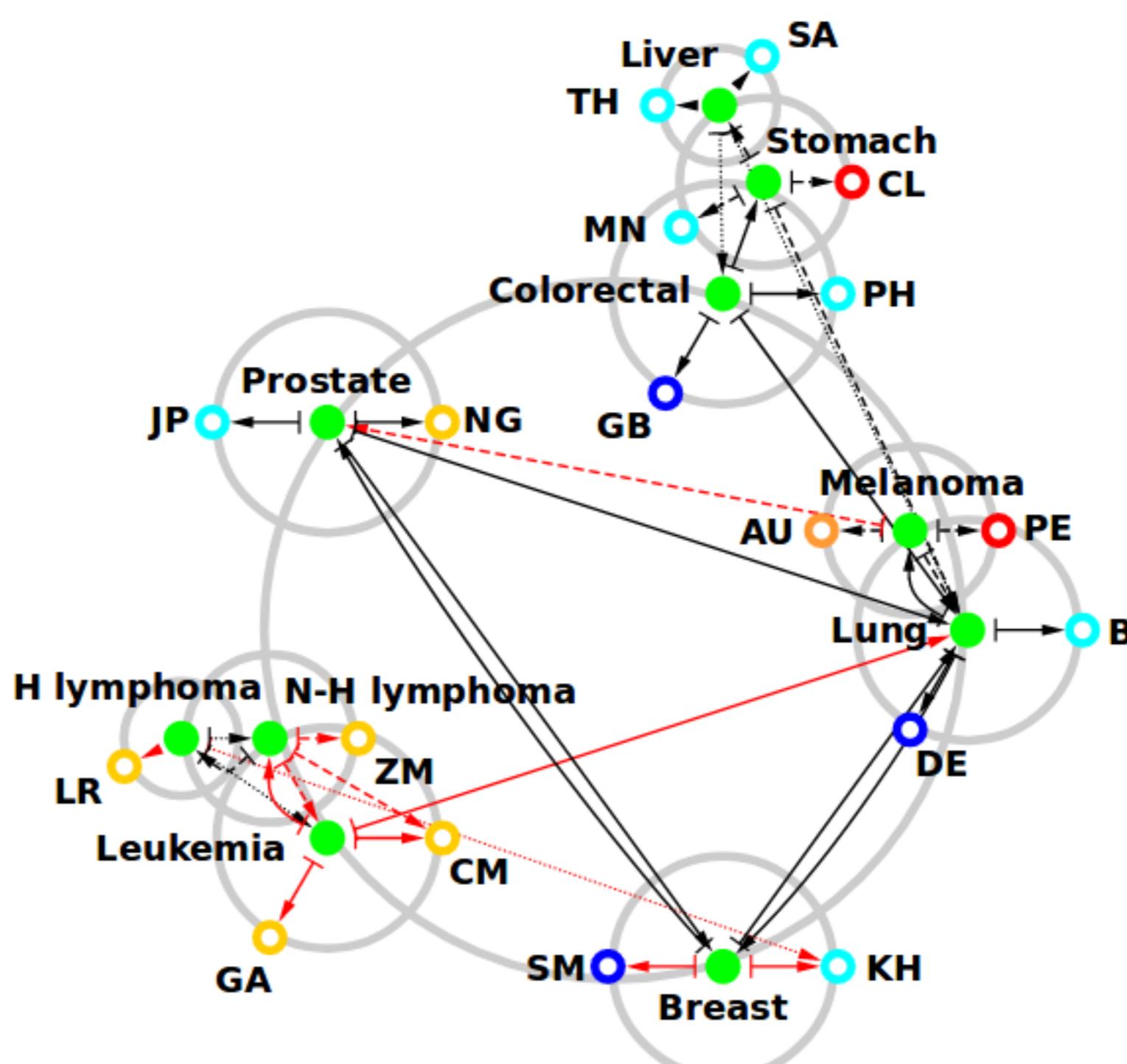
Cancers (37) and related drugs (203) in 2017 English Wikipedia



