

TQFTs are in the Swampland

Jonathan J. Heckman

University of Pennsylvania

Based On:

hep-th/2601.09781 w/ C. Cummings

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hep-th/2601.09781 w/ C. Cummings

as well as many collaborations w/

V. Chakrabhavi, M. Cvetič, A. Çavuşoğlu,

A. Debray, M. Dierigl, J. Kuntz, M. Hübner,

J. McNamara, S. Meynet, M. Montero, Murdia

A. Sharon, C. Vafa, I. Valenzuela

Background

Background

QFT very useful in many physical systems

- Many degrees of freedom
- Some notion of locality

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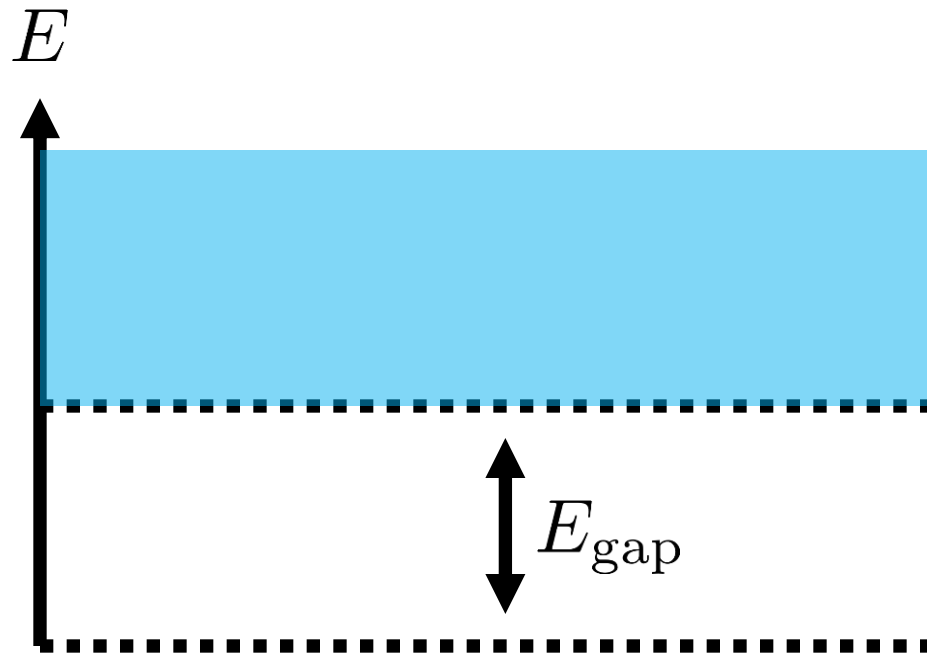
TQFTs a special case: also very useful!

- Systems with a gapped spectrum (deep IR)
- Generalized global symmetries:

$$\mathcal{U} = \int [da] e^{iS[a, \Phi_{\text{bkgnd}}]}$$

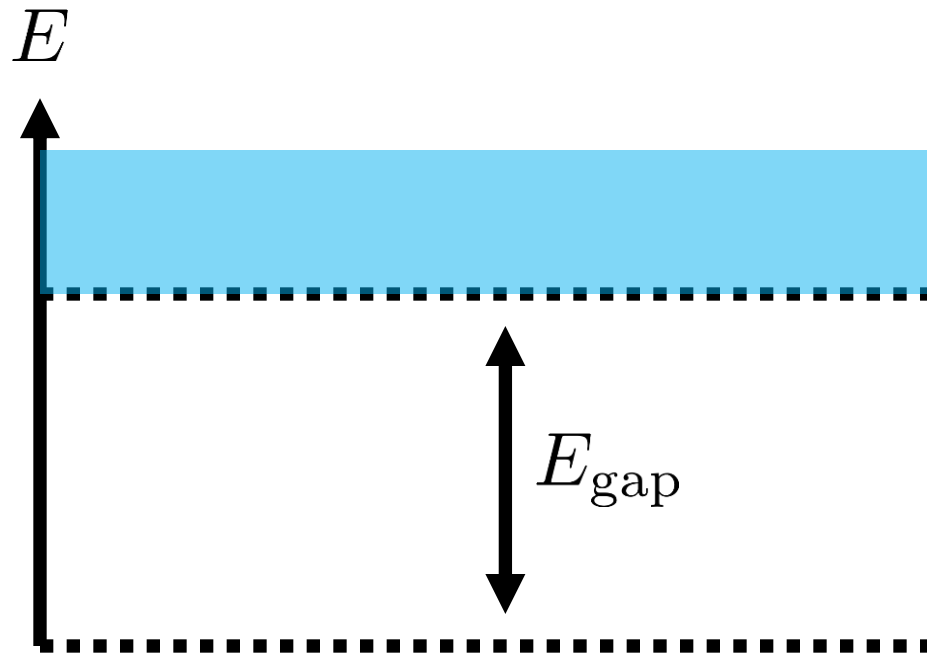
Motivating Question

TQFTs and gapped spectra: How big can E_{gap} be?



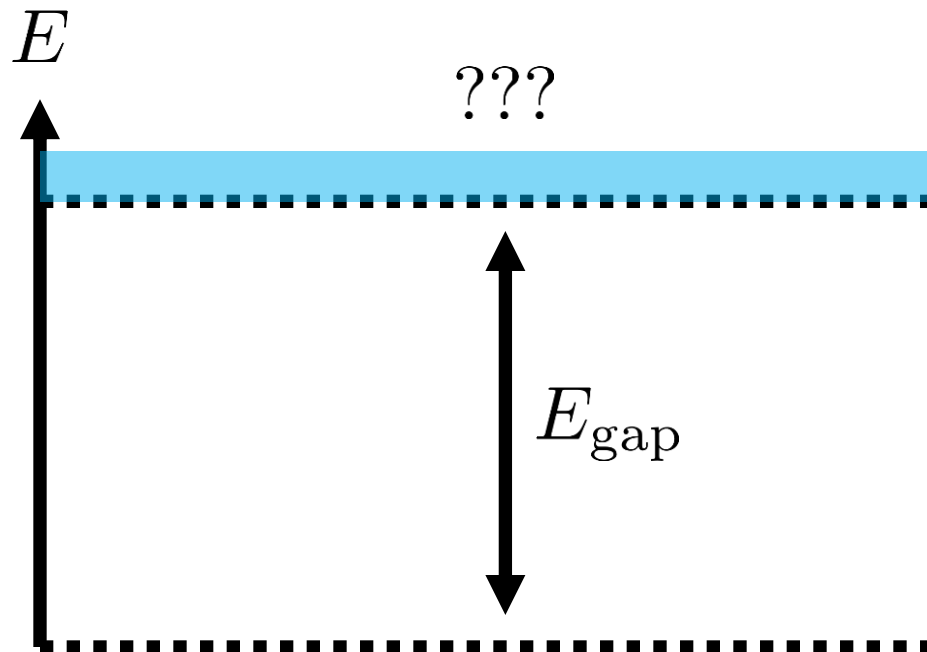
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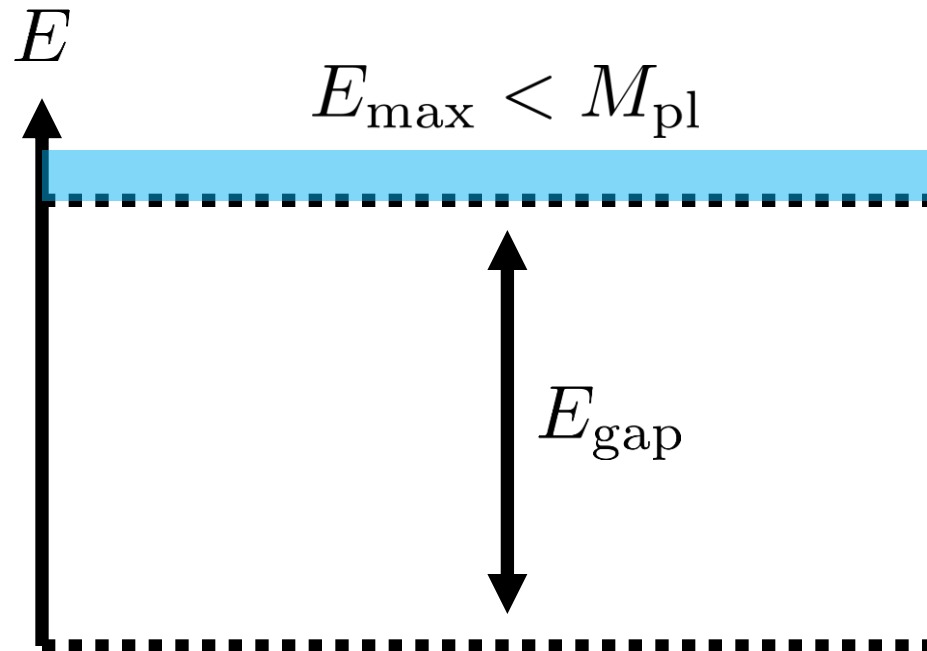
Motivating Question

TQFTs and gapped spectra: How big can E_{gap} be?



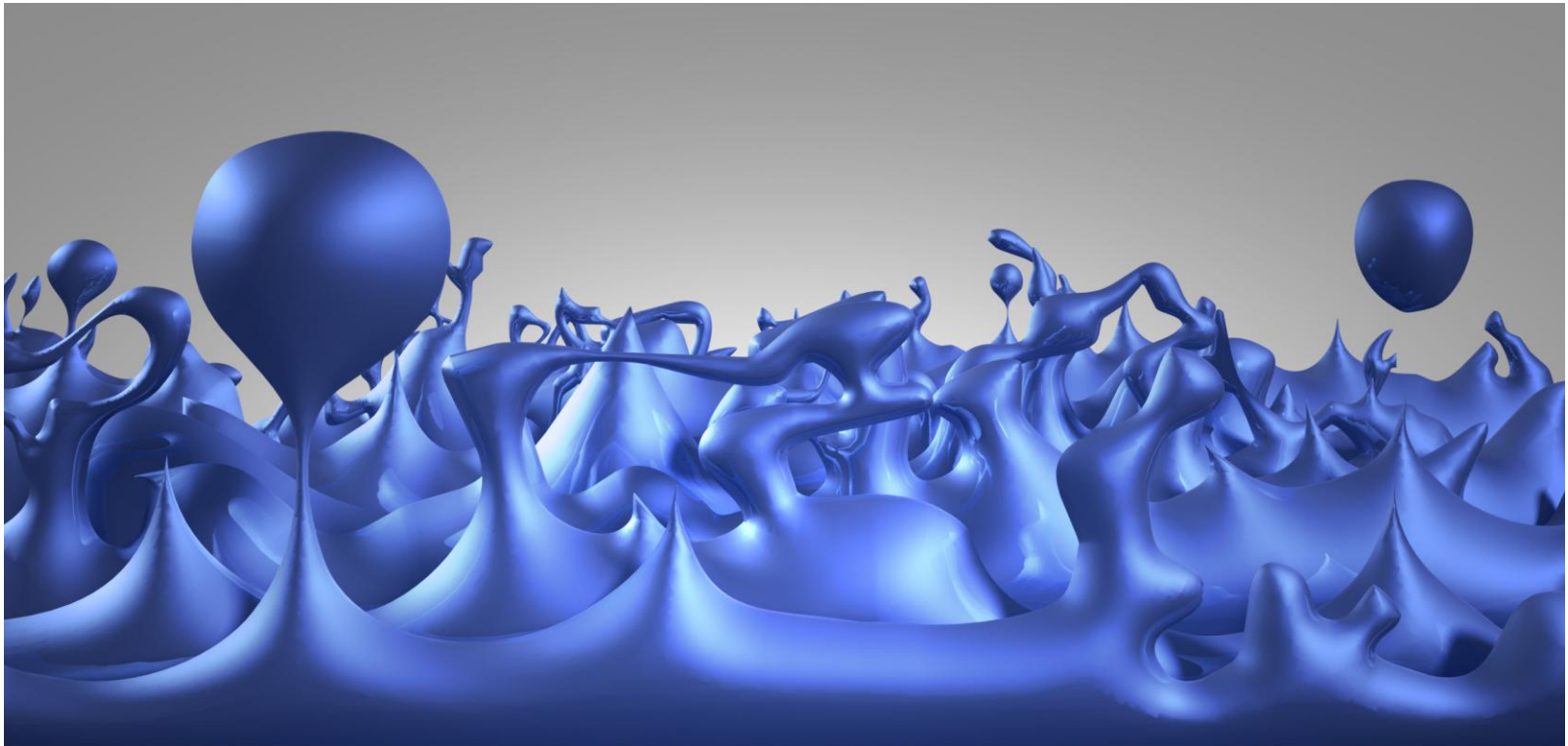
General Claim

Gravity sets an upper bound



The Planck Scale: $E = M_{\text{pl}}$

Vague Lore: Topology Breakdown...



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Vague Lore: Topology Breakdown...



Broader Claim

(Implicit Theme: TFTs $\leftrightarrow$ Global Symmetries)

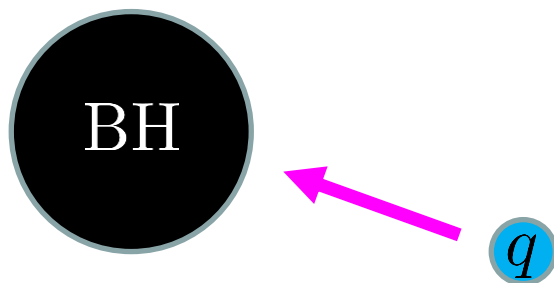
No Global Symmetries in Quantum Gravity

Global Symmetries of QFT “Emerge in IR”

Another Motivation

Global symmetries very helpful in QFT

Lore: No global symmetries in quantum gravity

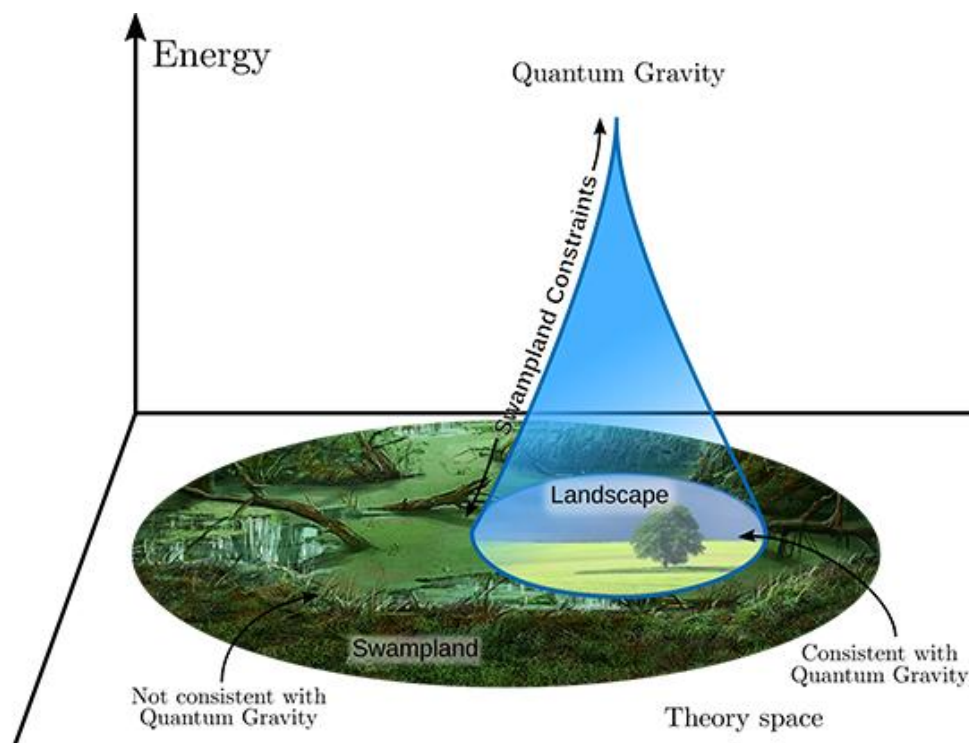


Puzzle: What happened to the global symmetries???

Swampland

Vafa et al... '05 $\rightarrow \infty$

Gravity Imposes Non-Trivial Constraints on QFTs



Swampland

Vafa et al... '05 $\rightarrow \infty$

Gravity Imposes Non-Trivial Constraints on QFTs



Summary / Punchlines

Use AdS/CFT to show:

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Summary / Punchlines

Use AdS/CFT to show:

- TQFTs couple to gravity non-pert: $\sim e^{-(M_{\text{pl}}/E)^\nu}$
- TQFTs couple to gravity pert: $\sim (E/M_{\text{pl}})^\nu$
- In UV, TQFT fields “have kinetic terms”

Outline

- Top Down Perspective
- Holography & TQFTs vs Gravity
- Conclusions / Future

Top Down Perspective

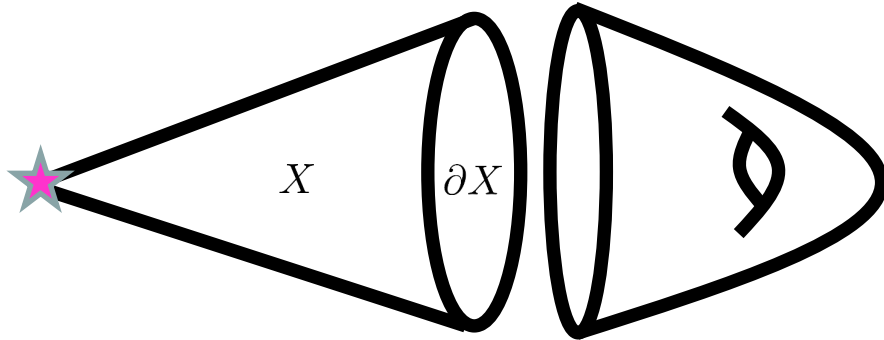
Top Down Perspective

(Start in UV w/ Gravity and then decouple it)

