

More



EIC Tracking with Micromegas Detector Design Optimization

...

Dylan Neff
CEA/IRFU/DPhN Saclay

Outline

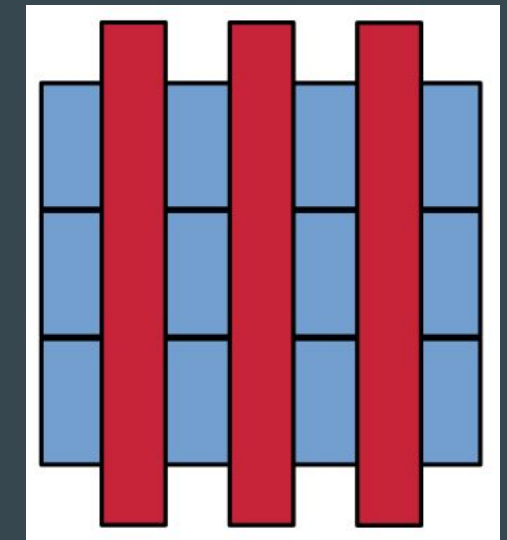
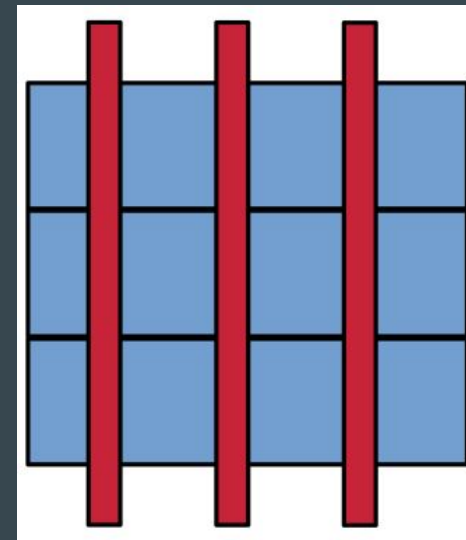
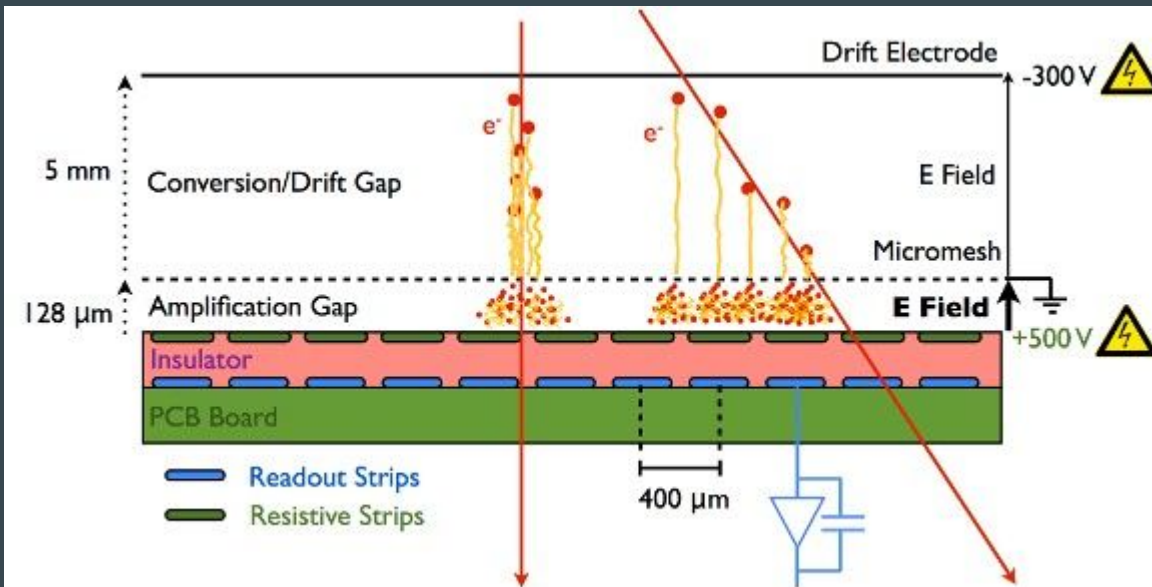
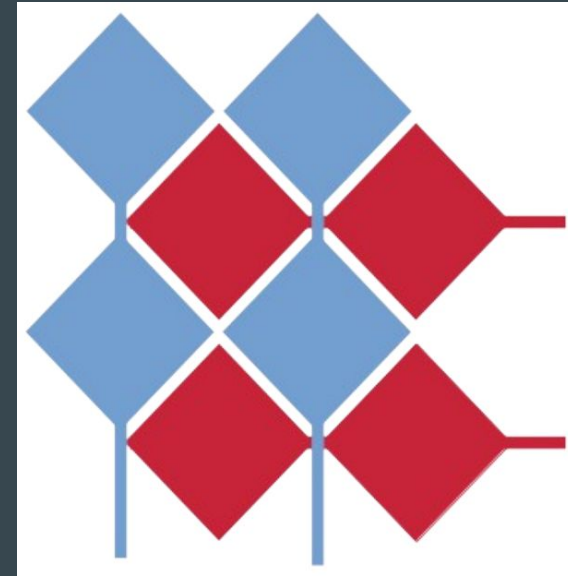
- Optimizing detector design
 - Measuring Resolution
 - Problem with 2023 beam test
- Plans for 2023 beam test
- Cosmic muons
- Summary & Outlook

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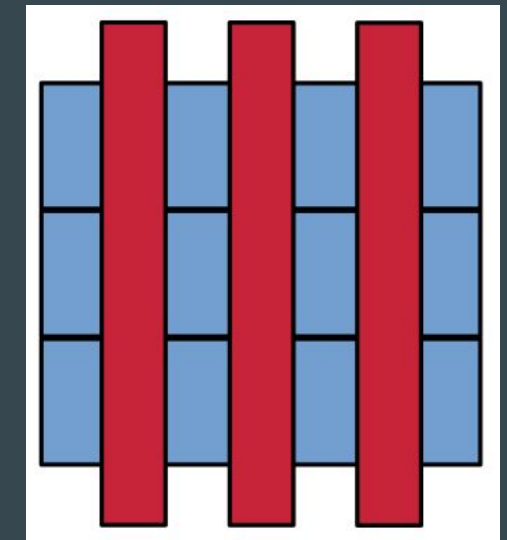
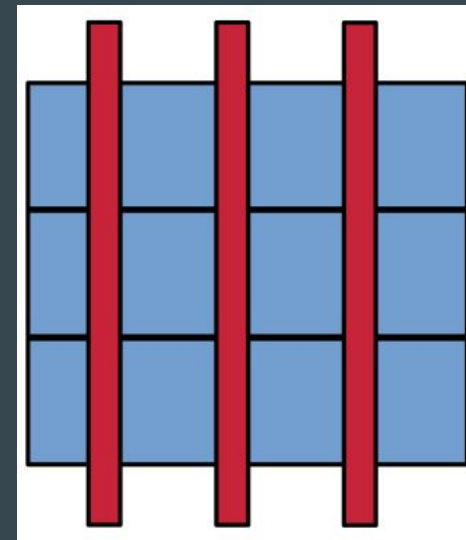
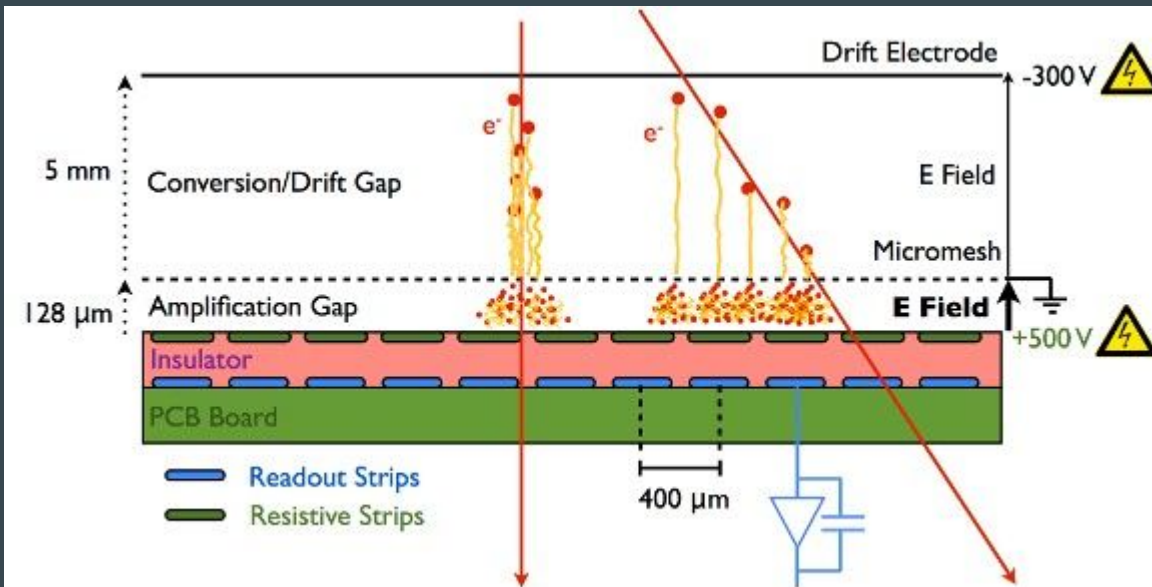
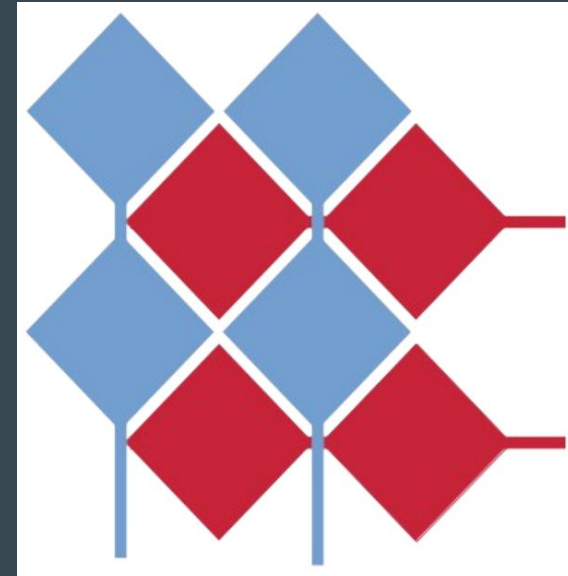
Goal: Select EIC Detector Design

- What is the optimal detector design for EIC?
- Design pattern parameters
 - Readout strips
 - Resistive layer
- Metrics to optimize
 - Tracking resolution
 - Detector efficiency/homogeneity
 - Charge sharing between layers

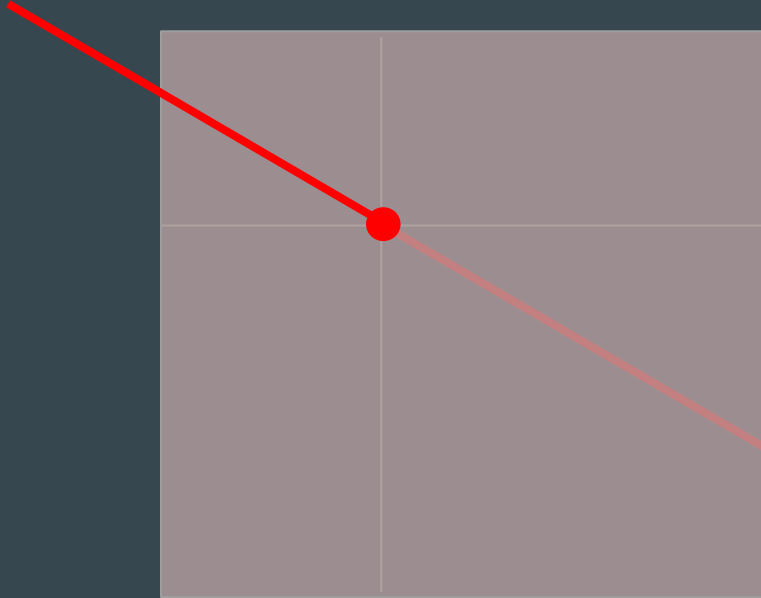


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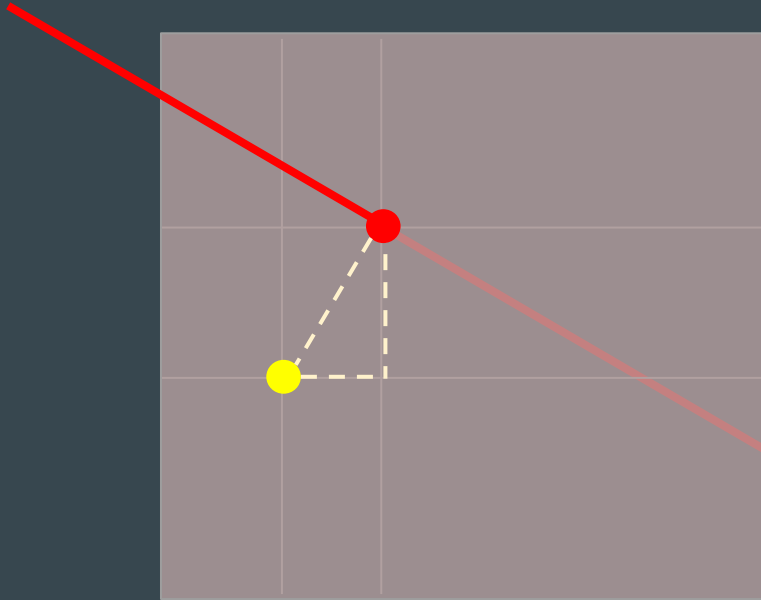


