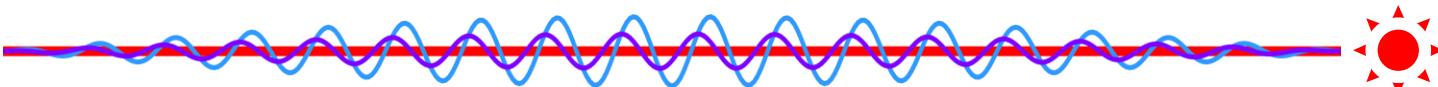


# HHG on Thin Target with Smilei & Happi Capabilities



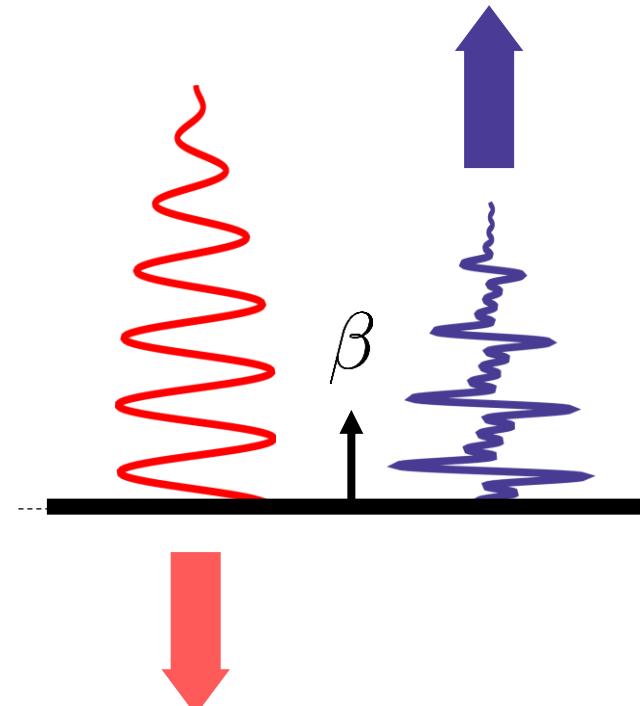
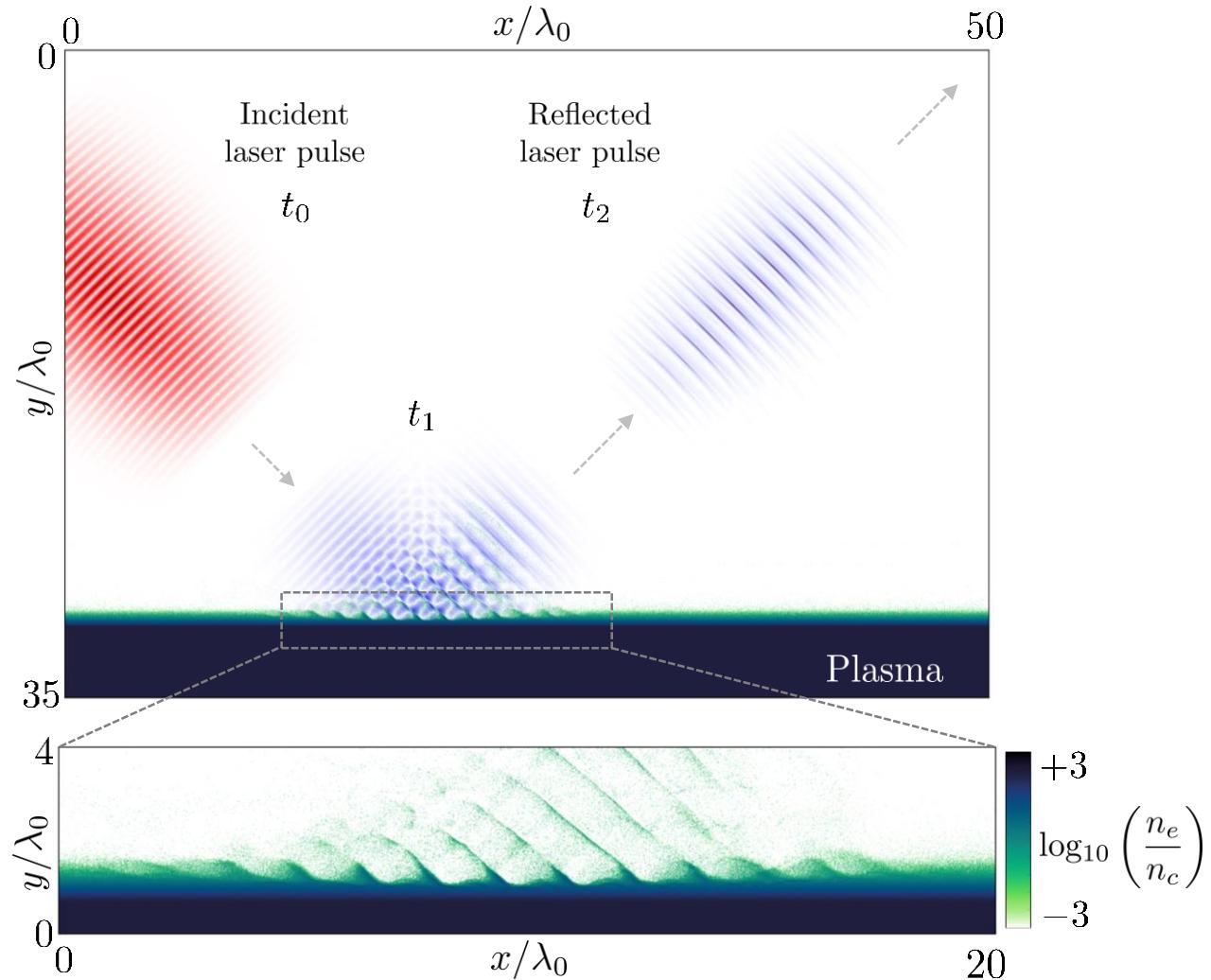
Harmonics generation on thin plasma target with the UHI 100 laser. Front and rear side generation of the target. Experiment by Ludovic Chopineau and Adrien Denoeud.

Laboratoire Interaction, Dynamique et Lasers  
Unité Mixte de Recherche 9222

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CENTRE NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE SCIENTIFIQUE

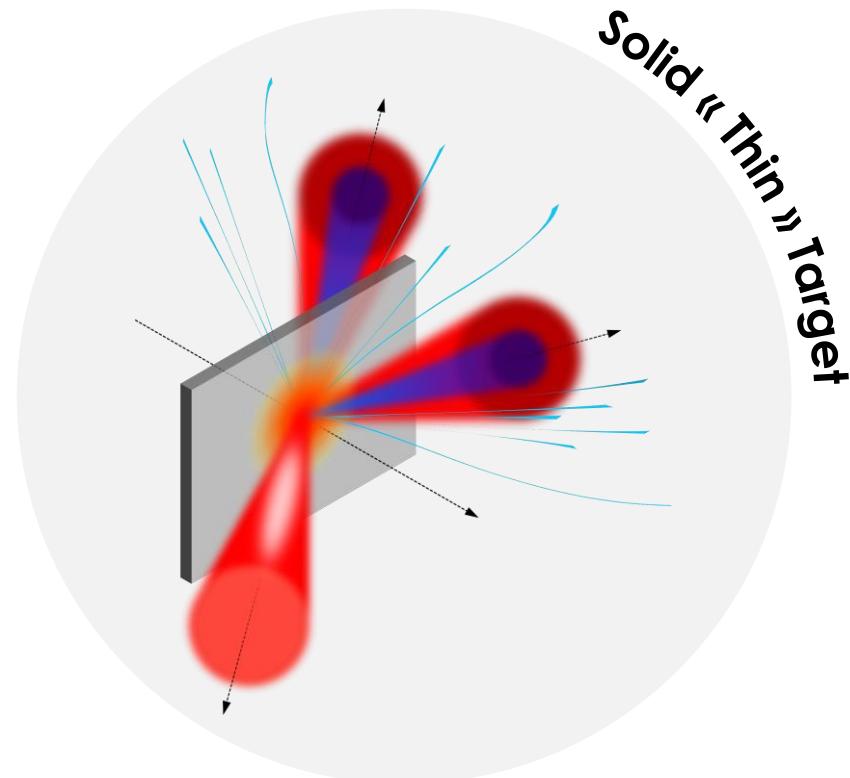
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## PLASMA MIRROR

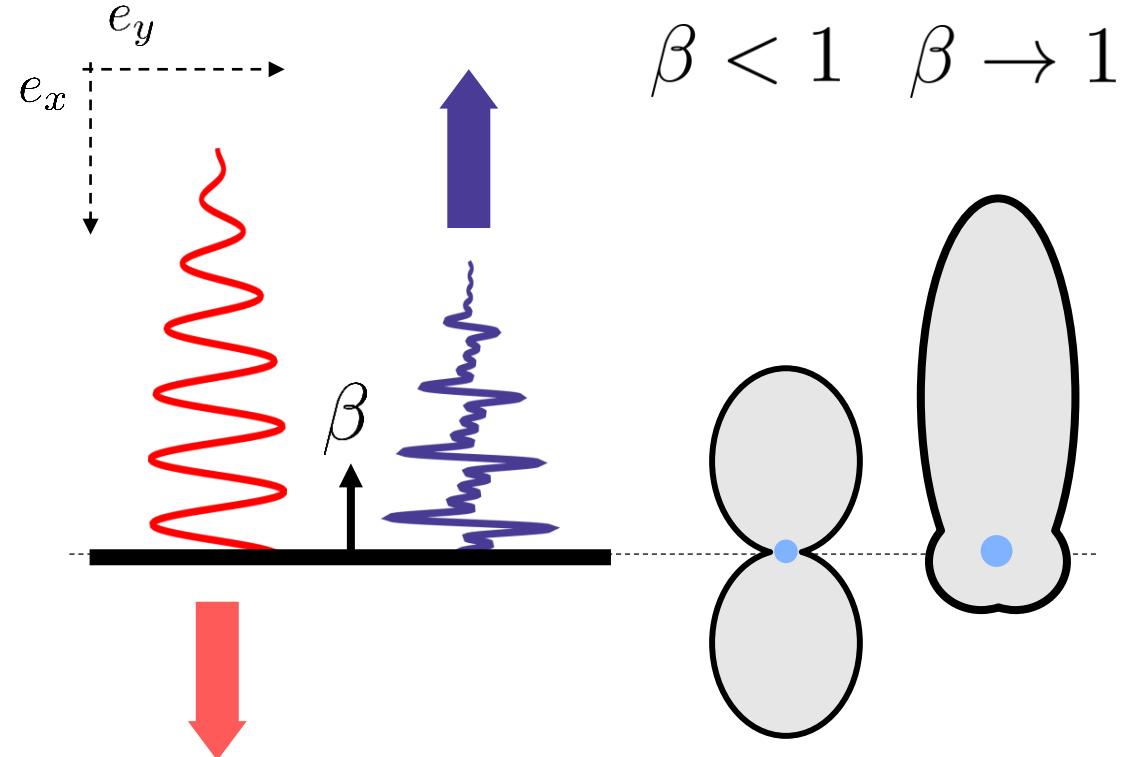


If  $\beta > 0.4$  then the harmonic @  $2\omega_0$  is created

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target



PLASMA MIRROR



Lienard-Wichert radiated field

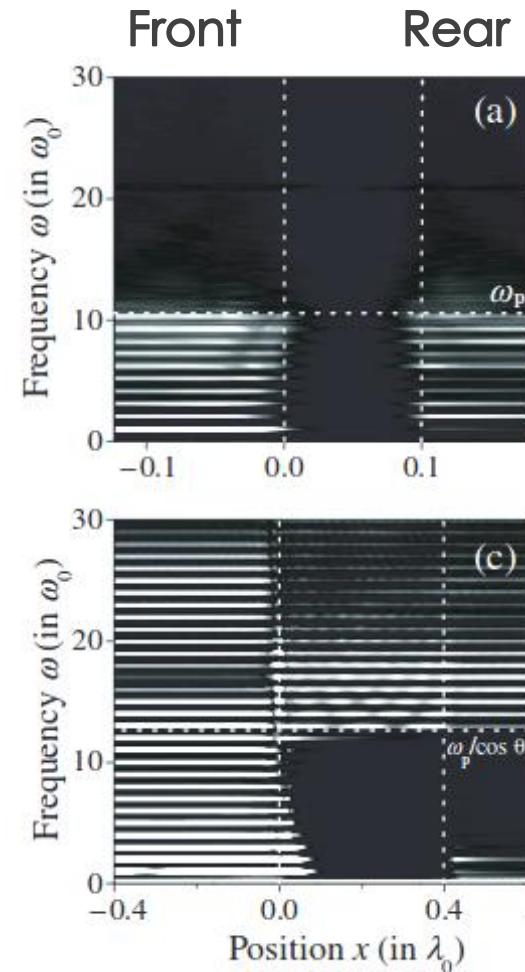
$$\mathbf{E} = \left\{ \frac{e}{4\pi\epsilon_0 cr} \left[ \frac{\dot{\beta}_y}{(1 + \beta_x)^2} - \frac{\beta_y \dot{\beta}_x}{(1 + \beta_x)^3} \right] \right\}_{t_{ret}} \mathbf{e}_y$$

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## THIN TARGET : « HISTORY »

Density gradient at front face

Relativistic Oscillating Mirror  
Efficiency  $\eta(a_0, L_{\text{grad}})$



**Target with density gradient at front and rear face :**

- Coherent Wake Emission
- Resonant Absorption

Need : Density gradient, « low intensity »