UV Motivated Approaches

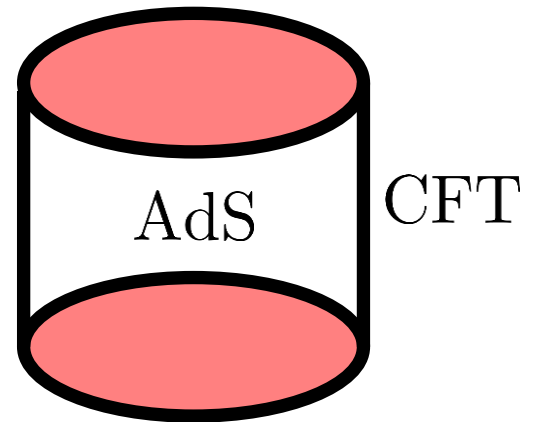
UV Motivated Approaches

String Compactification



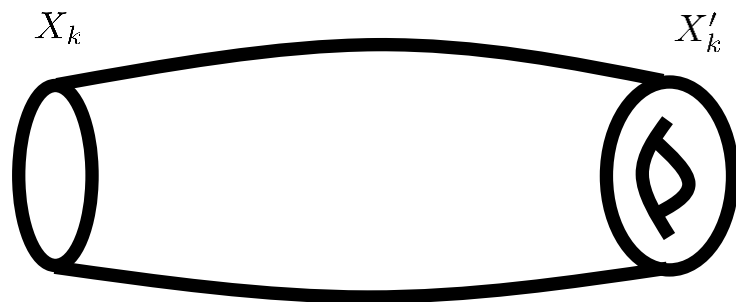
UV Motivated Approaches

Holography

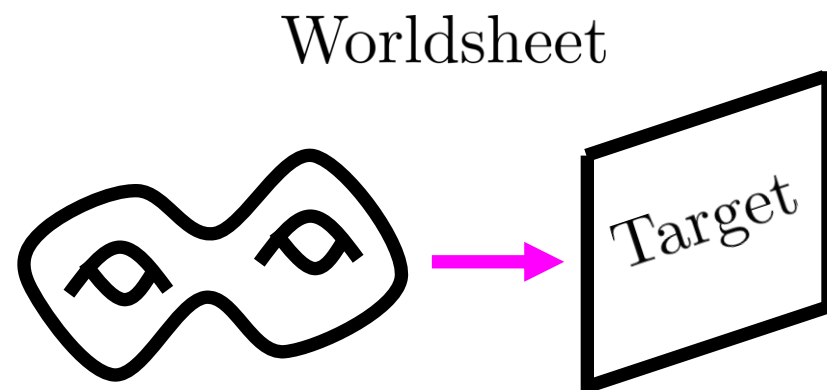


UV Motivated Approaches

Cobordisms

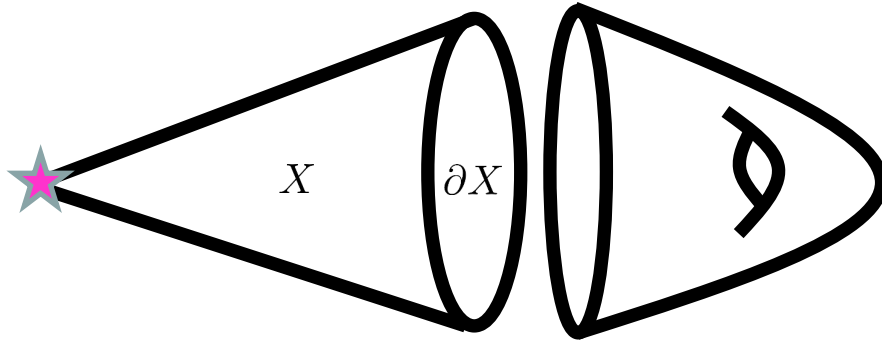


UV Motivated Approaches

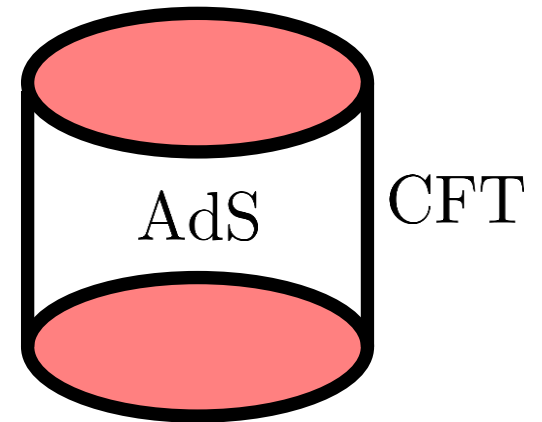


UV Motivated Approaches

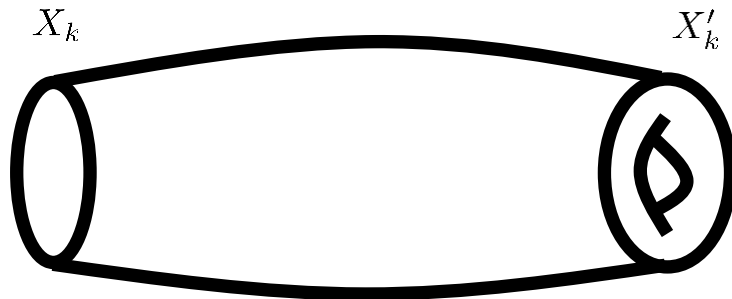
String Compactification



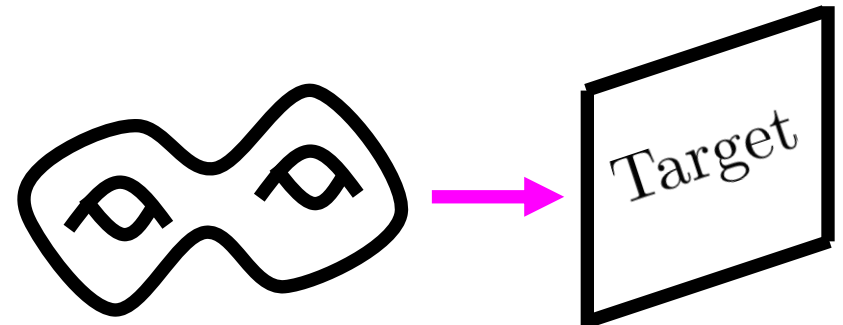
Holography



Cobordisms

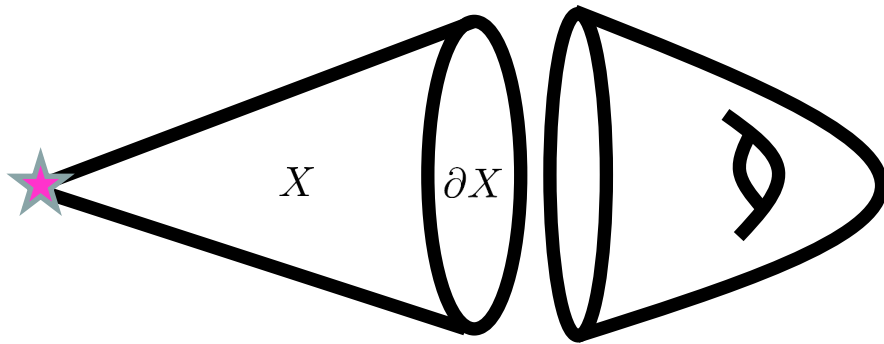


Worksheet

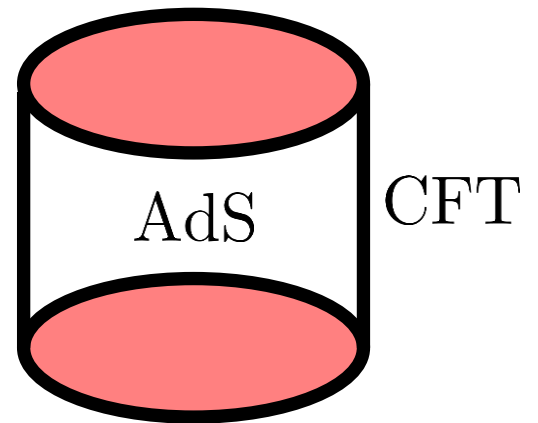


Focus for Today

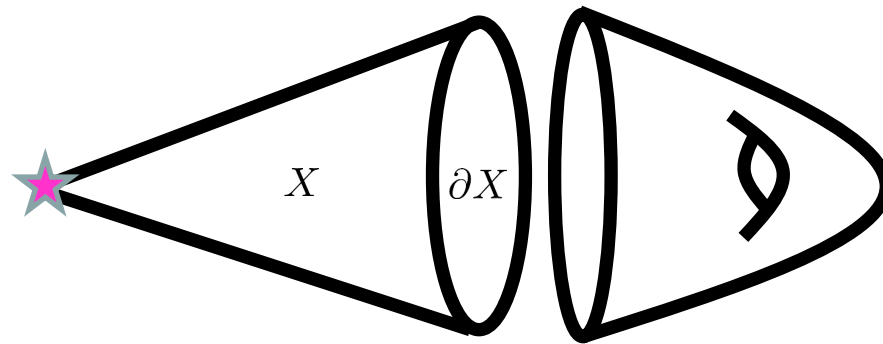
String Compactification



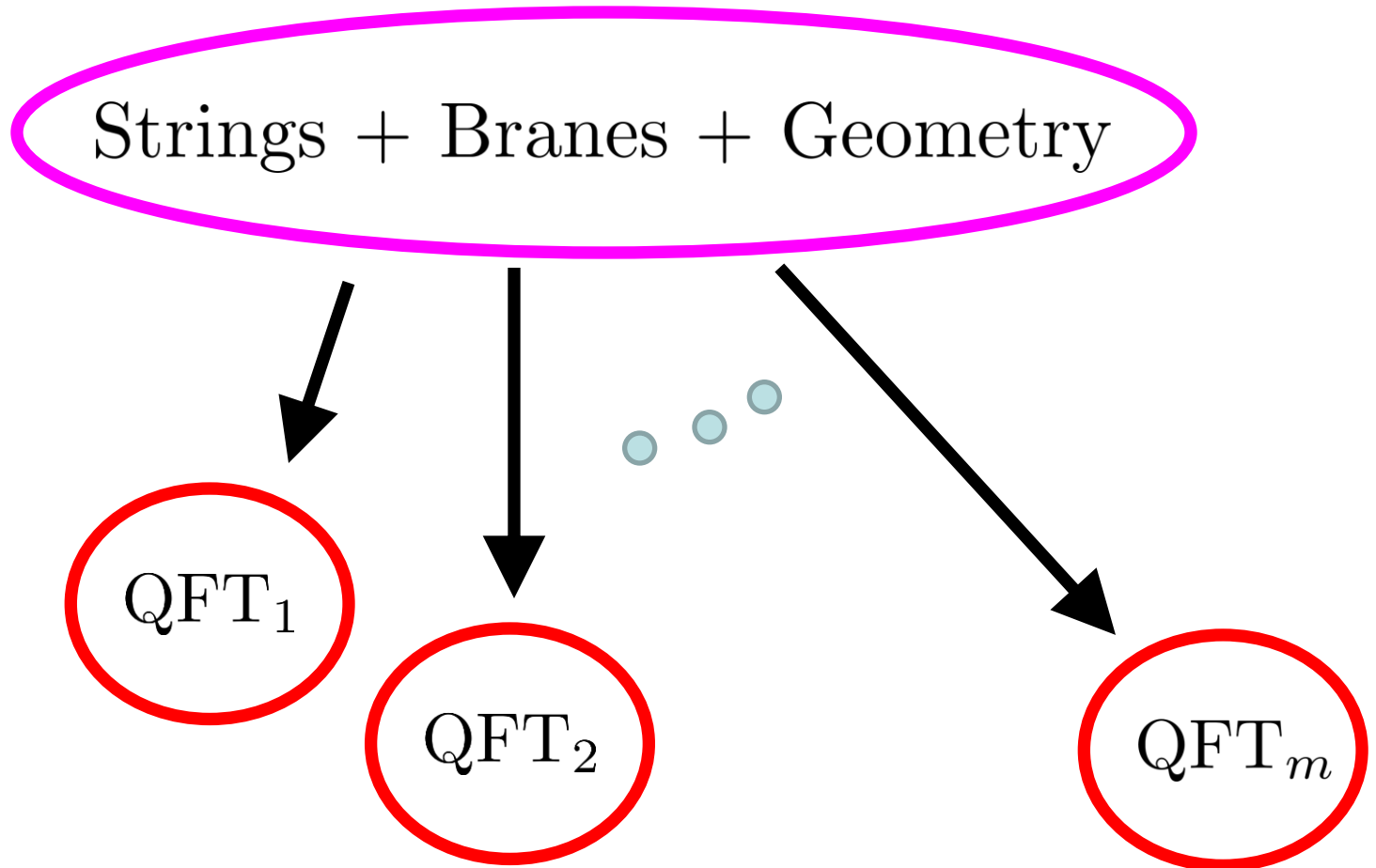
Holography



Approach 1: String Compactification

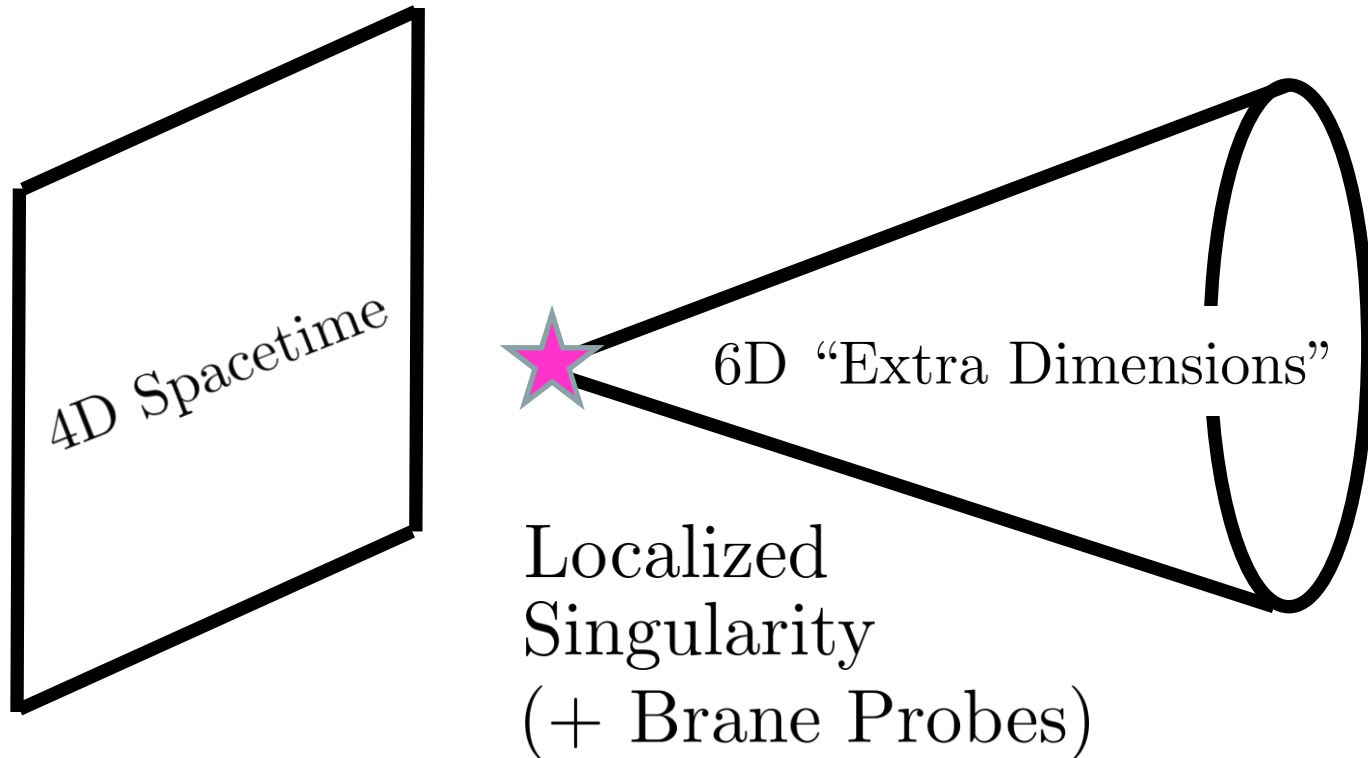


Long Distance Limits

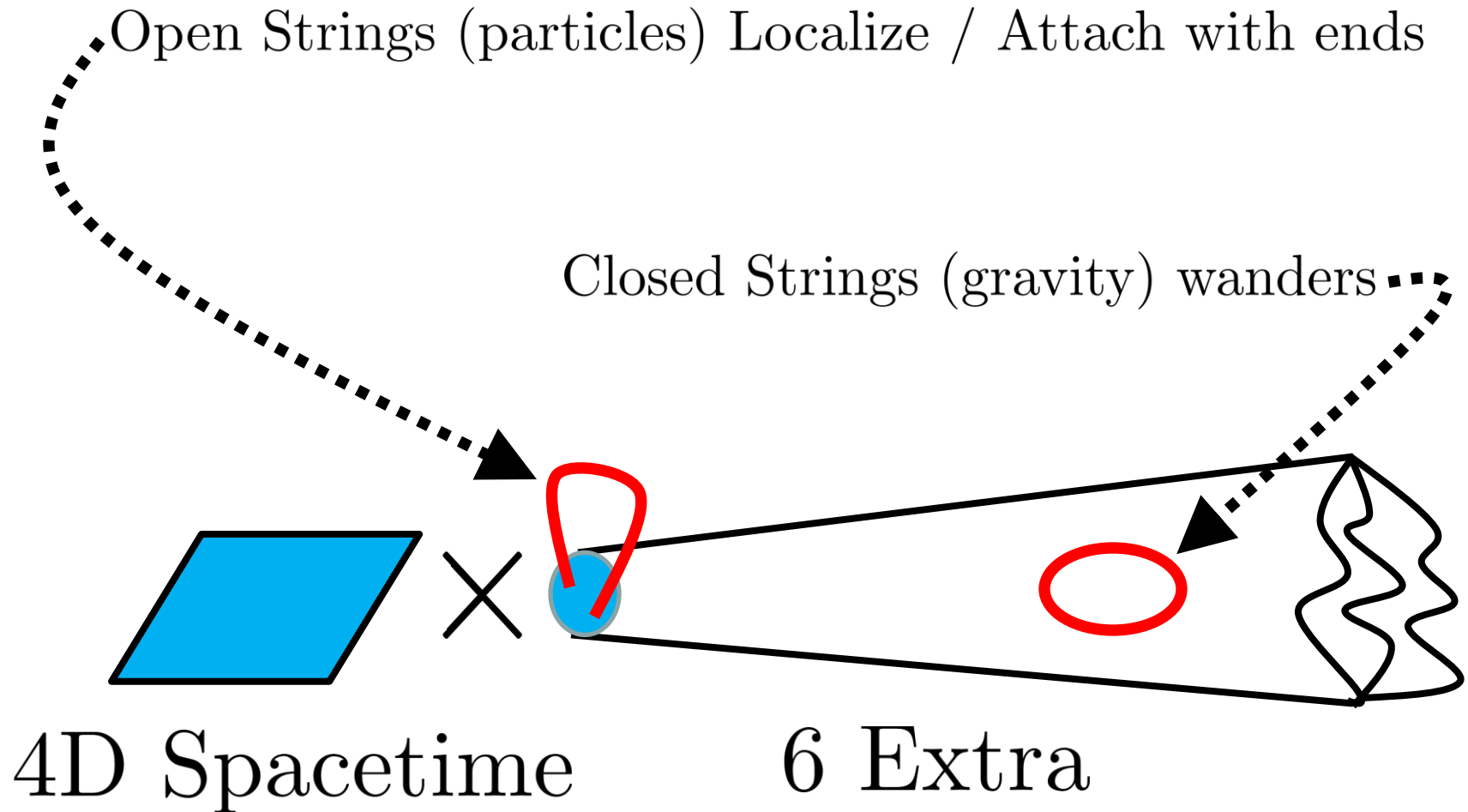


$G_N \rightarrow 0$ in Quantum Gravity

10D string backgrounds of the form:

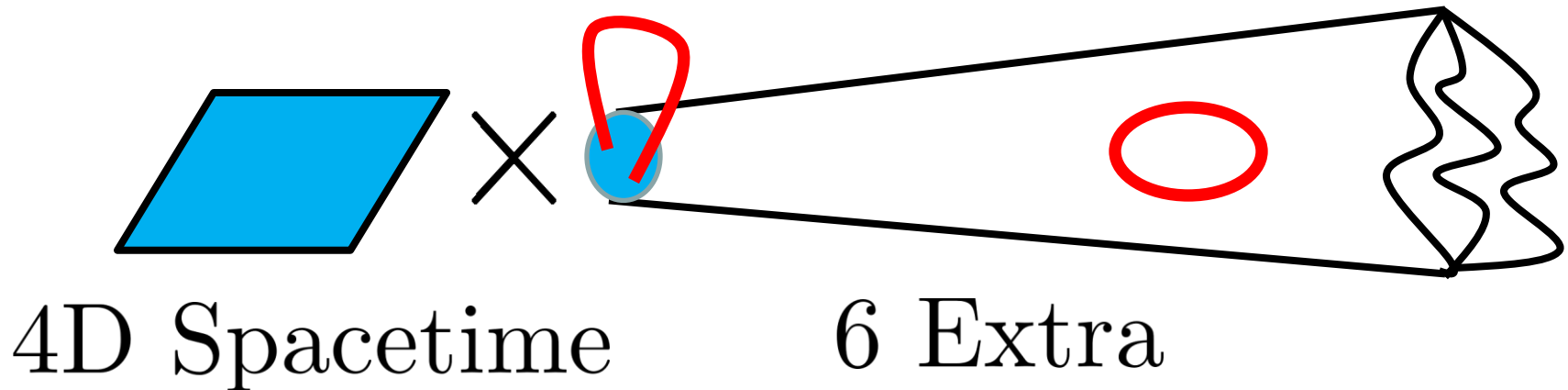


Turning Off Gravity



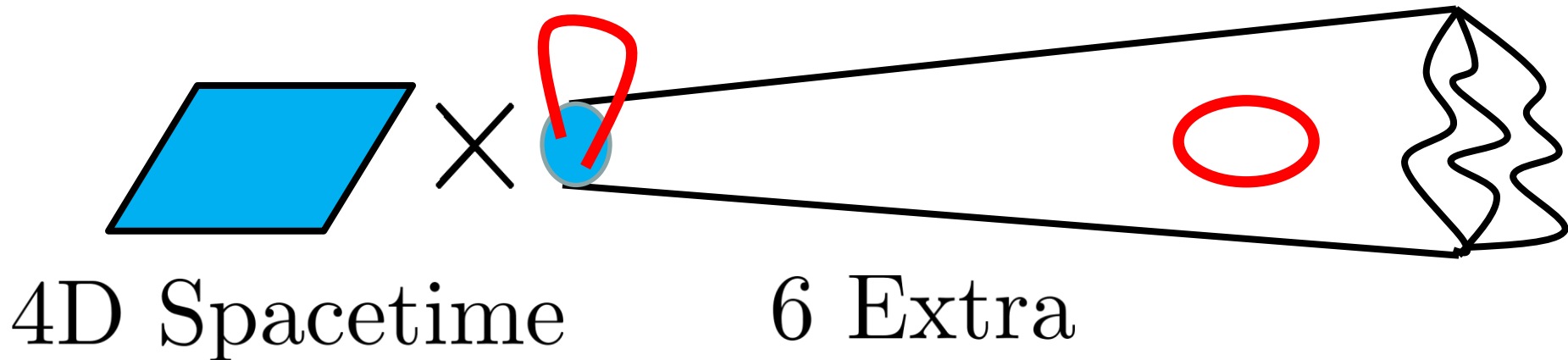
Turning Off Gravity

$$G_{\text{Newton}} \sim \frac{1}{\text{Vol}(\text{Extra Dimensions})}$$



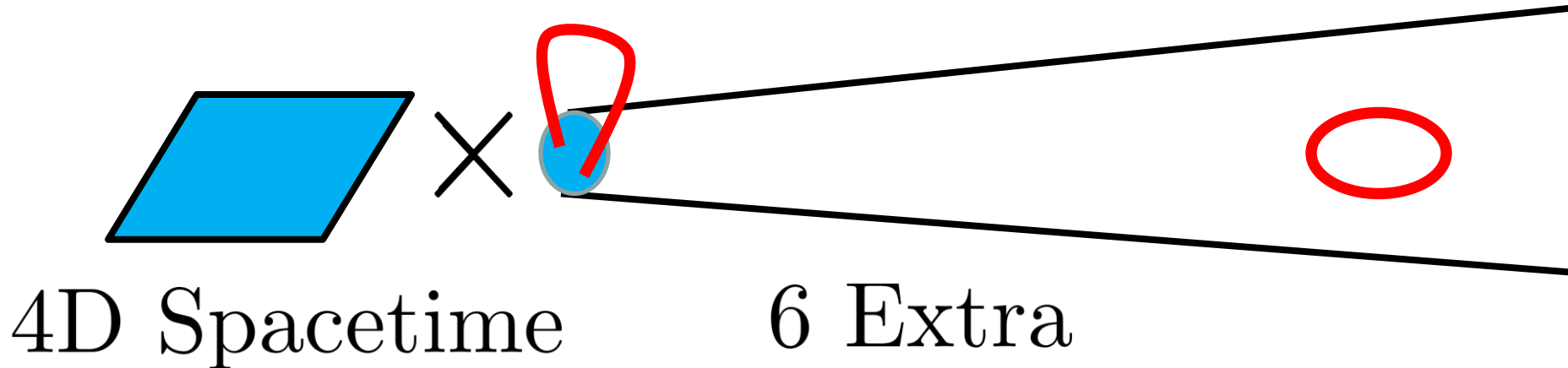
Turning Off G_{Newton}

$$G_{\text{Newton}} \sim \frac{1}{\text{Vol}(\text{Extra Dimensions})} \rightarrow 0$$



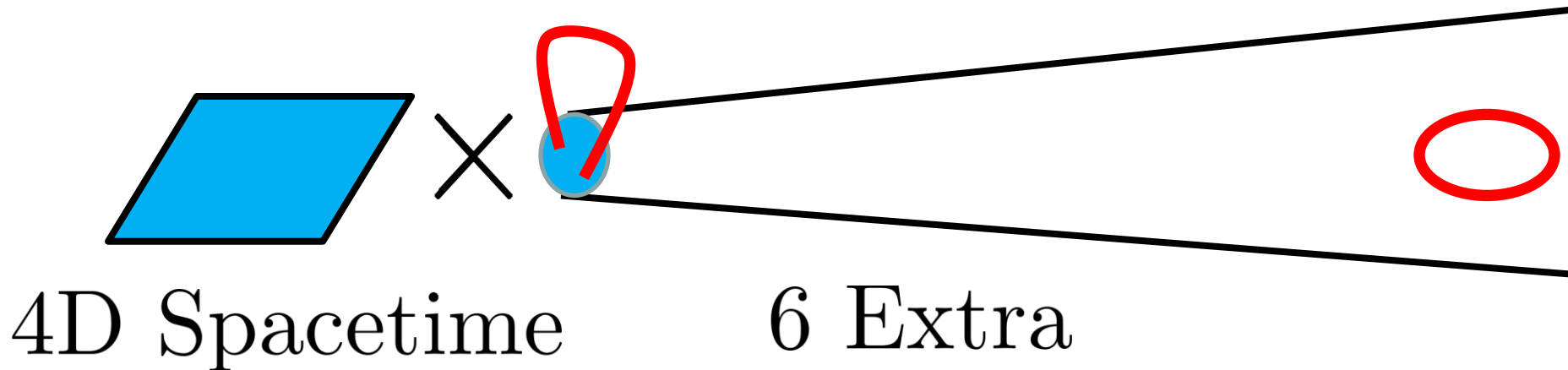
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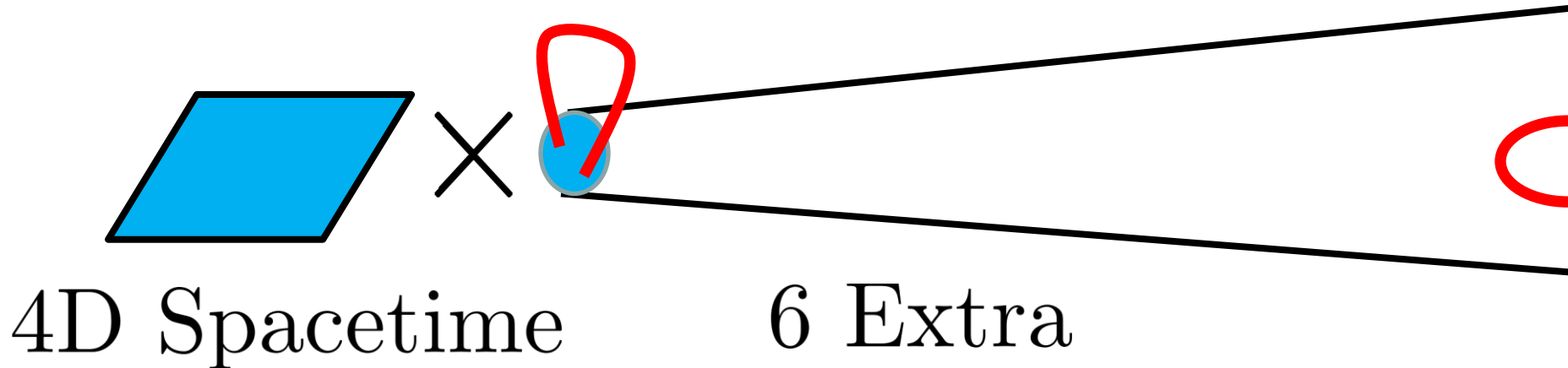
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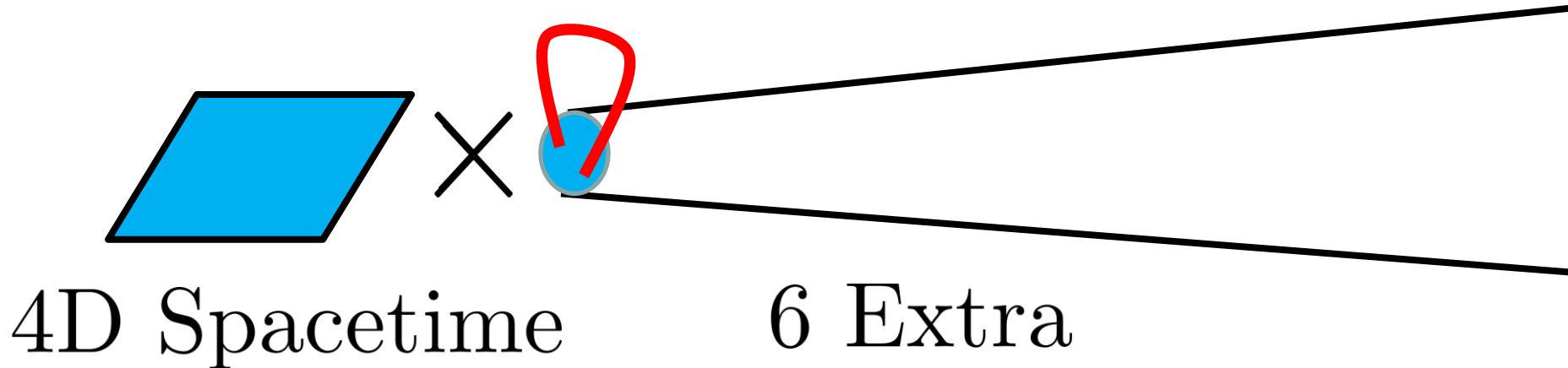
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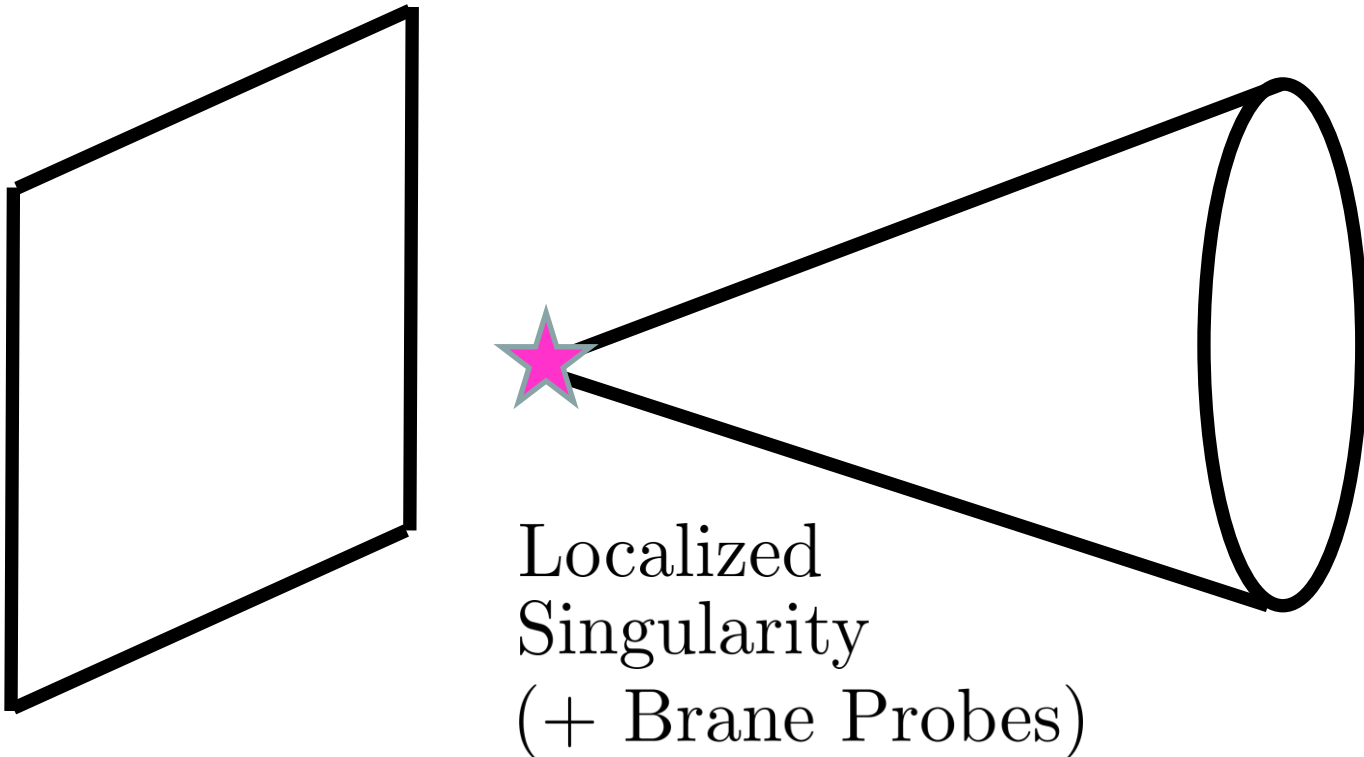


Stringy Generalized Symms

- Engineer a QFT (via Geometry)
- Defects (via Branes / Geometry / ...)
- Symmetry Ops (via Branes / Geometry / ...)

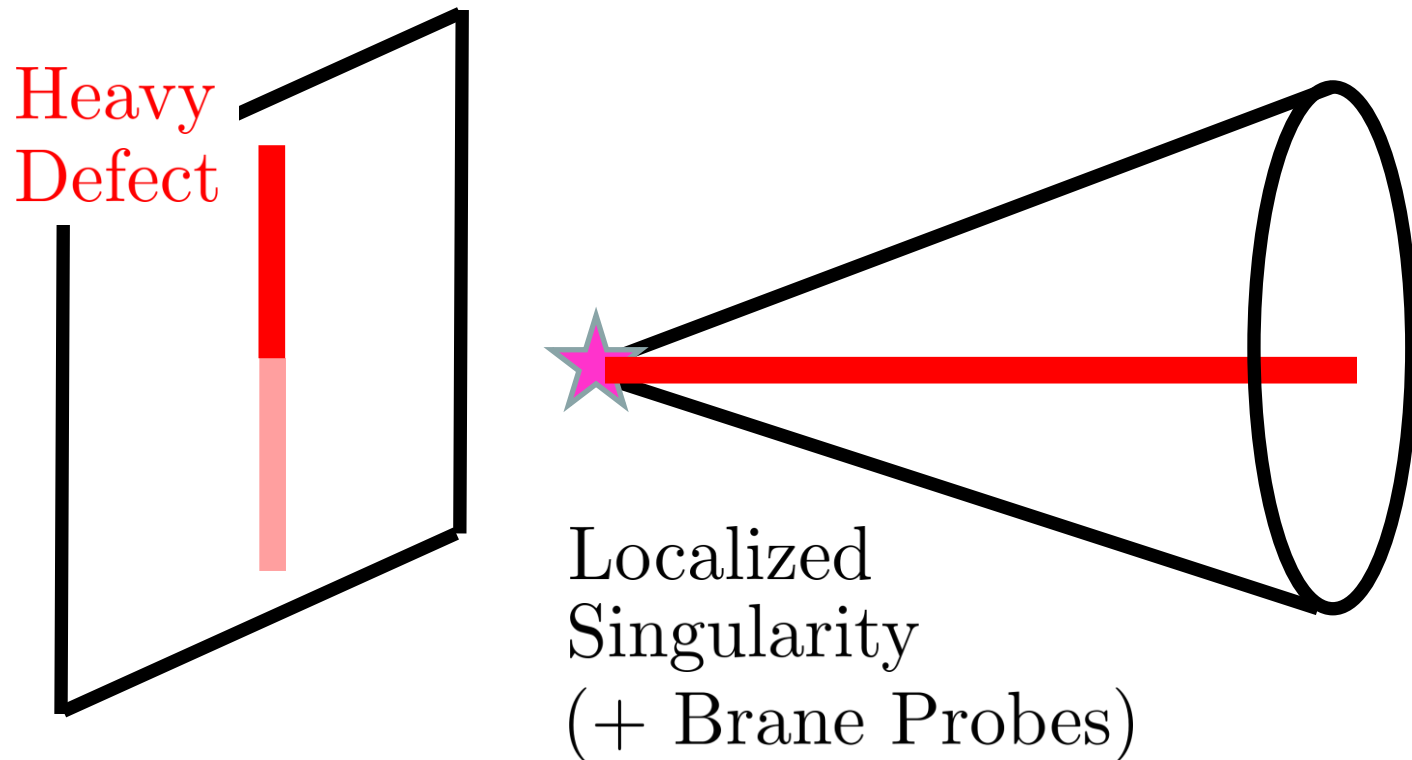
Typical Setup:

String backgrounds of the form:



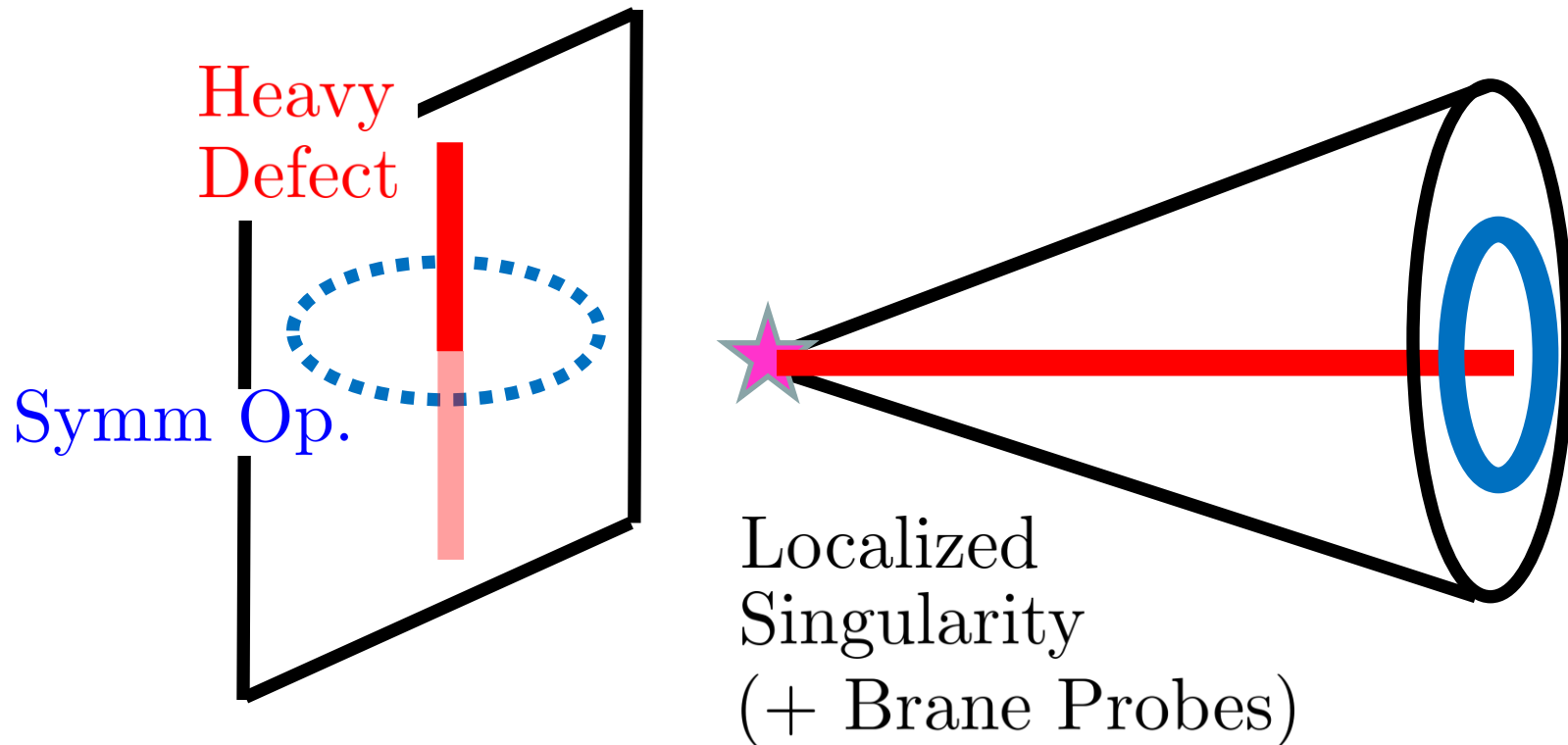
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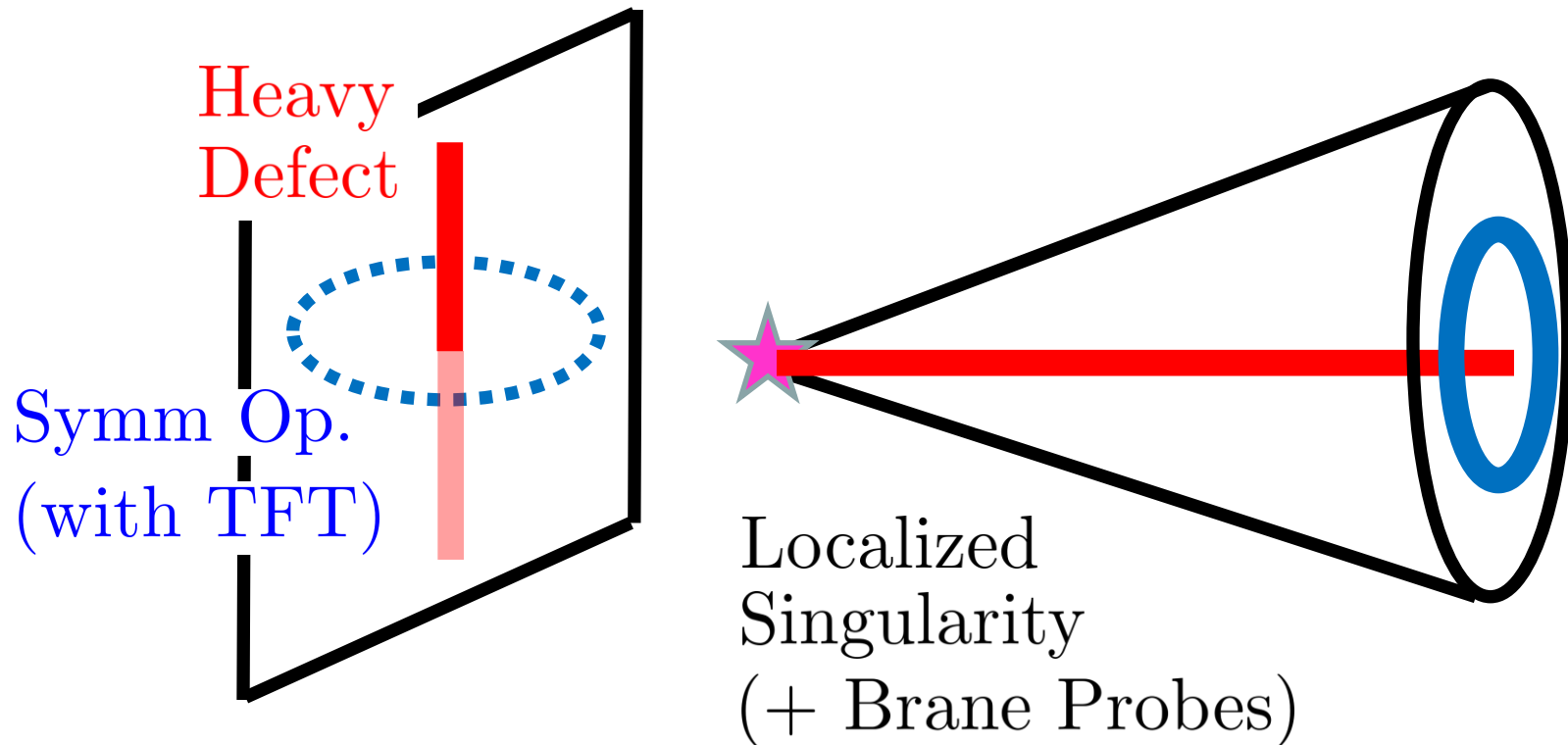
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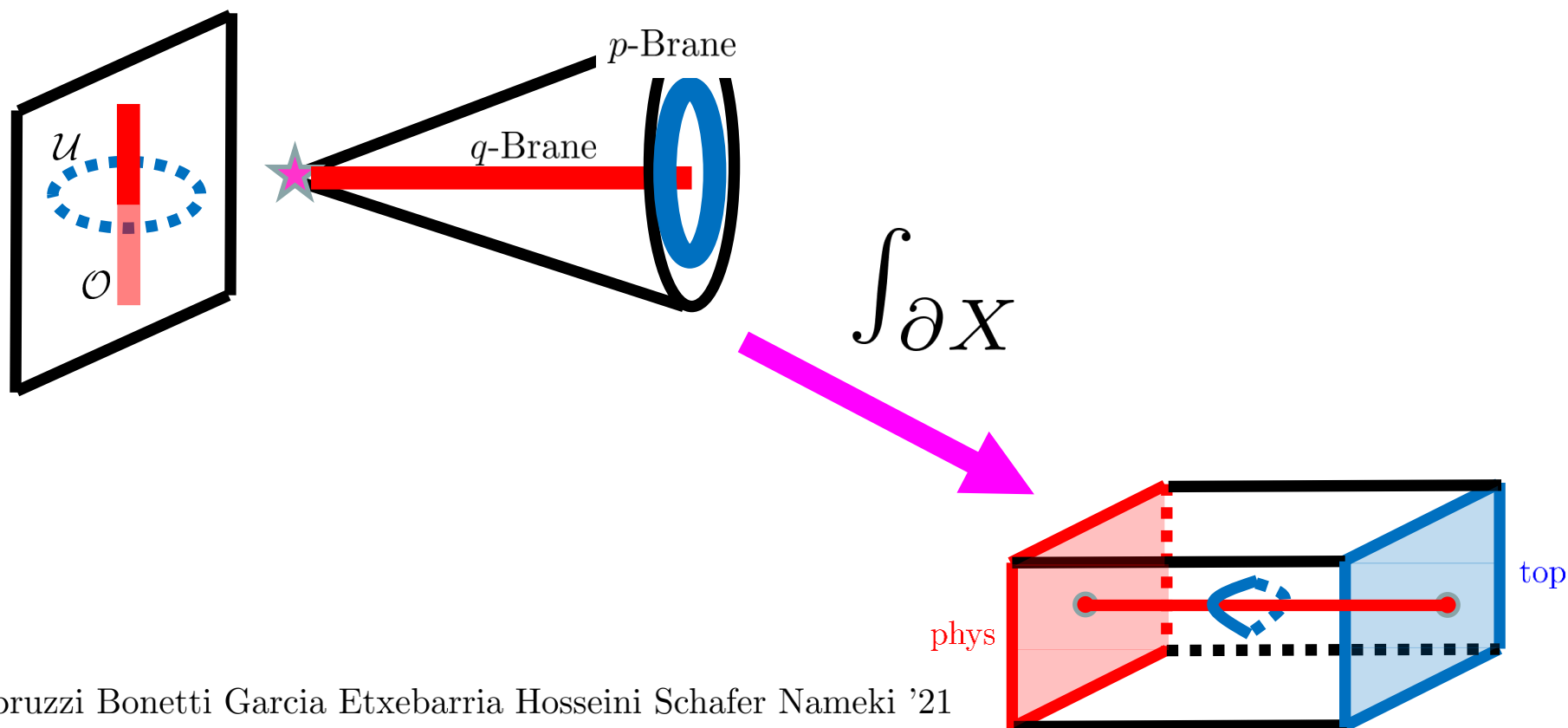
String backgrounds of the form:



Symmetry Theories

Reshetikhin, Turaev, Viro; Freed Moore Teleman '12 + many many many

Matches well with SymTh point of view:



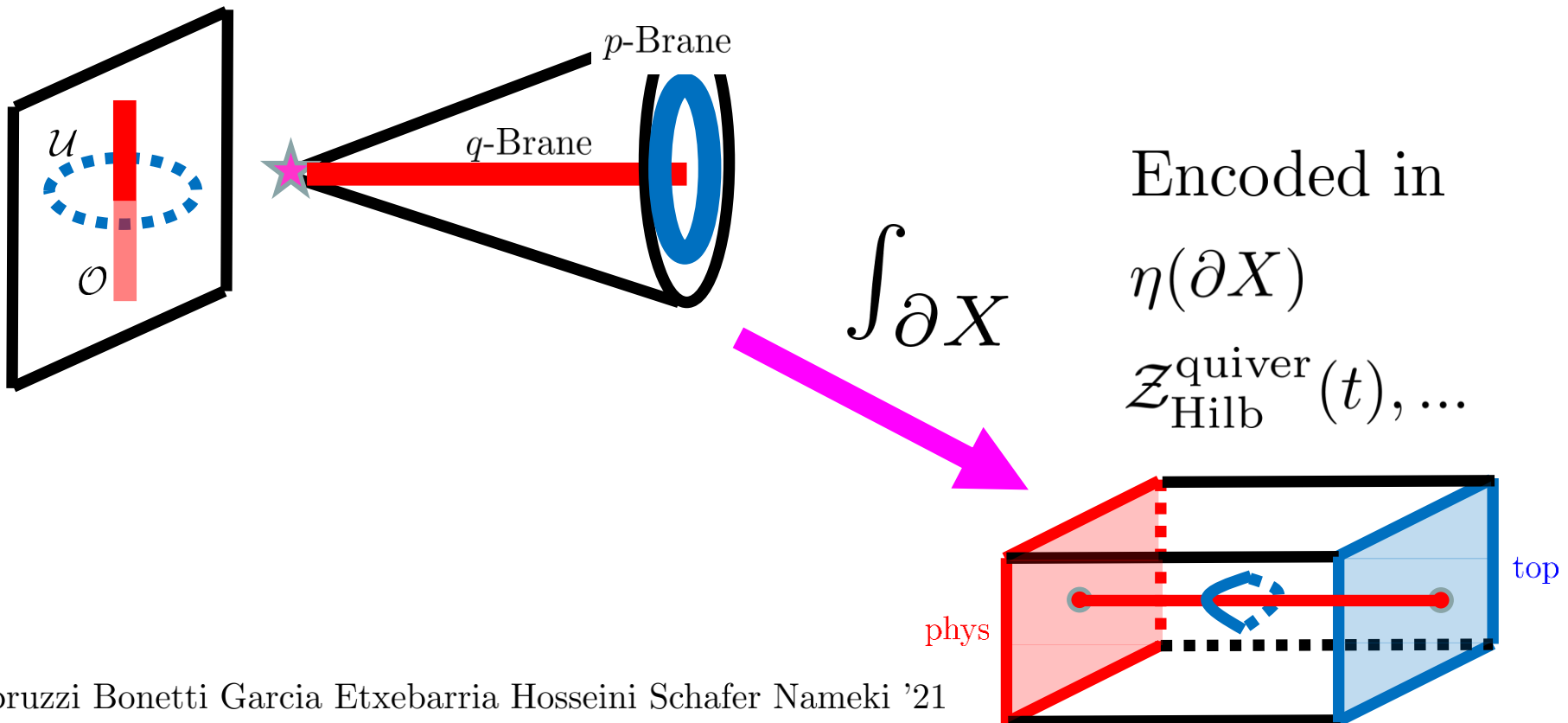
Apruzzi Bonetti Garcia Etxebarria Hosseini Schafer Nameki '21

JJH Hübner et al. '22 - '26

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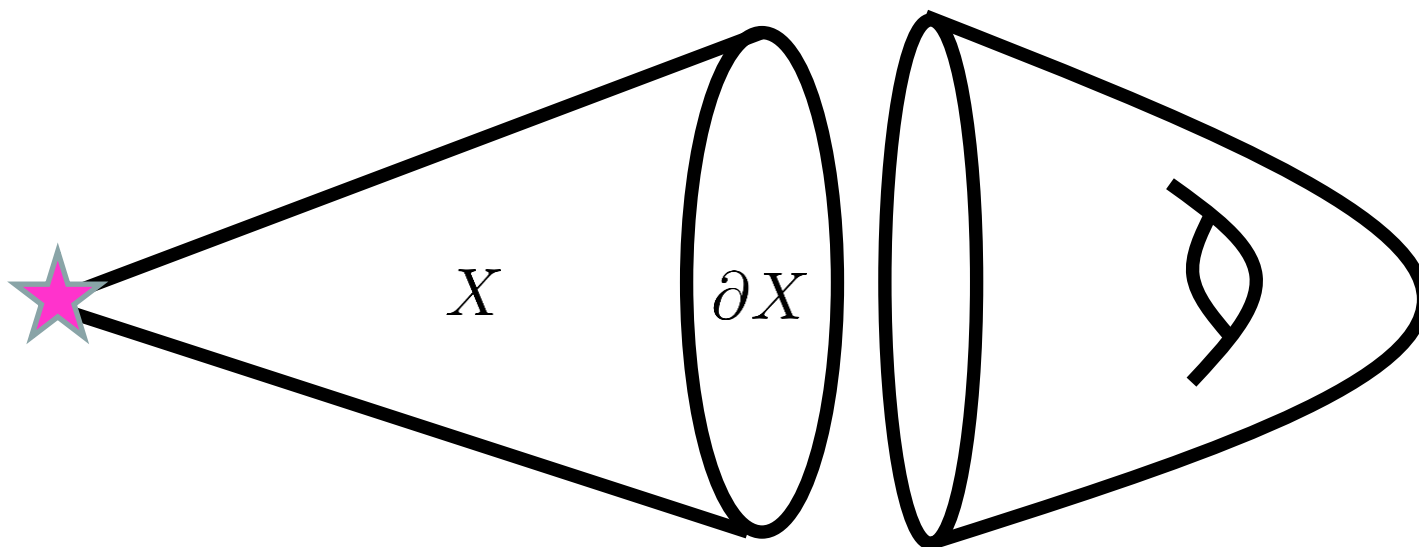
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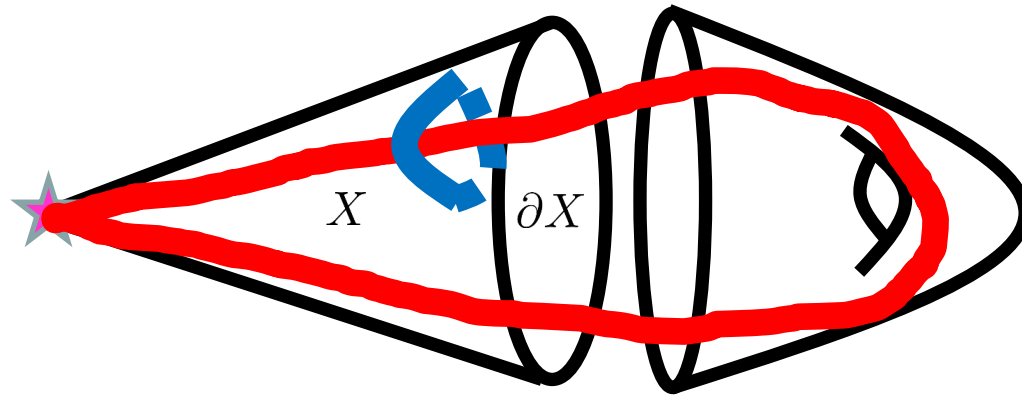
Apruzzi Bonetti Garcia Etxebarria Hosseini Schafer Nameki '21

(Chakrabhavi) JJH Hübner et al. '22 - '26

Engineering QFTs + Gravity



¿Fate Of Symmetry Operators?

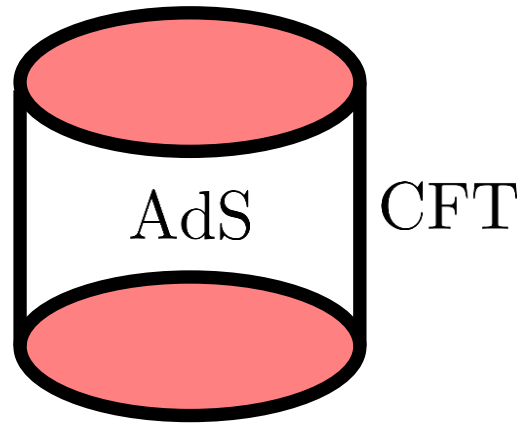


QFT $\longrightarrow$ QFT + Gravity

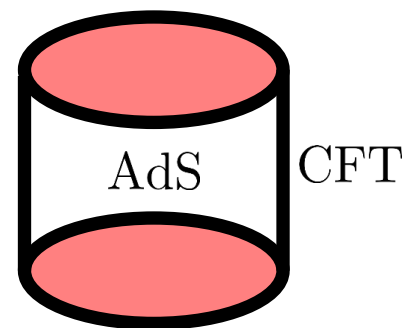
Top. Symm Op. $\longrightarrow$ Dynamical Brane

Approach 2: Holography

Maldacena '97



Dictionary Entries



AdS_{D+1}

CFT_D

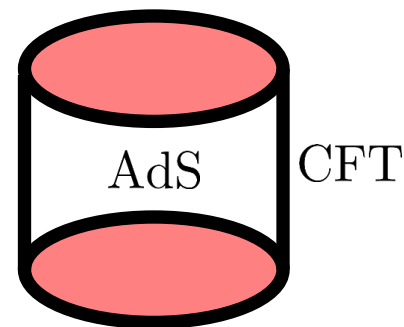
Gauge Symm.



Global Symm.



Dictionary Entries



AdS_{D+1}

CFT_D

Radial Evol^{*n*}



Hamilton Kabat Lifschytz Lowe '05 '06

Smearing

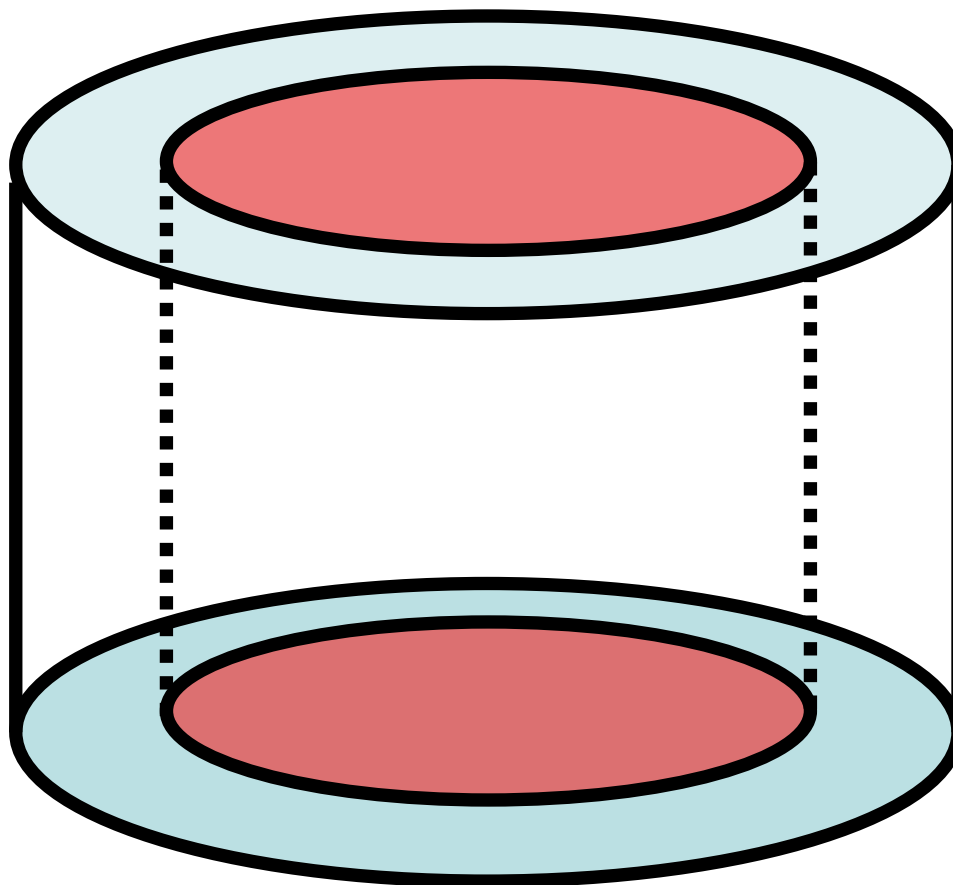
Gauge Symm.