Measuring Tracking Resolution



A track passes through (hits) a detector

Measuring Tracking Resolution

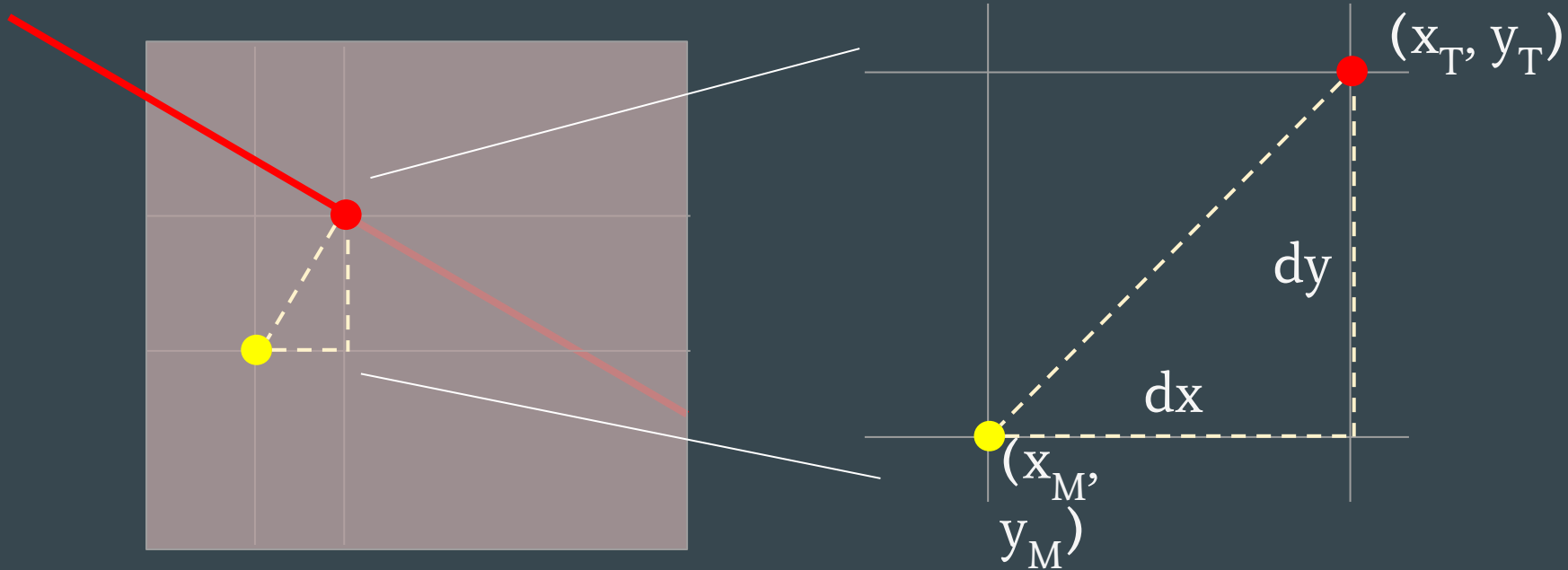


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The detector measures position of hit
Not necessarily in the true hit position

Measuring Tracking Resolution

- Detector
- Track
- True Hit
- Measured Hit



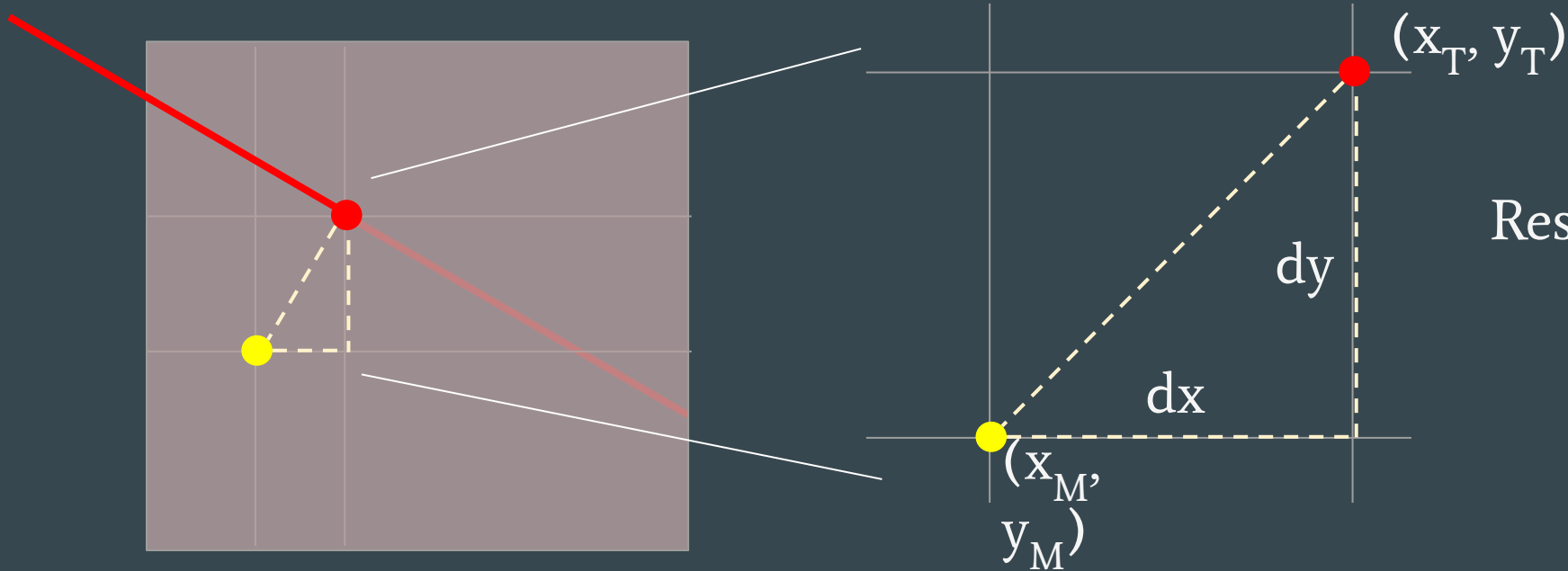
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Residual: Difference
between true and
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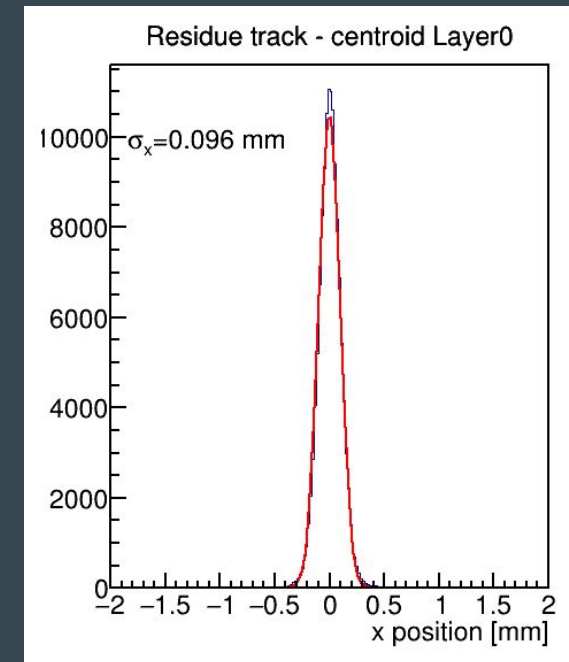


Residual distribution can tell us resolution of detector:
↪ precision of tracking

A track passes through (hits) a detector

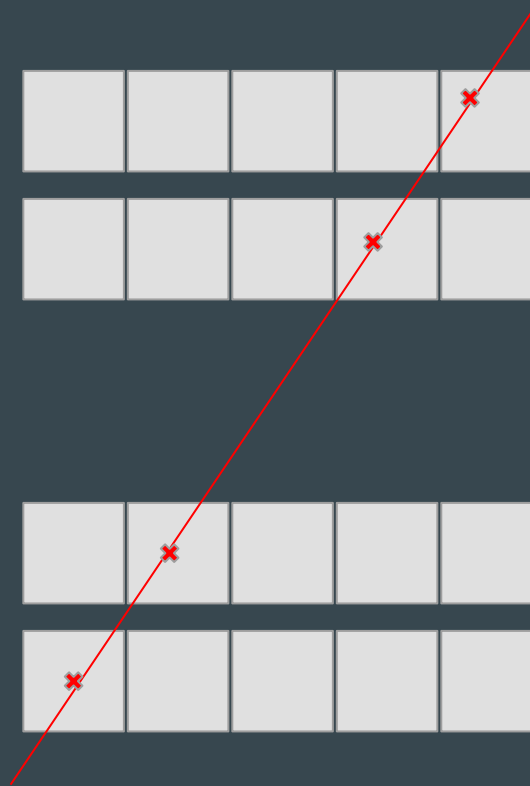
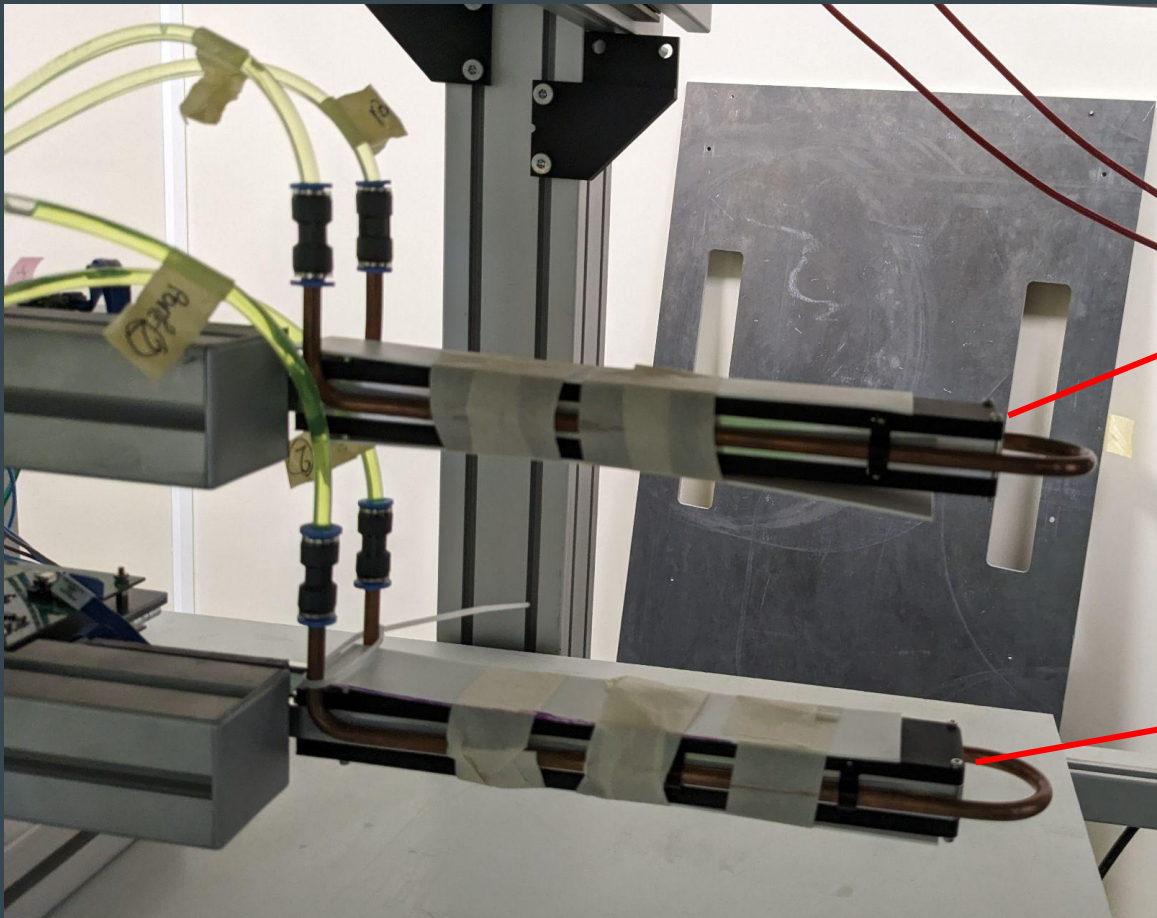
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“Banco” MAPS Tracking Detector

- Silicon MAPS detector Allows us to reconstruct cosmic muon tracks with high precision
- High spatial resolution → Use this to characterize the resolution of our test detectors



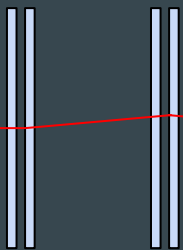
Each ladder
contains 5 chips

2 ladders per arm

Problem with 2023 Test Beam

$$\sigma^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{tracking}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{scattering}}^2$$

Multiple scattering of 880 MeV electrons was dominant contribution to residuals for most detectors!