Characteristic quantity :  $\omega_{pe}$

**Target with no density gradient at front and rear face :**

- Coherent Transition Radiation
- Coherent Synchrotron Emission

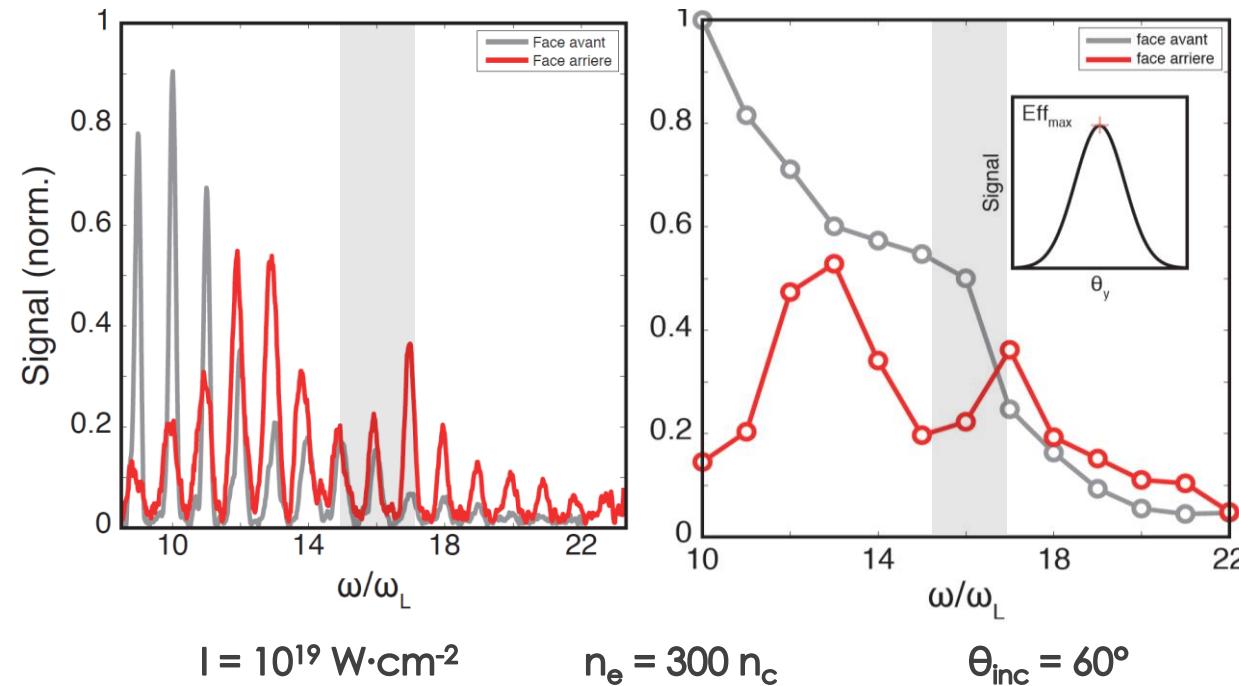
Need : Sharp density surface, « very high intensity »

Characteristic quantity :  $\omega_{pe}/\cos(\theta)$

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

EXPERIMENT @ UH1100

## Harmonics efficiencies at the rear side on thin target Ludovic Chopineau and Adrien Denoeud

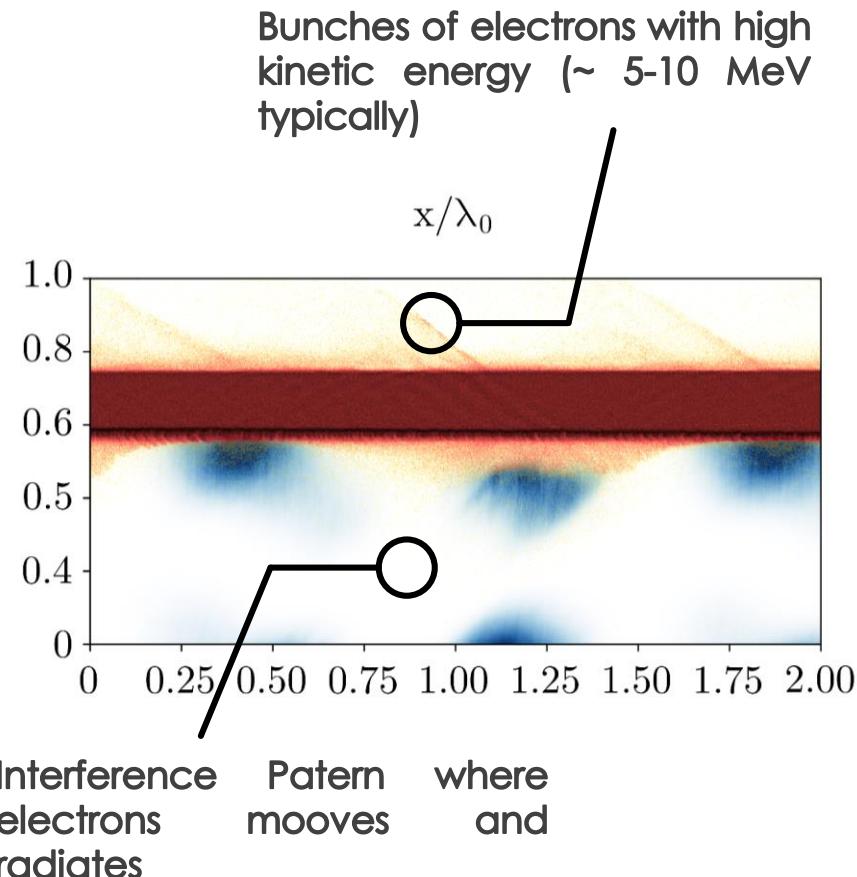
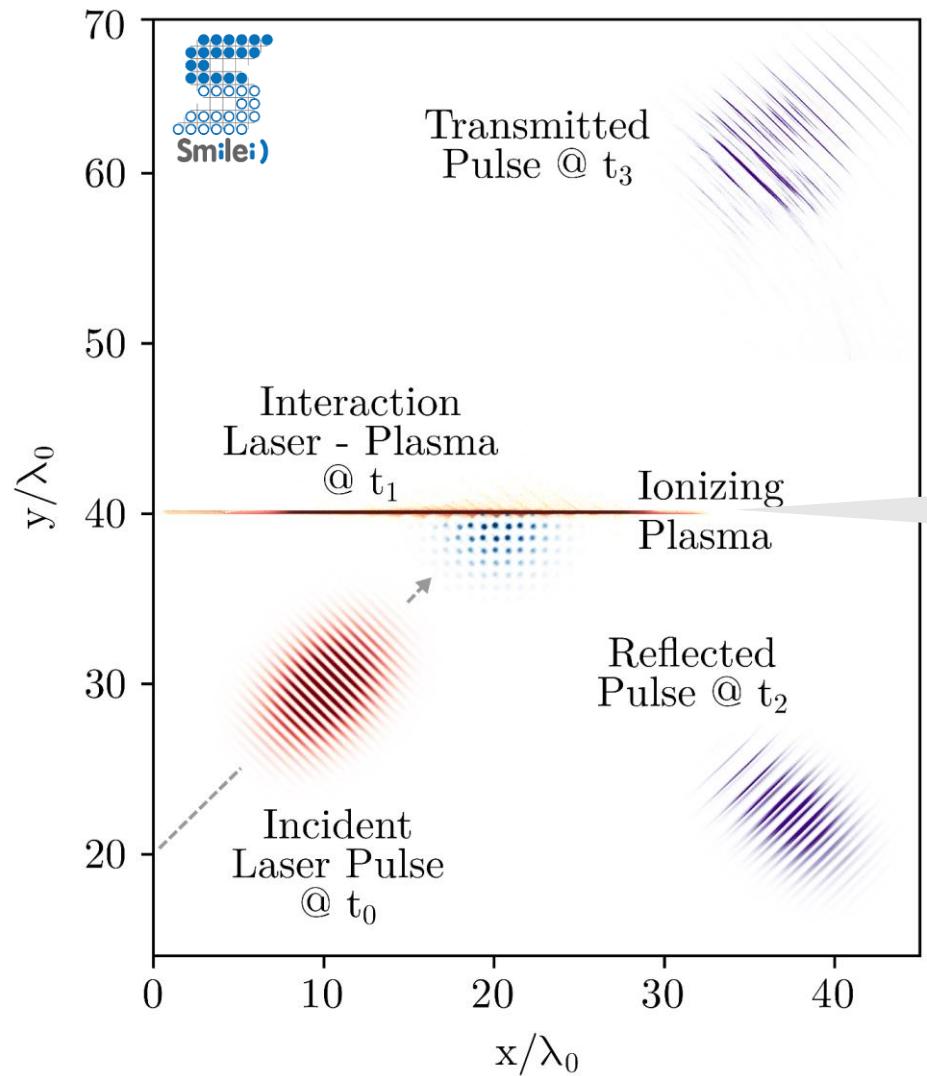


« Transmit » harmonics between  $\omega_{pe}$  and  $\omega_{pe}/\cos(\theta)$  not observed in experiments until now and 1D PIC(\*) simulations.

- Density variation (dynamics) ?
- Specifics conditions and parameters which allow rear side electron to radiate : New process to understand ?

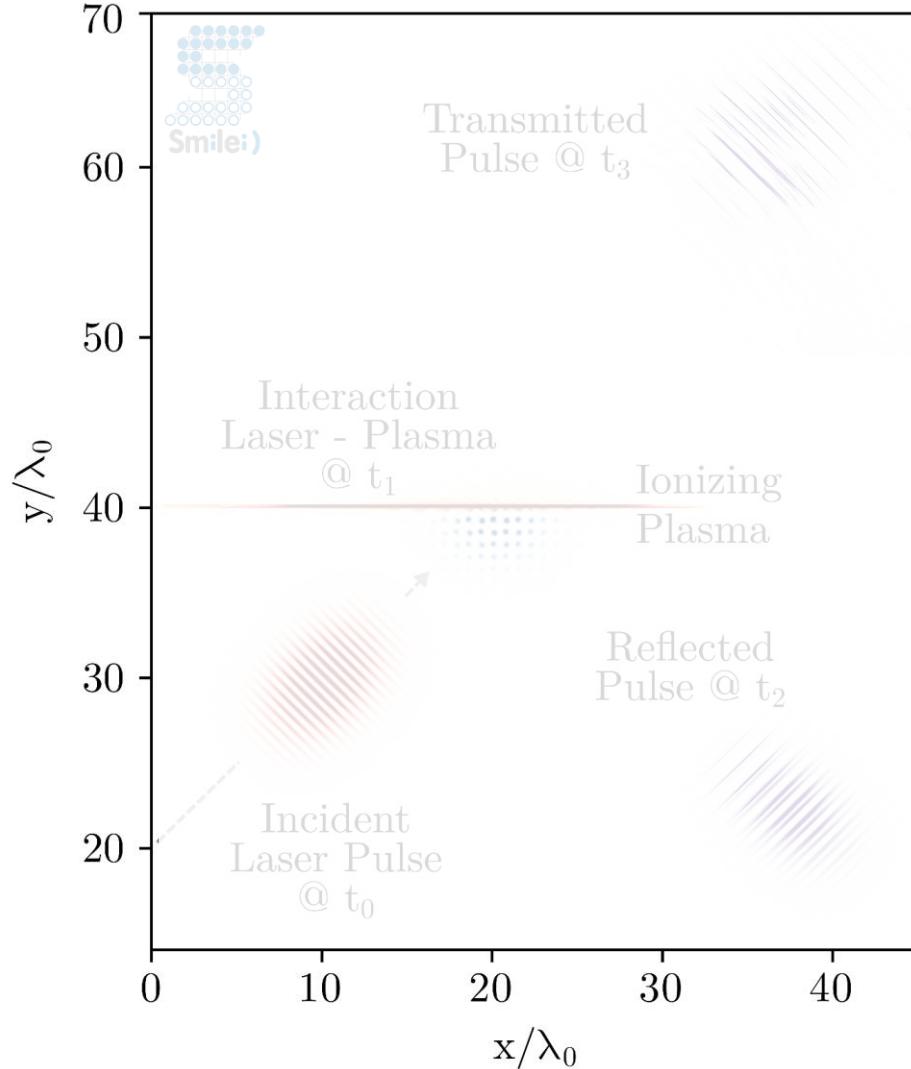
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## Box PRESENTATION :THE FOUNDATION