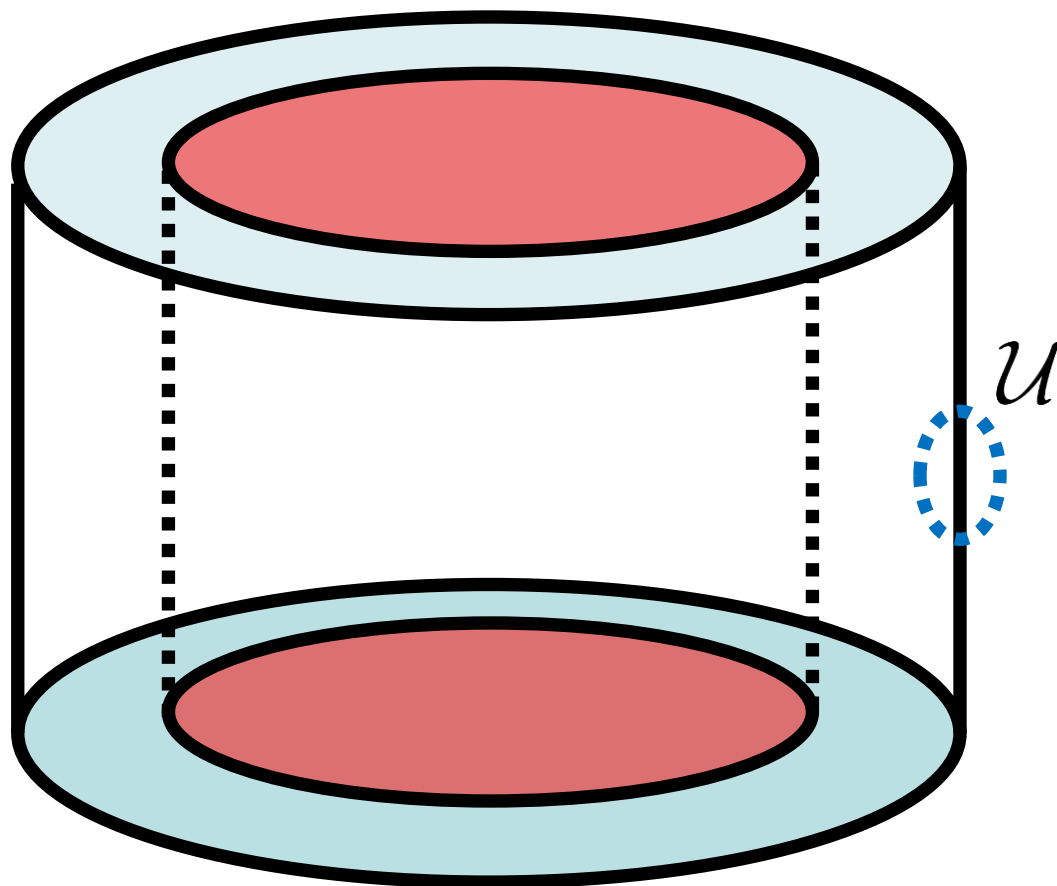
Global Symm.



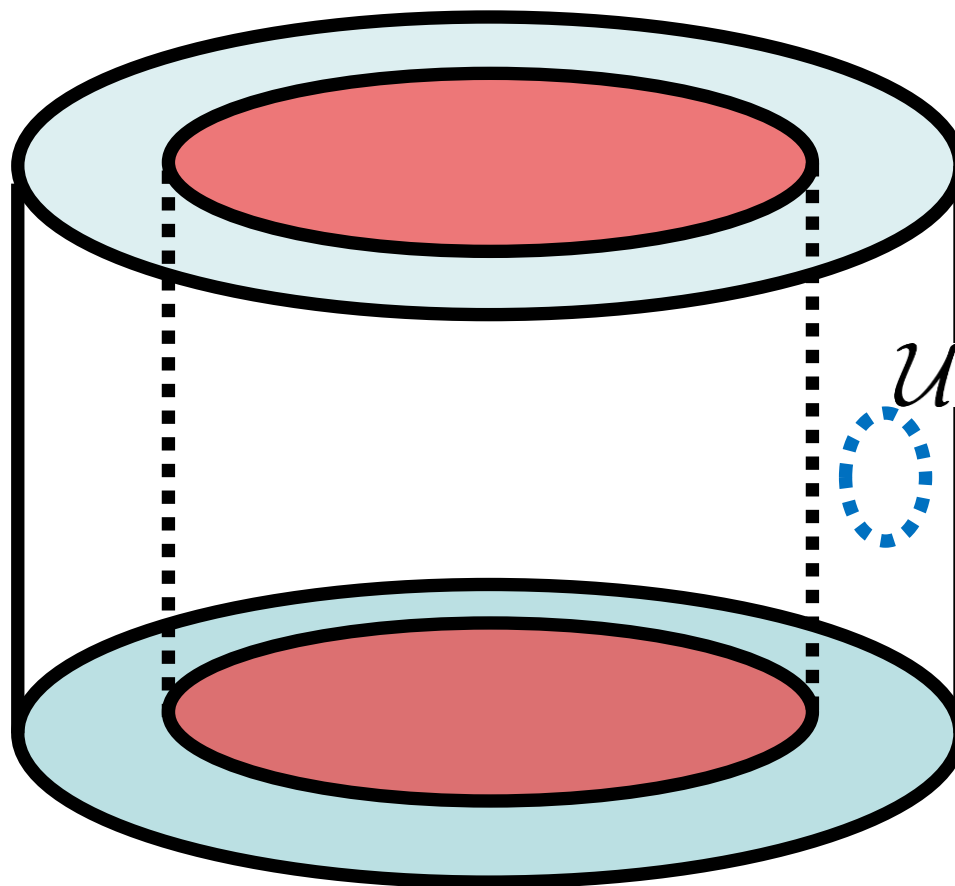
Brane Tracking



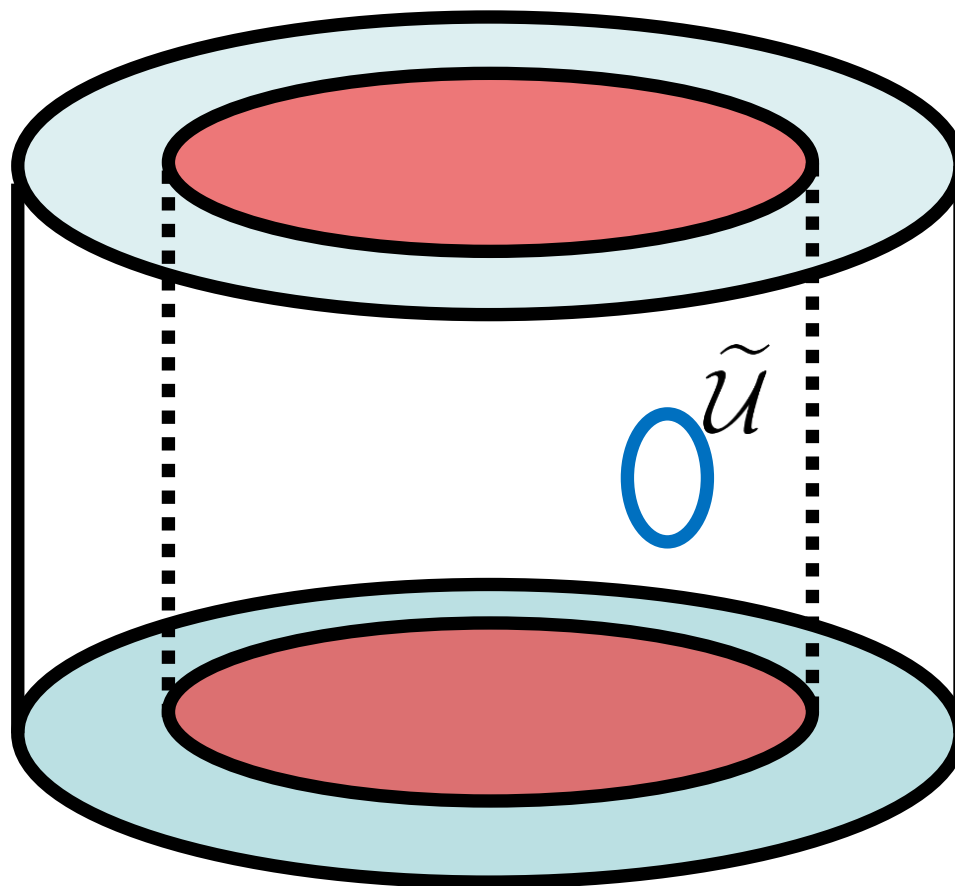
Brane Tracking



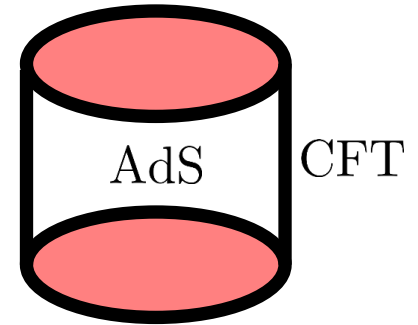
Brane Tracking



Brane Tracking



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CFT_D

Radial Evolⁿ



Smearing

Gauge Symm.



Global Symm.

$\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_{\text{Brane}}$



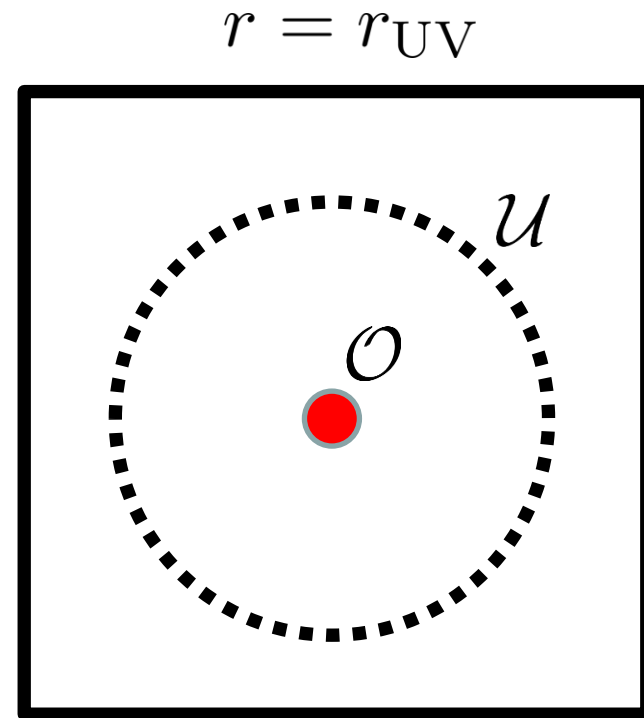
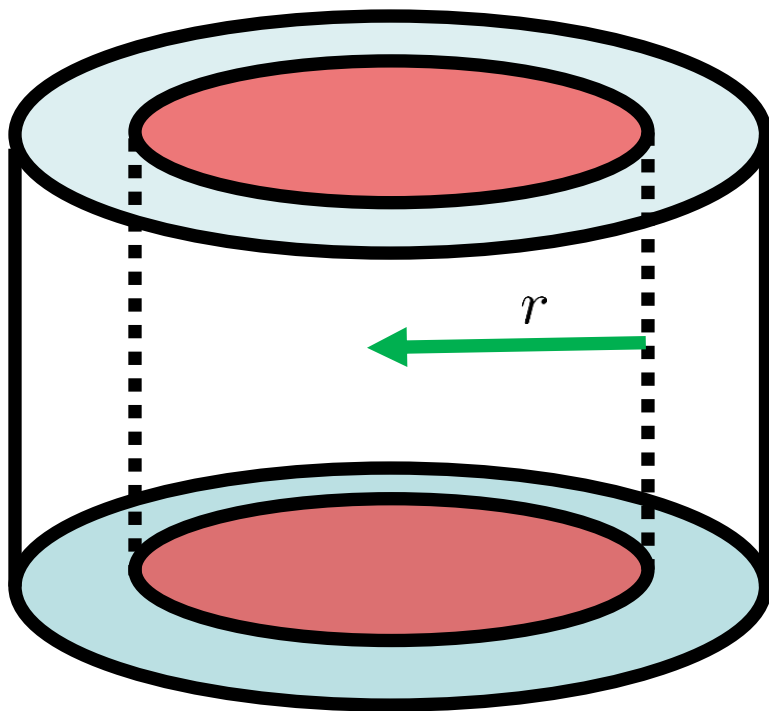
$\mathcal{U}_{\text{Symmetry Operator}}$

Top Down Approach: Apruzzi Bah Bonetti Schafer-Nameki '22;
Garcia Etxebarria '22;
JJH Hubner Torres Zhang '22 + ...

Smearing $\mathcal{U} \oplus \mathcal{O}$

Look at how $\mathcal{U}$ acts on charged $\mathcal{O}$:

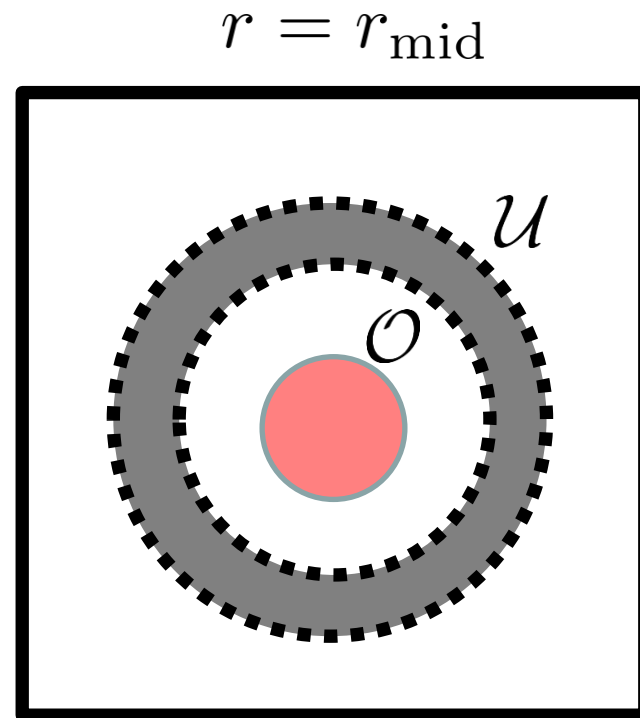
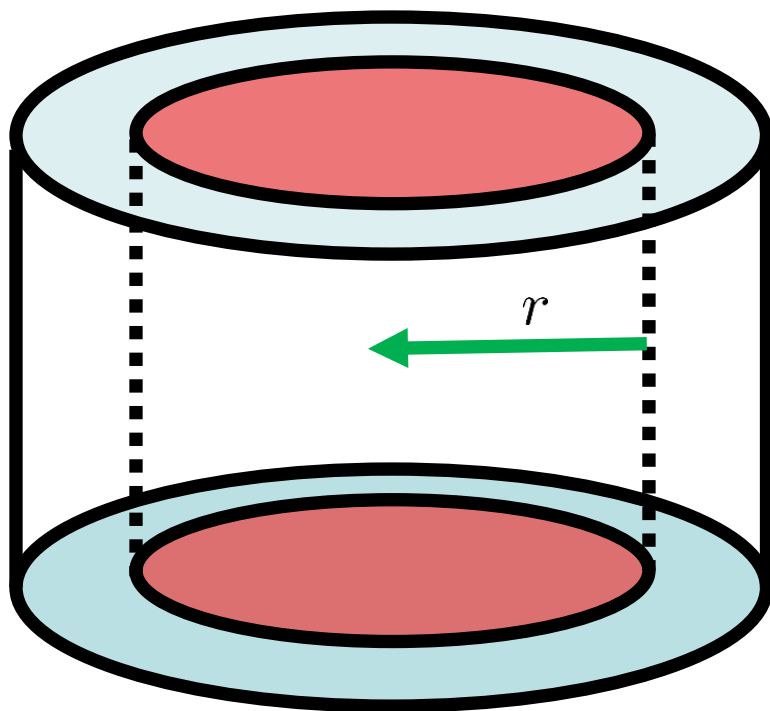
CFT + $r_{\text{UV-cutoff}}$



