

# Dark Matter Catalyzed Baryon Destruction

Robert McGehee

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA



5/20/25

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*& neutrinos!*



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# Part I

DM turns neutrons into neutrinos

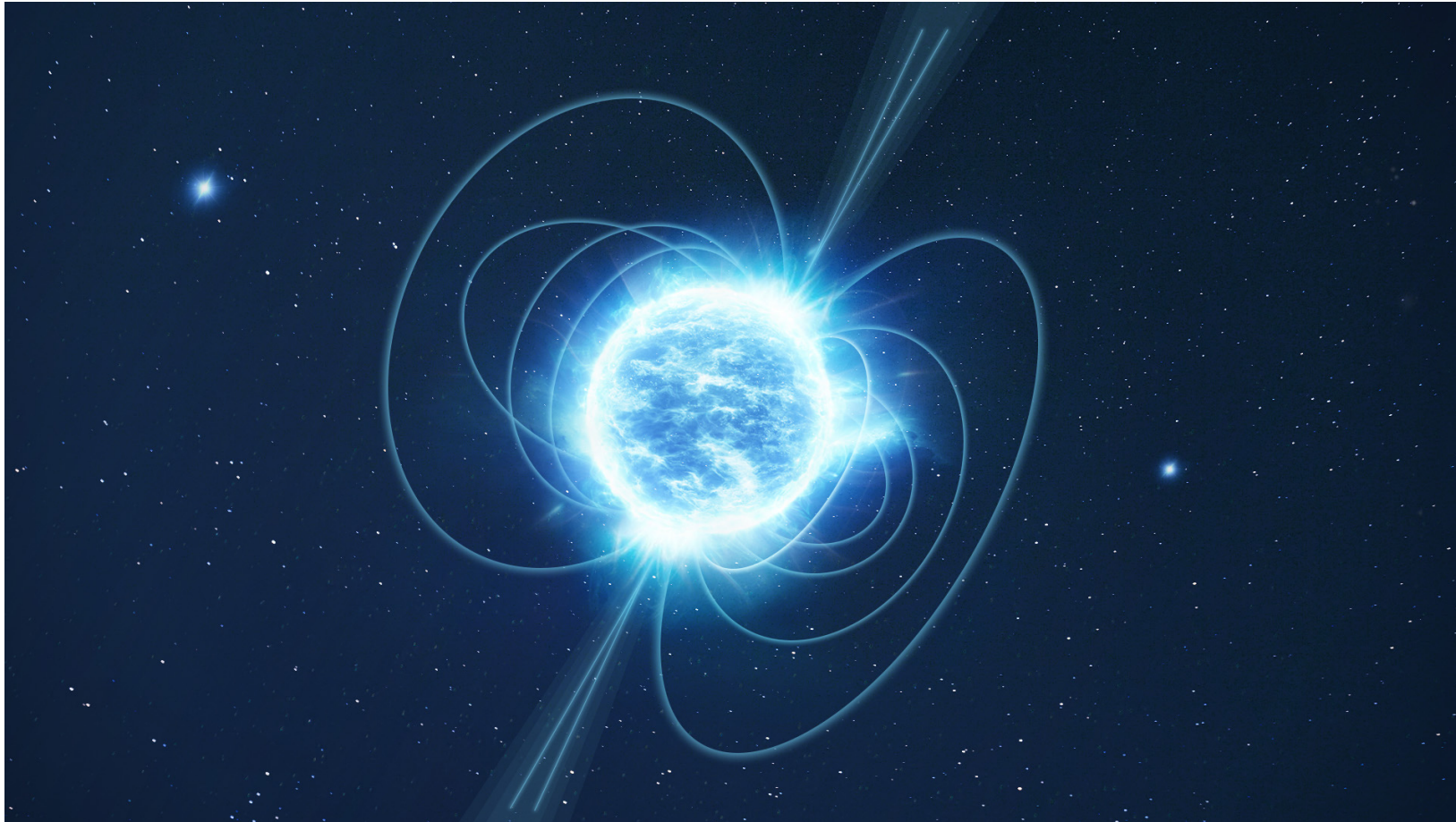
Part I

DM turns neutrons into neutrinos

Part II

Neutrons turn DM into neutrinos

# Dark Matter Catalyzed Baryon Destruction



2405.18472  
w/ Yohei Ema,  
Maxim Pospelov,  
& Anupam Ray

# ⚡ Motivation ⚡

Baryon asymmetry requires baryon-number-violating (BNV) processes

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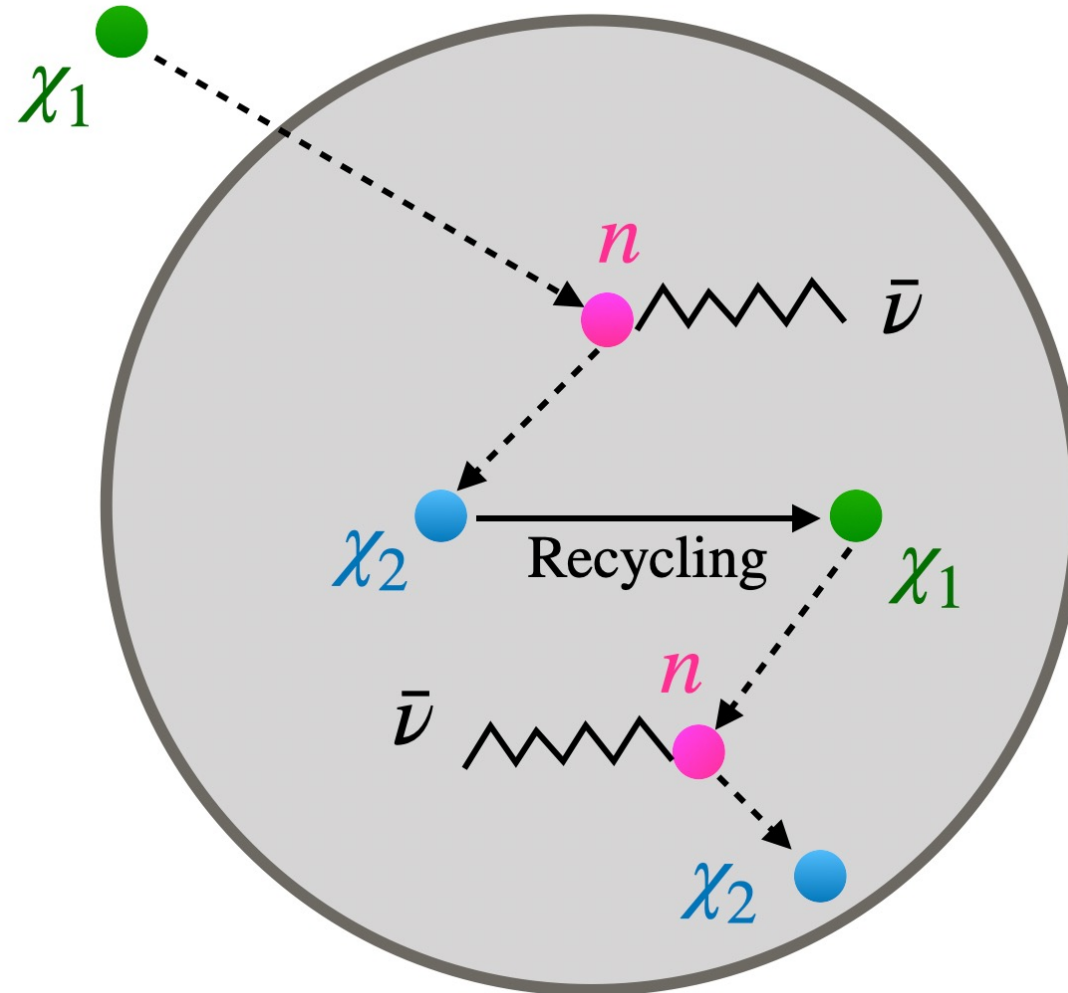
## What if DM has BNV interactions?

Y. Ema, RM, M. Pospelov, & A. Ray  
Phys. Rev. D 111 (2025) 023005  
[2405.18472]

$\mathcal{O}(\text{GeV})$  Energy when DM hits a baryon!



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# Neutron Star Heating

$$N_{\chi_1} \approx \text{Min} (1, \sigma_{\chi n} / \sigma_{\text{th}}) \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \frac{\rho_{\chi}}{m_{\chi}} \pi R_{\star}^2 \bar{v} \frac{v_{\text{esc}}^2}{\bar{v}^2} t_{\star}$$

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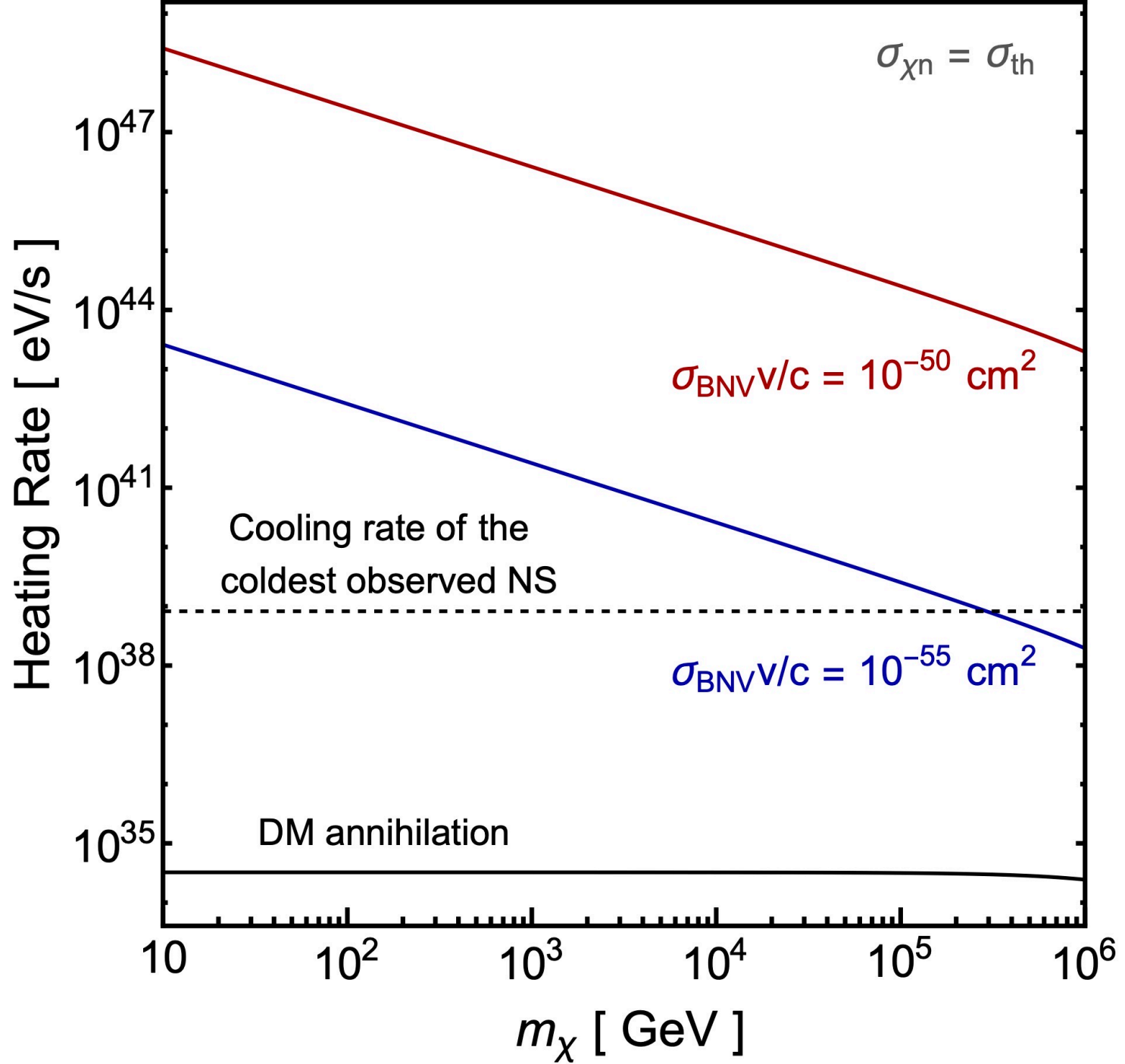
$$\frac{dE_{\text{heat}}}{dt} = N_{\chi_1} \times v \sigma_{\text{BNV}} \times n_n m_n$$