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## BOX PRESENTATION : BEFORE ALL THEY WAS...



```
#!/usr/bin/python
import math as m
import numpy as np

l0 = 2.*m.pi           # laser wavelength
t0 = l0                 # optical cycle

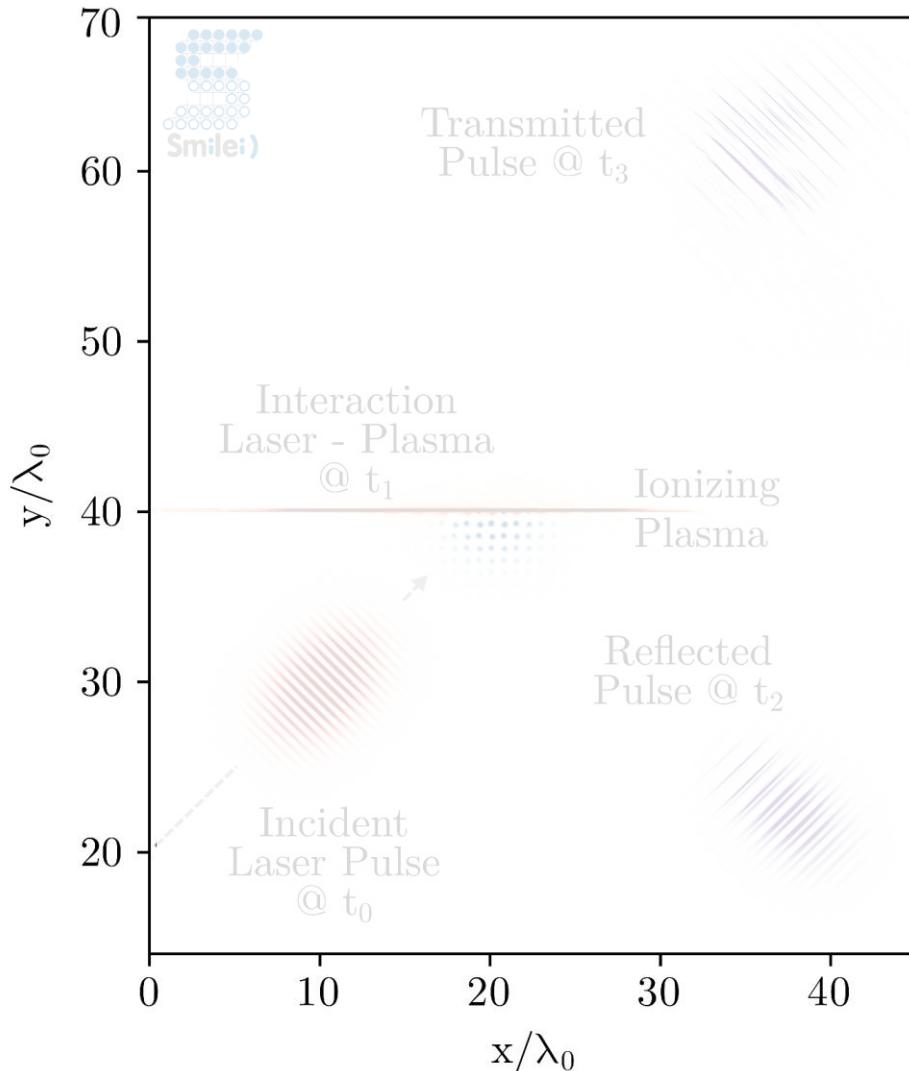
resx = 512.             # nb of cells in one laser wavelength x
resy = 512.             # nb of cells in one laser wavelength y
rest = 768.              # nb of cells/c in one laser wavelength

...
T_keV = 1./511.         # Convert Temperature in KeV
aL = 5.

...
def density_carbon(x,y):
    if (ymin < y < y0):
        return 17.*m.exp( (y-y0)/L1 )
    if (y0 < y < y0+T):
        return 17.
    if (y0+T < y < ymax):
        return 17.*m.exp( -(y-(y0+T))/L2 )
    else :
        return 0.0
```

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## Box PRESENTATION : MAIN()



Main(

geometry = "2Dcartesian",  
interpolation\_order = 2,  
timestep =  $t_0/\text{rest}$ ,  
simulation\_time =  $T_{\text{sim}}$ ,  
cell\_length =  $[l_0/\text{resx}, l_0/\text{resx}]$ ,  
grid\_length =  $L_{\text{sim}}$ ,  
number\_of\_patches = [2048,1],  
clrw = 1,  
EM\_boundary\_conditions = [  
 ["silver-muller", "silver-muller"],  
 ["silver-muller", "silver-muller"]  
,  
 = smilei\_mpi\_rank,  
 solve\_poisson = True,  
 reference-angular\_frequency\_SI =  $2.*m.\pi*3e14/0.8$ ,  
 print\_every = 1000

)

Spatiale resolution  
Time resolution (CFL)

$\lambda_0 / 512$   
 $T_0 / 768$

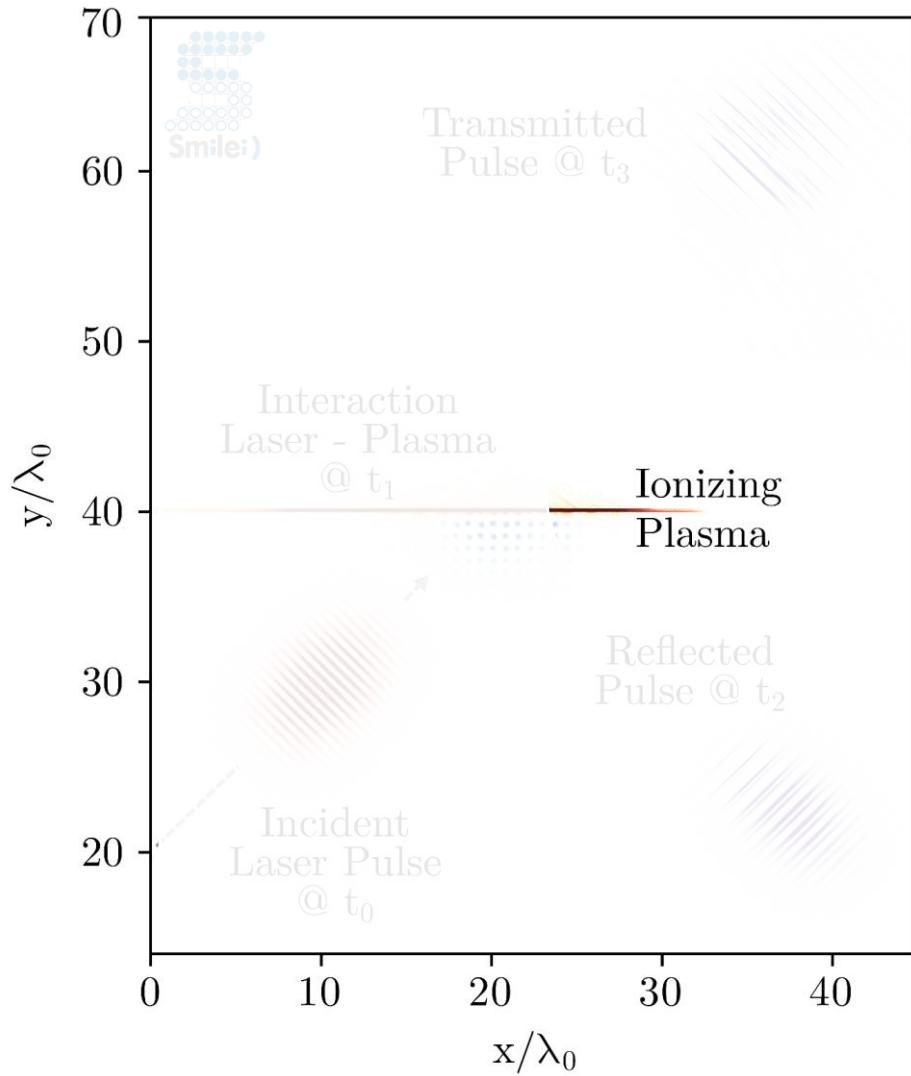
## Box PRESENTATION : LOADBALANCING()

```
LoadBalancing(  
    initial_balance      = False,  
    every                = 1000000  
)
```

No « load balancing »  
2048 patches along x-direction only

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## Box PRESENTATION : SPECIES()

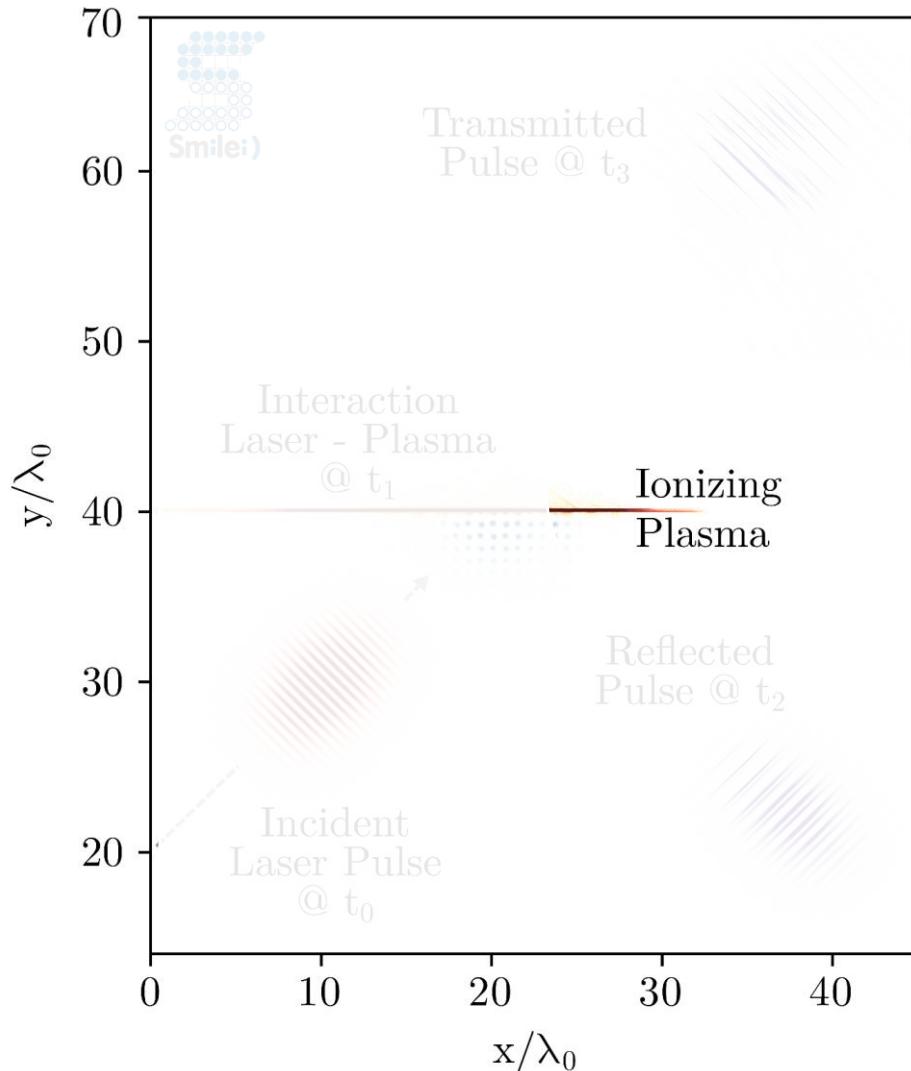


### Species(

```
name = "carbon",
particles_per_cell = 25,
atomic_number = 6,
mass = 12.*1836.0,
charge = 0.0,
number_density = density_carbon,
position_INITIALIZATION = "random",
momentum_INITIALIZATION = "cold",
time_frozen = 0.*t0,
# temperature = [1e-12*T_keV],
# thermal_boundary_temperature = [1e-12*T_keV],
# mean_velocity = [0., 0., 0.],
# thermal_boundary_velocity = [0., 0., 0.],
ionization_model = "tunnel",
ionization_electrons = "eon",
boundary_conditions = [
    ['remove','remove'],
    ['remove','remove']
])
```

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## Box PRESENTATION : SPECIES()

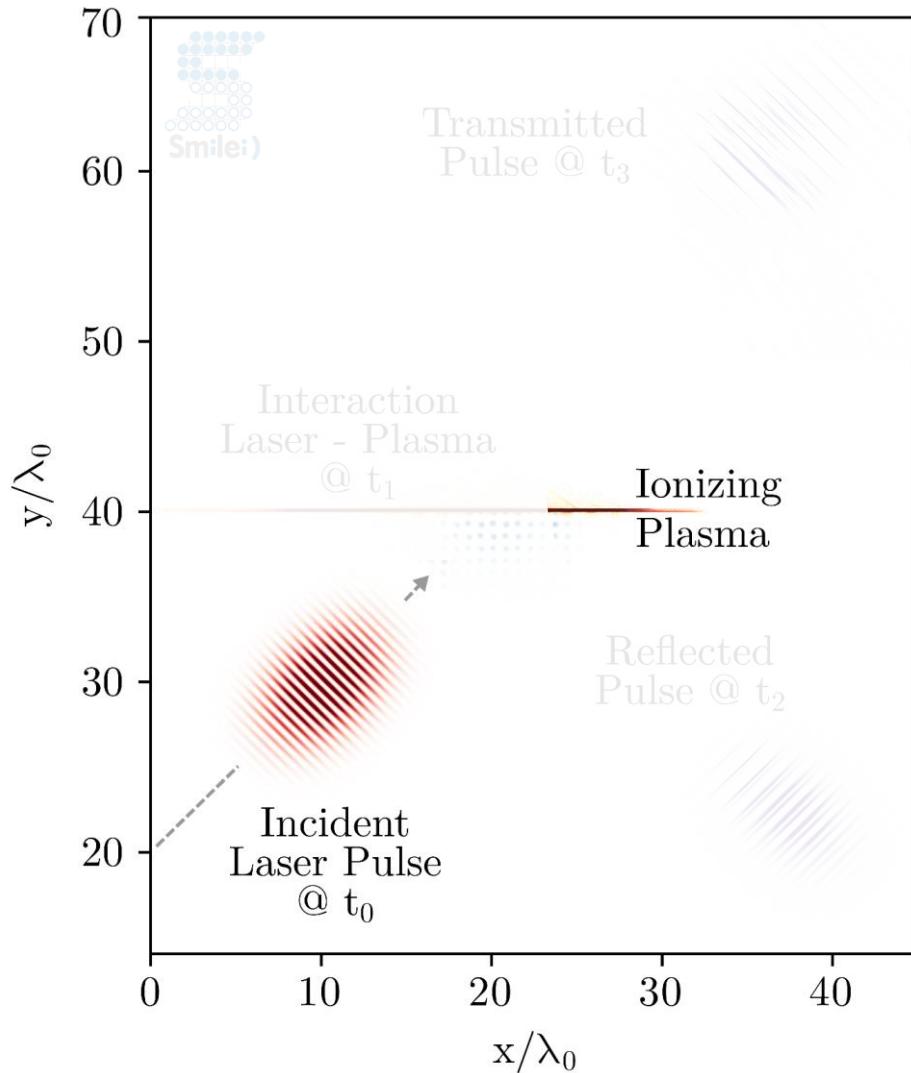


Species(

```
name = "eon",
particles_per_cell = 0,
mass = +1,
charge = -1,
number_density = 0,
position_INITIALIZATION = "random",
momentum_INITIALIZATION = "cold",
time_frozen = 0.*t0,
# temperature = [1e-12*T_keV],
# thermal_boundary_temperature = [1e-12*T_keV],
# mean_velocity = [0., 0., 0.],
# thermal_boundary_velocity = [0., 0., 0.],
boundary_conditions = [
    ['remove','remove'],
    ['remove','remove']
])
```