Banco
0mm

305mm

425mm

545mm

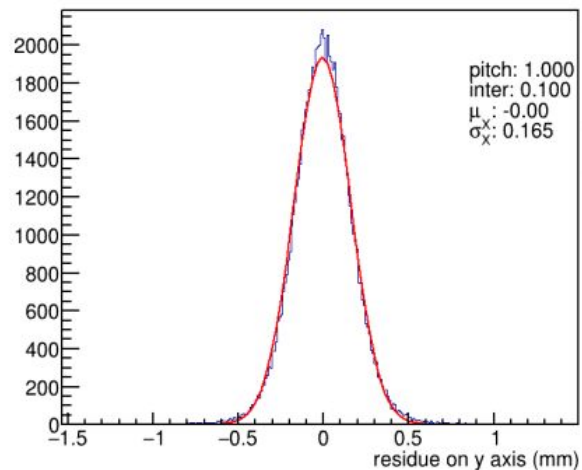
785mm

D1

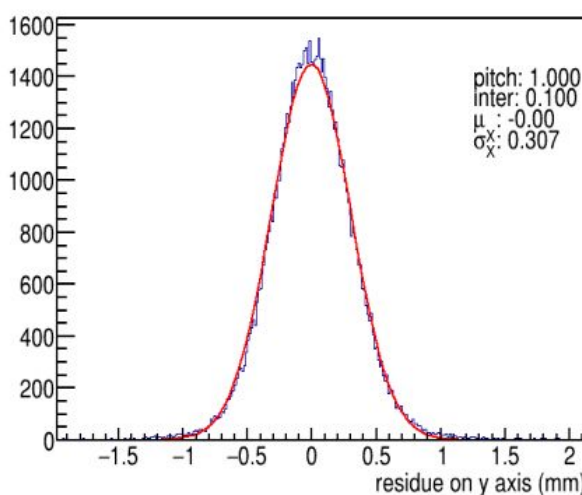
D2

D3

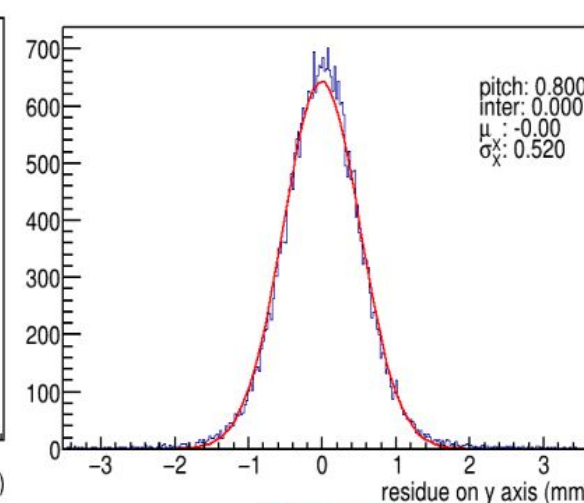
D4



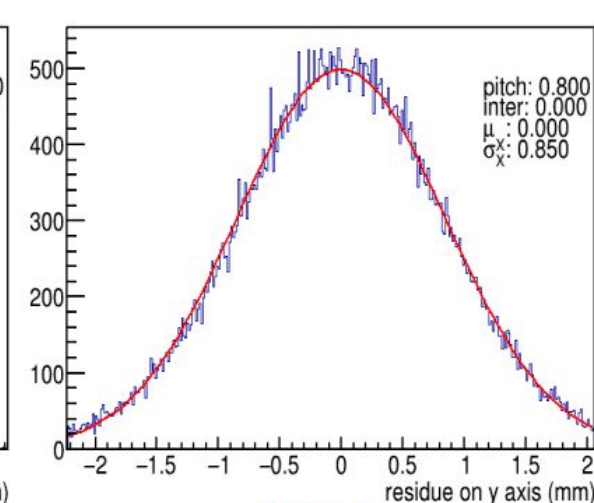
Residues: 165 μm



Residues: 307 μm



Residues: 520 μm



Residues: 850 μm

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2024 beam test in September
Can we take useful data?

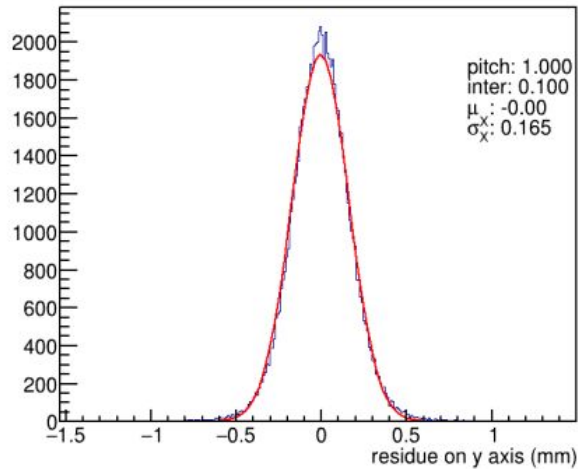
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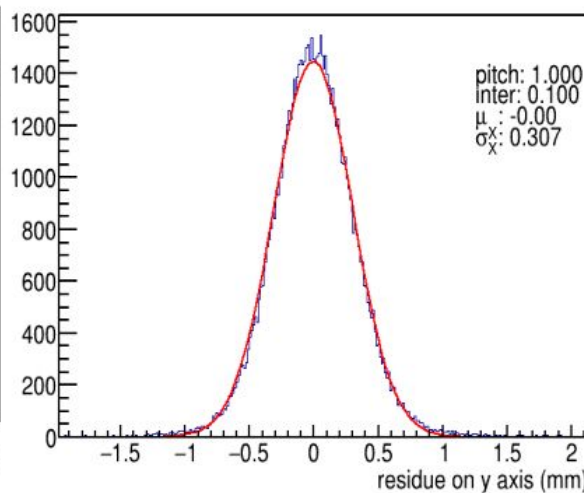
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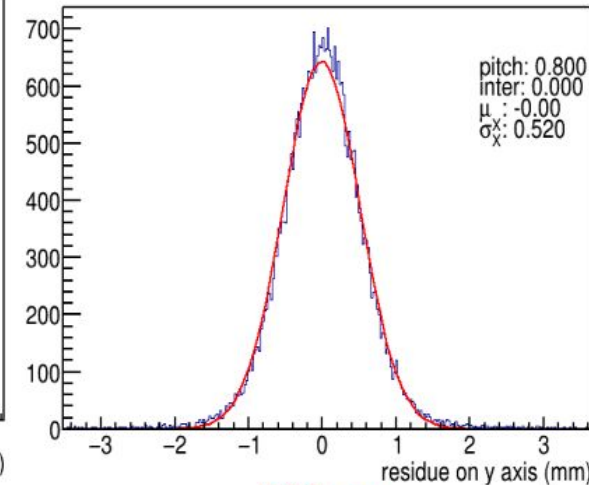
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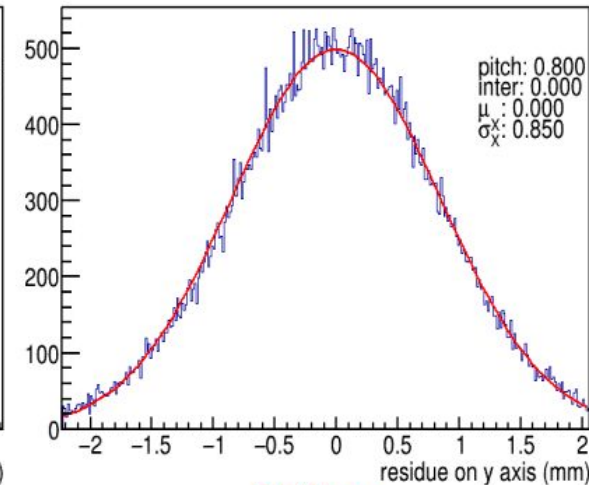
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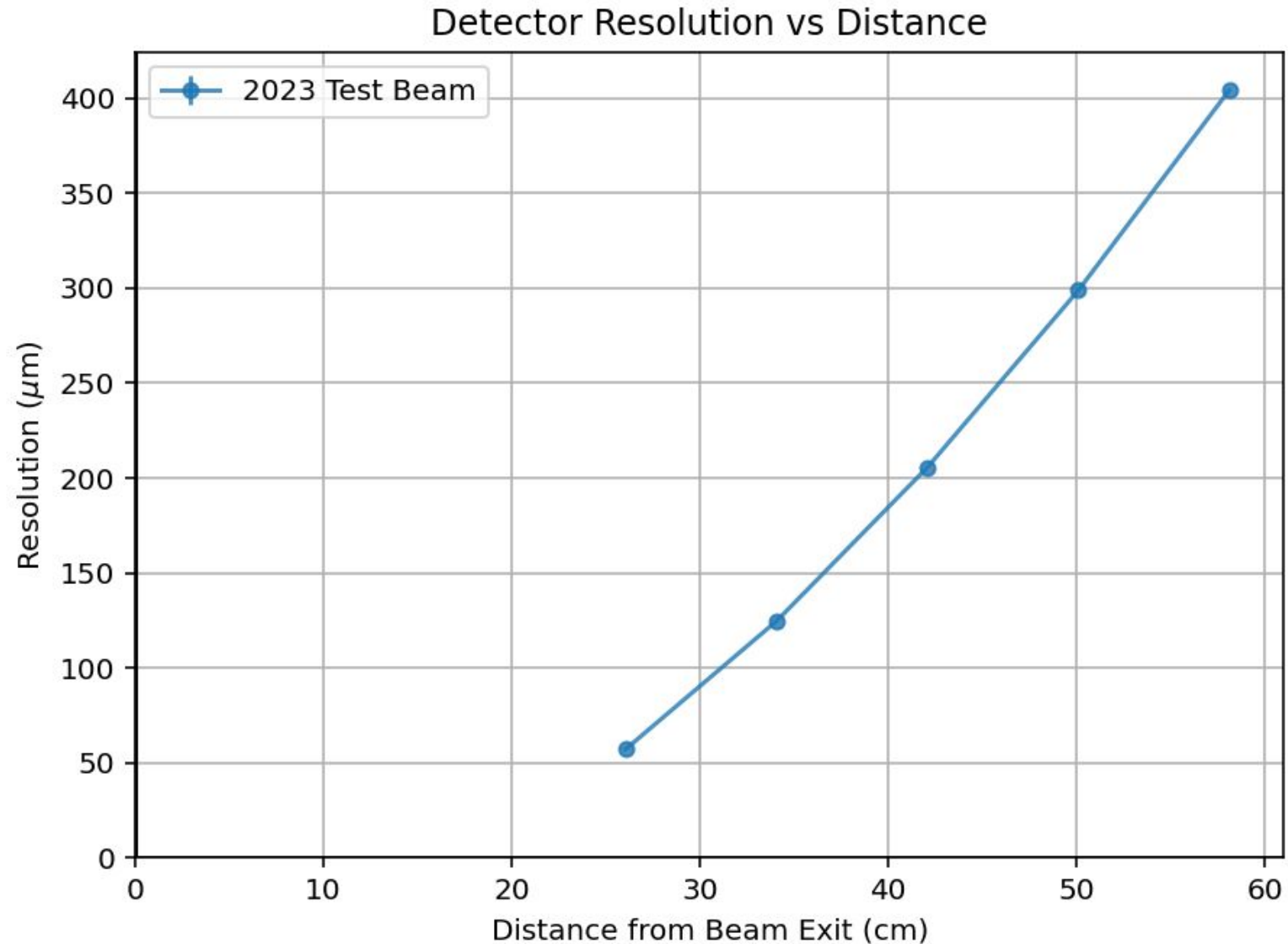
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Model Beam Test Configuration

$$\sigma^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{tracking}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{scattering}}^2$$