# Neutron Star Heating

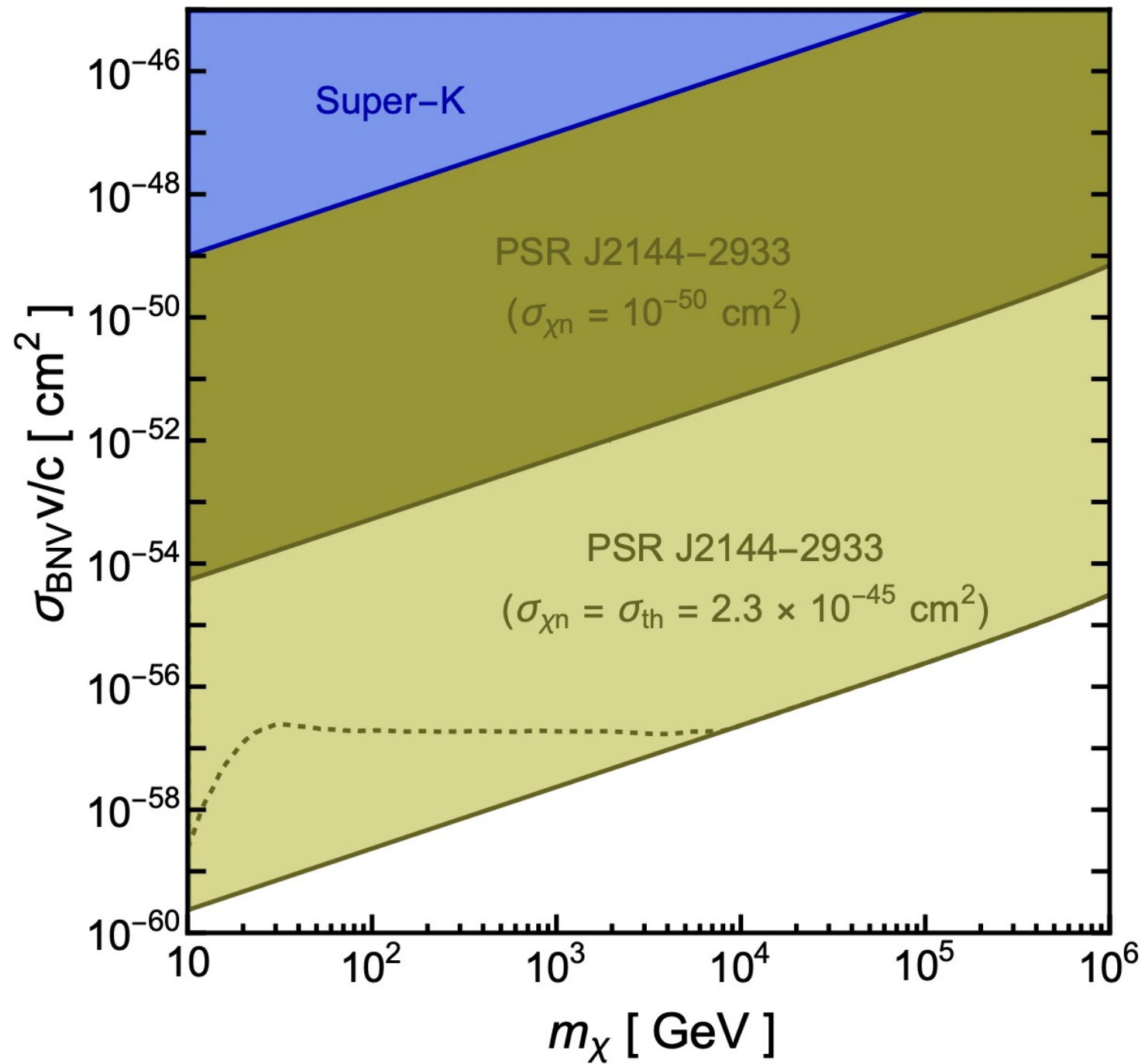
$$N_{\chi_1} \approx \text{Min} \left( 1, \sigma_{\chi n} / \sigma_{\text{th}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \frac{\rho_{\chi}}{m_{\chi}} \pi R_{\star}^2 \bar{v} \frac{v_{\text{esc}}^2}{\bar{v}^2} t_{\star}$$

$$\frac{dE_{\text{heat}}}{dt} = N_{\chi_1} \times v \sigma_{\text{BNV}} \times n_n m_n$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dE_{\text{loss}}}{dt} &= 4\pi R_{\star}^2 \sigma_{\text{SB}} T_{\star}^4 \\ &= 6.4 \times 10^{38} \frac{\text{eV}}{\text{s}} \left( \frac{R_{\star}}{11 \text{ km}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{T_{\star}}{2.85 \text{ eV}} \right)^4 \end{aligned}$$



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# A Simple Toy Model

$$\mathcal{L} = G_{\text{BNV}} \bar{\chi}_2 \gamma_\mu \chi_1 \times \left( \bar{e}^+ \gamma^\mu p + \bar{\nu} \gamma^\mu n \right) + (\text{h. c.}),$$

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$$+ G_\chi (\bar{\chi}_1 \gamma_\mu \chi_1 + \bar{\chi}_2 \gamma_\mu \chi_2) (\bar{p} \gamma^\mu p + \bar{n} \gamma^\mu n),$$

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Fast...

$$\frac{\Delta m_\chi}{m_\chi} \gtrsim 6 \times 10^{-28} \left( \frac{100 \text{ GeV}}{m_\chi} \right) \left( \frac{\sigma_{\text{BNV}} v/c}{10^{-50} \text{ cm}^2} \right).$$

Fast...but not too fast

$$\frac{\Delta m_\chi}{m_\chi} \gtrsim 6 \times 10^{-28} \left( \frac{100 \text{ GeV}}{m_\chi} \right) \left( \frac{\sigma_{\text{BNV}} v/c}{10^{-50} \text{ cm}^2} \right).$$

$$\frac{\Delta m_\chi}{m_\chi} \lesssim 10^{-7} \left( \frac{10^{-50} \text{ cm}^2}{\sigma_{\text{BNV}} v/c} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{10^{-45} \text{ cm}^2}{\sigma_{\chi n}} \right)^{1/2}.$$



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**FUTURE**

- Since  $B-L$  is conserved, can we construct a full DM- & baryogenesis framework which has these interesting signals?



**FUTURE**

- Since  $B-L$  is conserved, can we construct a full DM- & baryogenesis framework which has these interesting signals?
- Should SK perform a dedicated search for nucleon semi-annihilation to improve bounds?

A man in a black tuxedo and white bow tie is sitting behind a dark wood desk on a beach. The desk is supported by thin metal legs. On the desk, there is a vintage-style microphone and some papers. The background shows the ocean waves crashing onto the shore. The overall scene is surreal and humorous.

**AND NOW FOR  
SOMETHING  
COMPLETELY  
DIFFERENT**

Part I

DM turns neutrons into neutrinos

Part II

Neutrons turn DM into neutrinos

# Fermionic Absorption DM

- J. Dror, G. Elor, & **RM**      Phys. Rev. Lett. 124 (2020) 18      [1905.12635]  
J. Dror, G. Elor, & **RM**      JHEP 02 (2020) 134      [1908.10861]  
J. Dror, G. Elor, **RM**, & T.-T. Yu      Phys. Rev. D 103 (2021) 3      [2011.01940]

What if DM wasn't absolutely stable?

# Fermionic Absorption DM

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$$\begin{aligned}\chi + e^- &\rightarrow \nu + e^- & \overline{\chi} + \frac{A}{Z}X &\rightarrow \overline{\nu} + \frac{A}{Z}X \\ \overline{\chi} + \frac{A}{Z}X &\rightarrow e^\pm + \frac{A}{Z \mp 1}X^{(*)}\end{aligned}$$

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"Neutral current" operators lead to peaked recoils.

"Charged current" operators induce  $\beta$  decays with extra signals.

Either way, these are distinct from WIMP- $\gamma$  elastic recoils.