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

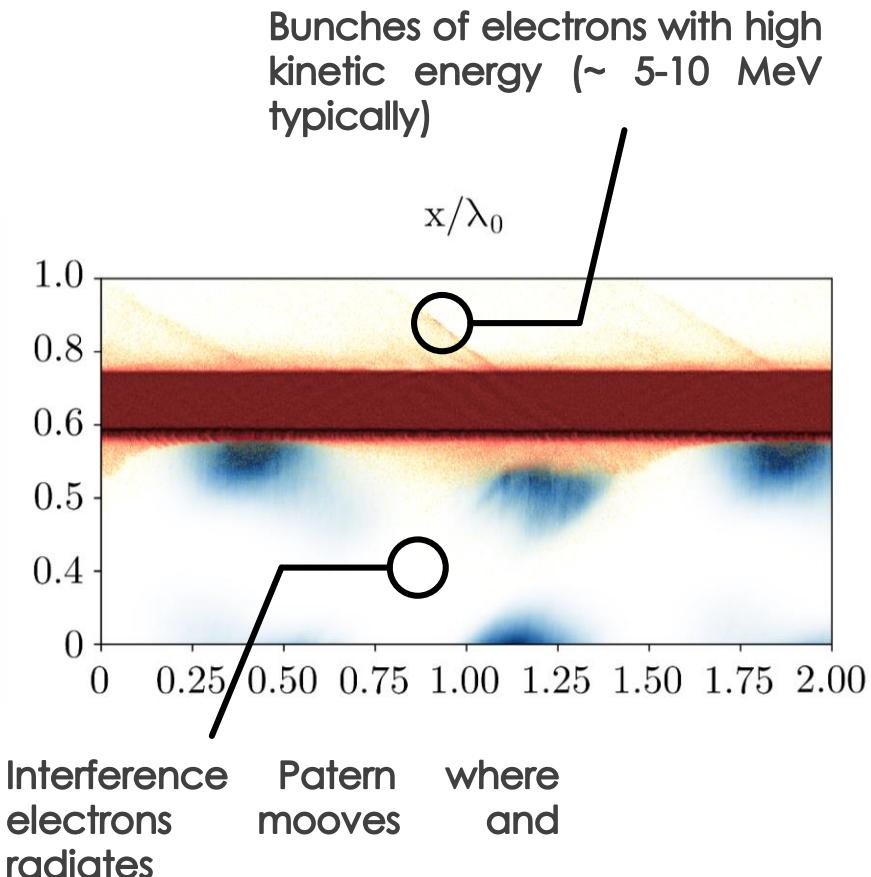
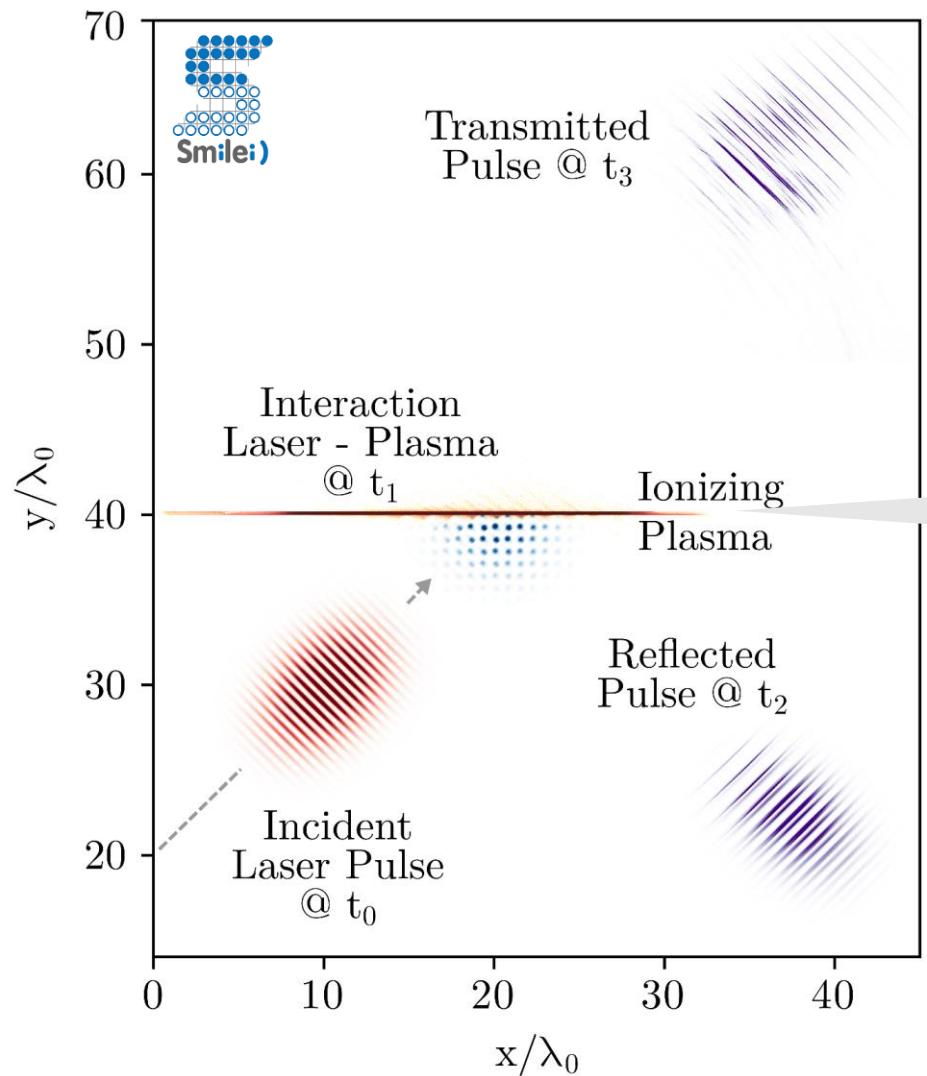
## BOX PRESENTATION : LASERS()



```
tcos1 = tc cosine(  
    base      = 0.,  
    amplitude = 1.,  
    start     = 20.*t0,  
    phi       = 2*m.pi/4.,  
    duration  = 20*t0,  
    freq      = 2*m.pi/(40.*t0)  
)  
  
tcos2 = lambda x : tcos1(x)**2  
  
Lasers(  
    box_side      = "xmin",  
    a0            = aL,  
    omega         = 2*m.pi/l0,  
    focus         = [20.*l0, 40.*l0],  
    waist         = 4.*l0,  
    incidence_angle = 45.*m.pi/180.,  
    time_envelope = tcos2  
)
```

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## DIAGNOSTICS



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## DIAGNOSTICS

"BECAUSE I'M HAPPY" [PHARELL WILLIAMS]

```
# Don't worry be happy
import happy

s = happy.Open('/my_path/smilei/simulation/')

# List of diagnostics "Particles Binning"
s.ParticleBinning()

# Times extraction
times = s.ParticleBinning(3).times

xpy = s.ParticleBinning(1,data_log=True,timesteps=44000)
ypy = s.ParticleBinning(3,data_log=True,timesteps=44000)

xpy.plot.figure='xpy_phaseSpace'
ypy.plot.figure='ypy_phaseSpace'

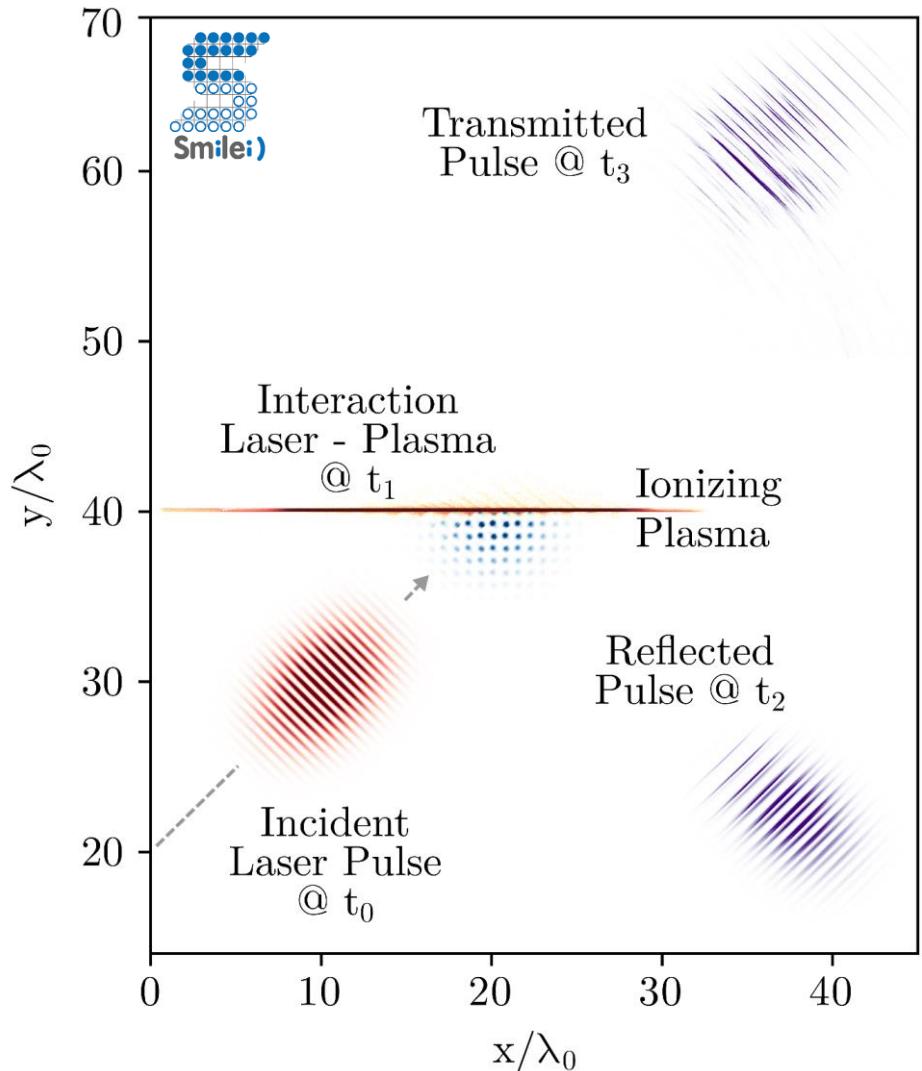
tpy = s.Particle(1,data_log=True,subset={'x':[122.,136.,1]})

...
```

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## DIAGNOSTICS SCALARS & FIELDS

« IS MY SIMULATION OK ? »



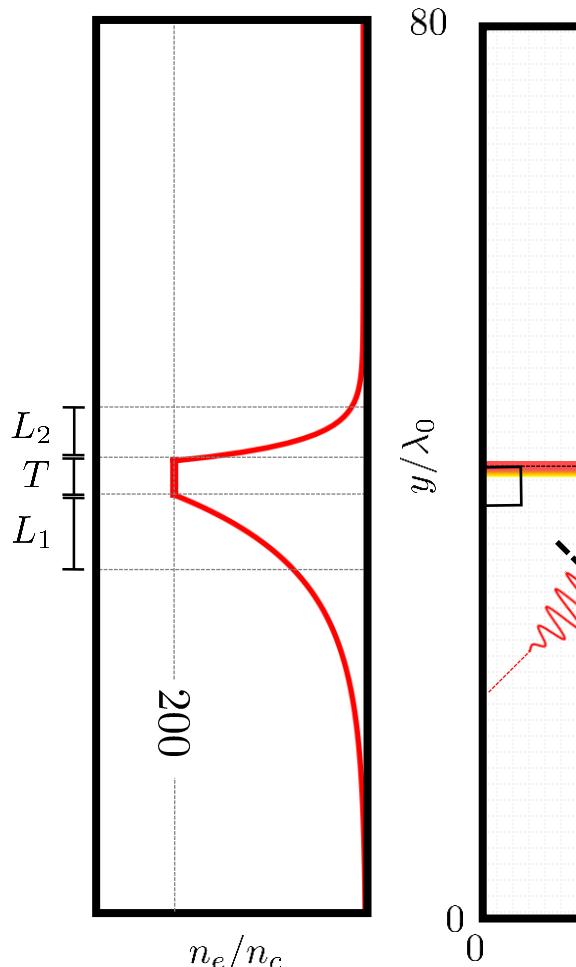
```
DiagScalar(  
    every      = int(2*rest),  
    vars       = ["Utot", "Ukin", "Uelm", "Ubal", "Ukin_bnd"]  
)
```

```
DiagFields(  
    every      = [T1,int(150.*rest)],  
    fields     = ['Rho_eon','Bz','Ex','Ey']  
)
```