- Simulate multiple scattering and finite resolution of tracking detectors
 - Poor man's Geant4



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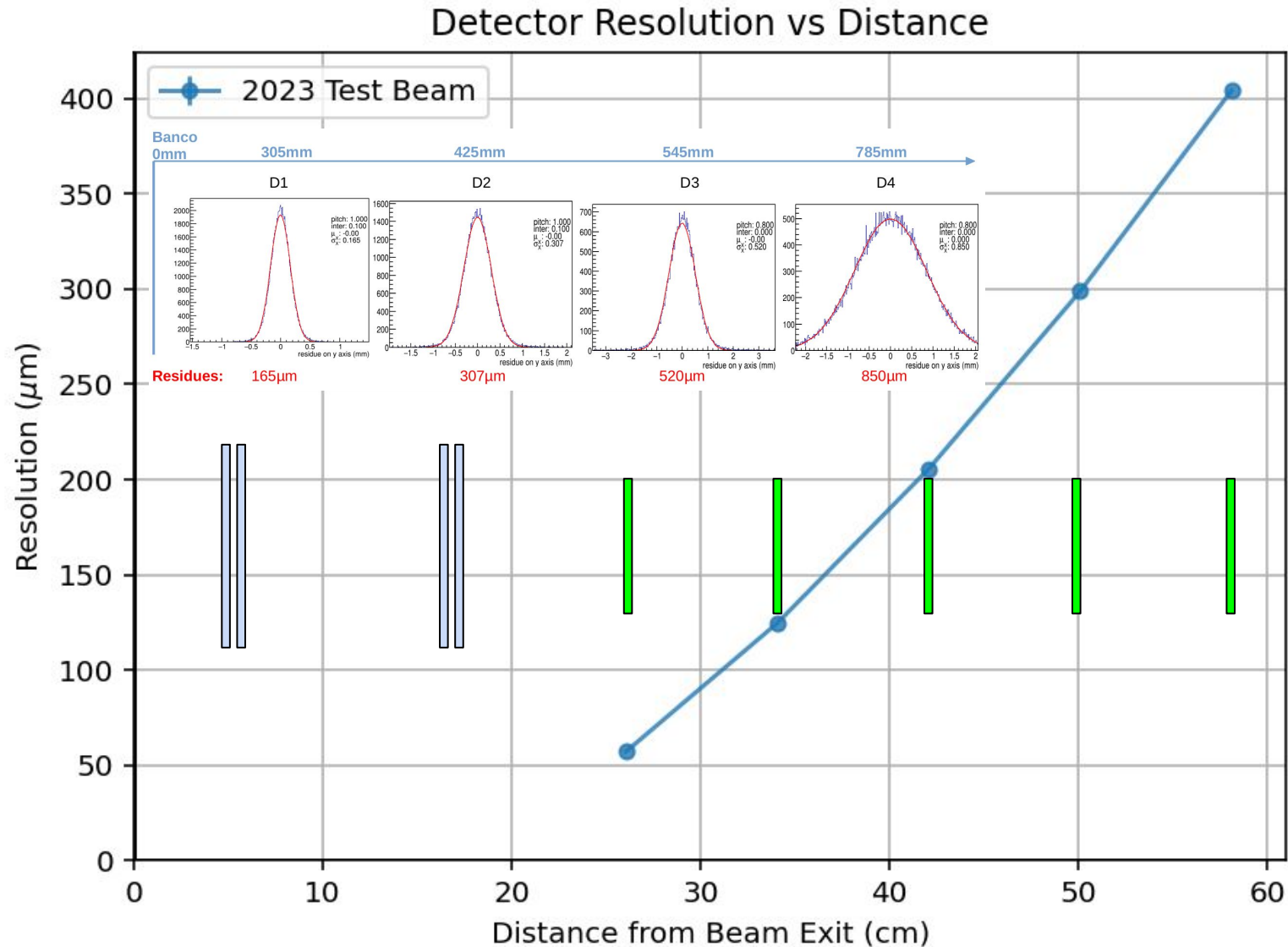
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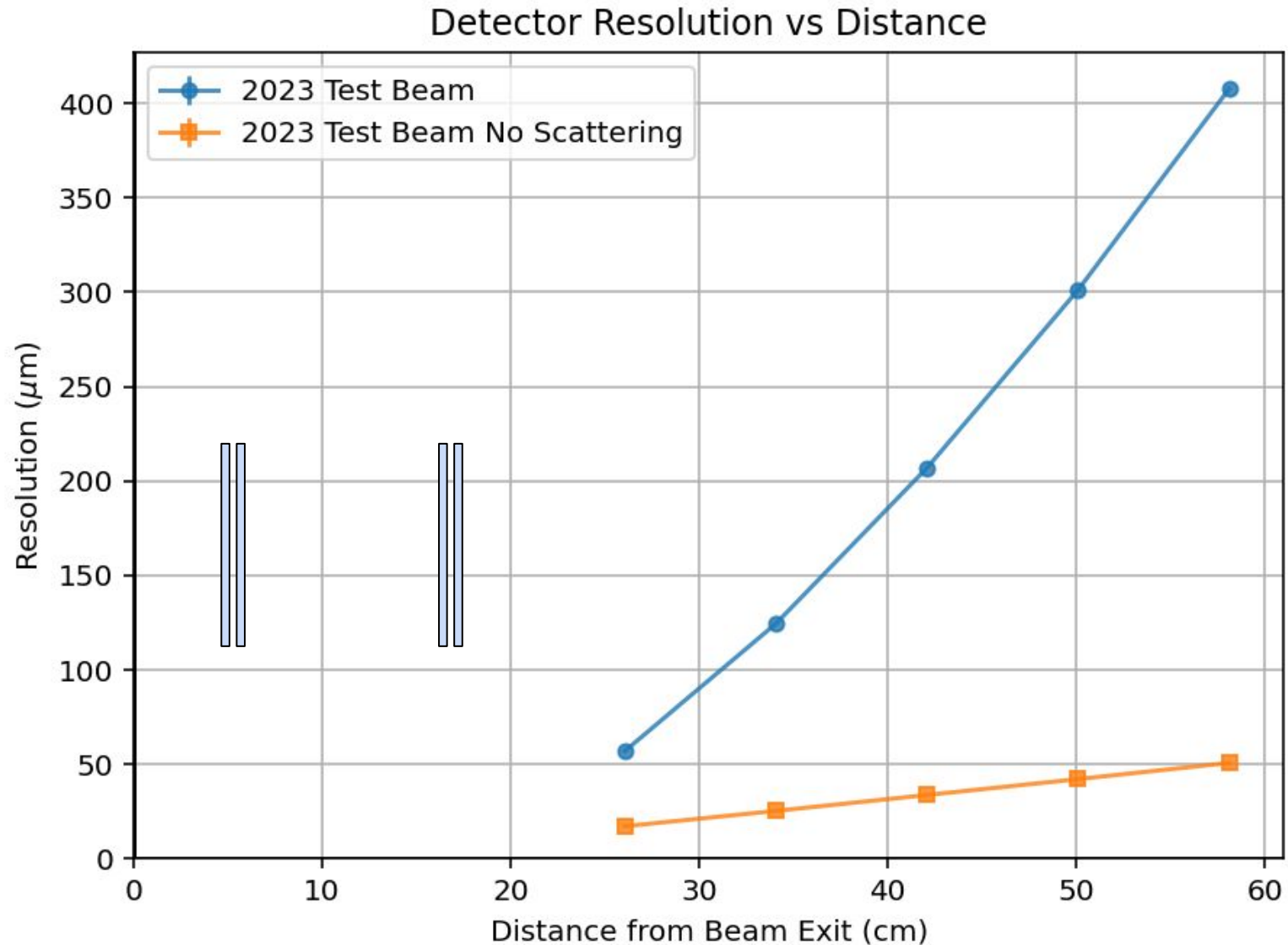
- Simulate multiple scattering and finite resolution of tracking detectors
 - Poor man's Geant4
- Qualitatively reproduces Samy's Geant4 simulation along with beam test results
 - Careful geometry may make matching better



Model Beam Test Configuration

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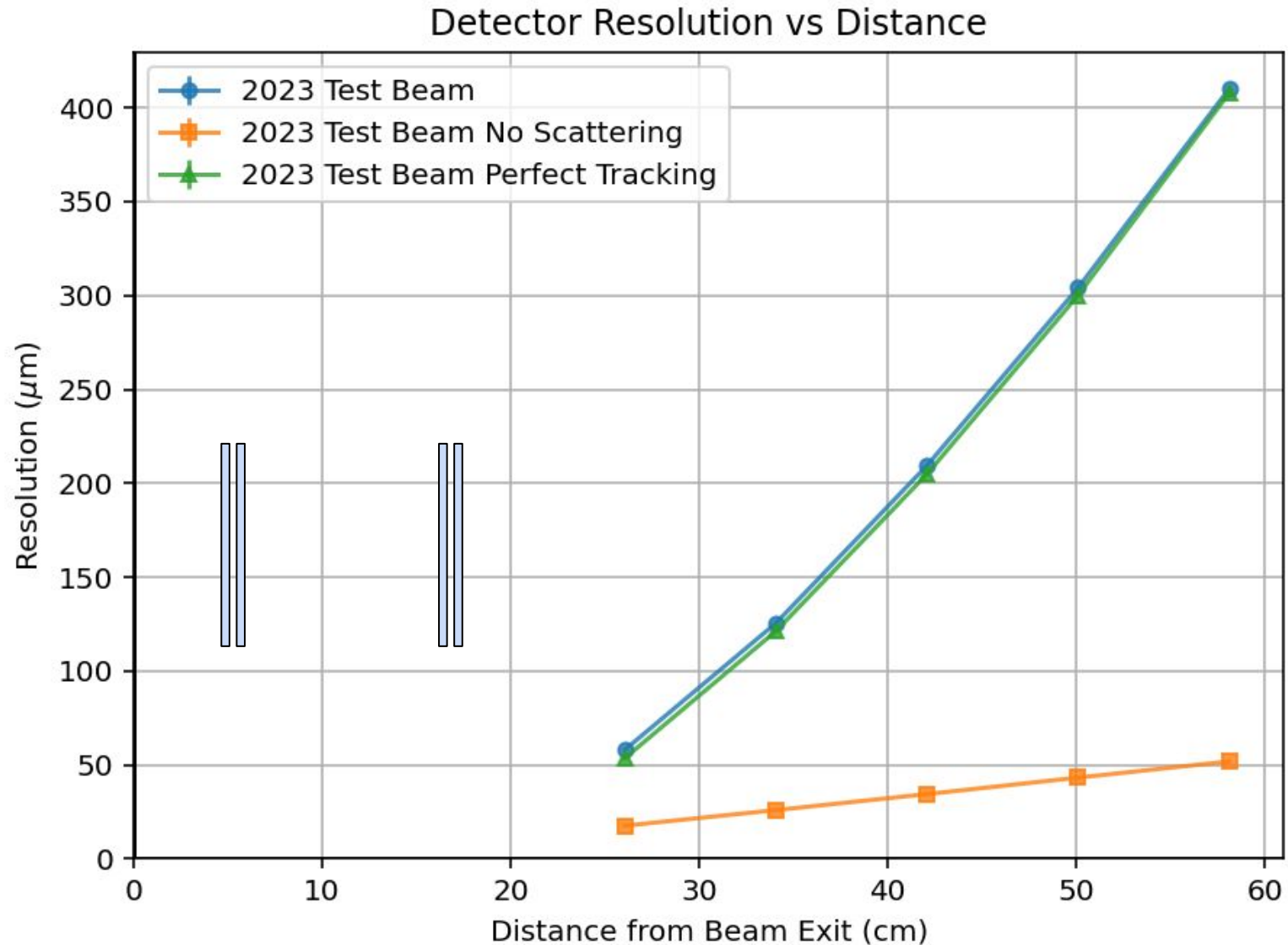
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Resulting resolution much lower (better)