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What if DM wasn't absolutely stable?

$$\chi + e^- \rightarrow \nu + e^- \quad \left( \begin{matrix} (-) \\ \chi \end{matrix} \right) + \frac{A}{Z} X \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} (-) \\ \nu \end{pmatrix} + \frac{A}{Z} X$$

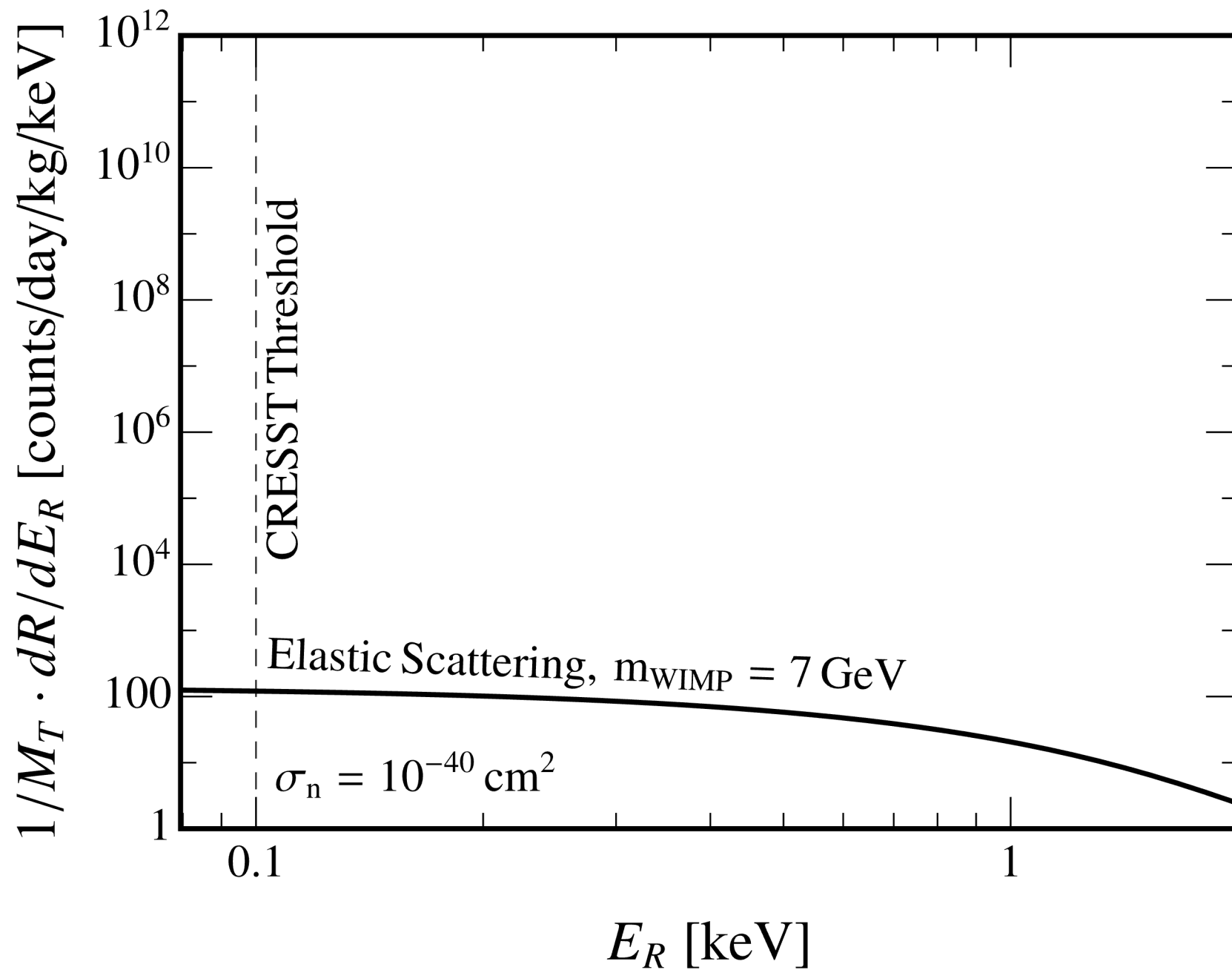
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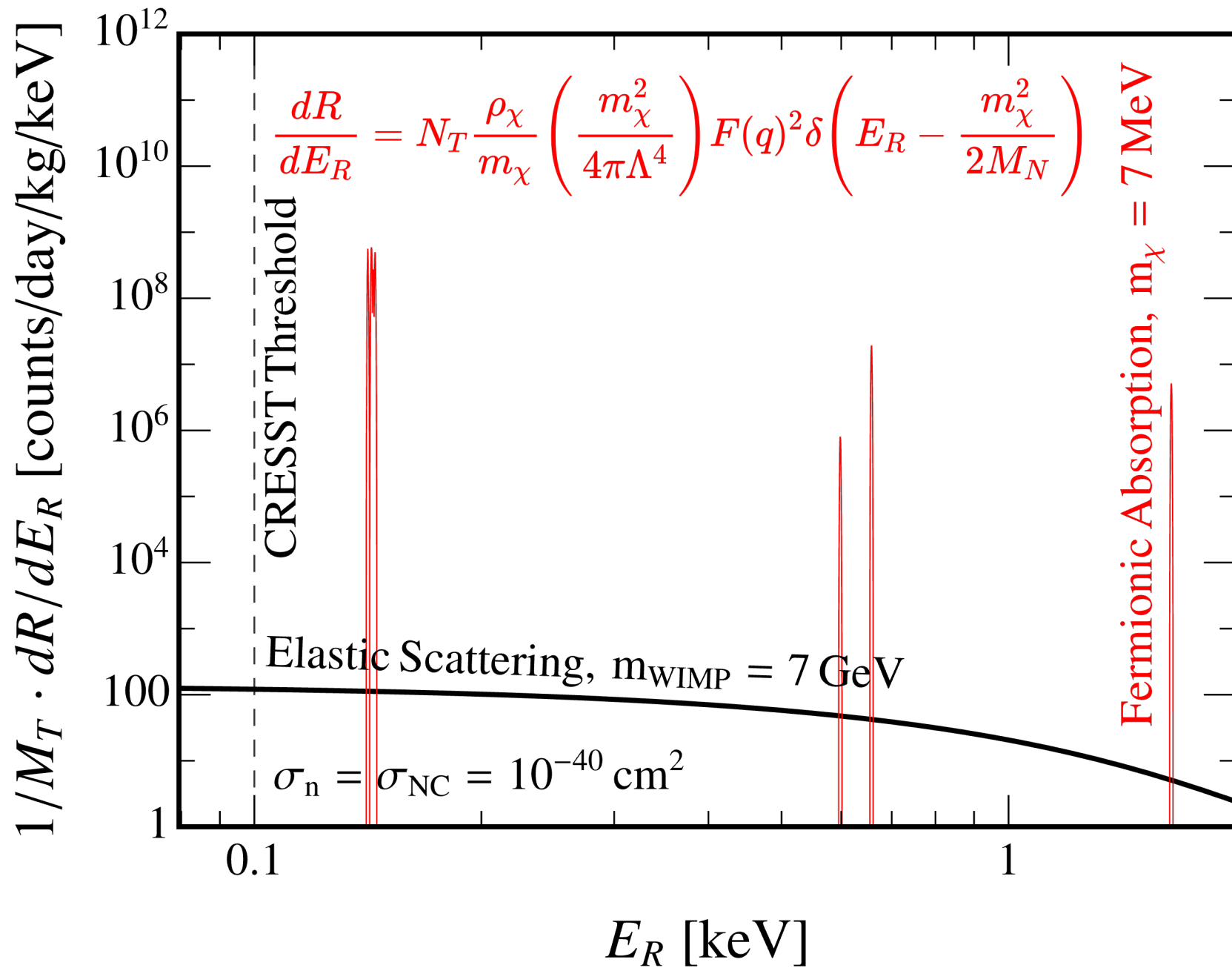
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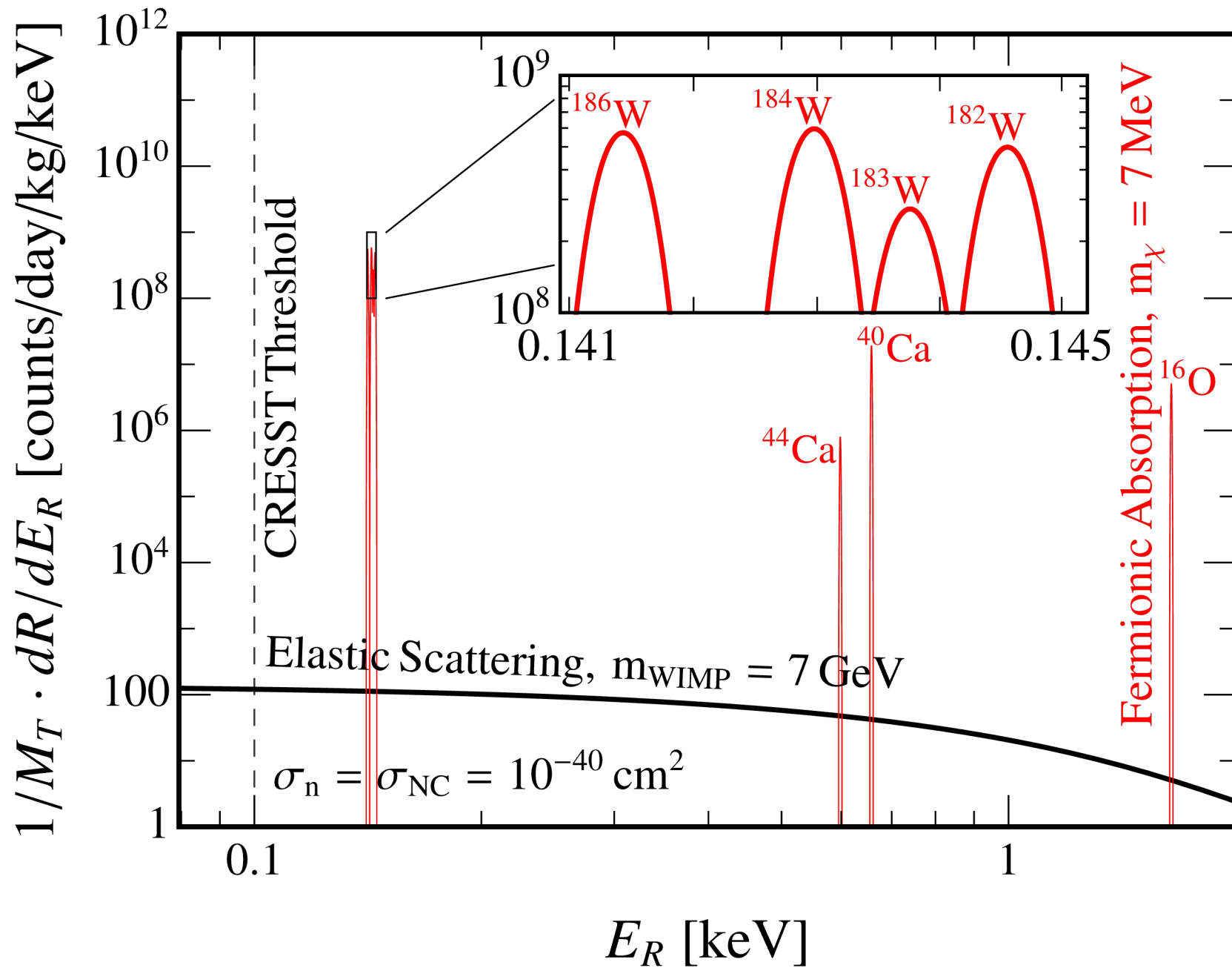
# Scattering in CRESST