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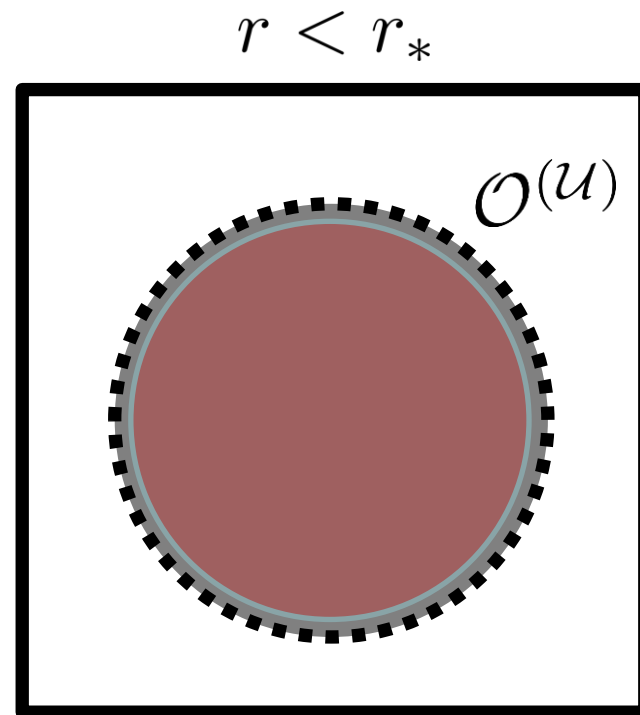
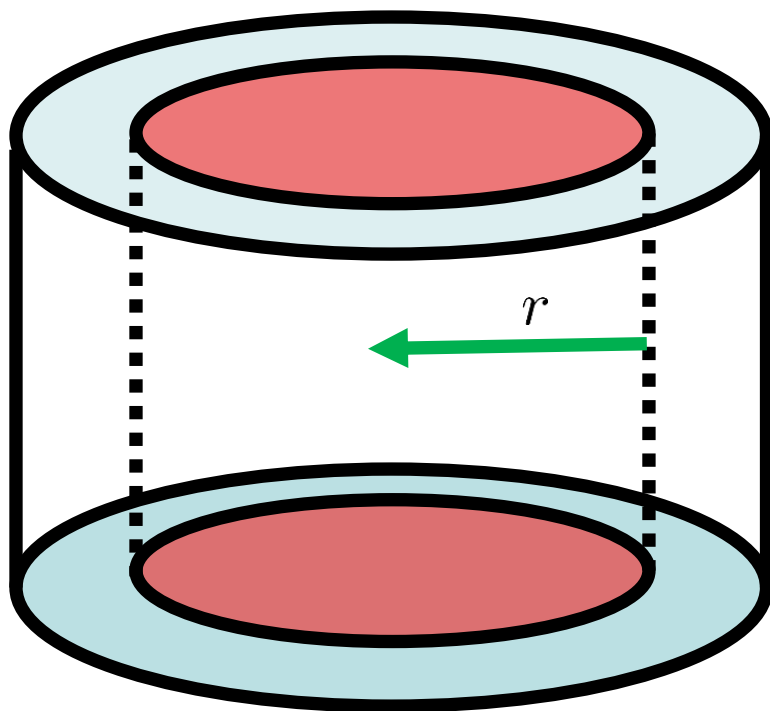
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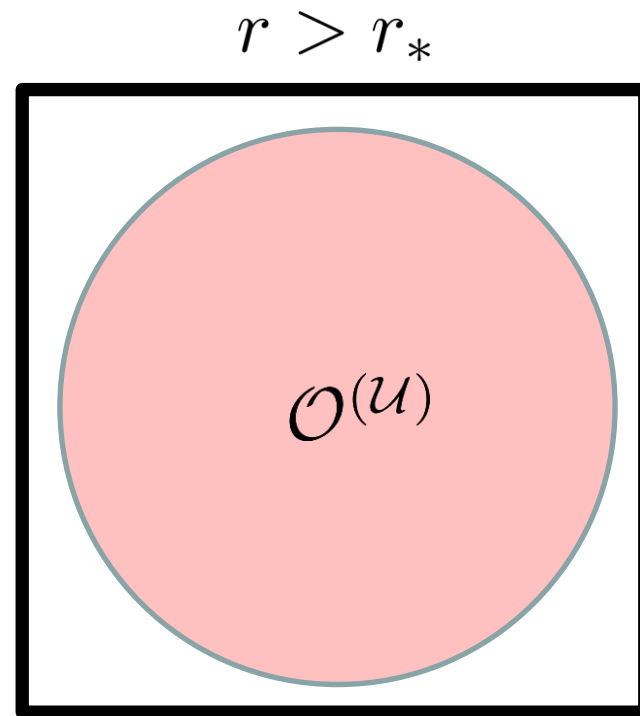
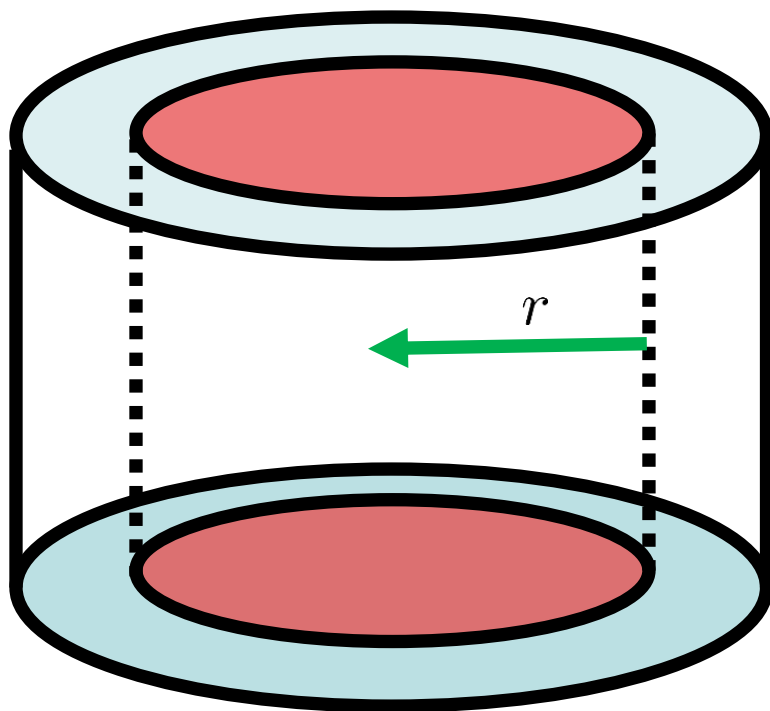
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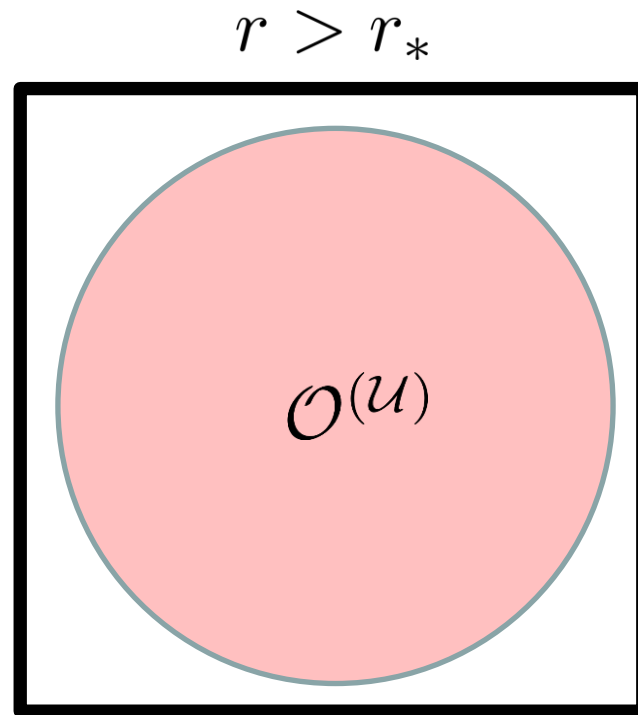
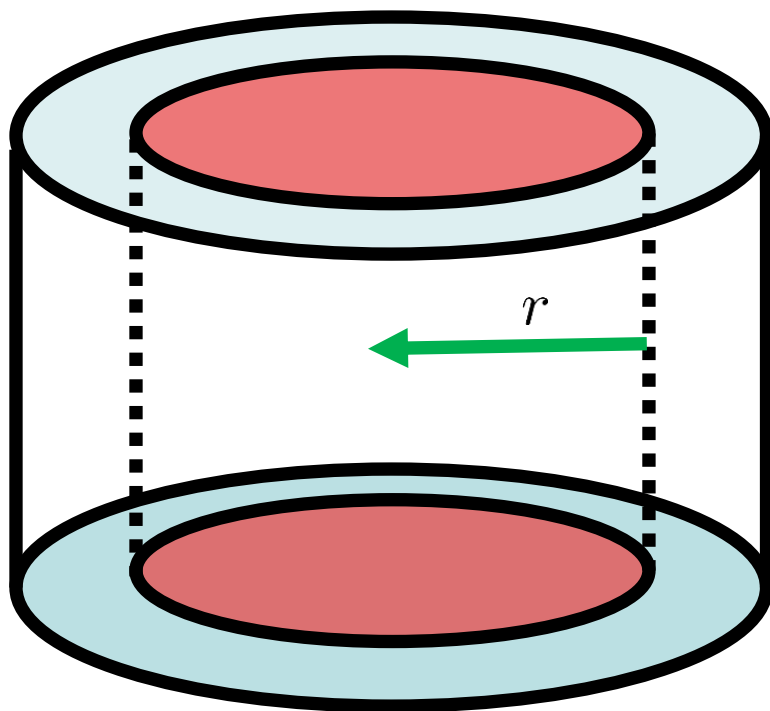


Smearing $\mathcal{U} \oplus \mathcal{O}$

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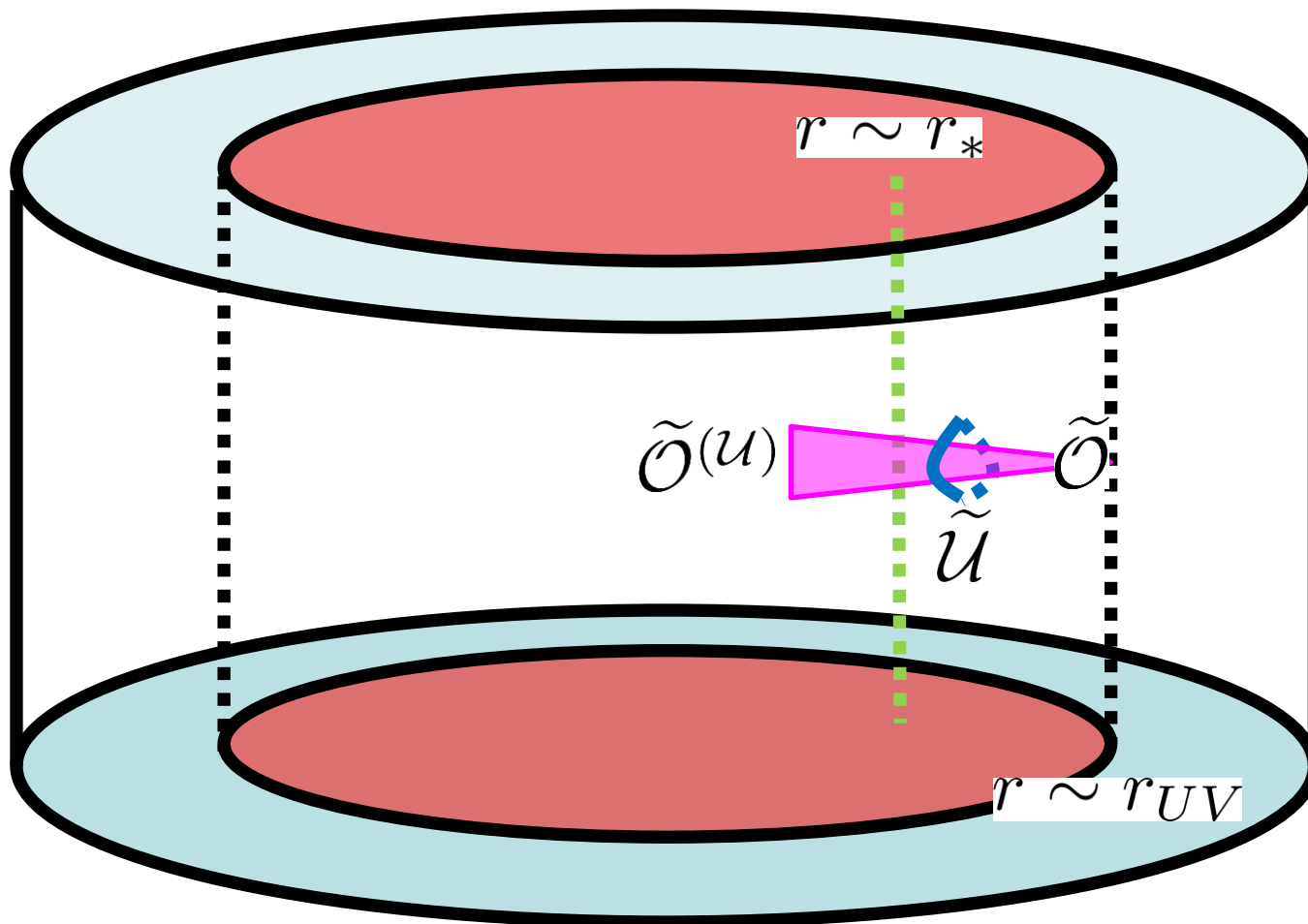
CFT + $r_{\text{UV-cutoff}}$

r_* set by extremal surface
Ryu Takayanagi '06;
Hubeny Rangamani Takayanagi '07

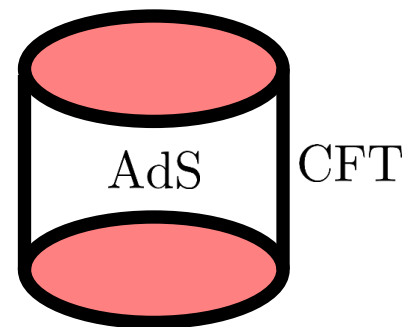


$\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$ Sources $T_{\mu\nu}$: It's a Brane!

JJH Hübner Murgia '24



Dictionary Entries



AdS_{D+1}

CFT_D

Radial Evolⁿ



Smearing

Gauge Symm.



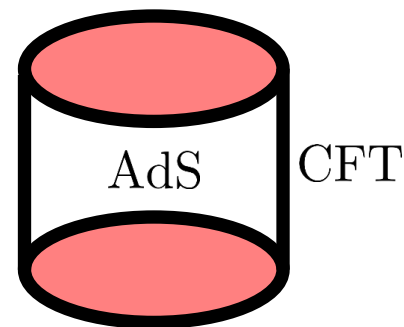
Global Symm.

$\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_{\text{Brane}}$



$\mathcal{U}_{\text{Symmetry Operator}}$

Dictionary Entries



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CFT_D

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Smearing

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Global Symm.

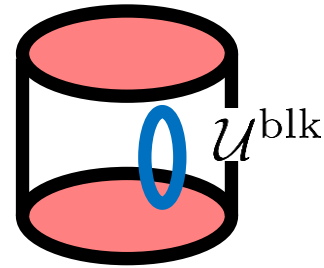
$\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_{\text{Brane}}$



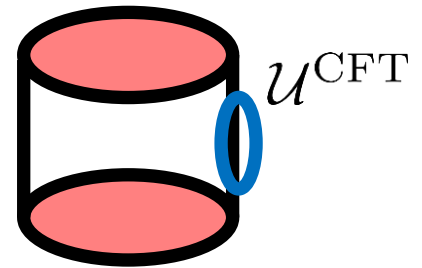
$\mathcal{U}_{\text{Symmetry Operator}}$

No Global Symmetries!

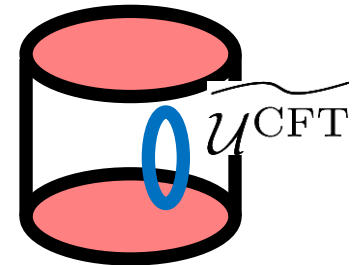
Suppose $\mathcal{U}^{\text{blk}}$ topological



$\Rightarrow \mathcal{U}^{\text{CFT}}$ symmetry operator in CFT



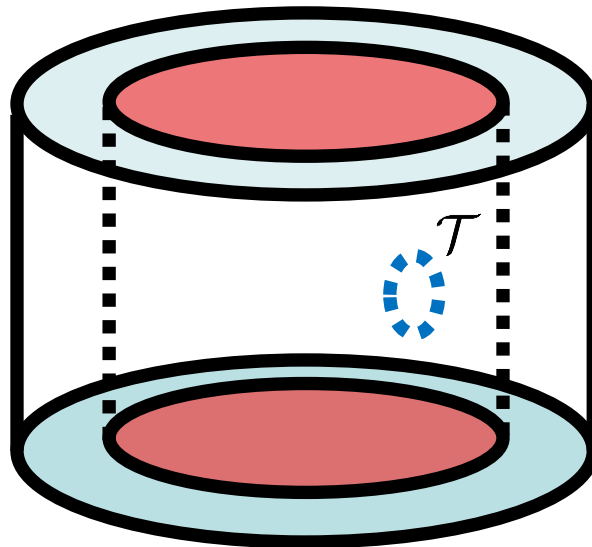
$\Rightarrow \widetilde{\mathcal{U}^{\text{CFT}}}$ Non-Topological in Bulk!



¿A Loophole?

What if $I_{\text{bulk}} = I_{\text{grav}} + I_{\text{TQFT}}$?

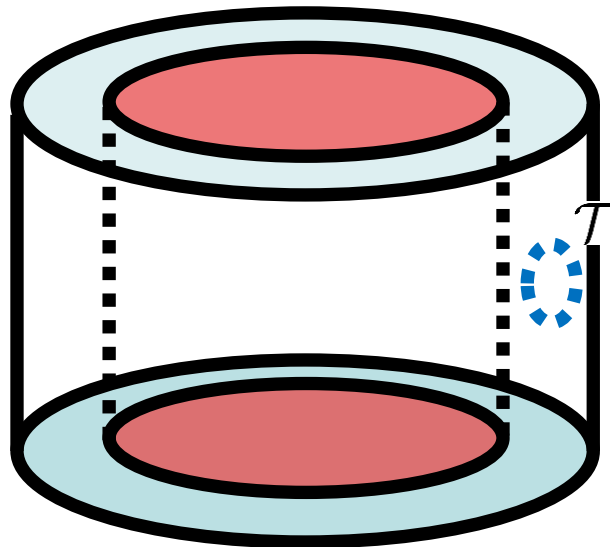
$$\mathcal{Z} \sim \int [\mathcal{D}\Phi_{\text{grav}}] [\mathcal{D}\Phi_{\text{TQFT}}] e^{-I_{\text{grav}}[\Phi_{\text{grav}}] - I_{\text{TQFT}}[\Phi_{\text{TQFT}}]}$$



¿A Loophole?

What if $I_{\text{bulk}} = I_{\text{grav}} + I_{\text{TQFT}}$?

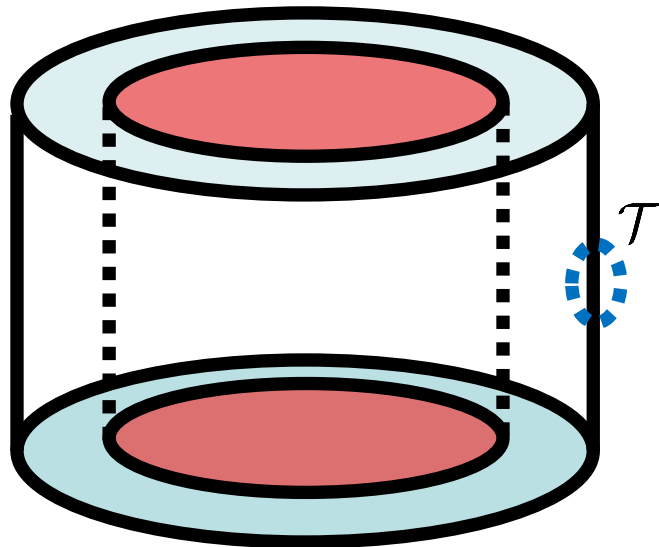
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¿A Loophole?