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- Turn off scattering.
Resulting resolution much lower (better)
 - Most of the issue in this configuration is scattering



2024 Beam Test Configuration

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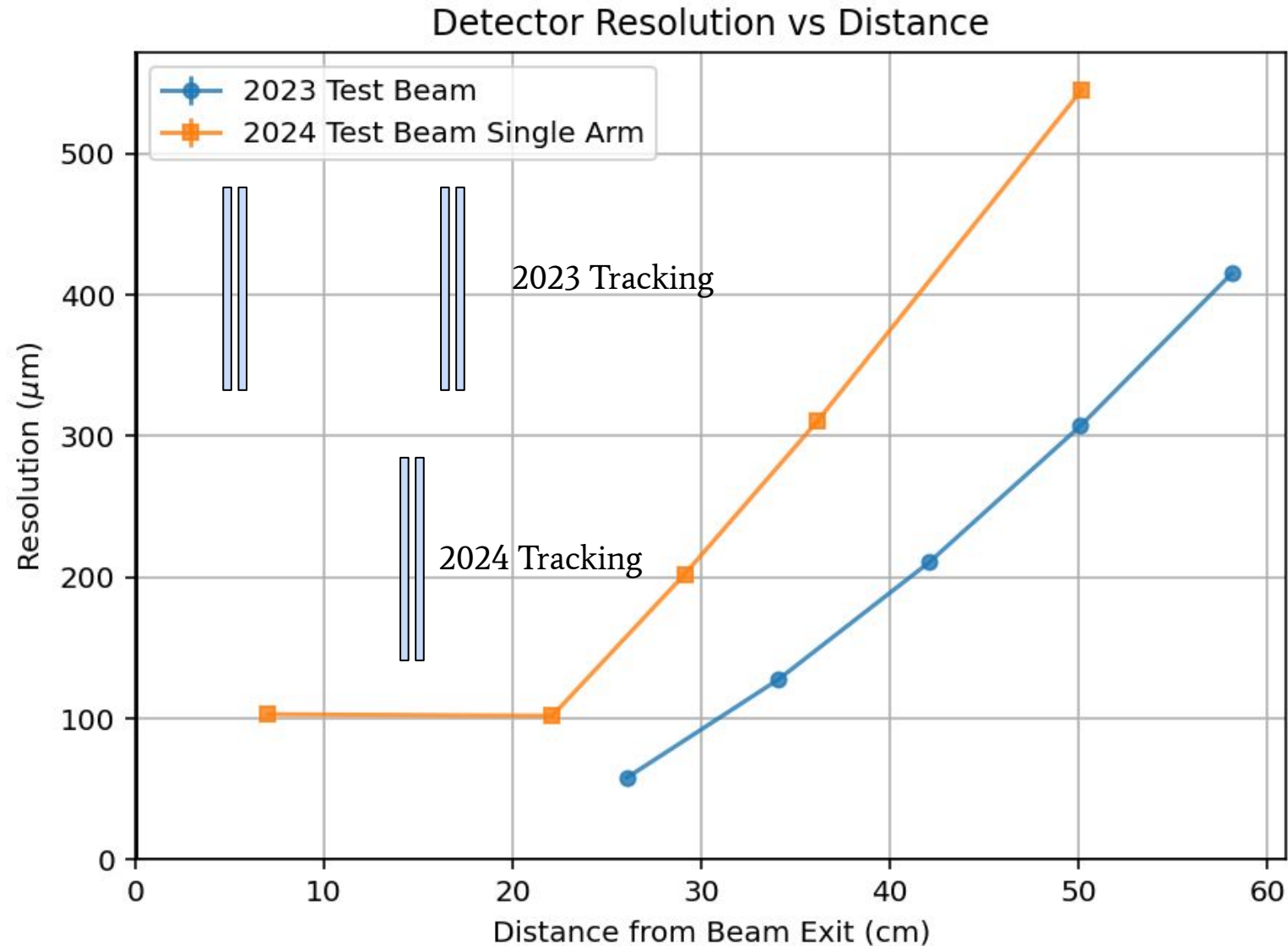
- Want a better configuration for 2024
- One option is to use only a single arm for tracking → 4 detectors at once with good resolution



2024 Beam Test Configuration

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- Want a better configuration for 2024
- One option is to use only a single arm for tracking → 4 detectors at once with good resolution
- Slightly worse resolution than first detector in 2023



2024 Beam Test Configuration

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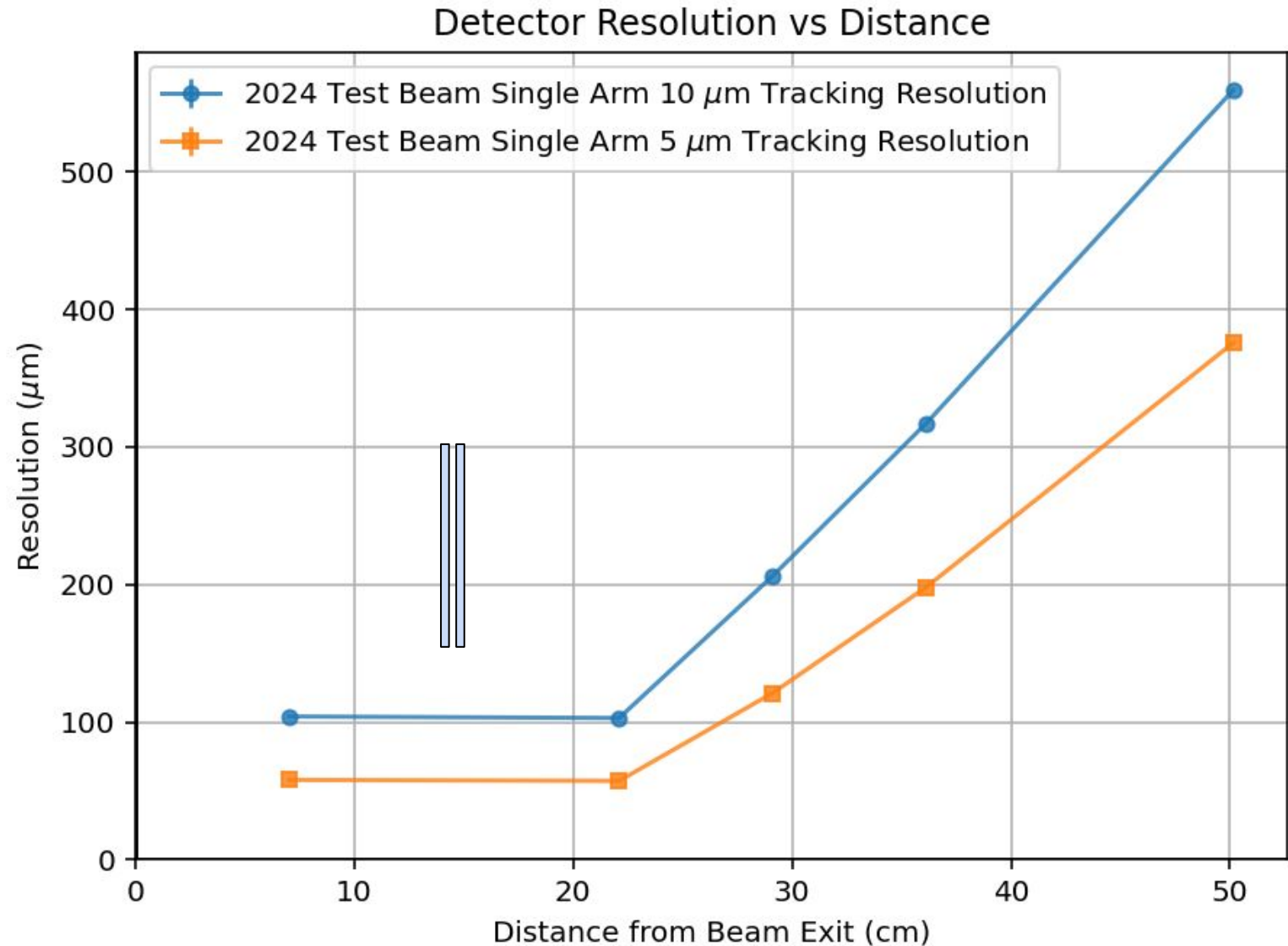
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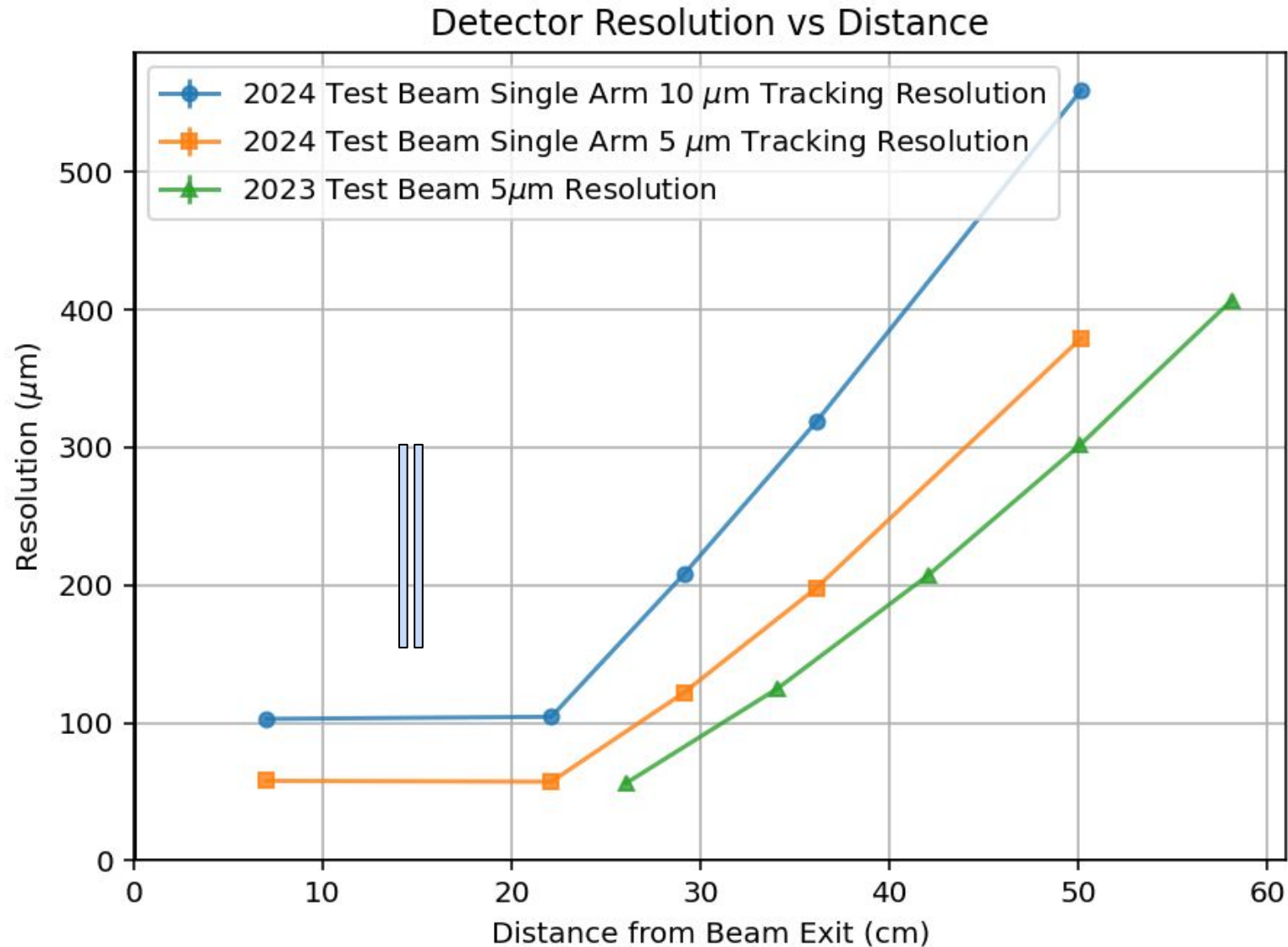
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 - Reaches same value as 2023