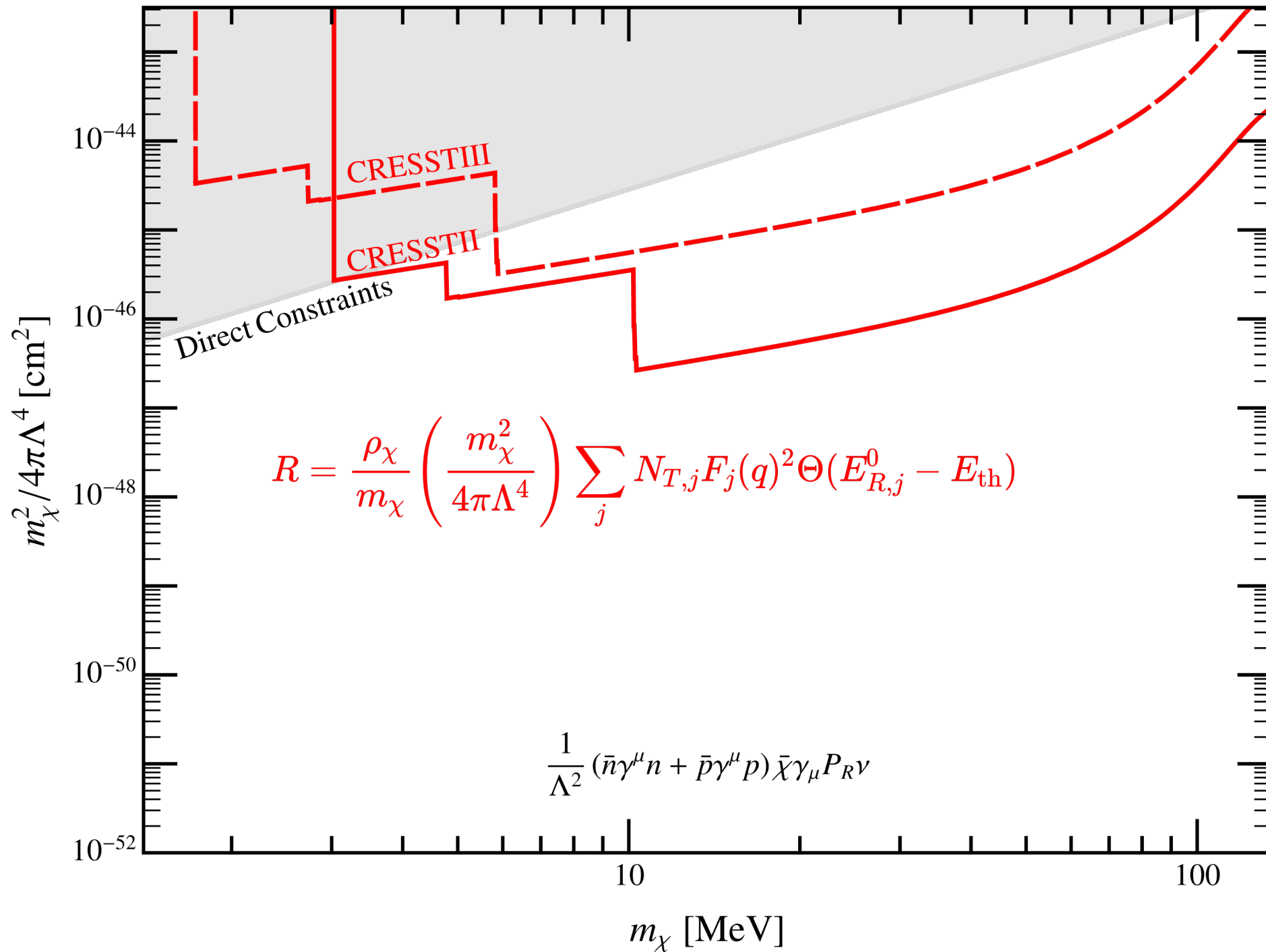


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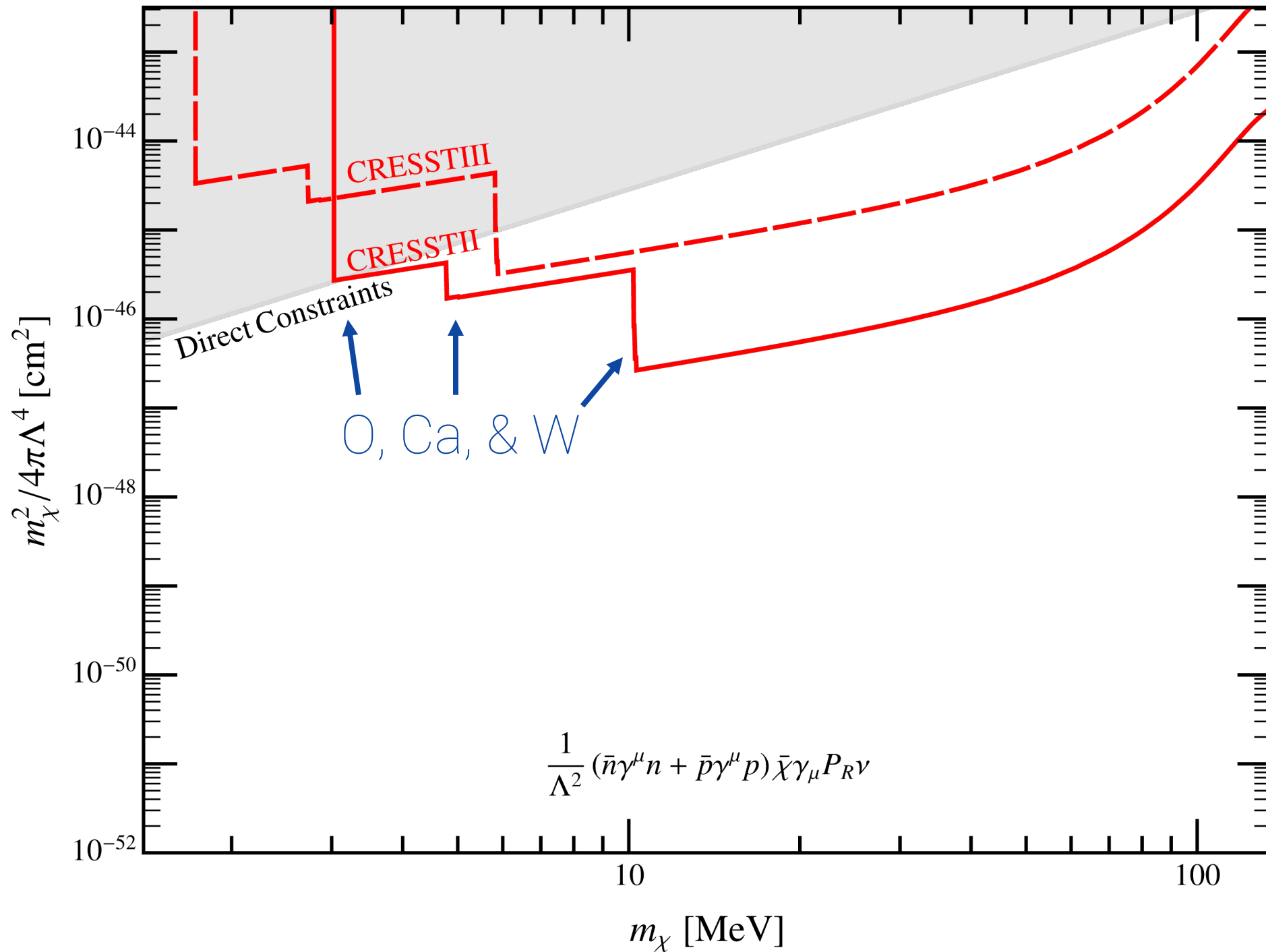


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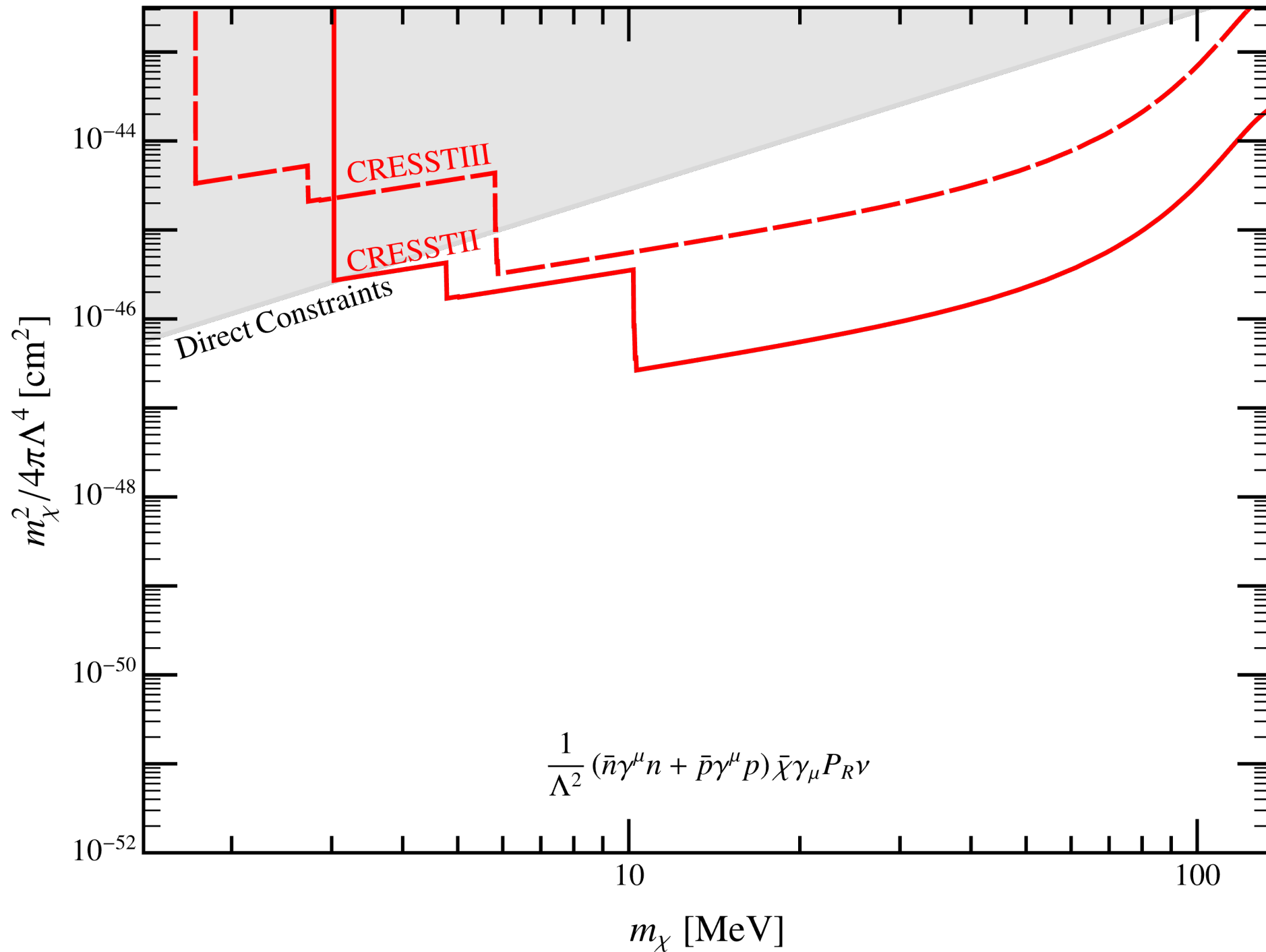