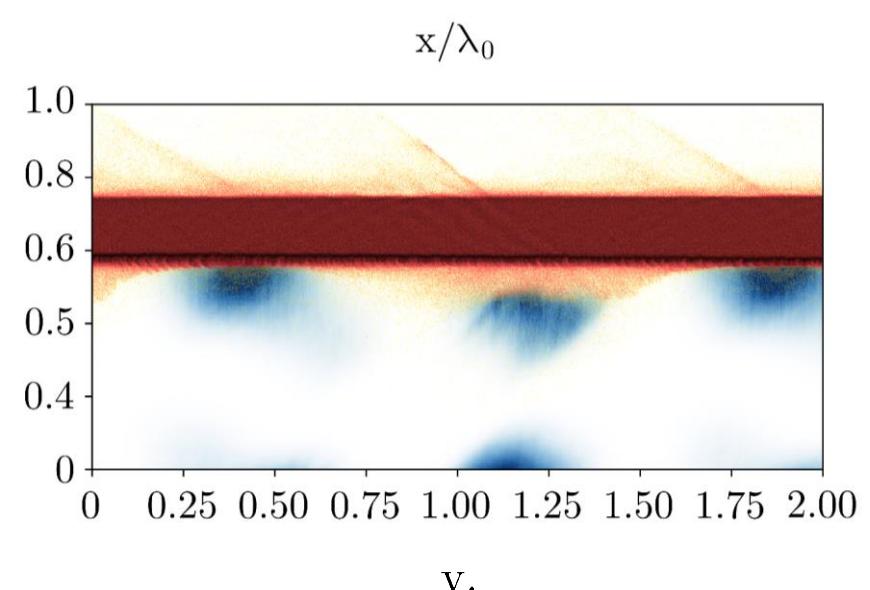
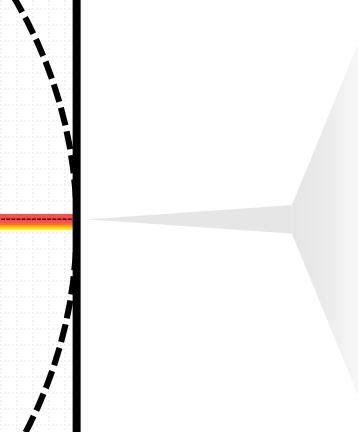
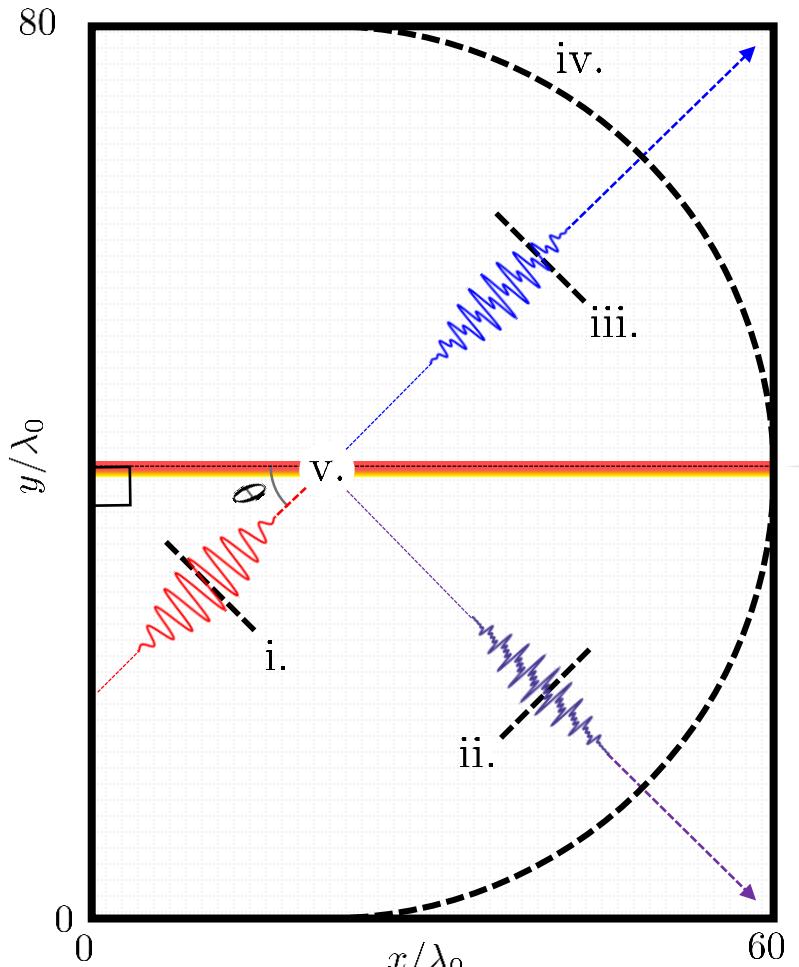
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

BOX PRESENTATION : MORE DIAGNOSTICS...

« EXPERIMENTS LIKE » DIAGNOSTICS

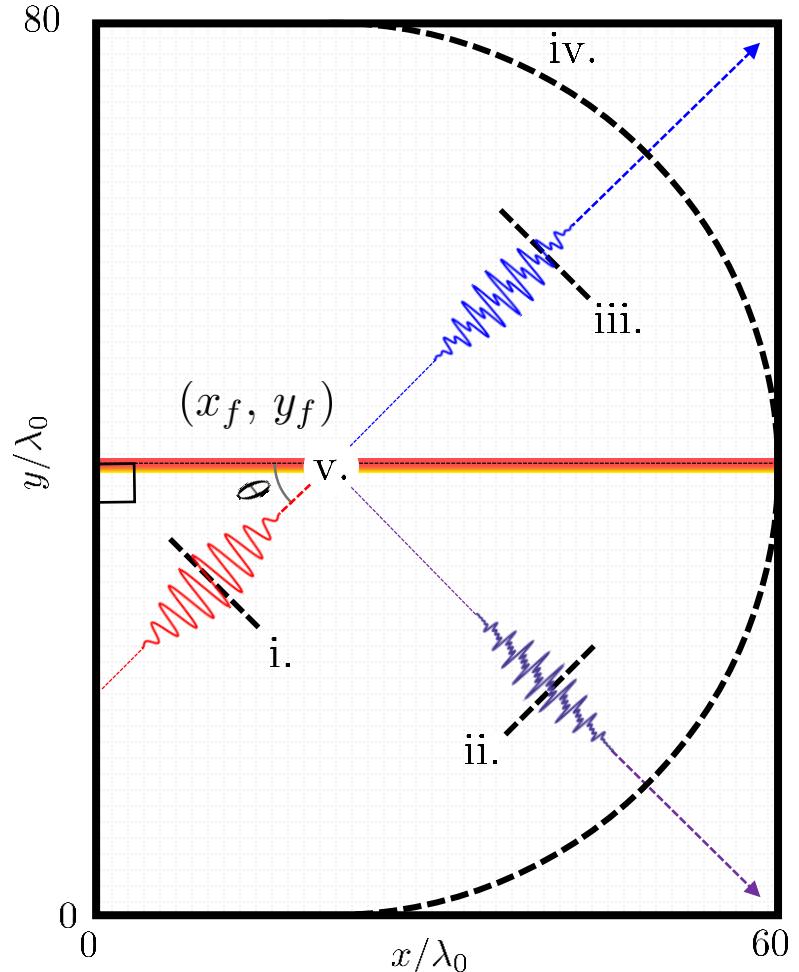


NOT « EXPERIMENTS LIKE » DIAGNOSTICS  
OR « GOD VIEW »



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : PROBE ID



DiagProbe(

every  
flush\_every  
origin  
vectors

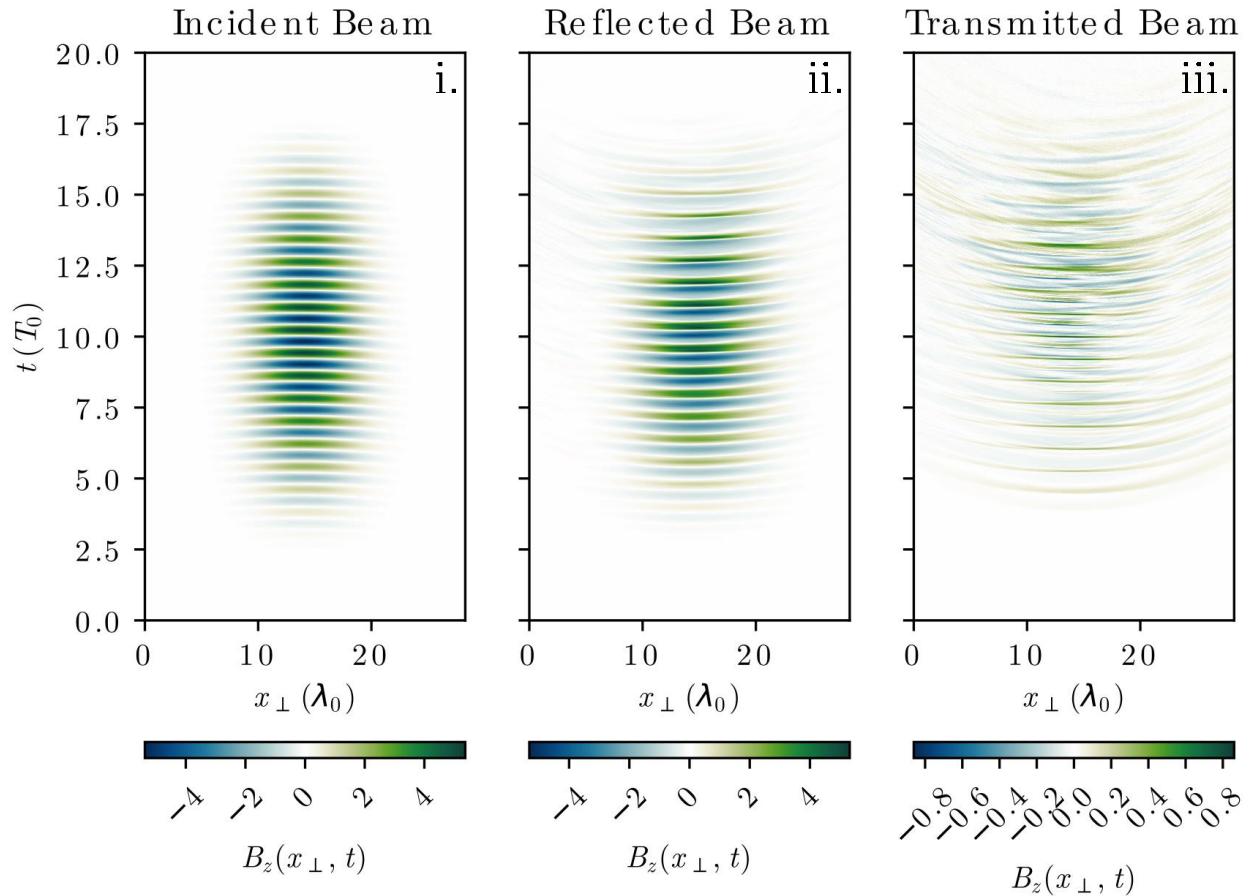
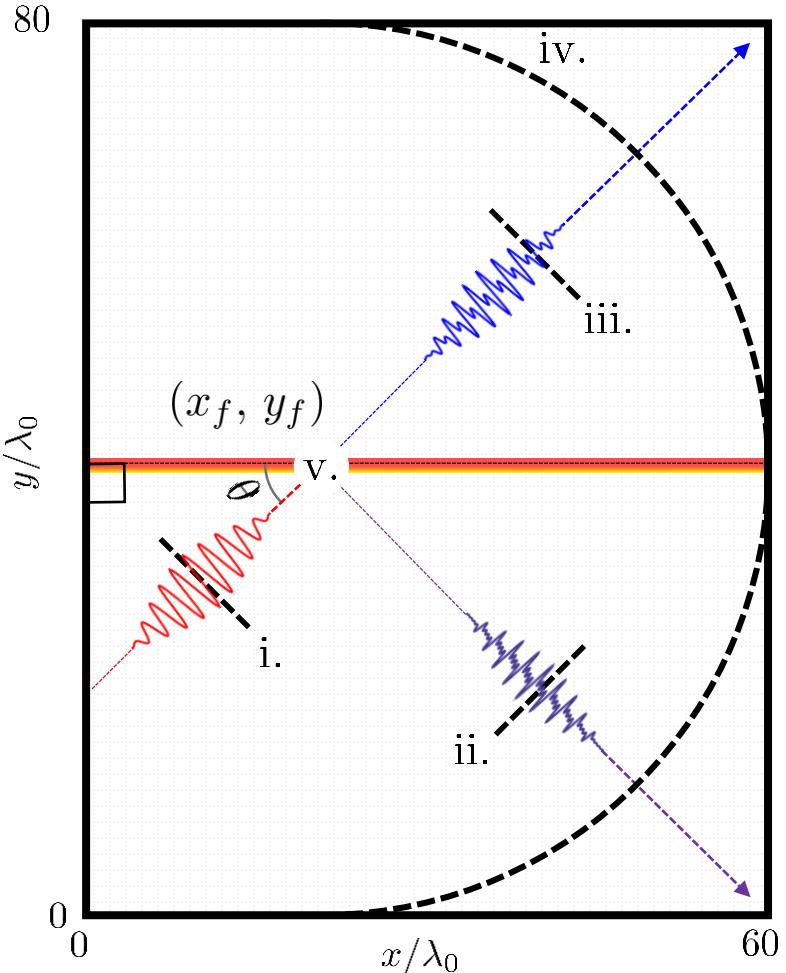
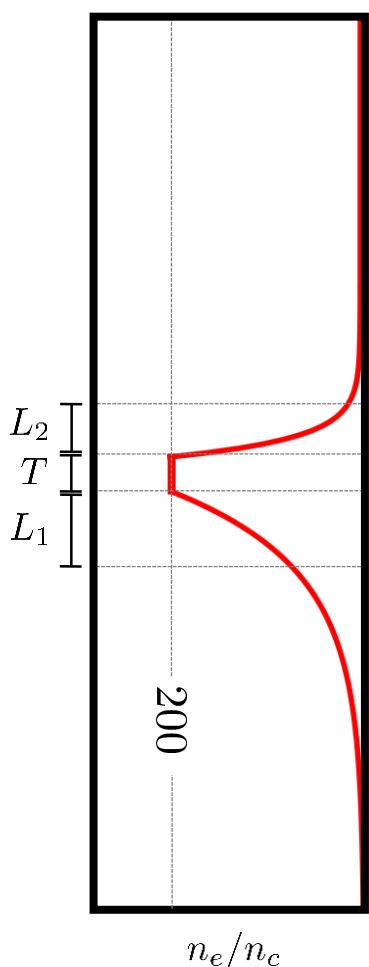
number  
fields

)

```
= [T1-int(12.5*rest),T1+int(12.5*rest),1],  
= [T1-int(12.5*rest),T1+int(12.5*rest),1000],  
= [00.0*I0,40.0*I0],  
= [  
    [+20.0*I0,-20.0*I0]  
,  
= [int(m.sqrt(2)*20.0*resx)],  
= ["Bz"]
```