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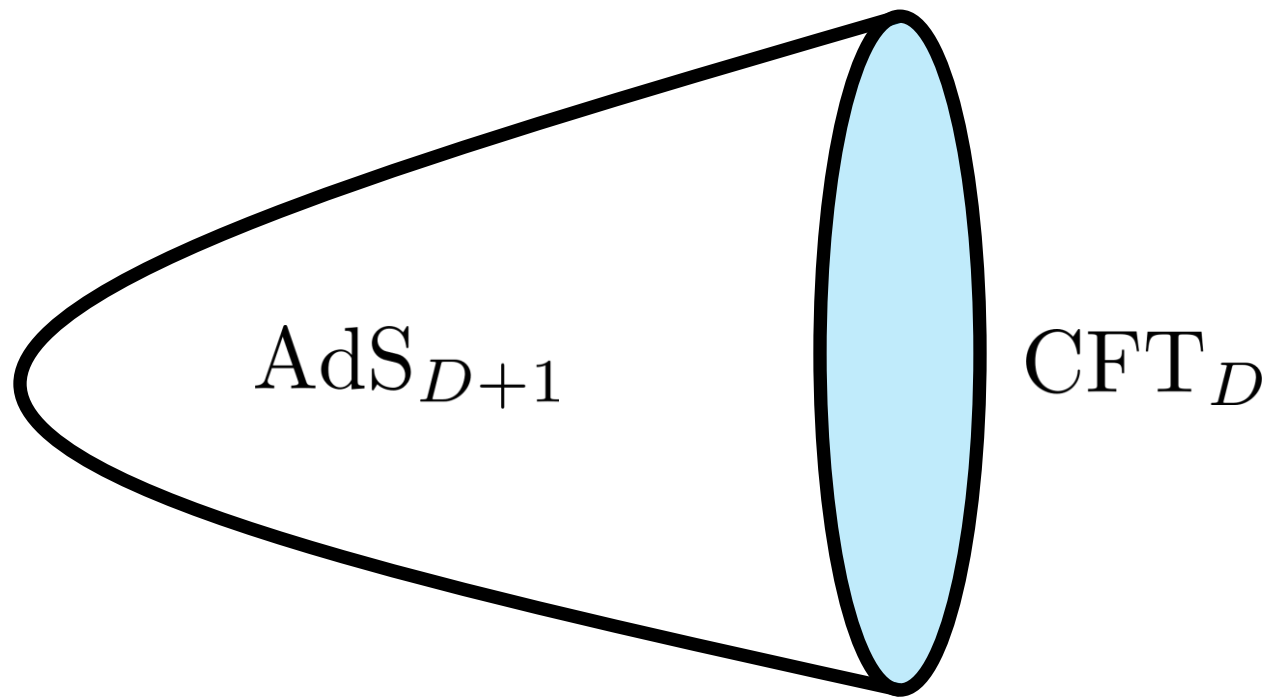
TQFTs vs Gravity

Cummings JJH '26

First: Recall “Just Gravity”

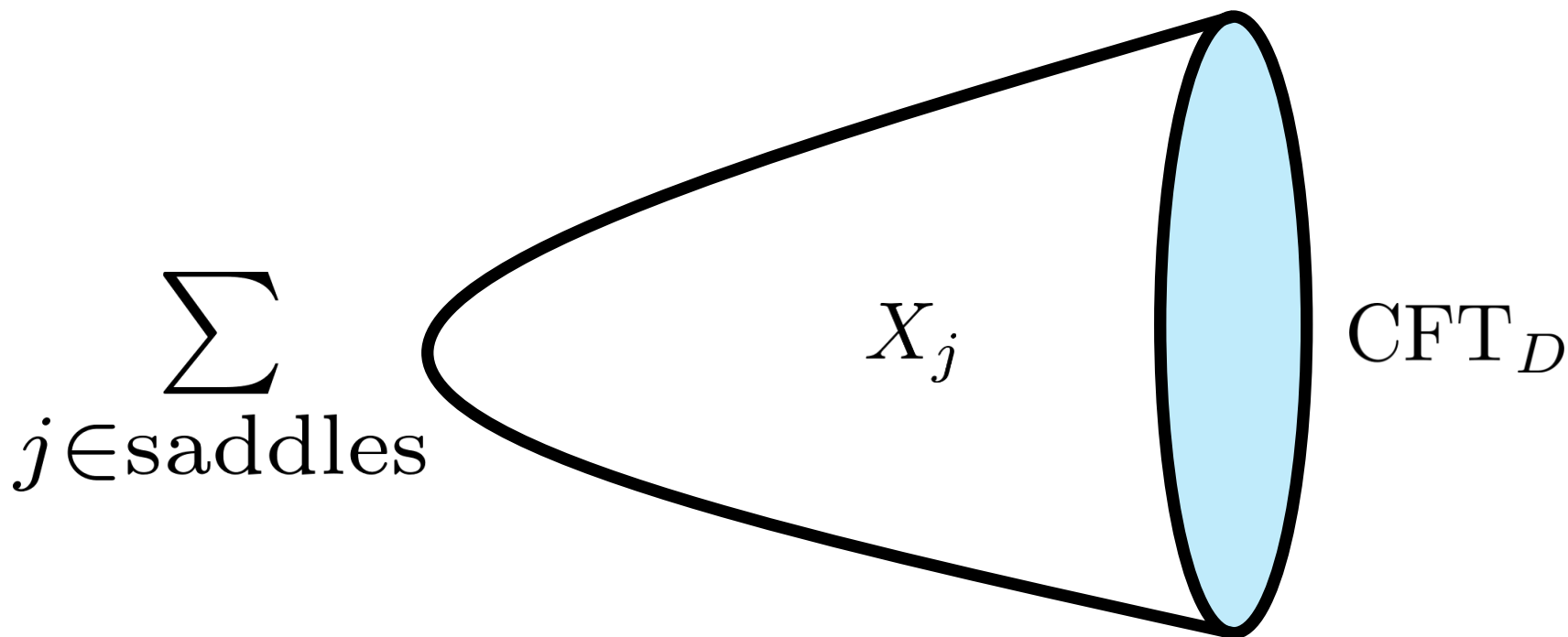
Euclidean AdS/CFT

(Lorentzian Version of Argument also Works)



$$Z_{\text{bulk}}[J] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[J]$$

Better Approximation...



$$\partial X_j = M_{\text{CFT}} \text{ for all } j$$

Main Idea: Multiple Saddles

JJH Hübner Murdia '25; Cummings JJH '26

Asymptotic AdS_{D+1}

Boundary CFT_D

$$\partial X_j^{(D+1)} = S^p \times S^q$$

$$S^p \times S^q$$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_{\text{CFT}} = \frac{Z[\mathcal{U}]}{Z}$$

Main Idea: Multiple Saddles

JJH Hübner Murdia '25; Cummings JJH '26

Asymptotic AdS_{D+1}

Boundary CFT_D

$$\partial X_j^{(D+1)} = S^p \times S^q$$

$$S^p \times S^q$$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_{\text{CFT}} = \frac{Z[\mathcal{U}]}{Z}$$

Focus For Today: $S^1 \times S^{D-1}$

Gravitational Saddles

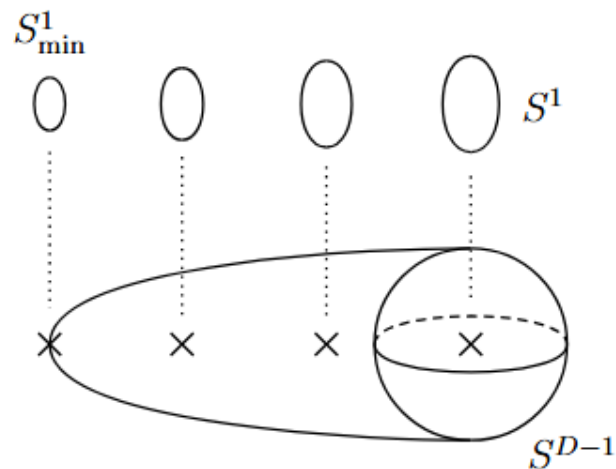
Hawking Page '82

Witten '98

($S^p \times S^q$ case: Aharony Urbach Weiss '19)

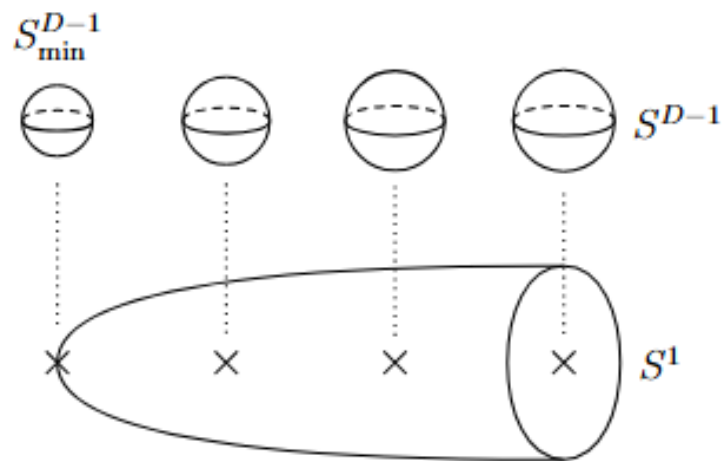
Thermal AdS:

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$



AdS-Schwarzschild:

$$S^{D-1} \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^1)$$



Gravitational Saddles

Thermal AdS:

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$

AdS-Schwarzschild:

$$S^{D-1} \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^1)$$

$$\frac{e^{-I_{\text{bh}}}}{e^{-I_{\text{th}}}} = \exp \left(\mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \times \frac{r_+^2 - \ell_{\text{AdS}}^2}{Dr_+^2 + (D-2)\ell_{\text{AdS}}^2} \right)$$

Gravitational Saddles

Thermal AdS:

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$

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$$\text{Non-Perturbative: } \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} = \frac{A}{4G_N} = \left(\frac{M_{\text{pl}}}{E_{\text{hor}}} \right)^{D-2}$$

On-Shell Action + $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

Wrap Brane on minimal cycle of X_j ;

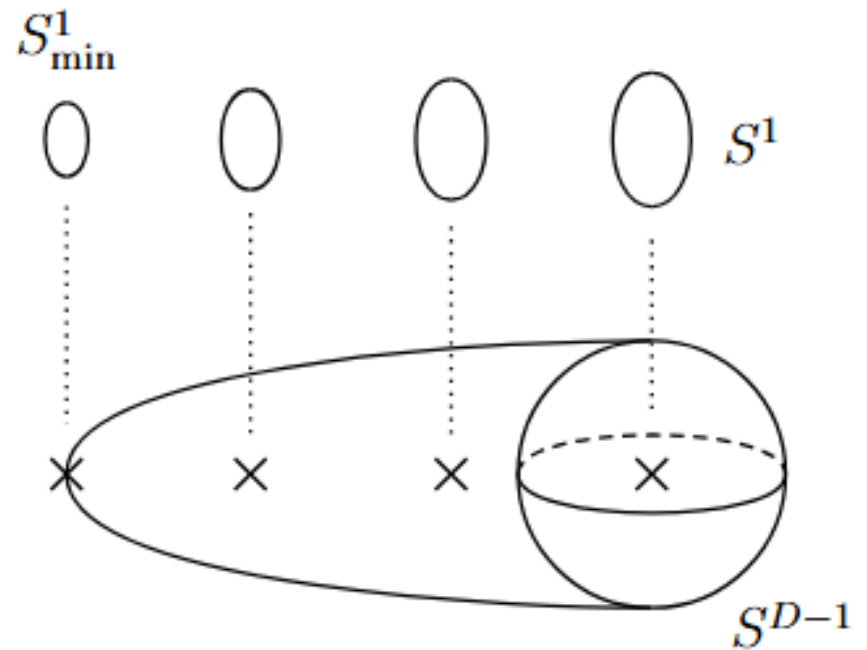
$$\partial X_j = S^1_\beta \times S^{D-1}$$

Thermal AdS

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$

$$\text{Vol}(\gamma_{\min}) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-I_{\text{th}}[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]} \simeq e^{-I_{\text{th}}}$$

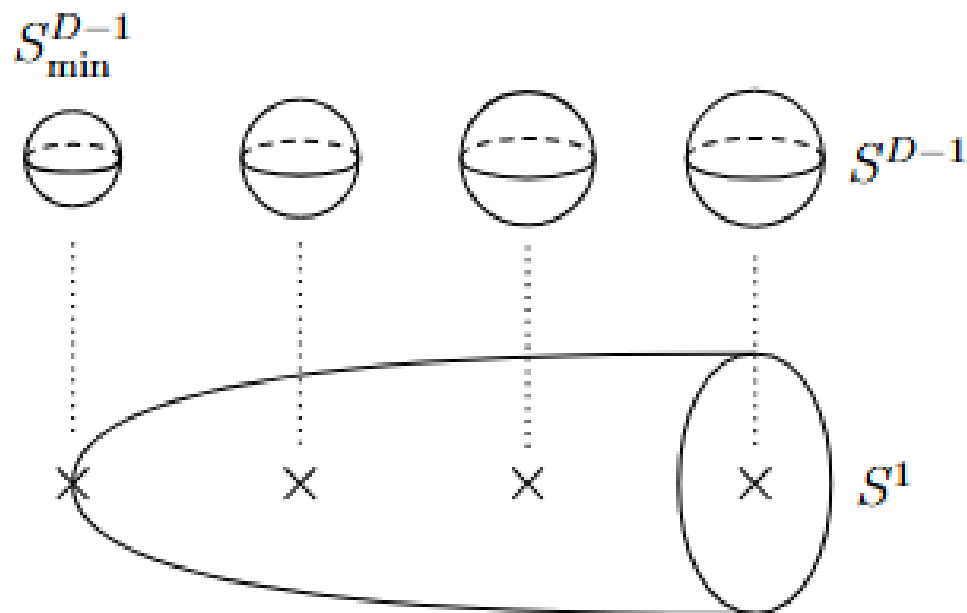


AdS-Schwarzschild + $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$

$$S^{D-1} \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^1)$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\mathcal{U}}$ on outer horizon

$$\text{Vol}(\gamma_{\min}) = \text{Area}(\text{Hor})$$



On-Shell Action + $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

$$\frac{e^{-I_{\text{th}}} + e^{-I_{\text{bh}}[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{e^{-I_{\text{th}}} + e^{-I_{\text{bh}}}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

Examples

Symmetries of $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM

- Duality / Triality Defects

Constant τ_{IIB} $[p, q]$ 7-branes @ infinity

JJH Hübner Torres Zhang Yu '22

- R-symmetries

KK monopoles from metric isometries

Cvetič JJH Hübner Murdia '25

(see also Bah Bonetti Chitoto Leung '25; Mignosa Rodriguez-Gomez '26)

Example:

Duality / Triality Defects

4D $\mathcal{N} = 4$ $\mathfrak{su}(N)$ SYM

Duality Defect: CFT₄ Picture

Global Form: $G = (SU(N)/\mathbb{Z}_K)_m$

$$\tau_{\text{IIB}} = \tau_{\text{YM}} = \frac{4\pi i}{g^2} + \frac{\theta}{2\pi}$$

Kaidi Ohmori Zheng '21; Choi Cordova Hsin Lam Shao '21;

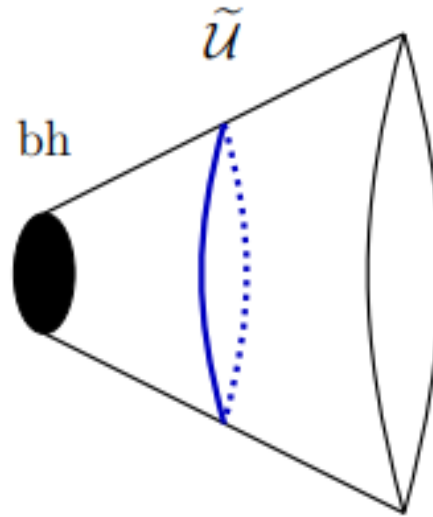
JJH Hübner Torres Yu Zhang '22 + Many...

$$\begin{array}{c} G \\ \tau = i \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{c} G' = G \\ \tau' = -1/\tau = i \end{array}$$

Gravity Picture



Const. τ_{IIB} 7-brane on $S^3 \times S^5 \subset \text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

$$\exp\left(-\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}\right) \simeq \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta$$

Gravity Picture

τ_{IIB}	Lie Algebra	Kodaira Fiber	7-branes	χ
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{e}_8$	II^*	$A^7 BC^2$	$10 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/4)$	$\mathfrak{e}_7$	III^*	$A^6 BC^2$	$9 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{e}_6$	IV^*	$A^5 BC^2$	$8 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{su}_3$	IV	$A^3 C$	$4 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/4)$	$\mathfrak{su}_2$	III	$A^2 C$	$3 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{su}_1$	II	AC	$2 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$

Const. τ_{IIB} 7-brane on $S^3 \times S^5 \subset \text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

$$\exp\left(-\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}\right) \simeq \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta$$

Example:

R-Symmetries

4D $\mathcal{N} = 4$ $\mathfrak{su}(N)$ SYM

JJH Hübner Murdia '25

JJH Hübner Murdia Cvetič '25

Isom(S^5) & R-Symmetries

10D Picture: $\text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

Focus on Cartan: $U(1)^3 \subset SO(6)$

CFT₄: $\mathcal{U}_\alpha = \exp(2\pi i(\alpha_1 Q_1 + \alpha_2 Q_2 + \alpha_3 Q_3))$

AdS_5 : $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_\alpha = \text{KK monopole for } U(1)^3$

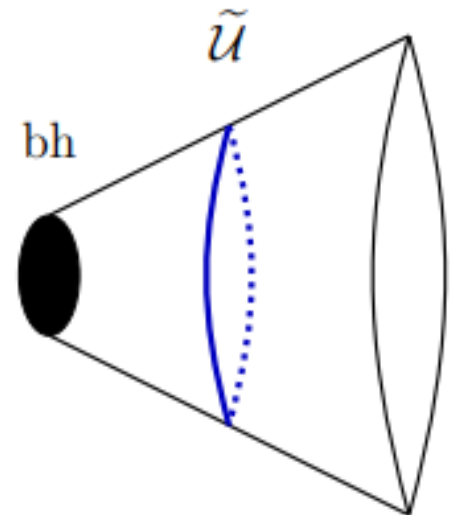
Tension of $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_\alpha$

$$\text{Tension: } T = \frac{\chi}{8\pi G_N} = \frac{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3}{4G_N}$$

Arav Gauntlett Jiao Roberts Rosen '24; Bomans Tranchedone '24

Cvetič JJH Hübner Murdia '25

$$e^{-(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3)} \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \simeq \langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_\beta$$



Cross-Check: 5D BPS Black Holes

JJH Hübner Murdia '25

Black Holes in AdS_5

R-charges: Q_1, Q_2, Q_3
Ang. Momenta: J_1, J_2

Chong Cvetič Lu Pope '04;
Kunduri Lucietti Reall '05;
Hosseini Hristov Zaffaroni '17;
Cabo-Bizet Cassani Martelli Murthy '18;
Choi Kim Kim Nahmgoong '18;
Benini Milan '18;
.....

Entropy Function: $\Gamma_{\text{crit}} = \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}$ Sen '05
Hosseini Hristov Zaffaroni '17

$$\Gamma = I - 2\pi i (\sum_a Q_a \varphi_a + \sum_j J_j \omega_j) \\ - 2\pi i \Lambda (\sum_a \varphi_a - \sum_j \omega_j + 1)$$

$$\text{On-Shell Action: } I = -\pi i N^2 \frac{\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \varphi_3}{\omega_1 \omega_2}$$

CFT₄ Index

R-charges: Q_1, Q_2, Q_3

Ang. Momenta: J_1, J_2

Cabo-Bizet Cassani Martelli Murthy '18;

Choi Kim Kim Nahmgoong '18;

Benini Milan '18;

.....