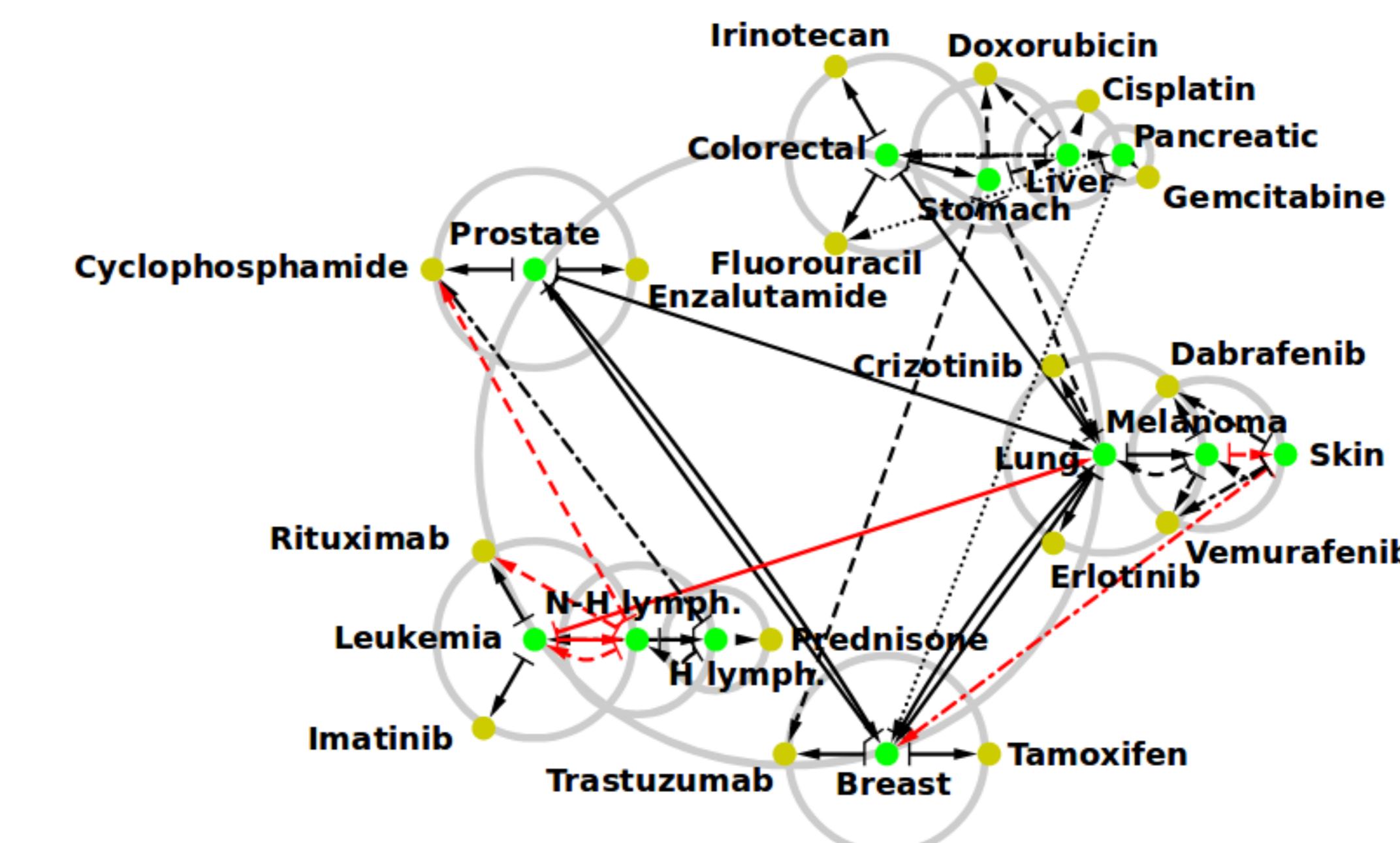
Top 20 cancers and top 20 drugs network in Wikipedia



Reduced network of cancers (+ countries)



Reduced network of cancers (+ drugs)



Conclusions

Encoding the information of the whole global network, the **Reduced Google matrix** method allows to assign a given weight to each directional relationship between entities of interest.

Moreover **hidden links** can be inferred.

From Wikipedia, one can **unveil effective interactions between entities of interest** (universities, countries , infectious diseases, cancers, drugs, ...)

Inverse problem: for a given University in Wikipedia, the reduced Google matrix method could be used to find articles which could increase the influence of the University in Wikipedia.

For infectious diseases, results are in accordance with known data and World Health Organization data.

Wikipedia is an encyclopedia quite easy to surf for Human, what about other non Human readable datasets, e.g. :

- World Trade Network (see Leo Ermann's talk)
- protein-protein causal interactions networks obtained from curation of huge amount of scientifical articles (see Andrei Zinovyev's talk)

Thank You !

Articles and datasets available at:

<http://perso.utinam.cnrs.fr/~lages/datasets/WRWU/>

<http://perso.utinam.cnrs.fr/~lages/datasets/WRWU17/>

<http://perso.utinam.cnrs.fr/~lages/datasets/Wiki4InfectiousDiseases/>

<http://perso.utinam.cnrs.fr/~lages/apex/>