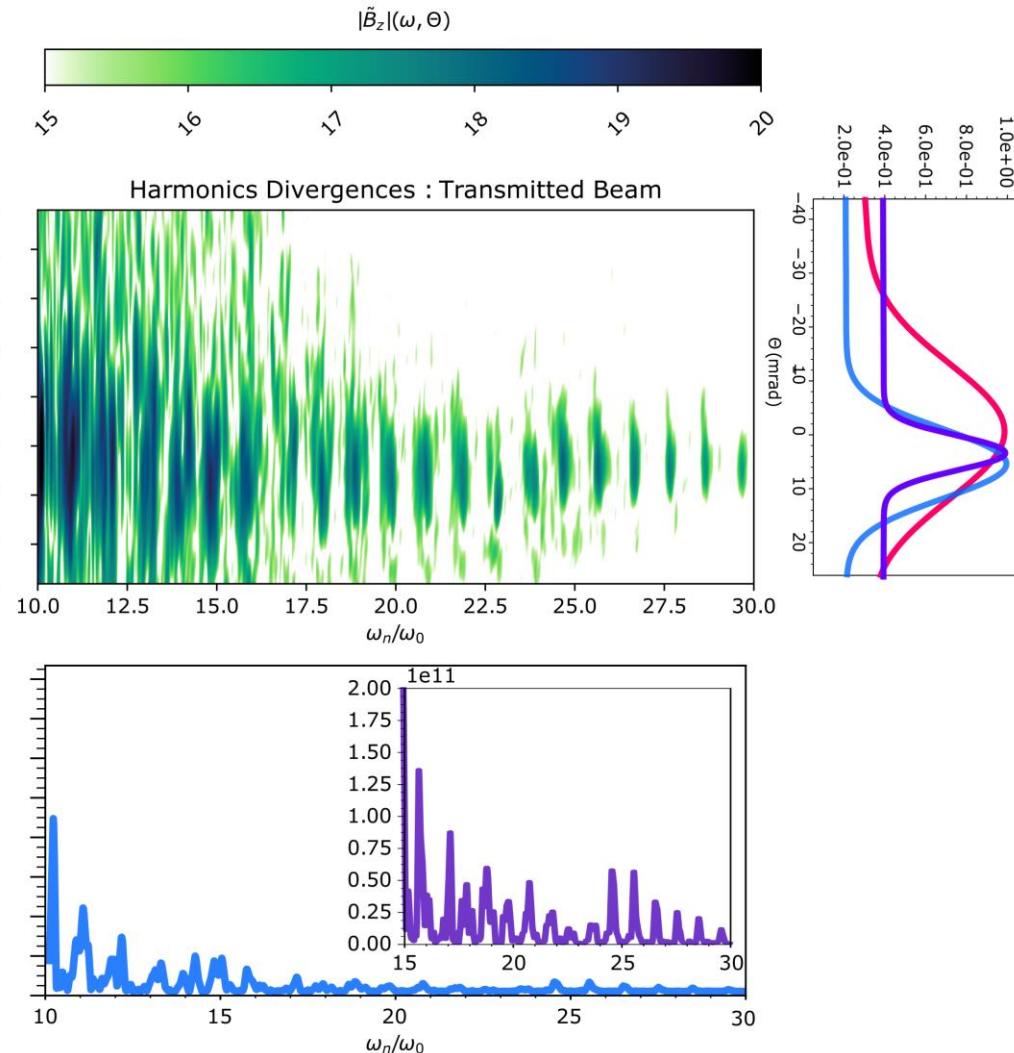
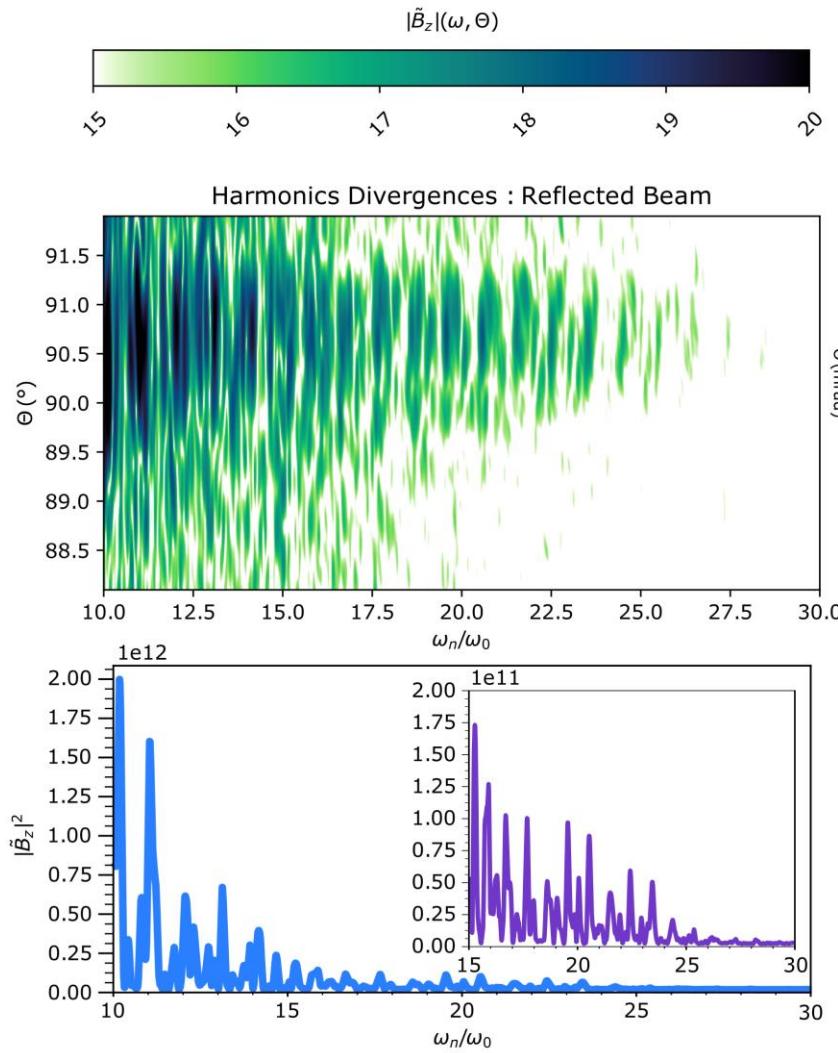
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

« EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : PROBE ID



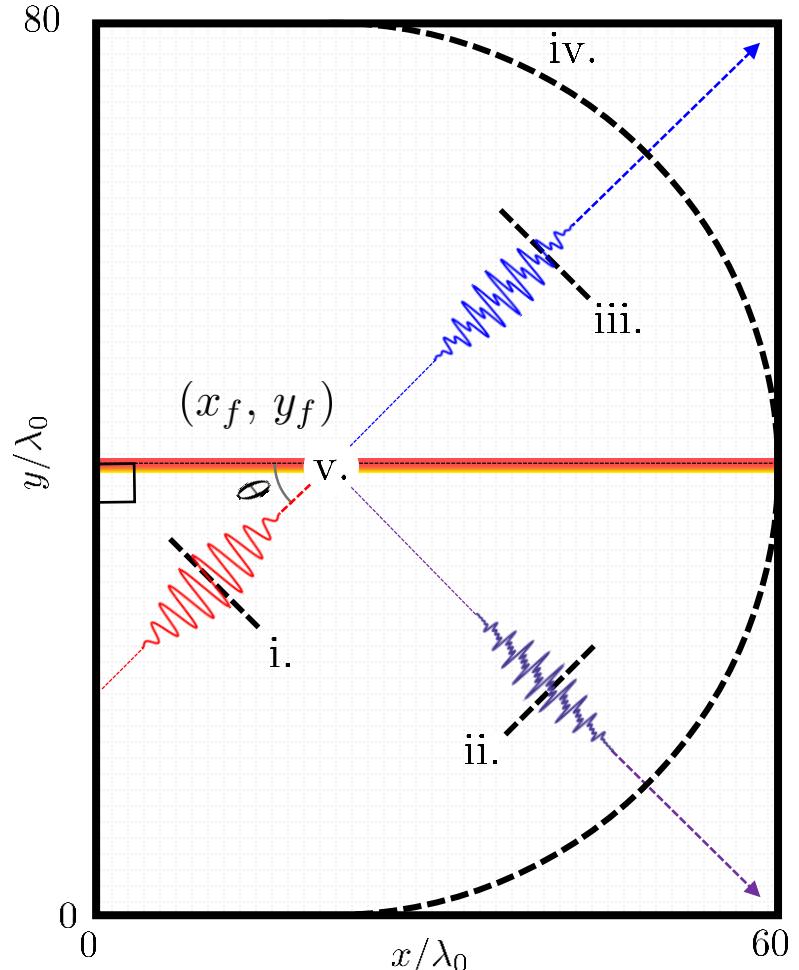
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

« EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : PROBE ID



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : SCREEN



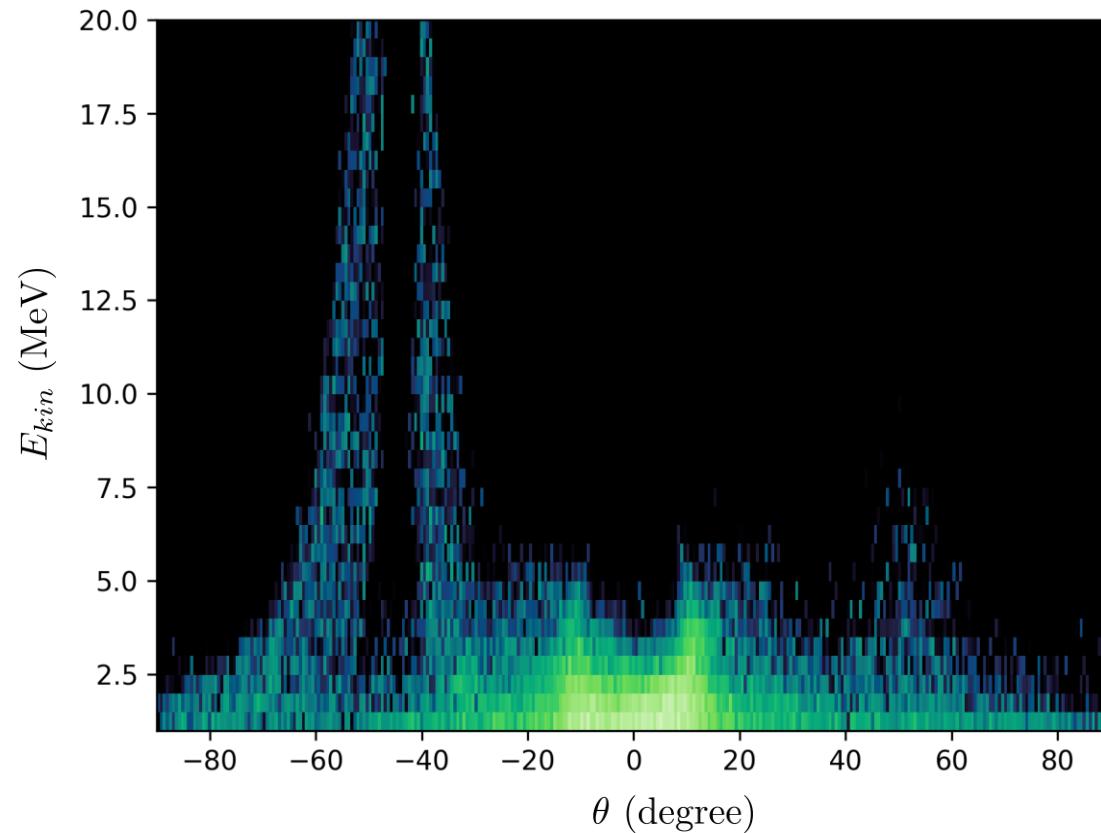
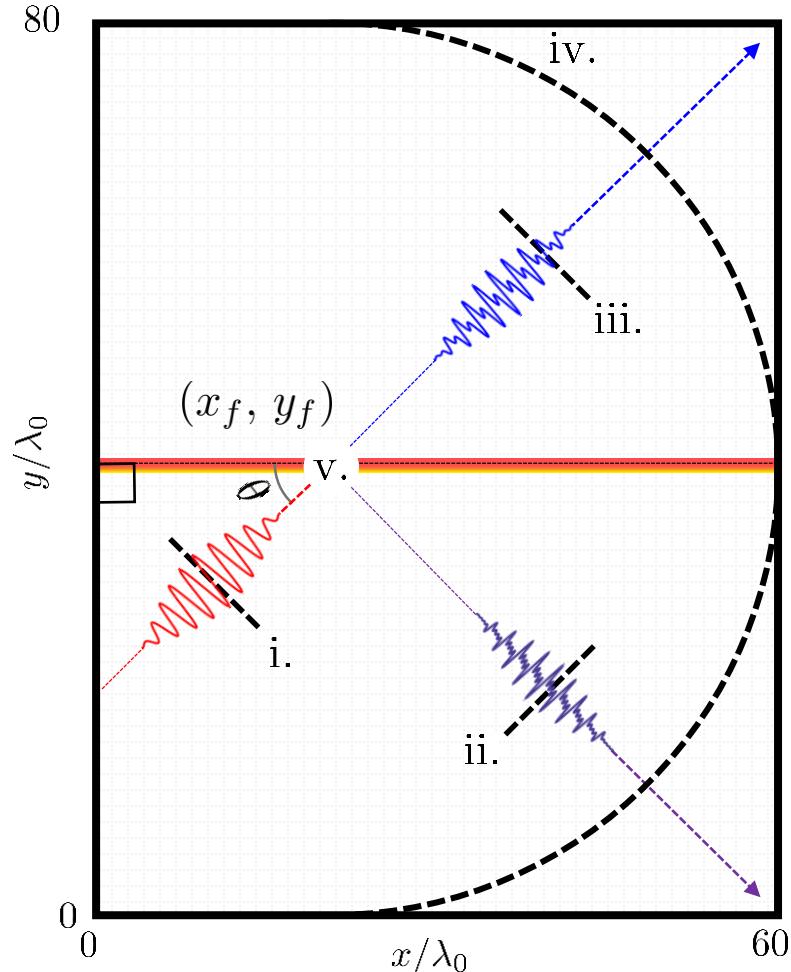
DiagScreen(

```
every      = [int(118.*rest),int(150.*rest)],  
shape      = "sphere",  
point     = [20.*l0, 40.*l0],  
vector    = [40.*l0, 0.*l0],  
direction = "forward",  
output    = "weight",  
species   = ["eon"],  
axes      = [  
    ["ekin", 2., 40., 38],  
    ["vx" , -1, +1, 2000],  
    ["vy" , -1, +1, 2000]  
]
```