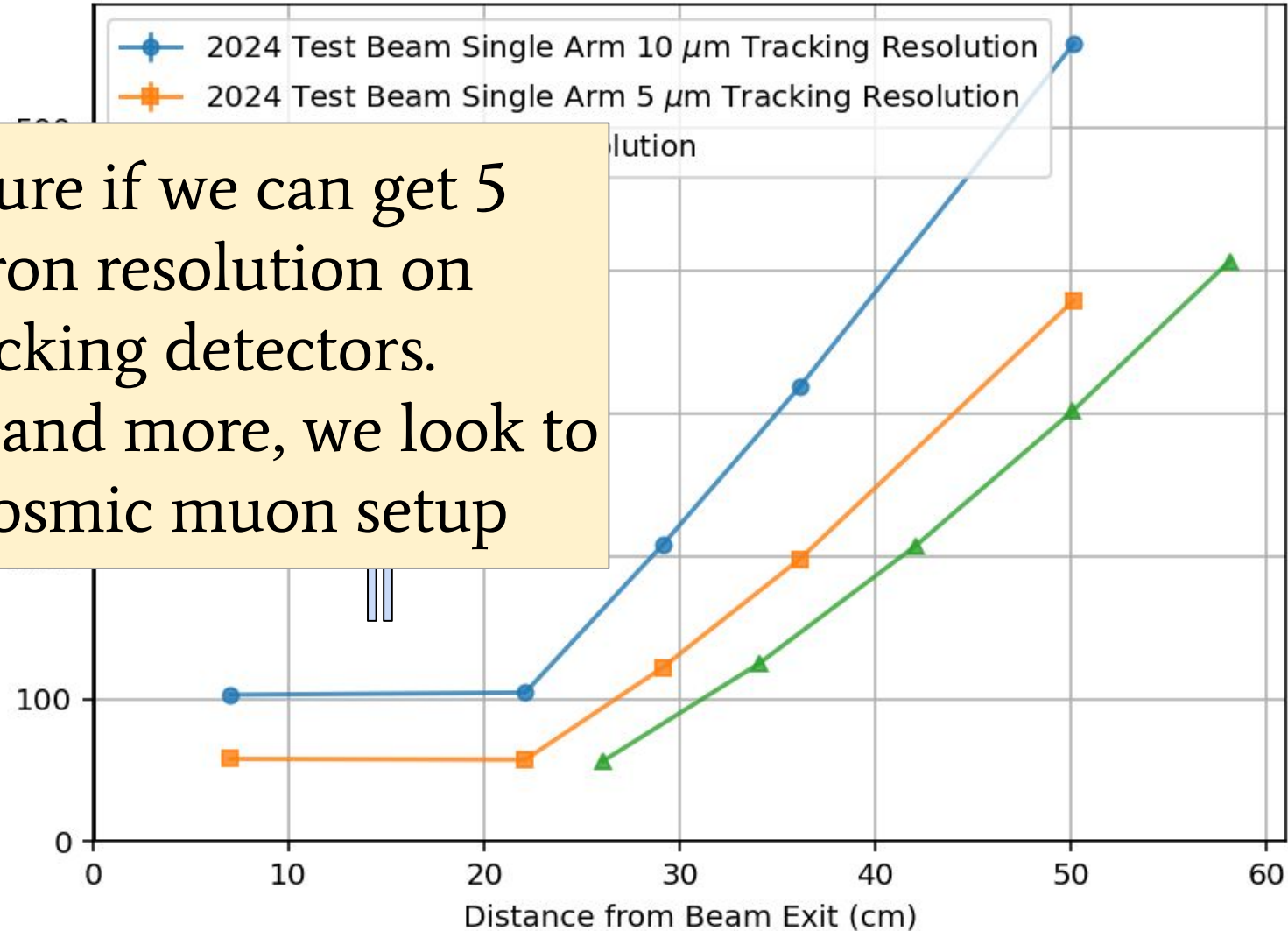
2024 Beam Test Configuration

$$\sigma^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{tracking}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{scattering}}^2$$

- Want a better configuration for 2024
- One option is to use only a single detector for tracking → 4 detectors at 50 cm with good resolution
- Most of resolution in this configuration attributable to resolution of tracking detector
 - Lowering tracking resolution from default 10 microns to 5 microns helps significantly
 - Reaches same value as 2023

Not sure if we can get 5 micron resolution on tracking detectors. For this and more, we look to our cosmic muon setup

Detector Resolution vs Distance

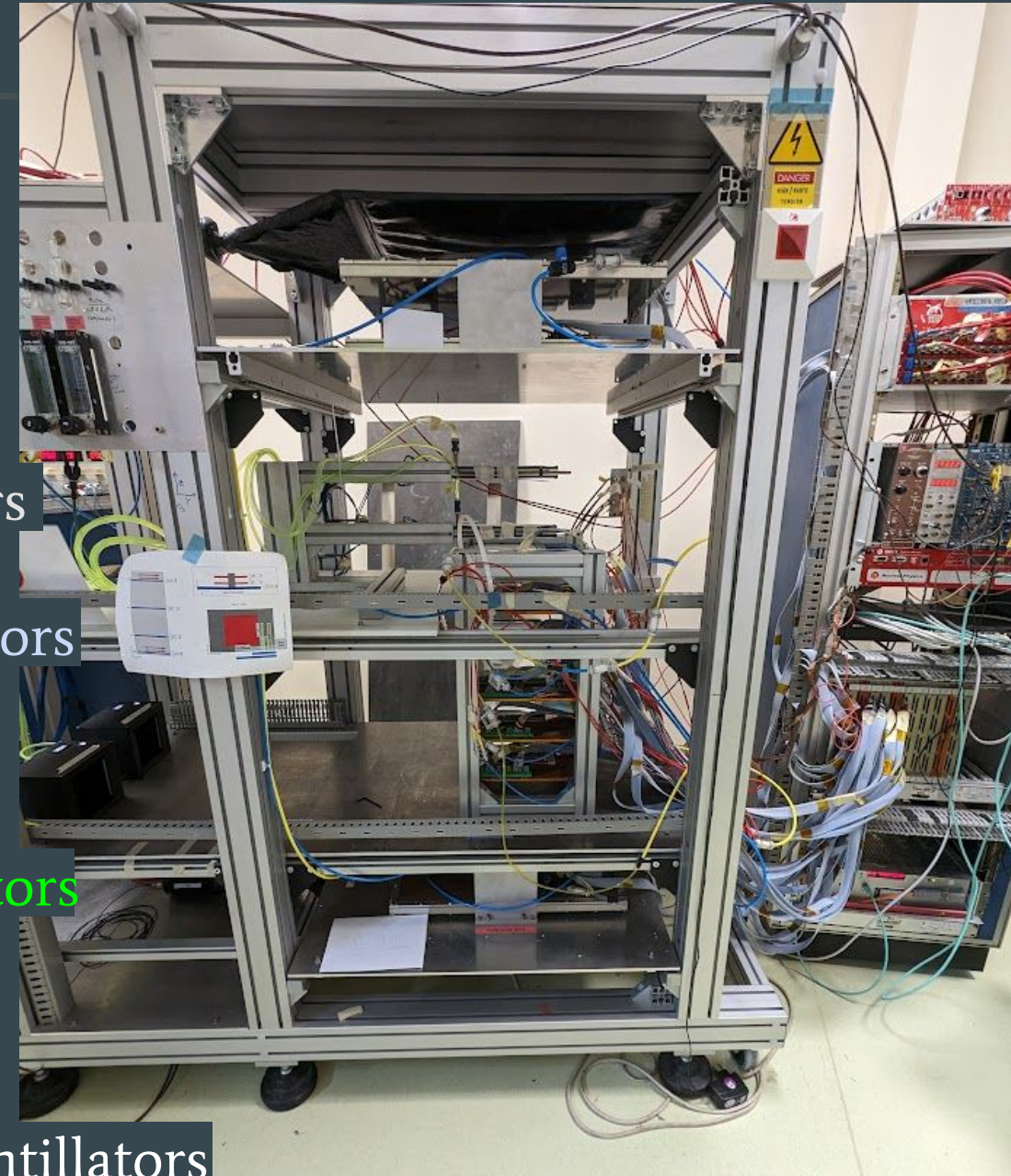
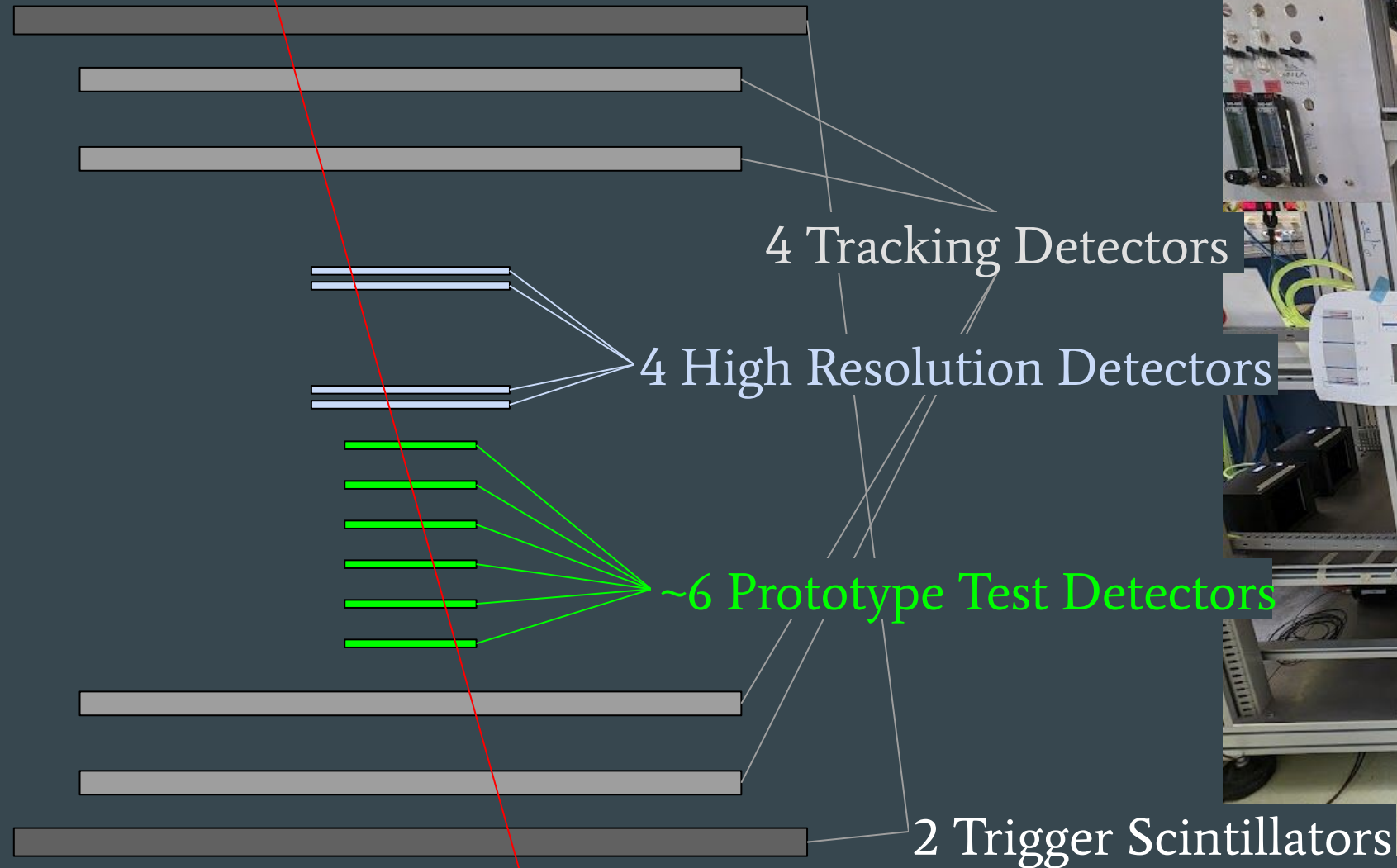