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left(2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \right)$$

JJH Hübner Murdia '25

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \frac{\text{Tr} \left((-1)^F e^{-\beta \{ \mathcal{Q}, \overline{\mathcal{Q}} \}} p^{J_1 + \frac{1}{2} R} q^{J_2 + \frac{1}{2} R} y_1^{q_1} y_2^{q_2} \mathcal{U}_\alpha \right)}{\text{Tr} \left((-1)^F e^{-\beta \{ \mathcal{Q}, \overline{\mathcal{Q}} \}} p^{J_1 + \frac{1}{2} R} q^{J_2 + \frac{1}{2} R} y_1^{q_1} y_2^{q_2} \right)}$$

CFT₄ Index

R-charges: Q_1, Q_2, Q_3

Ang. Momenta: J_1, J_2

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left(2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - \underbrace{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}}_{\text{Horizon Wrapping}} \right)$$

Horizon Wrapping

$$\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \frac{\text{Area}}{4G_N}$$

CFT₄ Index

R-charges: Q_1, Q_2, Q_3

Ang. Momenta: J_1, J_2

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left(\underbrace{2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a}_{\text{Topological Linking}} - \underbrace{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}}_{\text{Horizon Wrapping}} \right)$$

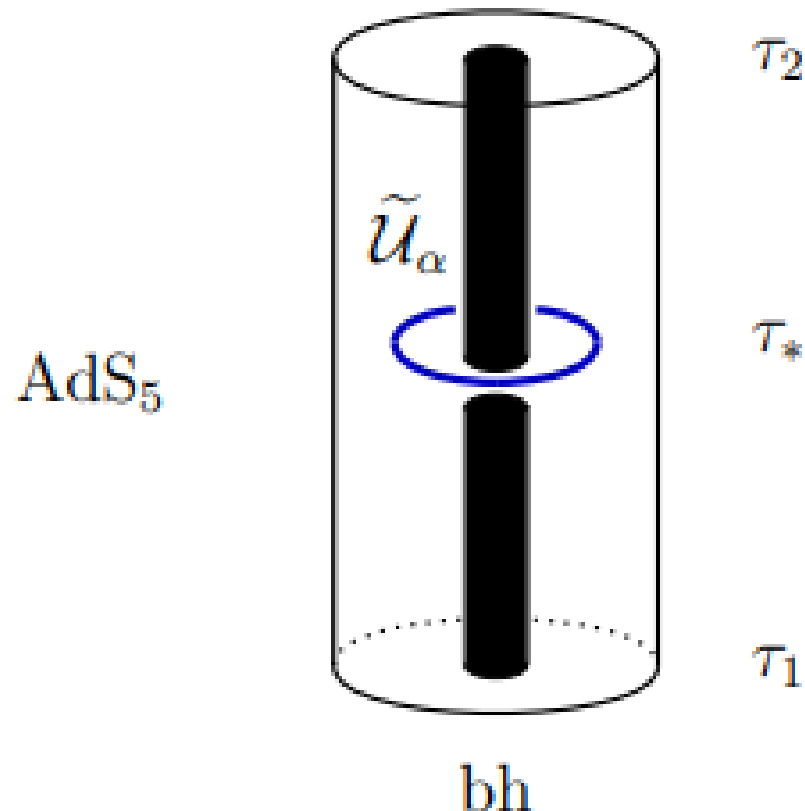
Topological Linking

Horizon Wrapping

$$\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \frac{\text{Area}}{4G_N}$$

Linking / Wrapping

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left(2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \right)$$



TQFTs vs Gravity

Cummings JJH '26

Keeping a TQFT “Decoupled”

$$I_{\text{full}} = I_{\text{grav}} + I_{\text{TQFT}}$$

Question: Does this produce a contradiction?

Keeping a TQFT “Decoupled”

$$I_{\text{full}} = I_{\text{grav}} + I_{\text{TQFT}}$$

Question: Does this produce a contradiction?

Assume: No Coupling of TQFT fields to the metric,
“knows about” gravity via topology

Assume: $\exists$ TQFT operator $\mathcal{T}$ and some bkgnd X
such that $\langle \mathcal{T} \rangle_{X, \text{TQFT}} \neq d_{\mathcal{T}}$

Main Idea: Multiple Saddles

Cummings JJH '26

Gravity + TQFT

$$\partial X_{D+1}^{(j)} = S^p \times S^q$$

$\text{CFT}_D + \text{QFT}_{\text{extra}}$

$$S^p \times S^q$$

$$Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = \sum_j w_j Z_{\text{TFT}}^{(j)}[\mathcal{T}]$$

$$Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{CFT}} Z_{\text{extra}}[\mathcal{T}]$$

$$\dots Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}] ???$$

Mild Assumption

Cummings JJH '26

In the Bulk Geometry,

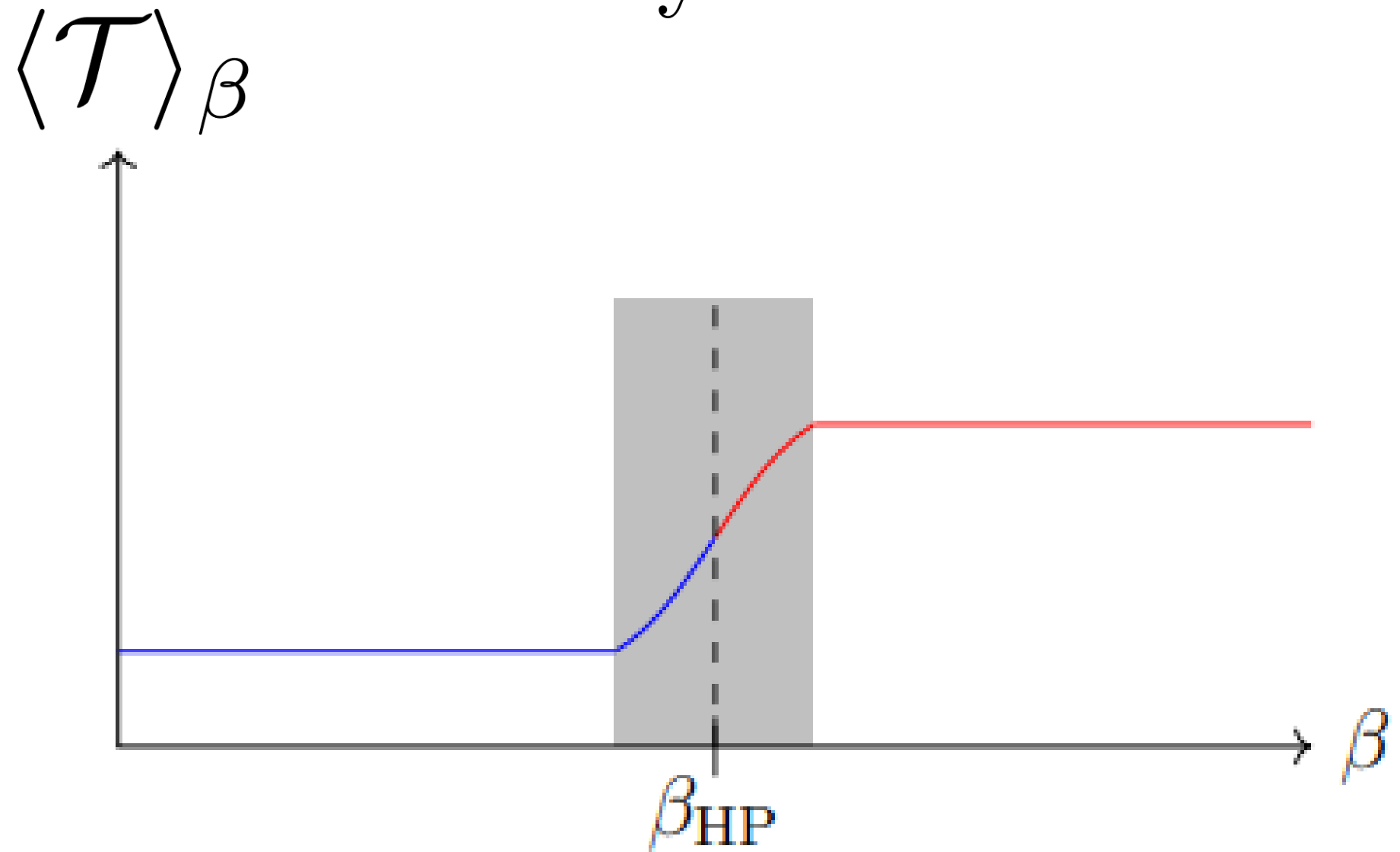
$\exists \mathcal{T}$ of TFT & $X \neq X'$ with $\partial X = \partial X' = S^p \times S^q$

Such That: $\langle \mathcal{T} \rangle_{\text{TFT}, X} \neq \langle \mathcal{T} \rangle_{\text{TFT}, X'} \neq d\mathcal{T}$

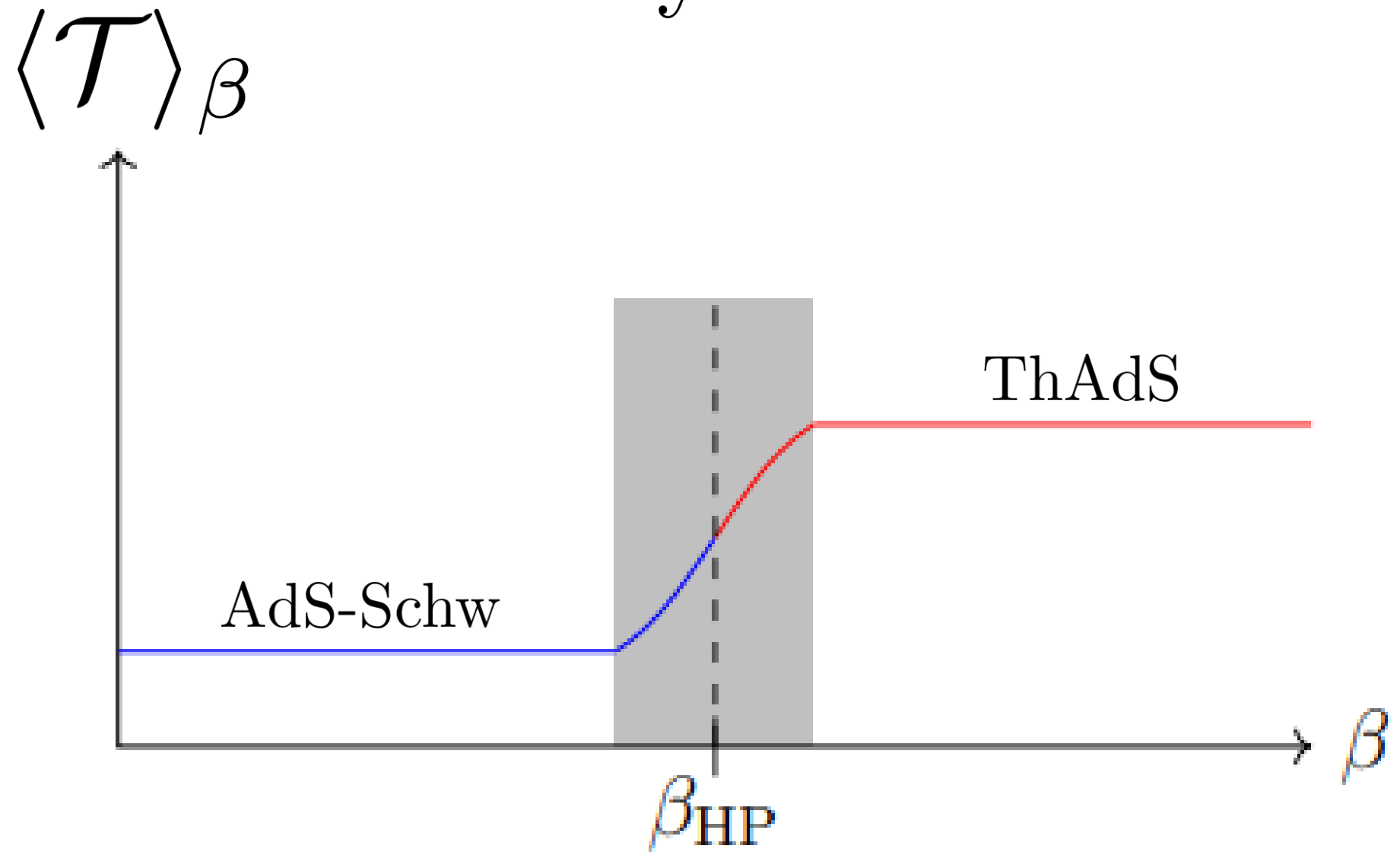
.....

Example: $\mathcal{T} = e^{i \int_{\Sigma_p} \mathcal{O}}$ but only X has a p -cycle.

Gravity Answer

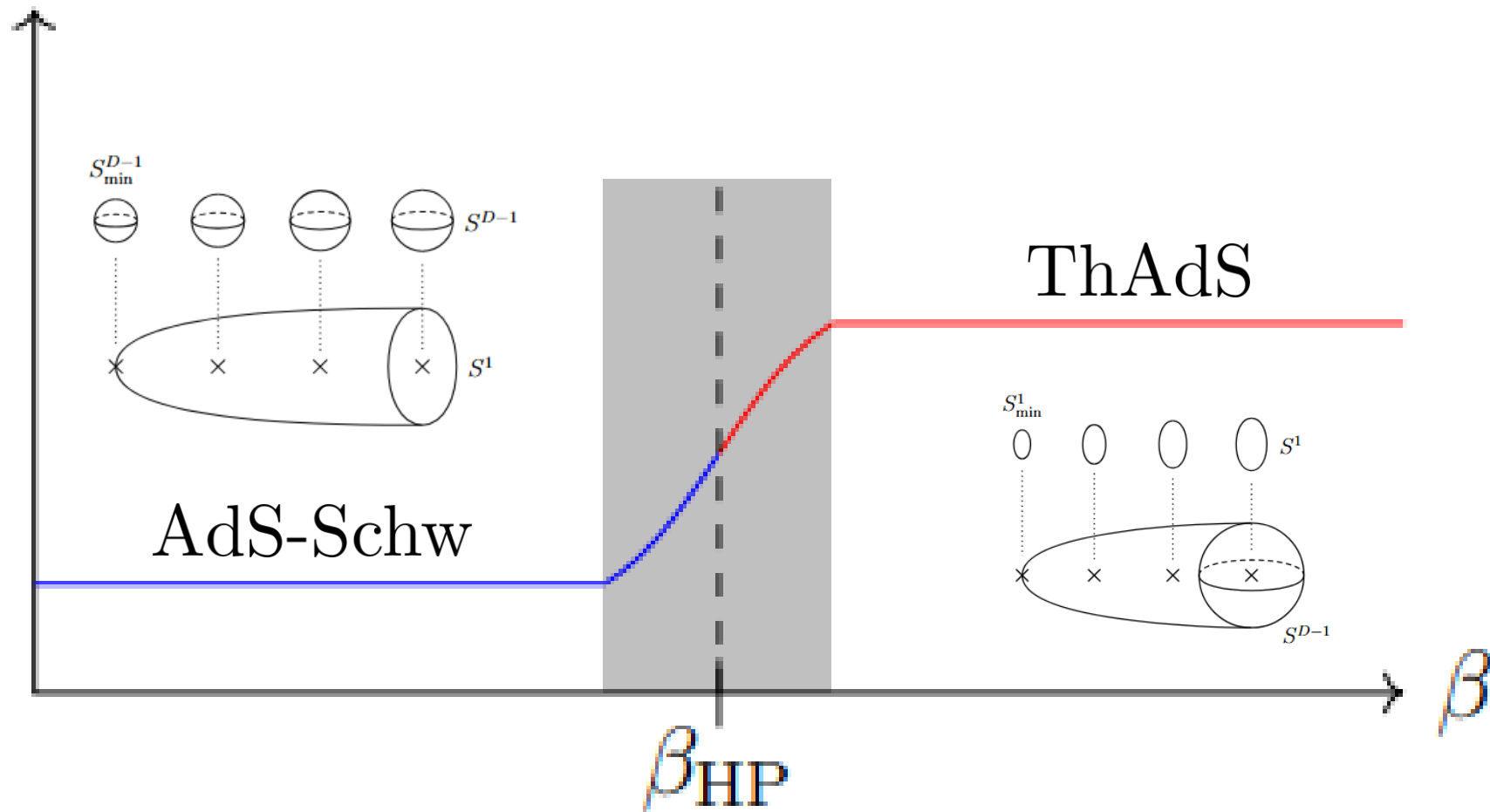


Gravity Answer



Gravity Answer

$$\langle \mathcal{T} \rangle_\beta$$



$$i i i Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}] ???$$

$$iii Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]???$$

NO.

$$Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]???$$

NO.

$Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}]$ Depends on Dominant Saddle X_j

$Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]$ Independent of all of this!

Contradiction.

$$\ii Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]???$$

NO.

$Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}]$ Depends on Dominant Saddle X_j

$Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]$ Independent of all of this!

Contradiction.

$$\ii Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}] = Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]???$$

NO.

$Z_{\text{bulk}}[\mathcal{T}]$ Depends on Dominant Saddle X_j

$Z_{\text{bdry}}[\mathcal{T}]$ Independent of all of this!



Contradiction.

The diagram features a central rectangular box with a dashed black border. The word "Contradiction." is written inside the box in a black serif font. Surrounding the box are seven magenta arrows. Two arrows point towards the left side of the box, two arrows point towards the right side, and five arrows point upwards towards the bottom edge of the box.

Contradiction $\Rightarrow$

Gravity + TQFT

TQFT NOT Decoupled

$\text{CFT}_D + \text{QFT}_{\text{extra}}$

Doesn't Factorize

$\tilde{\mathcal{T}}_{\text{brane}} \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{T}_{\text{bdry}}$

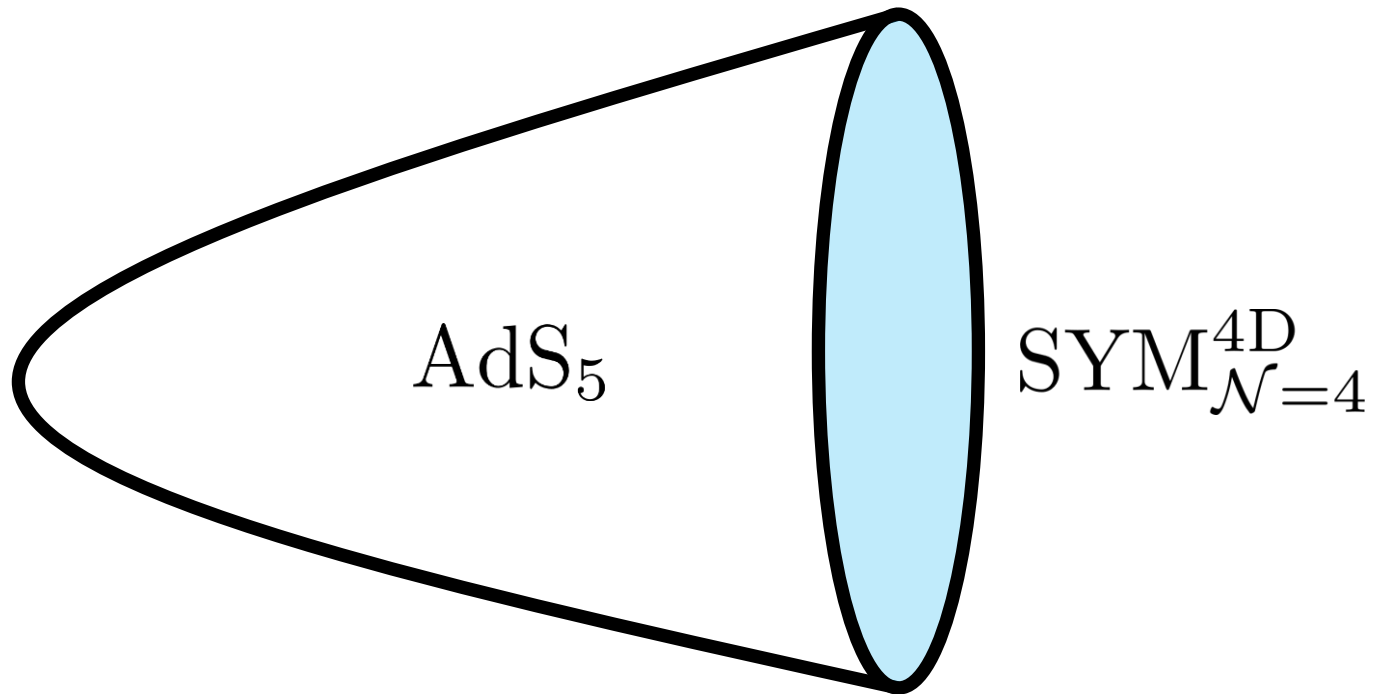
$\Rightarrow$ Local Source of $T_{\mu\nu}$ from TFT

$\Rightarrow$ *Perturbative* Coupling to $h_{\mu\nu}$

Example

Example: $\text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

$$S_{\text{bulk}} \supset \int |dB|^2 + |dC|^2 + \frac{N}{2\pi} B \wedge dC$$



¿More Abstract TQFTs?

View TQFT as IR limit of a “Bigger QFT”

¿Concrete Examples?

Summary / Future

Summary / Future

- TQFTs are in the Swampland
- Bulk Saddles vs Bdry Factorization

-
- “Kinetic Terms” & more abstract TQFTs?
 - Sharper Bounds for E_{gap} ?