)

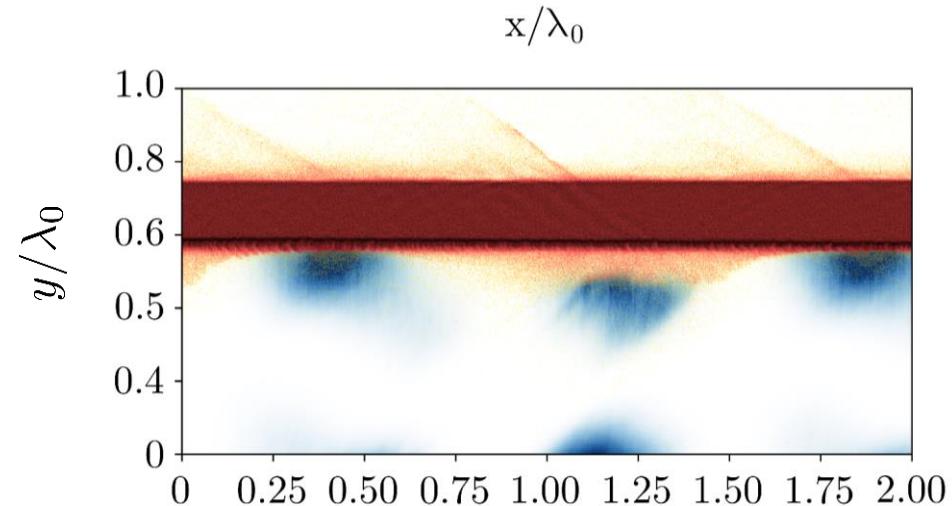
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

« EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : SCREEN



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## NOT « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : PROBE 2D & PARTICLE BINNING



DiagParticleBinning(

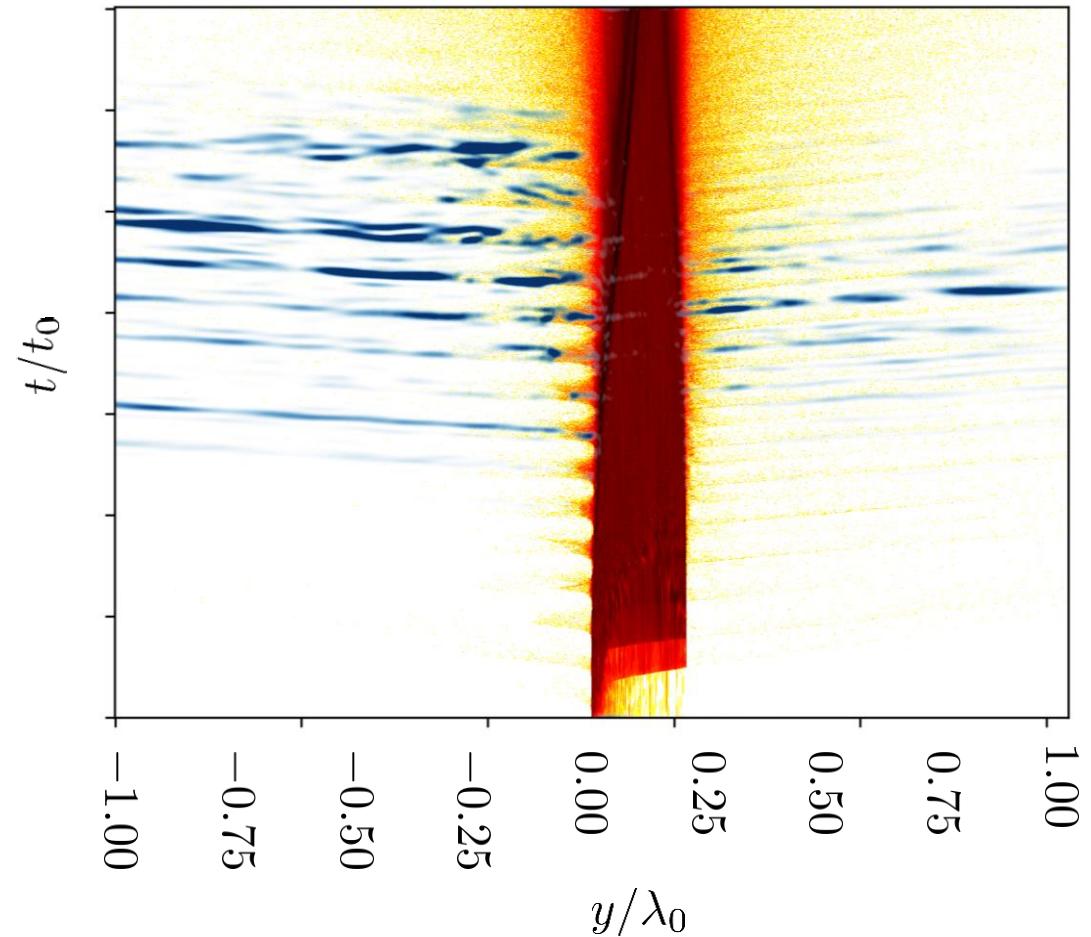
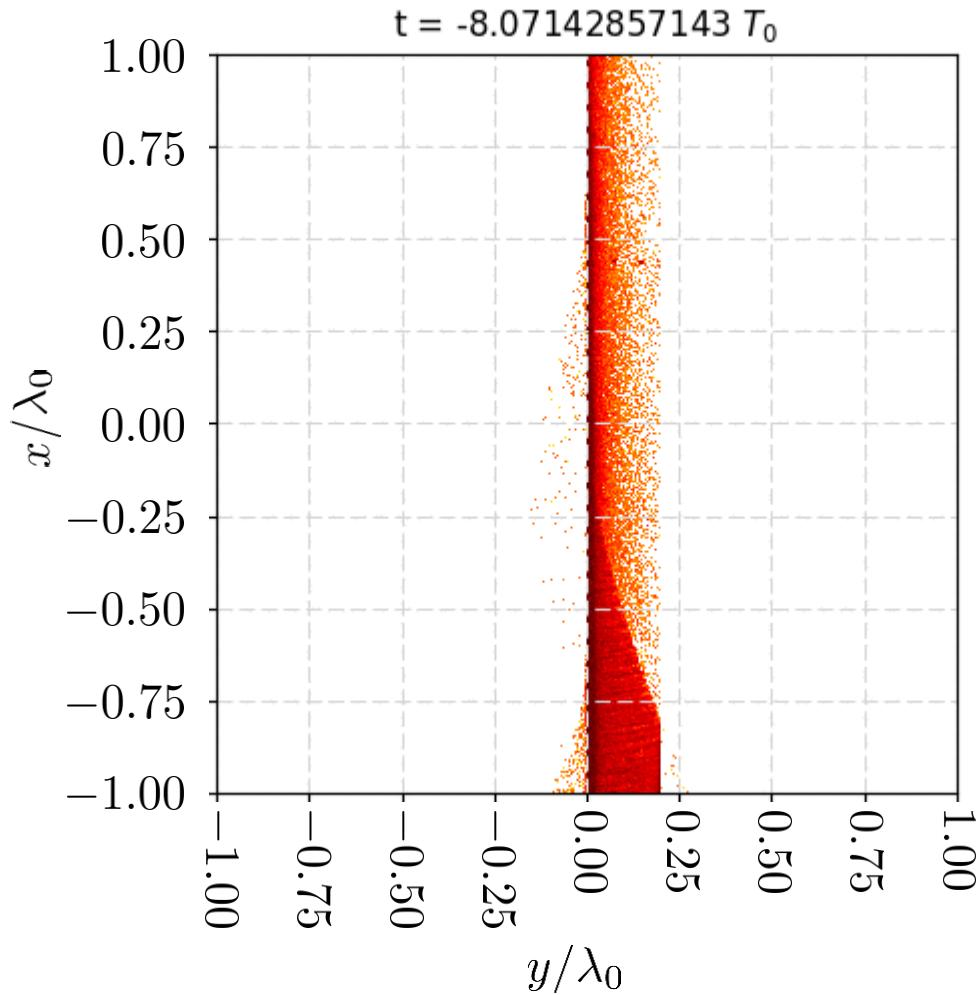
```
deposited_quantity      = "weight",
every                   = [T1+int(5.*rest),T3-int(5.*rest),2],
flush_every              = [T1+int(5.*rest),T3-int(5.*rest),1500],
time_average             = 1,
species                 = ["eon"],
axes                    = [
    ["x", 018.0*I0, 022.0*I0, int(4.*resx/1.)],
    ["y", 038.0*I0, 042.0*I0, int(4.*resy/1.)]
])
```

DiagProbe(

```
every                   = [T1+int(5.*rest),T3-int(5.*rest),2],
flush_every              = [T1+int(5.*rest),T3-int(5.*rest),1500],
origin                  = [18.0*I0,38.0*I0],
vectors                 = [
    [04.0*I0,0.0.],
    [0.,04.0*I0]
],
number_fields            = [int(4.*resx/1.),int(4.*resy/1.)],
fields                  = ["Bz","Ex","Ey"]
```

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

NOT « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : PROBE 2D & PARTICLE BINNING



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

NOT « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS :TRACKS

```
def my_position_filter(particles):  
  
    ntot      = particles.id.size                      # total number of particles  
    n         = np.count_nonzero(particles.id)          # number of already filtered particles  
    prob      = 0.1 - float(n)/ntot                     # 50% probability for chosen particles  
  
    # Return True if Id>0 OR the particle is randomly chosen  
  
    return (18.*l0<particles.x)*(particles.x<22.*l0)*((particles.id>0) + (np.random.rand(ntot)<prob))
```

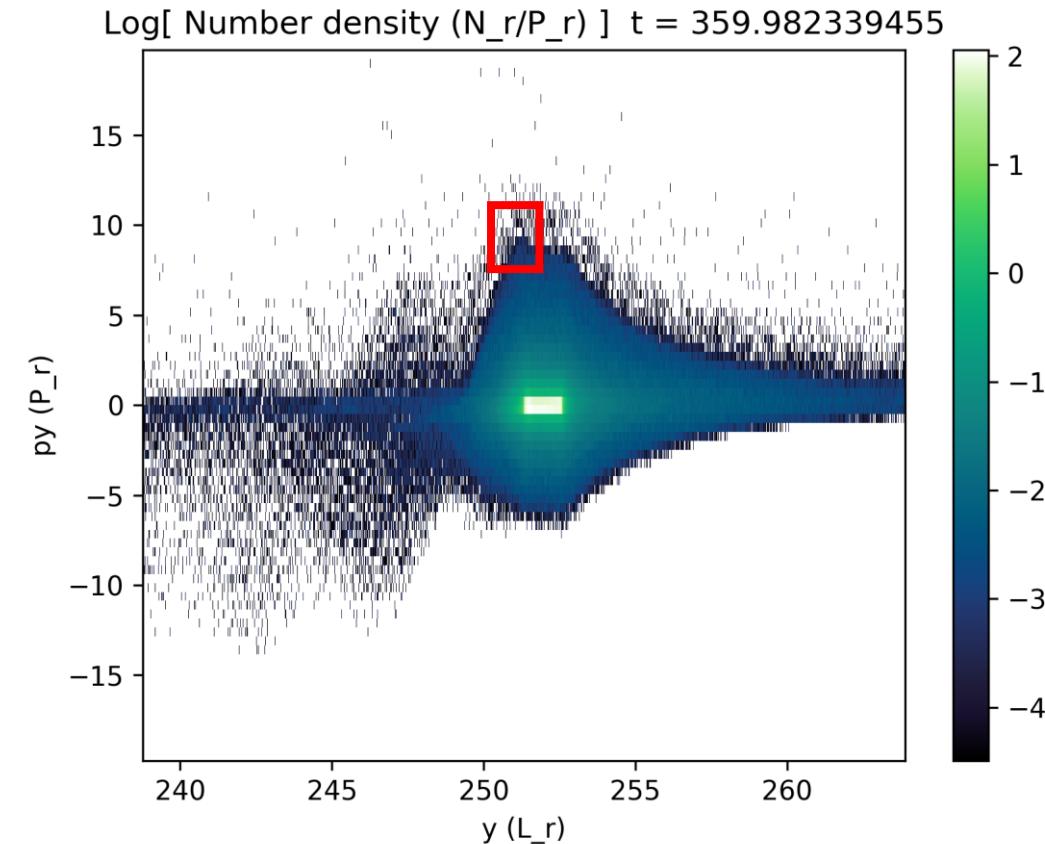
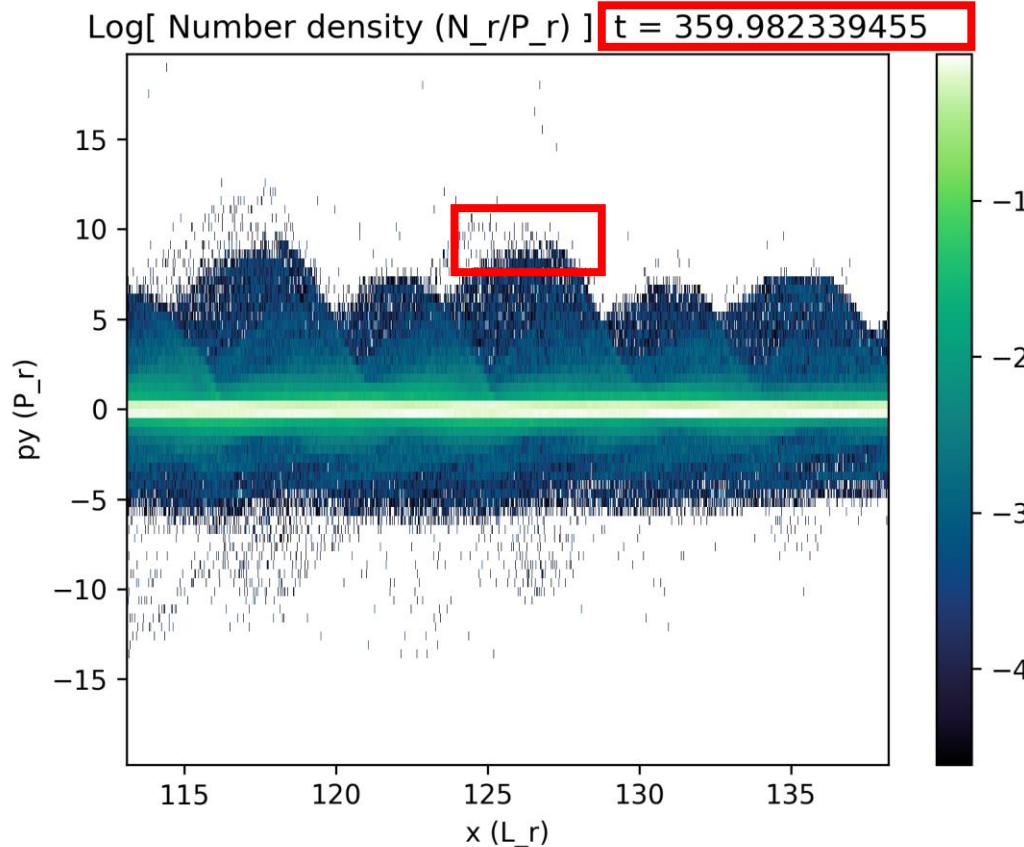
DiagTrackParticles(

```
    species           = "eon",  
    every            = [T1+int(5.*rest),T3-int(5.*rest),2],  
    flush_every      = [T1+int(5.*rest),T3-int(5.*rest),1300],  
    filter           = my_position_filter
```