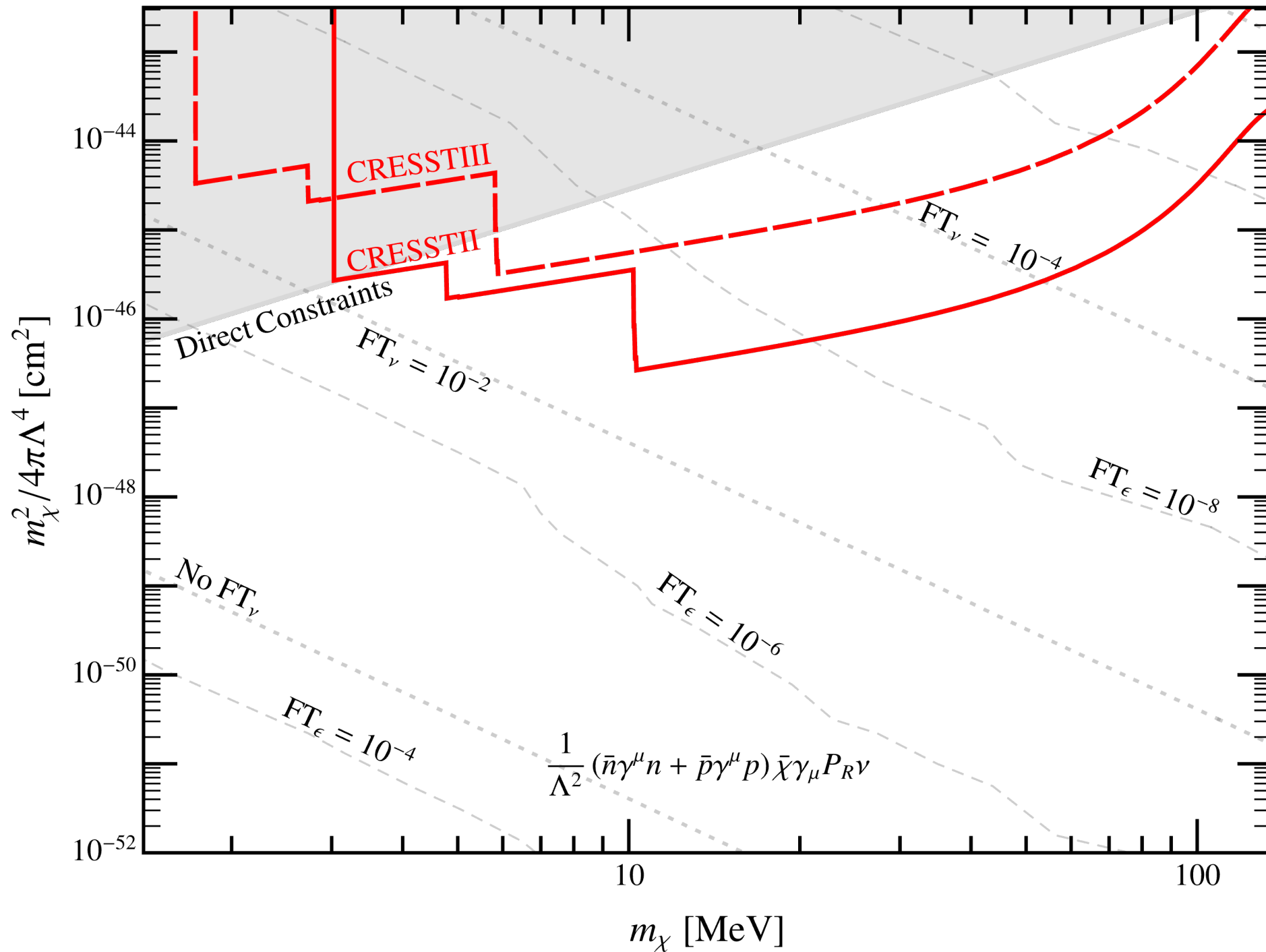
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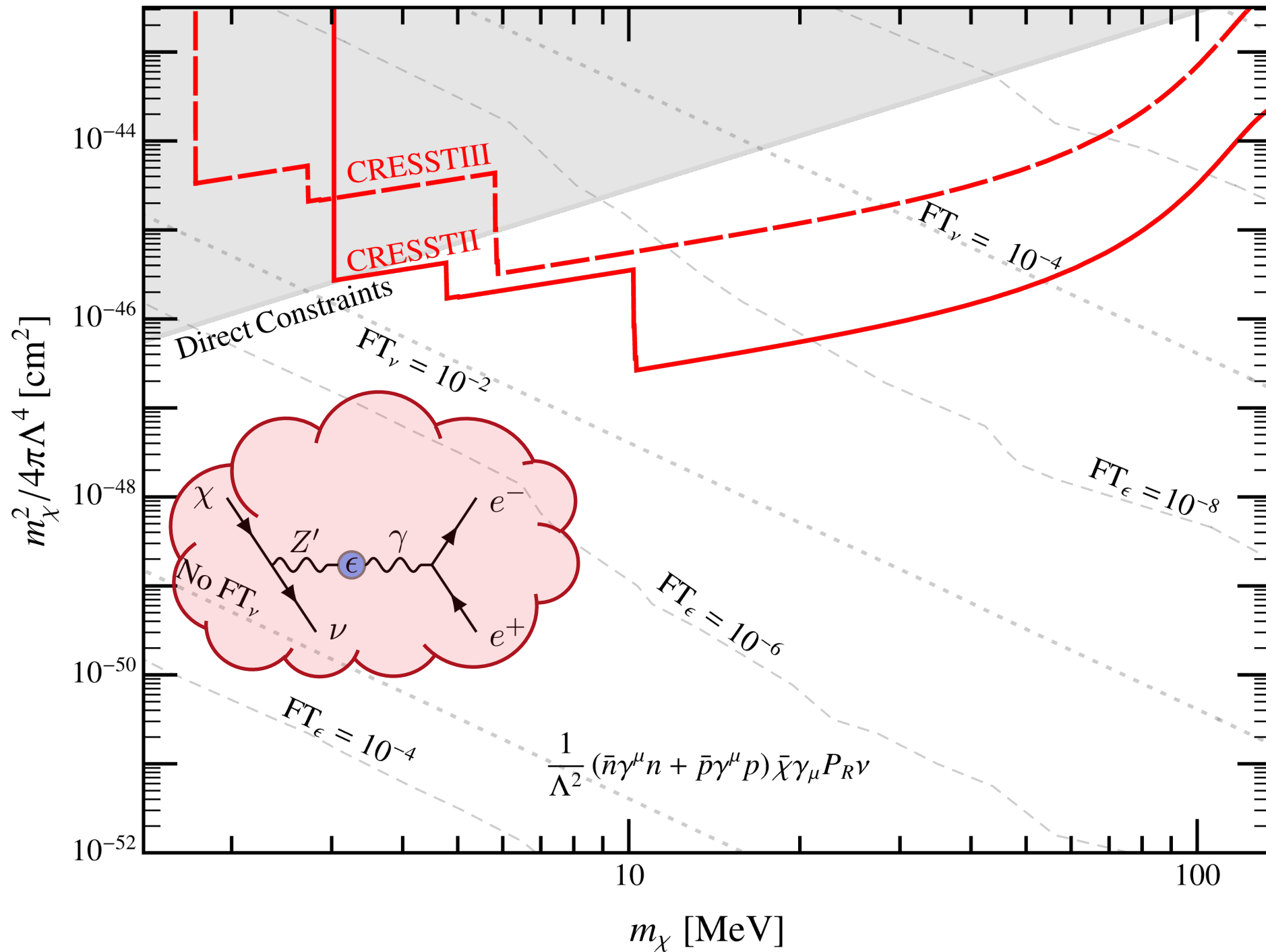
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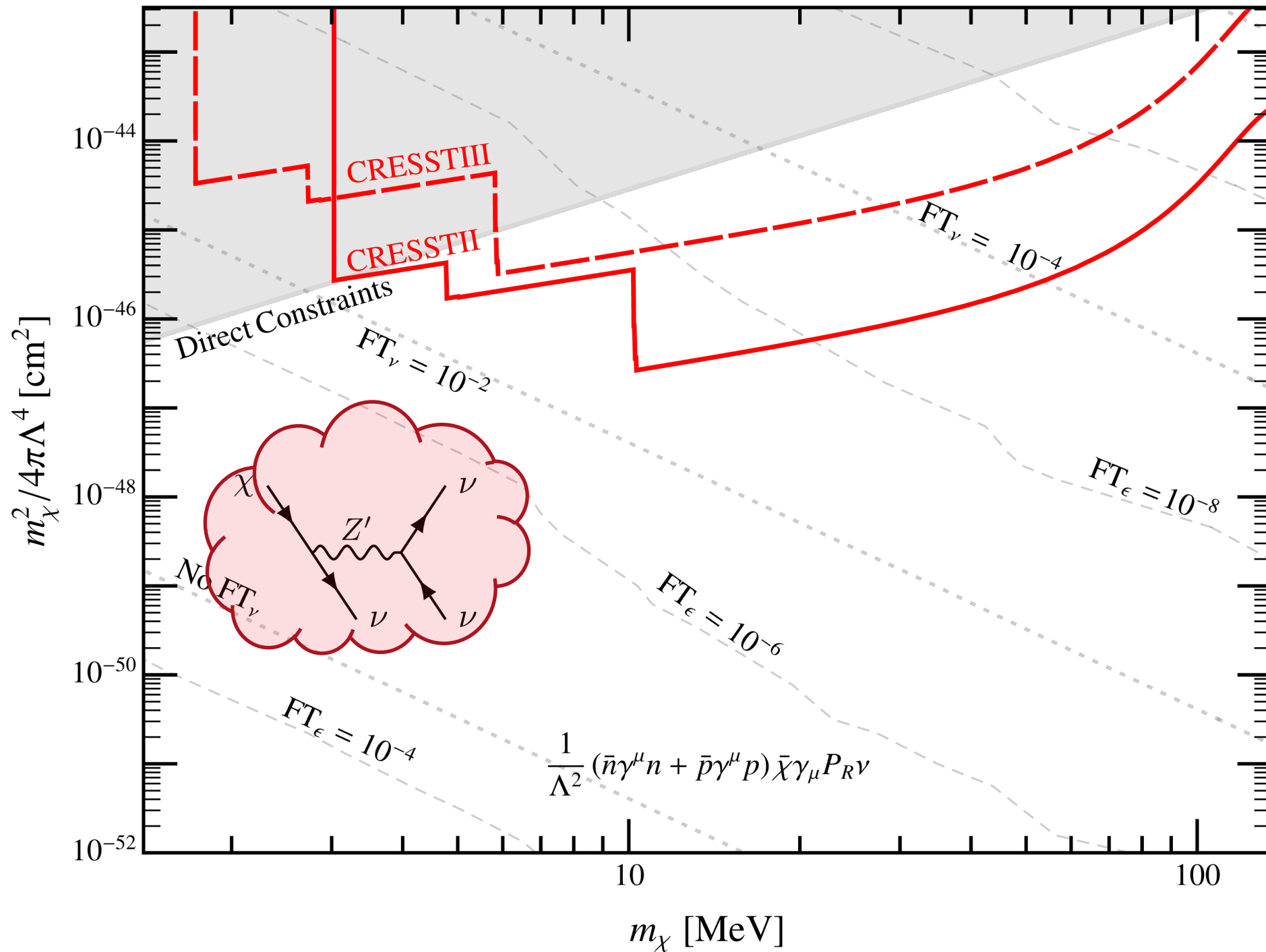