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Cosmic Test Bench

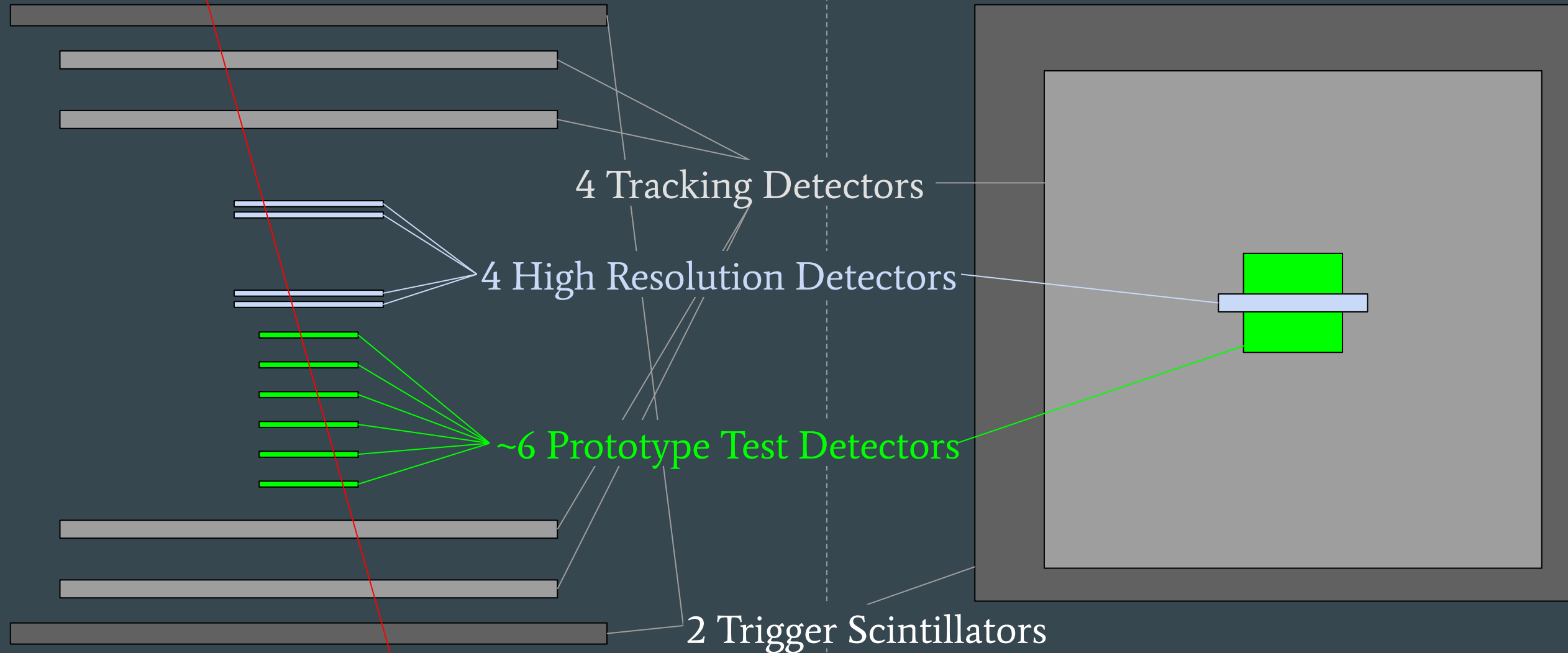
Side View



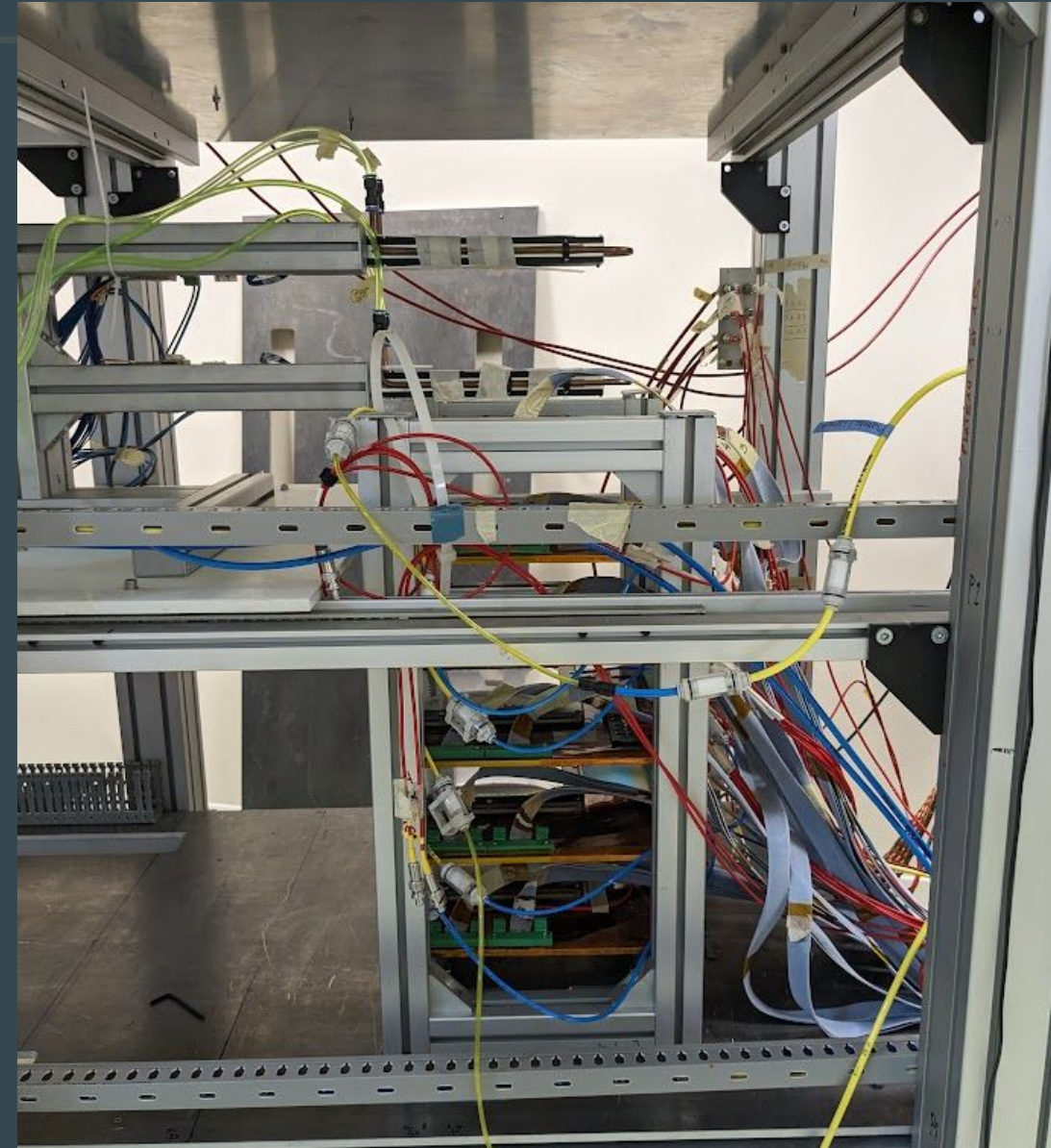
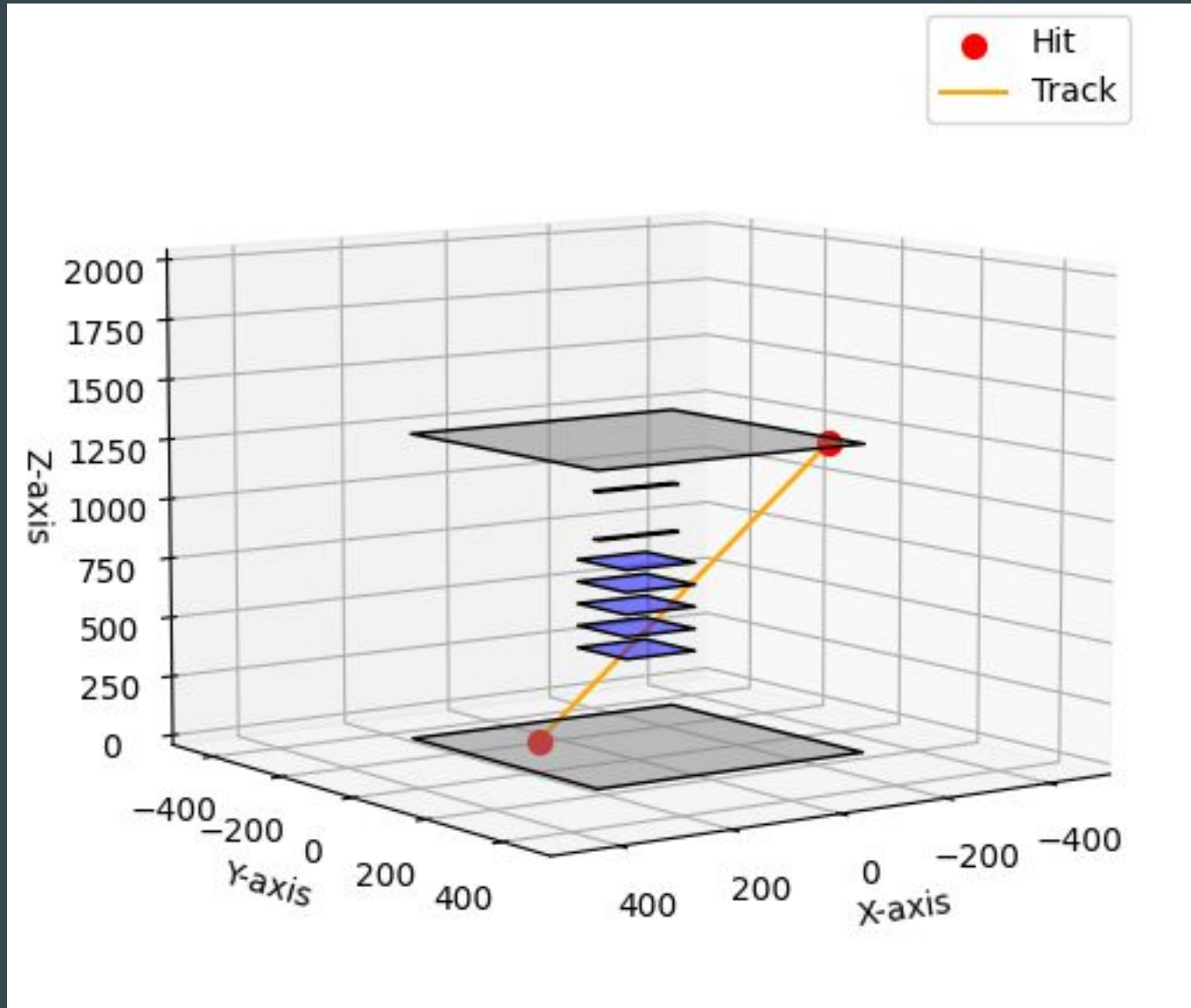
Cosmic Test Bench

Side View

Top View

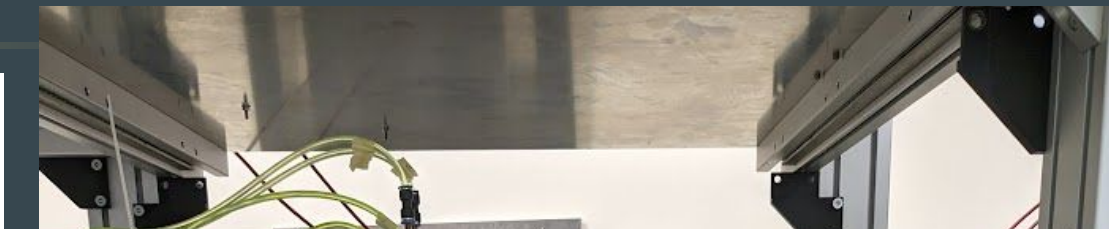
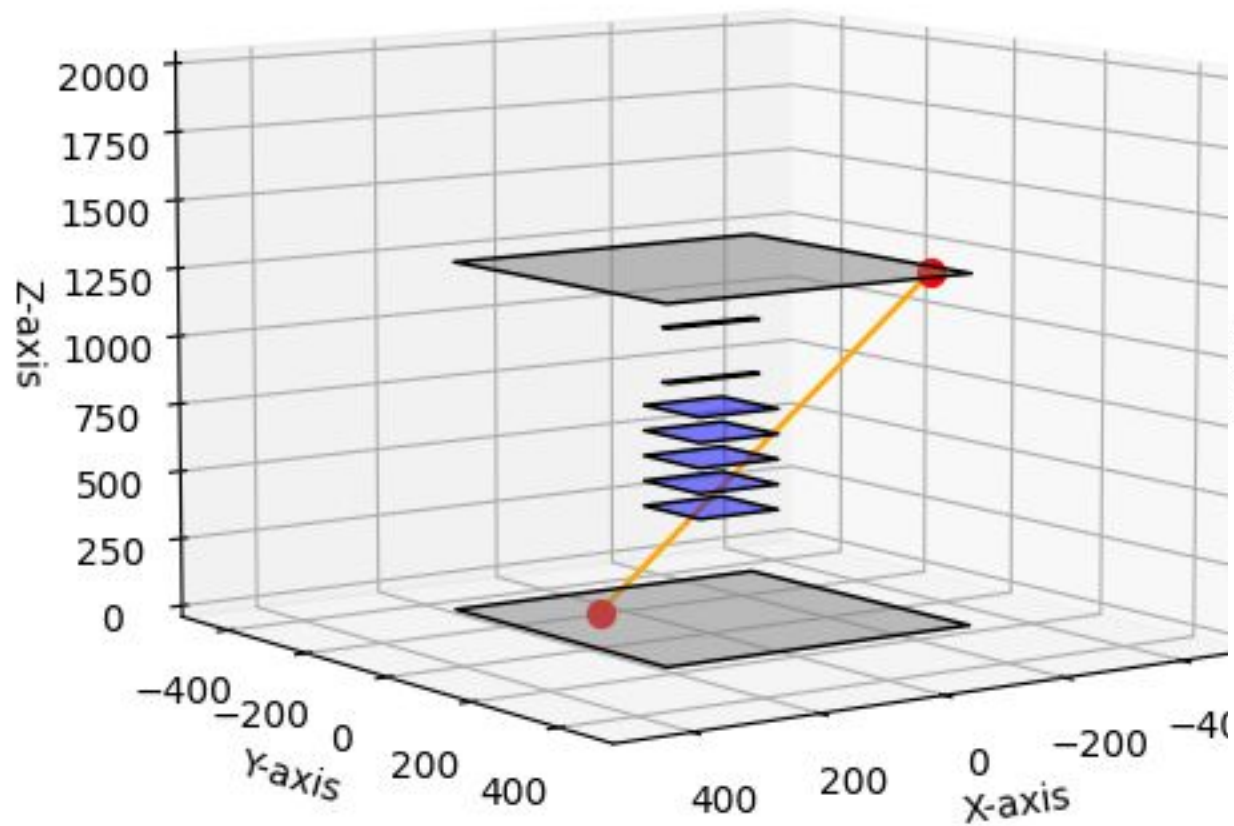