)

# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

NOT « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : TRACKS



# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## NOT « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS :TRACKS

```
# Particles Ordering & Filtering
# ----

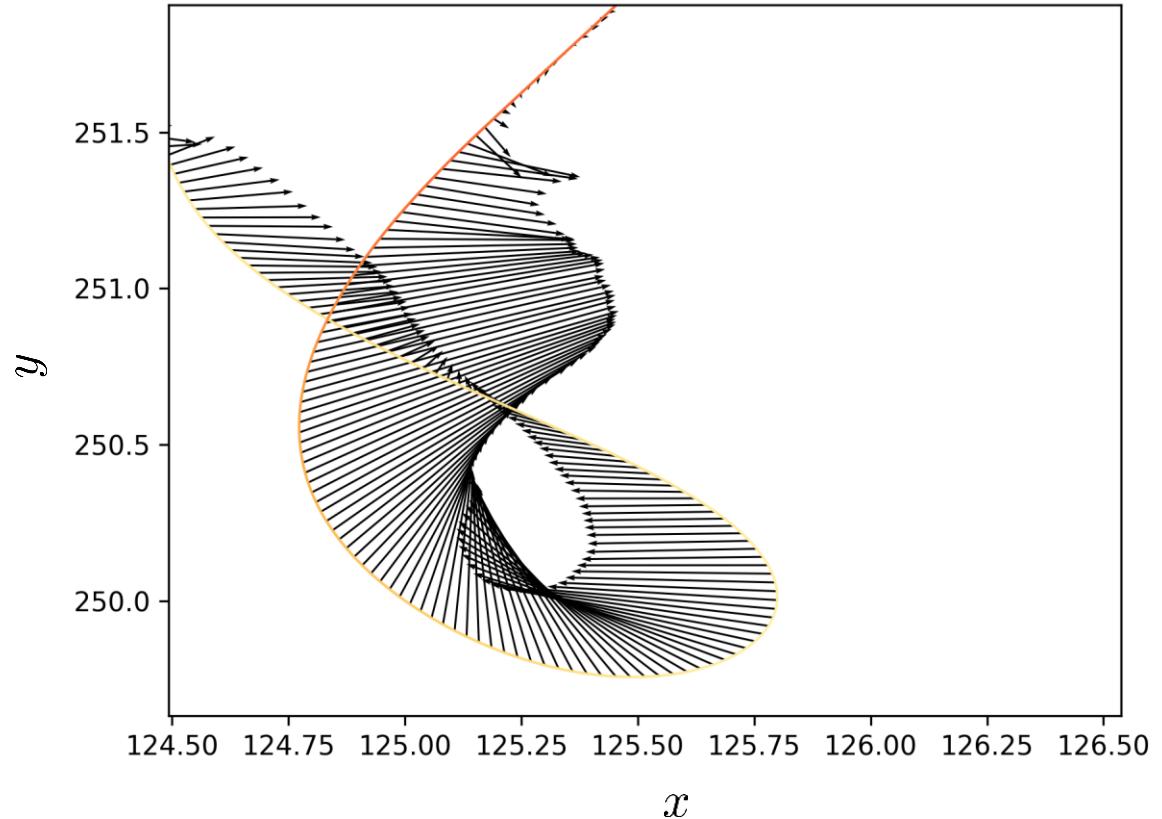
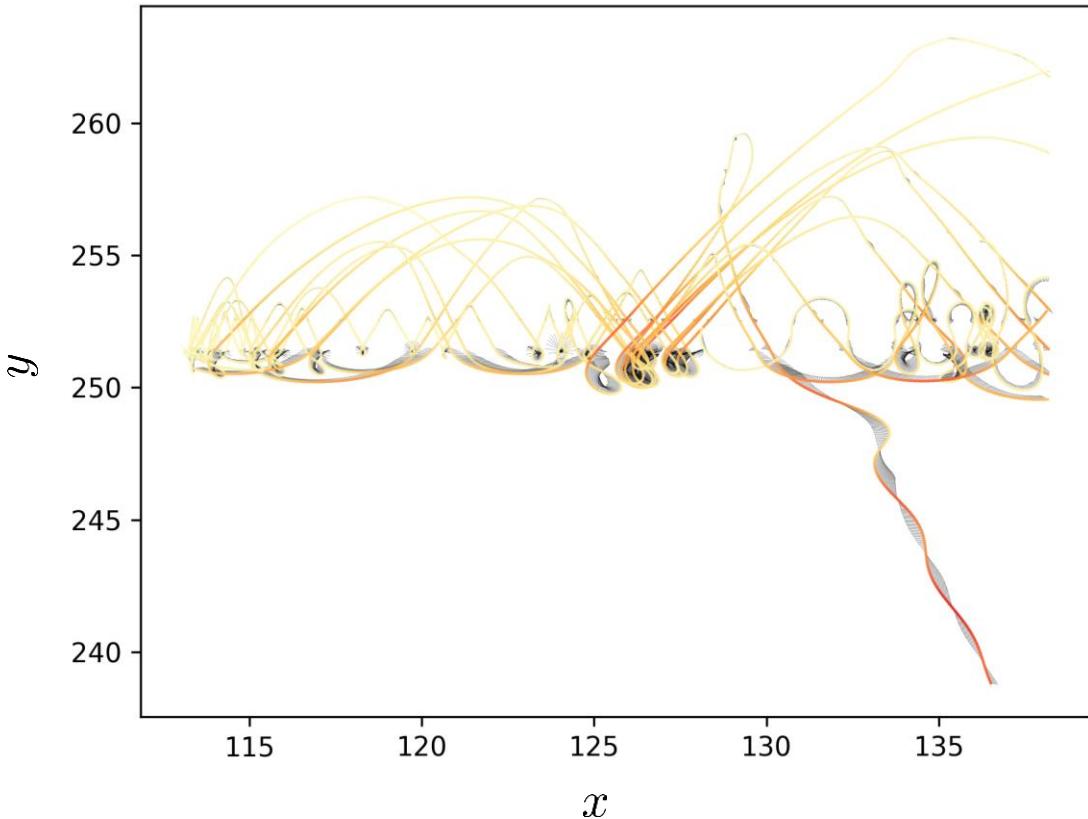
# Time to take a coffee
s.TrackParticles(species='eon')

# With the help of Phase Spaces
my_selection ='any(t==44001,(124.5<x)*(x<128.5)*(250<y)*(y<252)*(5.<py)*(py<20.))'
Track = s.TrackParticles(species='eon',sort=True,axes=['x','y','px','py','pz','q','w'],select=my_selection)

# Time to take another coffee
Parts = Track.getData()
```

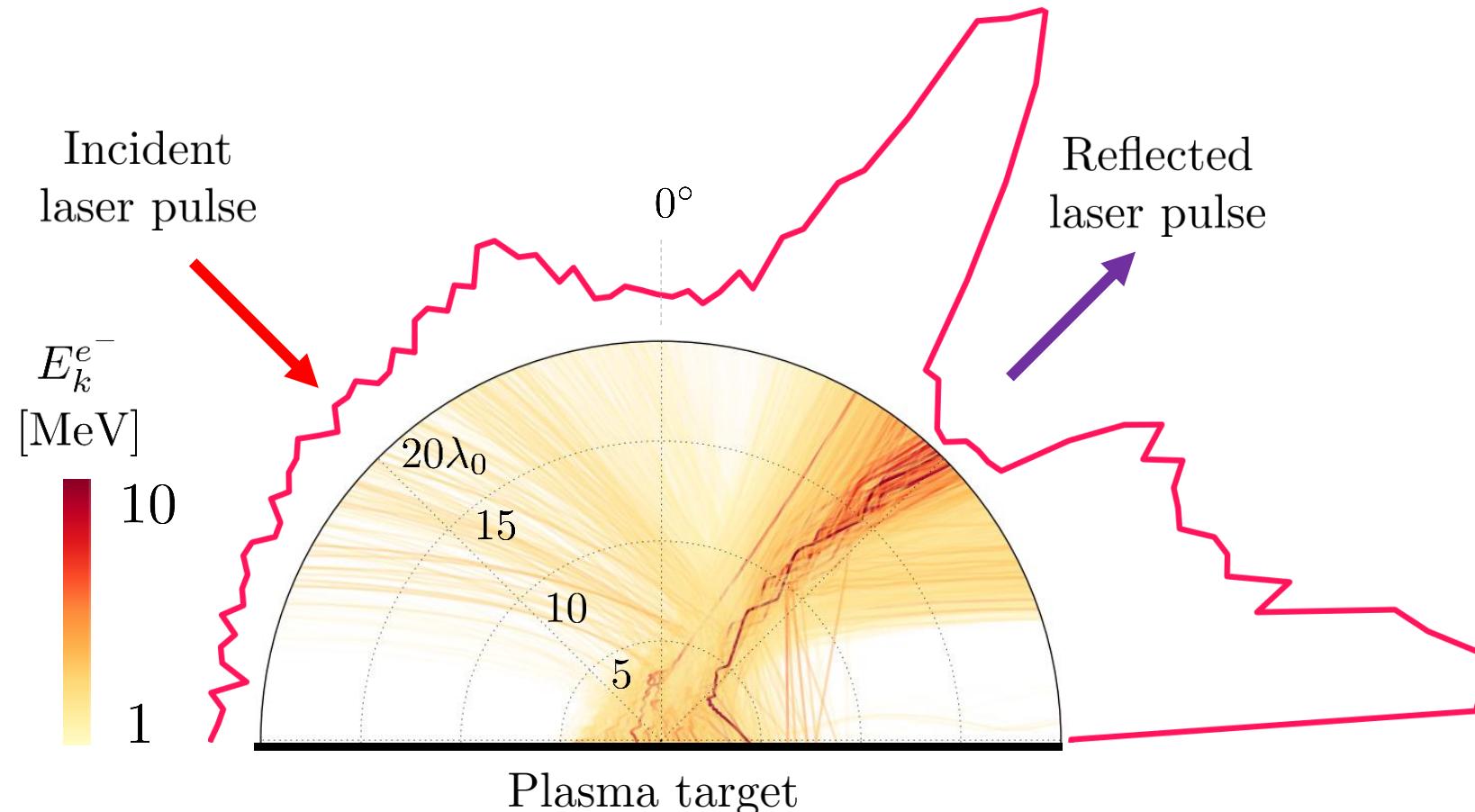
# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

NOT « EXPERIMENT LIKE » DIAGS : TRACKS

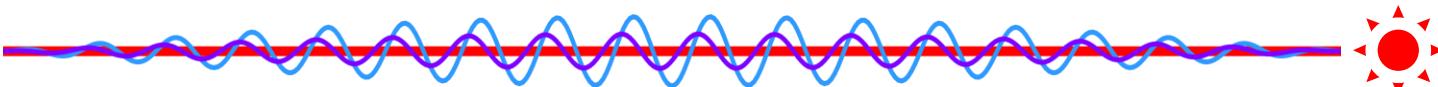


# Harmonics Generation on Thin Target

## AN EXAMPLE OF COMBINATION OF DIAGS TRACKS + SCREEN



# HHG on Thin Target with Smilei & Happi Capabilities



Harmonics generation on thin plasma target with the UHI 100 laser. Front and rear side generation of the target. Experiment by Ludovic Chopineau and Adrien Denoeud.

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