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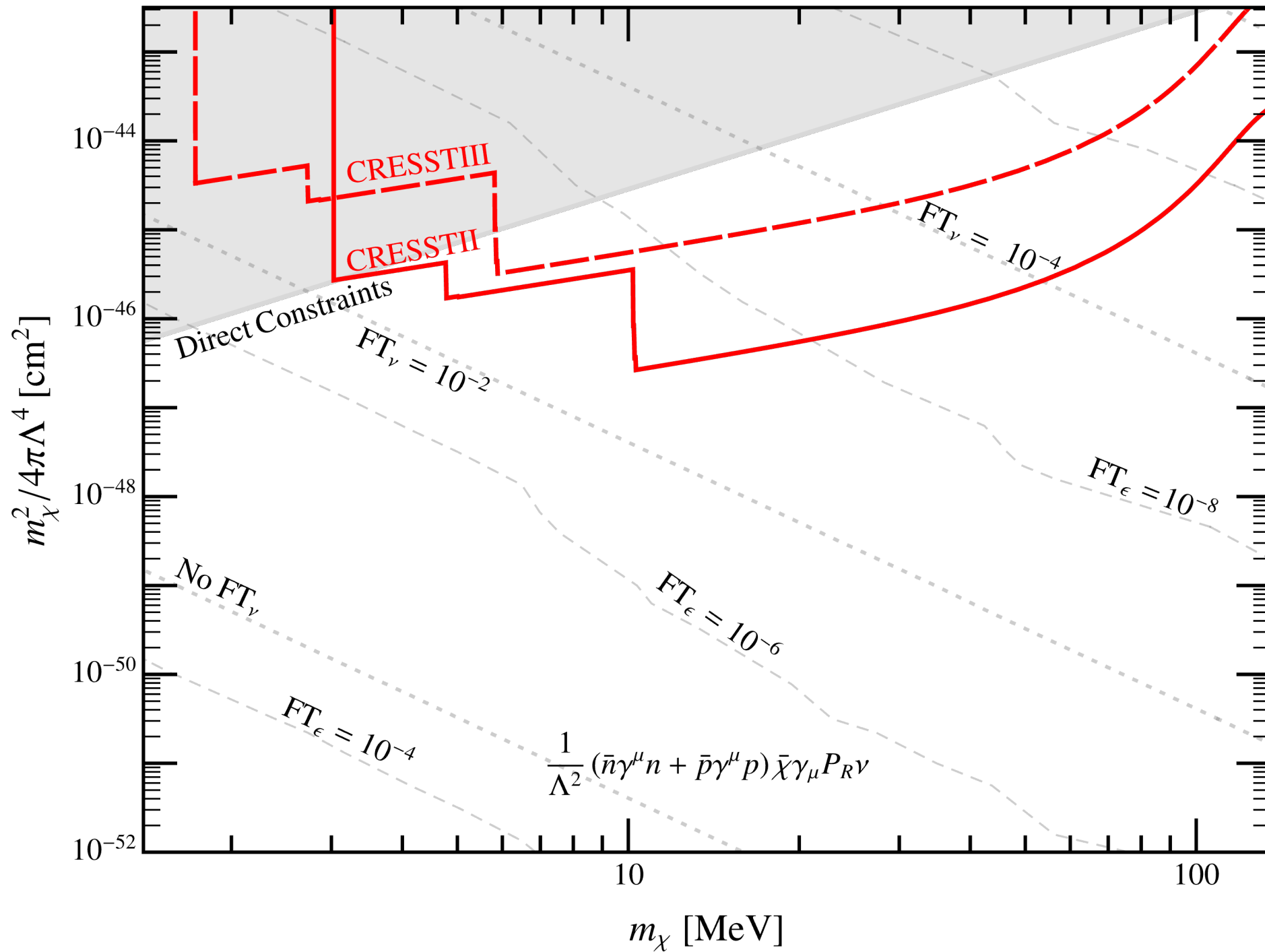


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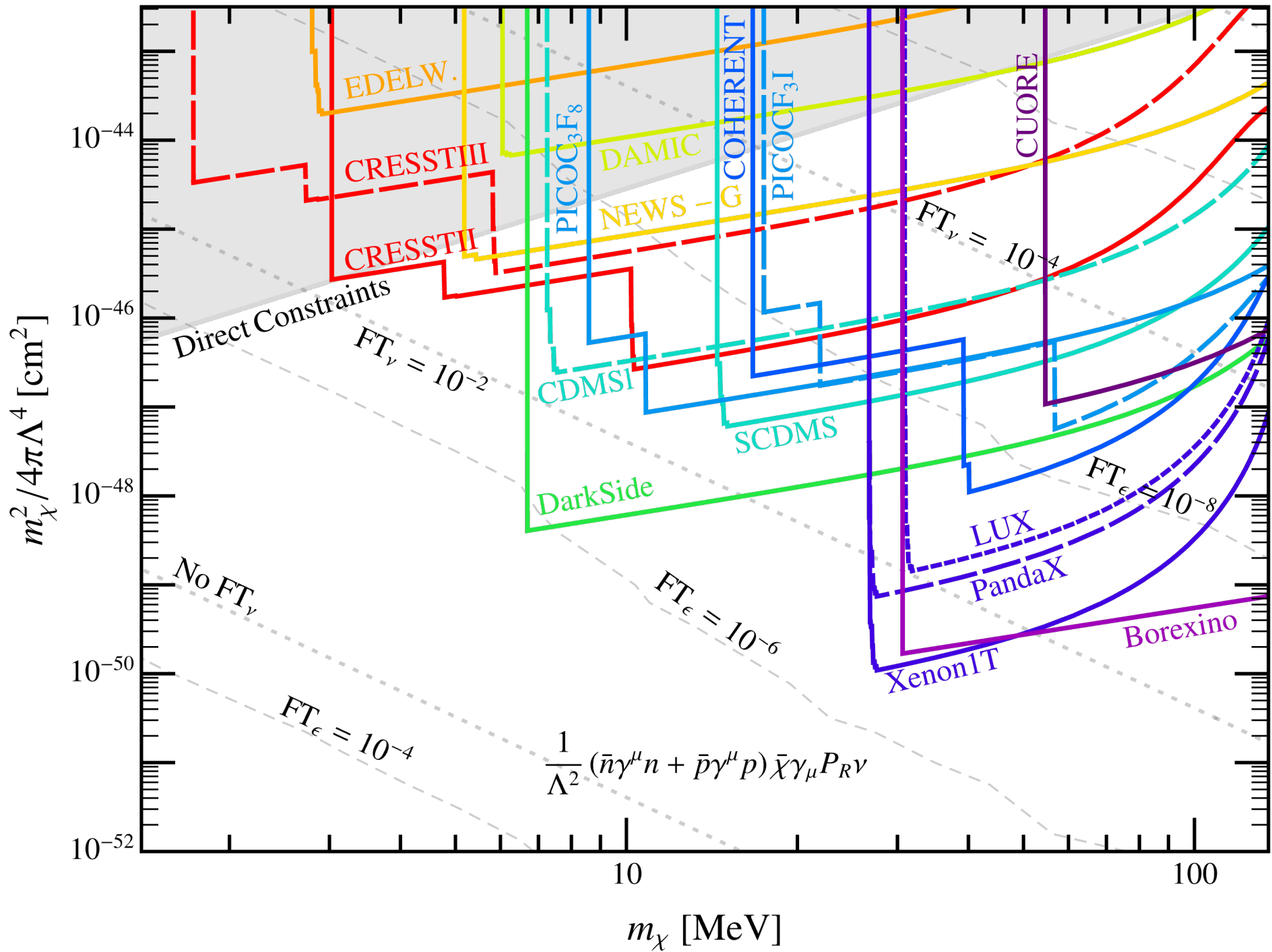




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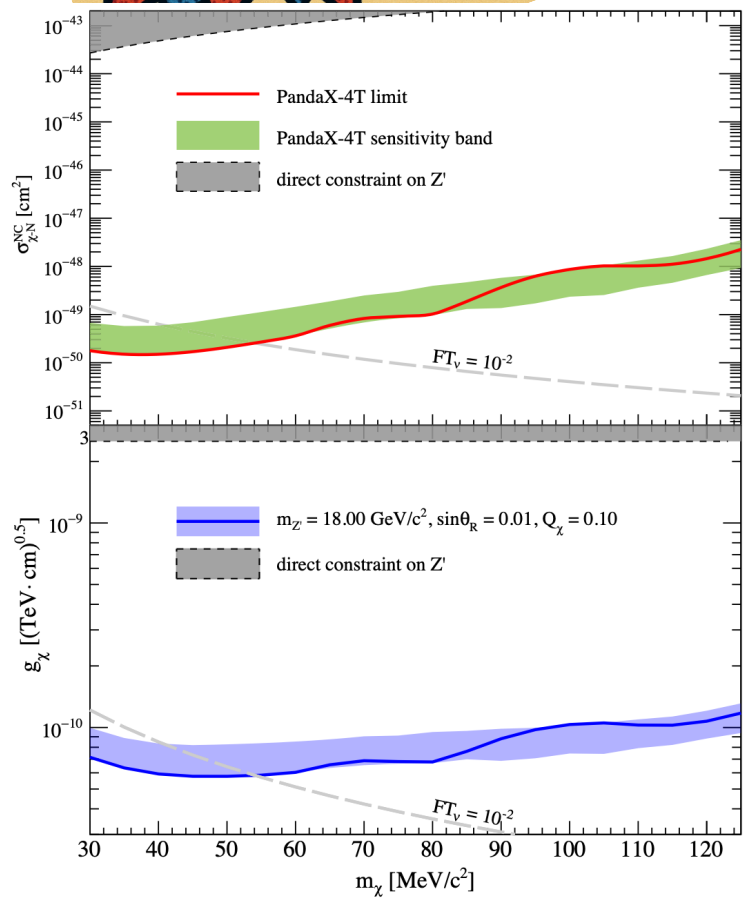
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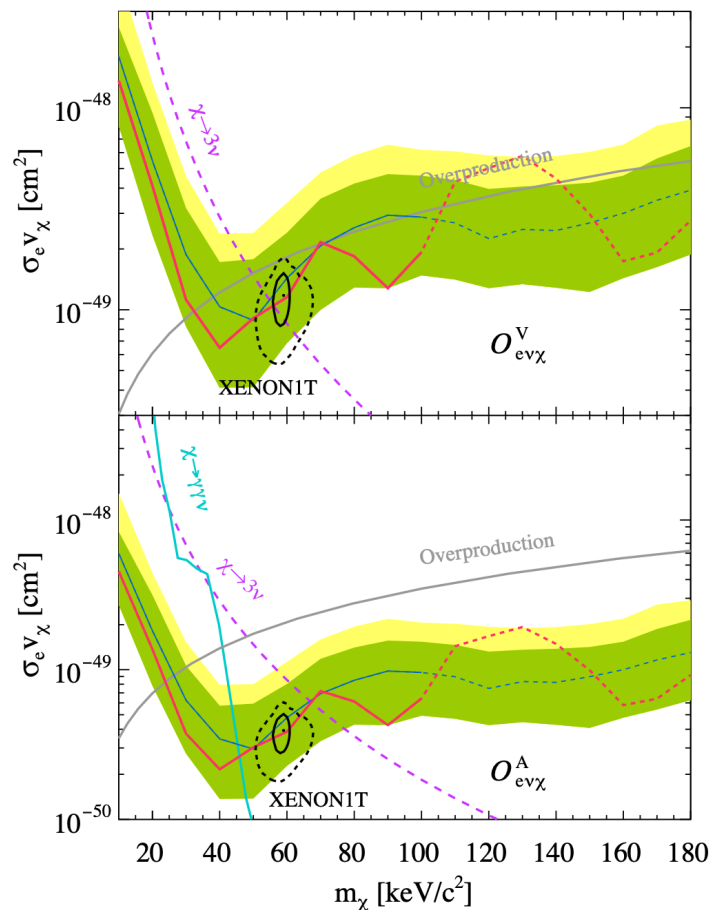
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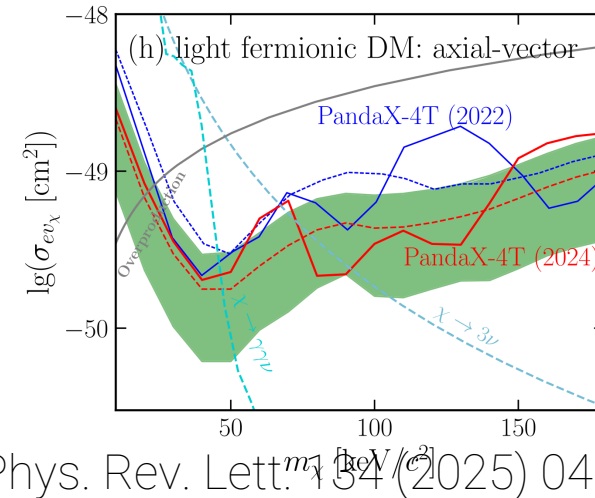
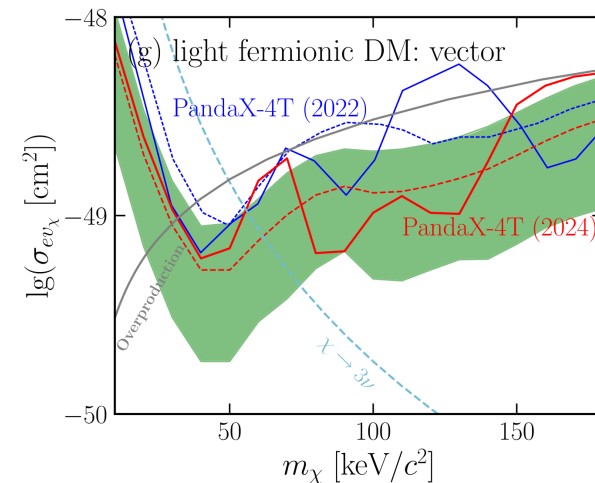
# Fermionic Absorption DM



Phys. Rev. Lett. 129 (2022) 161803



Phys. Rev. Lett. 129 (2022) 161804

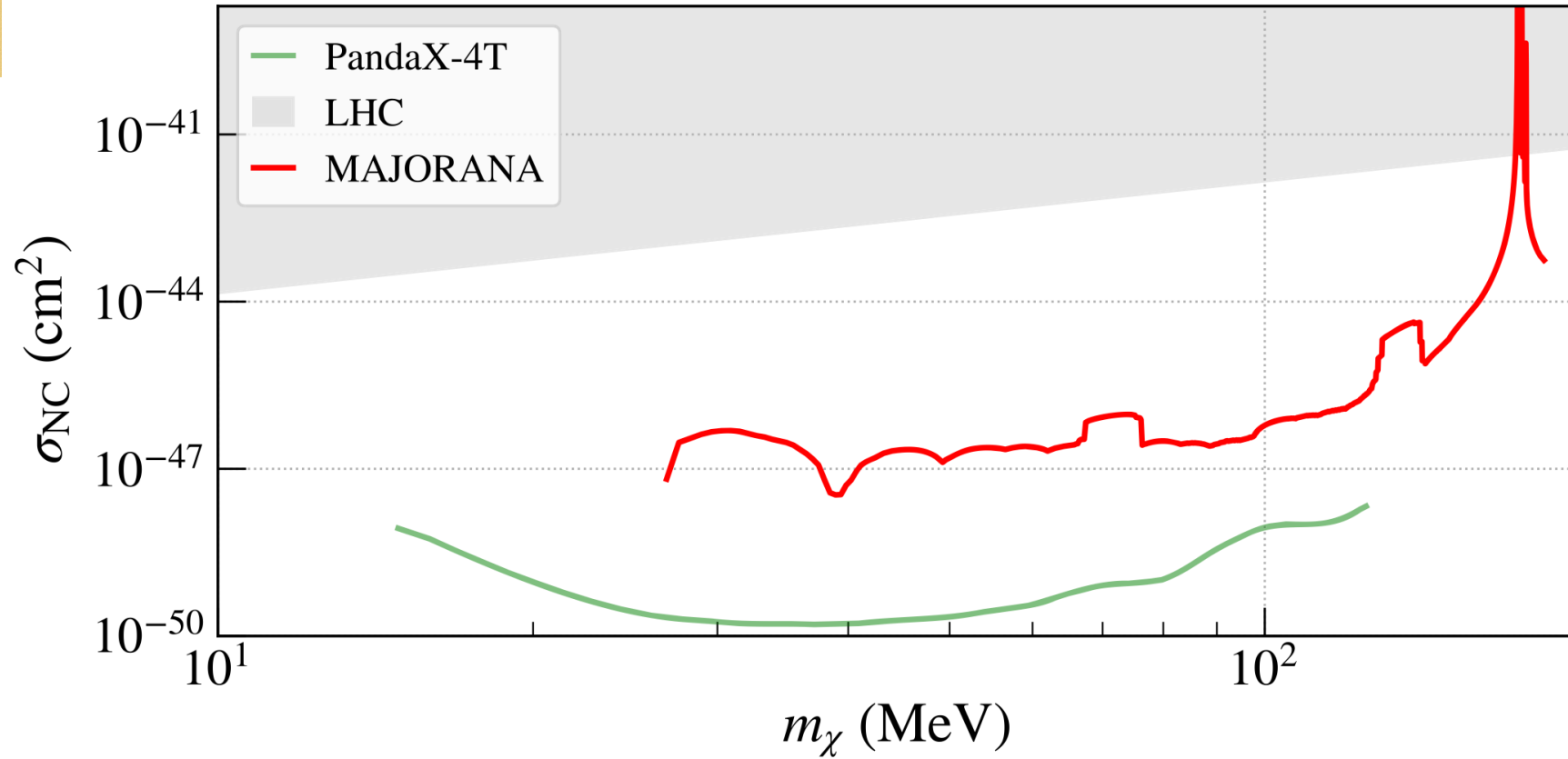


Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 (2025) 041001

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**MAJORANA**

# Fermionic Absorption DM

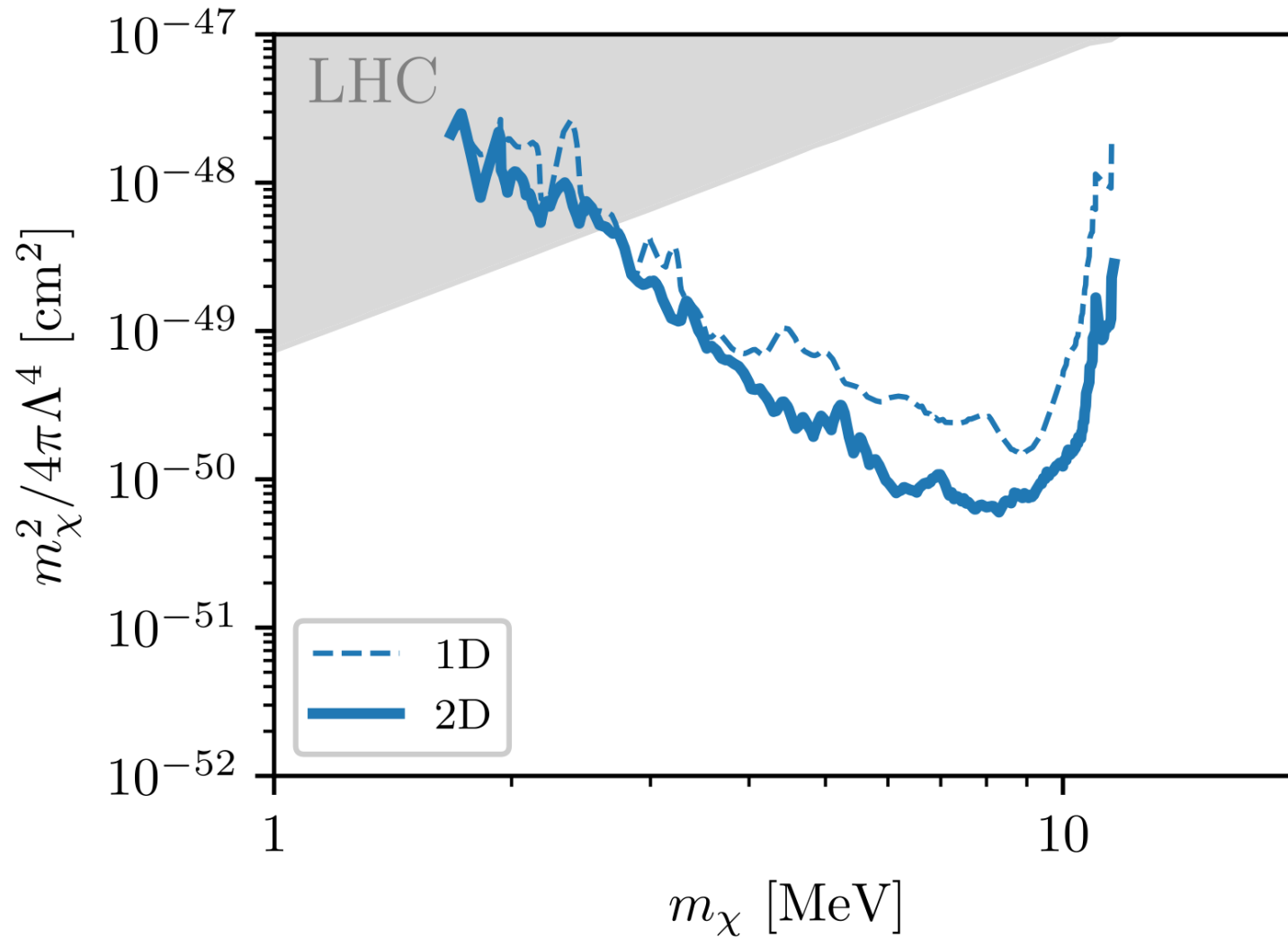


Phys. Rev. Lett. 132 (2024) 041001

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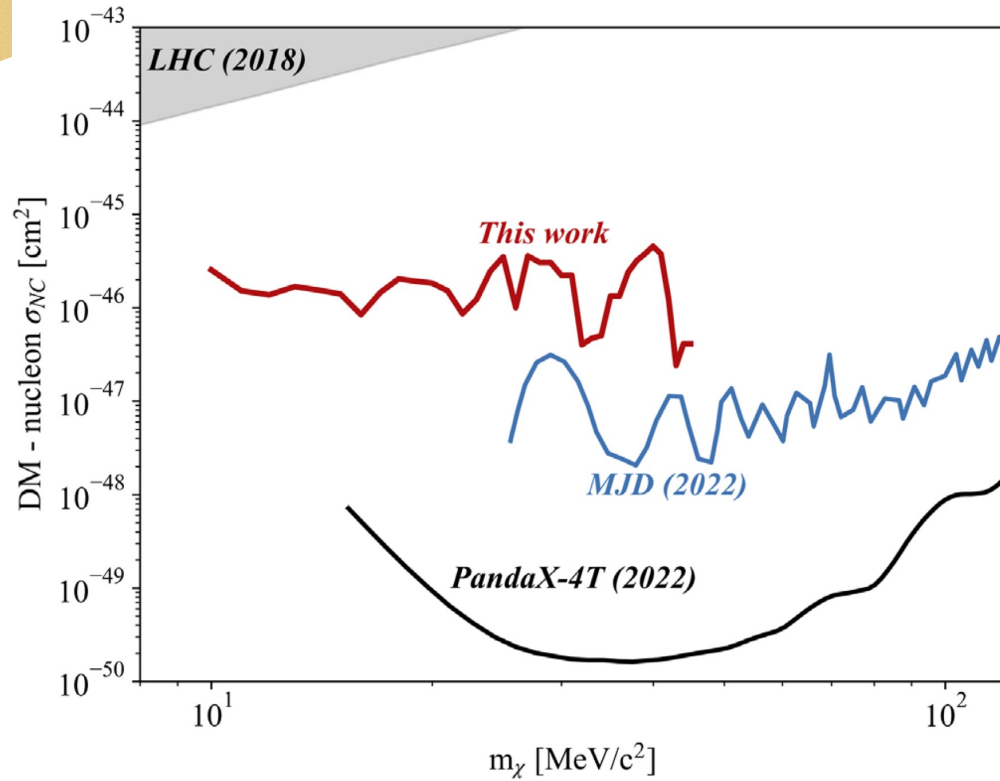


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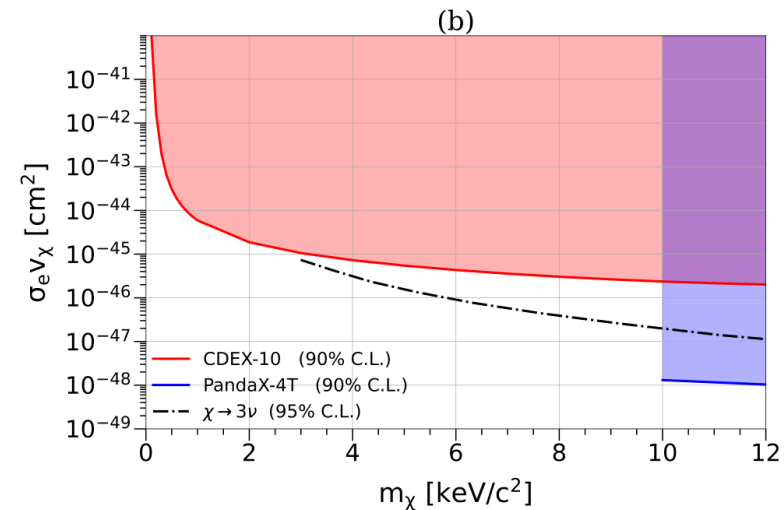
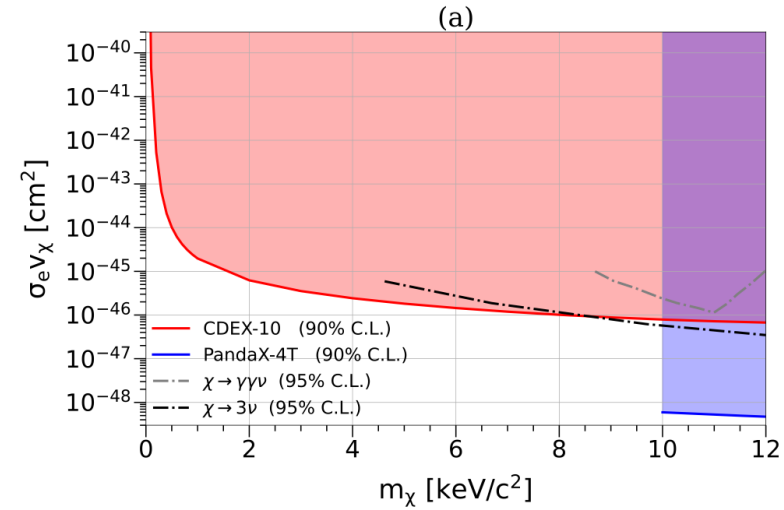




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Phys. Rev. Lett. 129 (2022) 221802

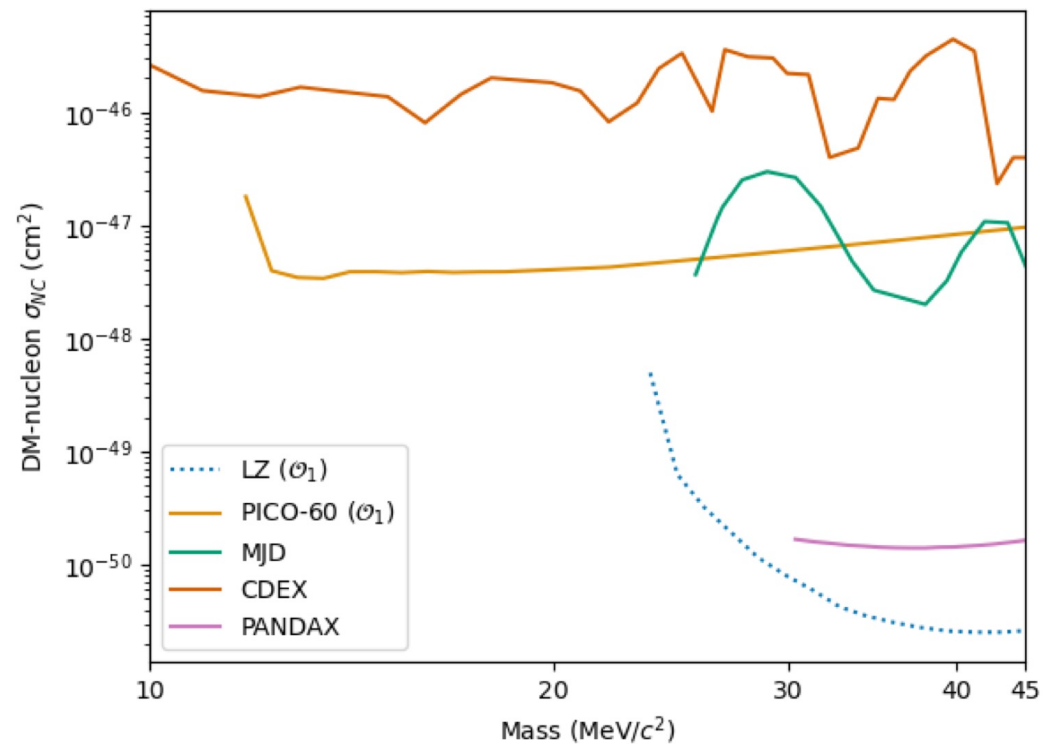
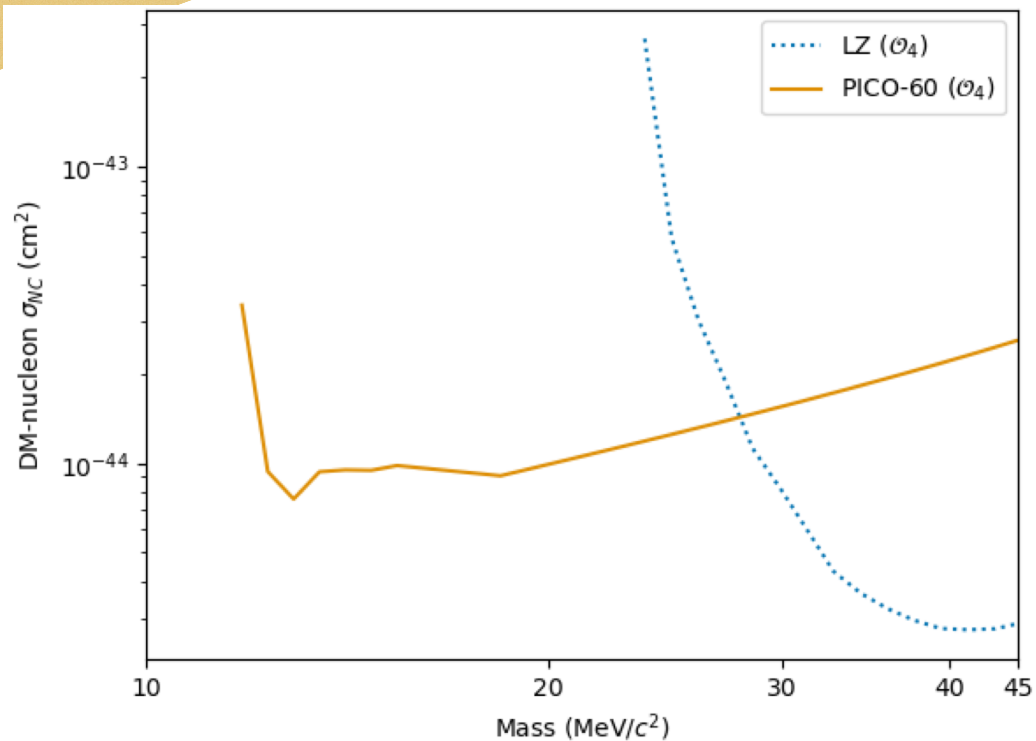


[2404.09793]

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# Fermionic Absorption DM



[2504.13089]

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Part I

DM turns neutrons into neutrinos

Part II

Neutrons turn DM into neutrinos

*We're thinking about this...*

DM turns neutrons into neutrinos

Part II

Neutrons turn DM into neutrinos

*We're thinking about this...*

DM turns neutrons into neutrinos

*People are looking for this!*

Neutrons turn DM into neutrinos