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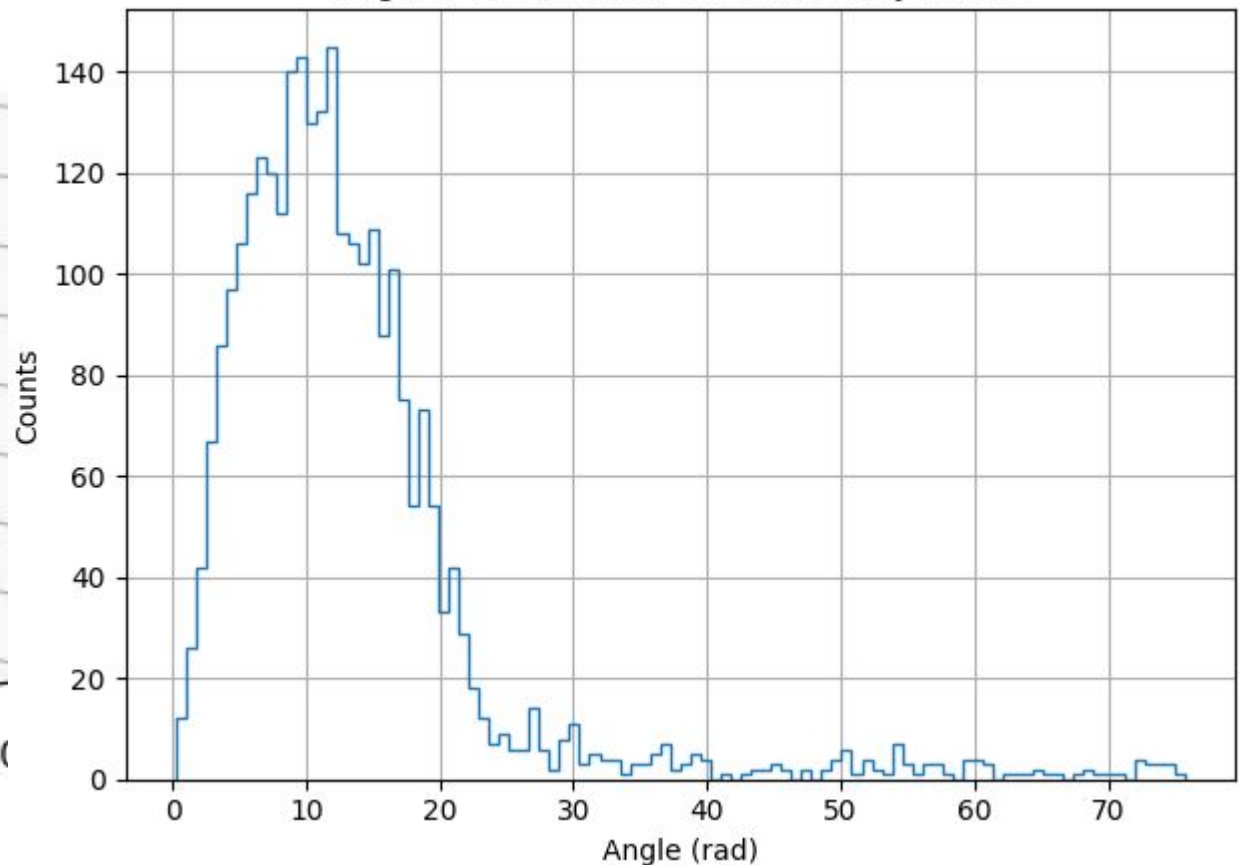


Cosmic Test Bench

Tracks come through at all angles



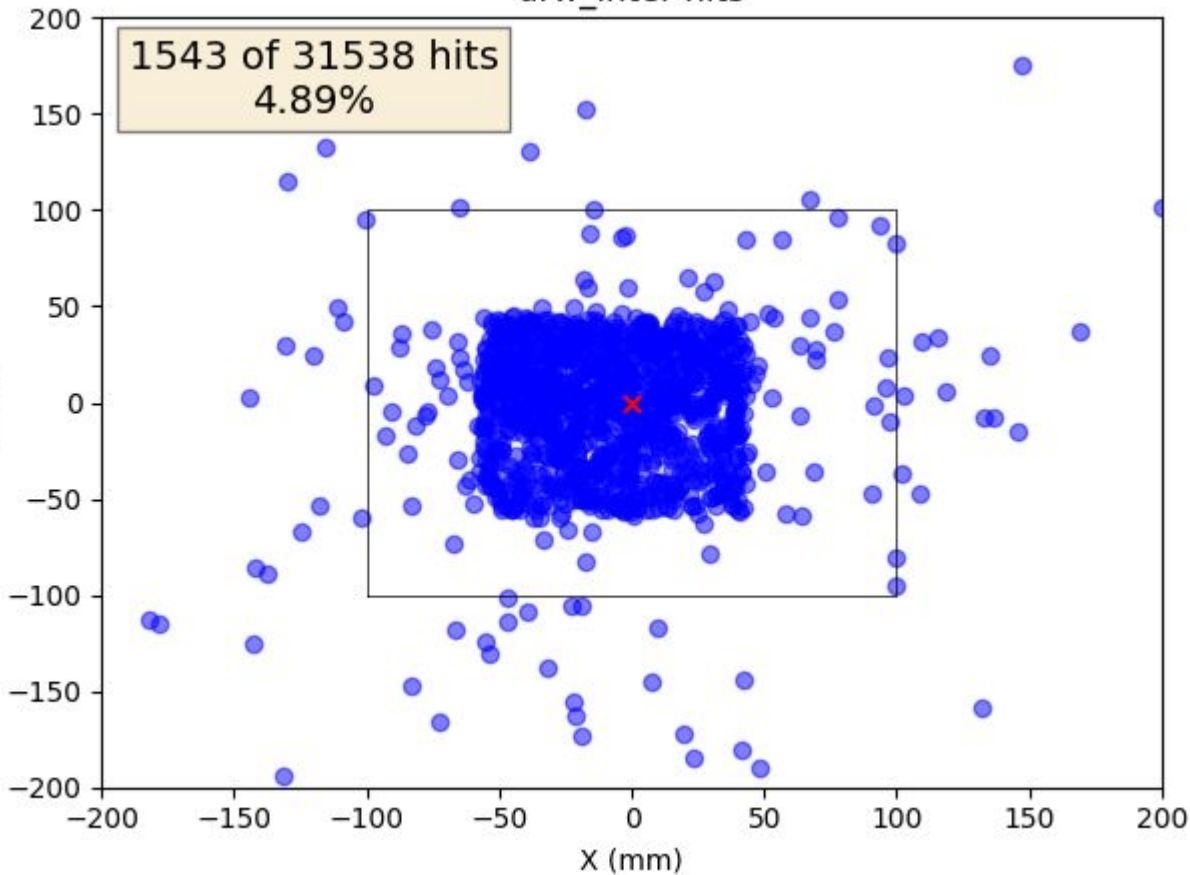
Angular Distribution of Cosmic Ray Tracks



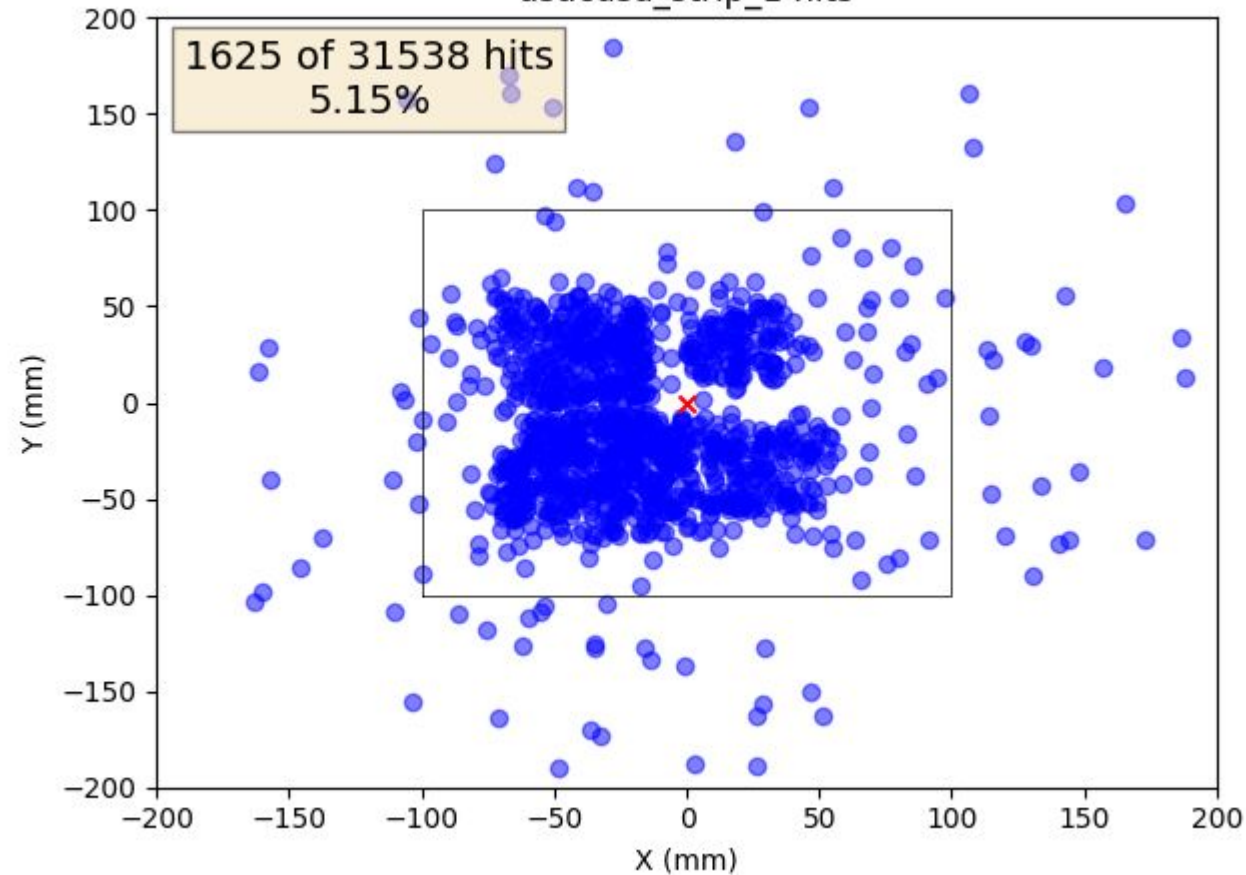
Cosmic Tracks in Prototype Detectors

Sign of life for cosmic muon setup

urw_inter hits

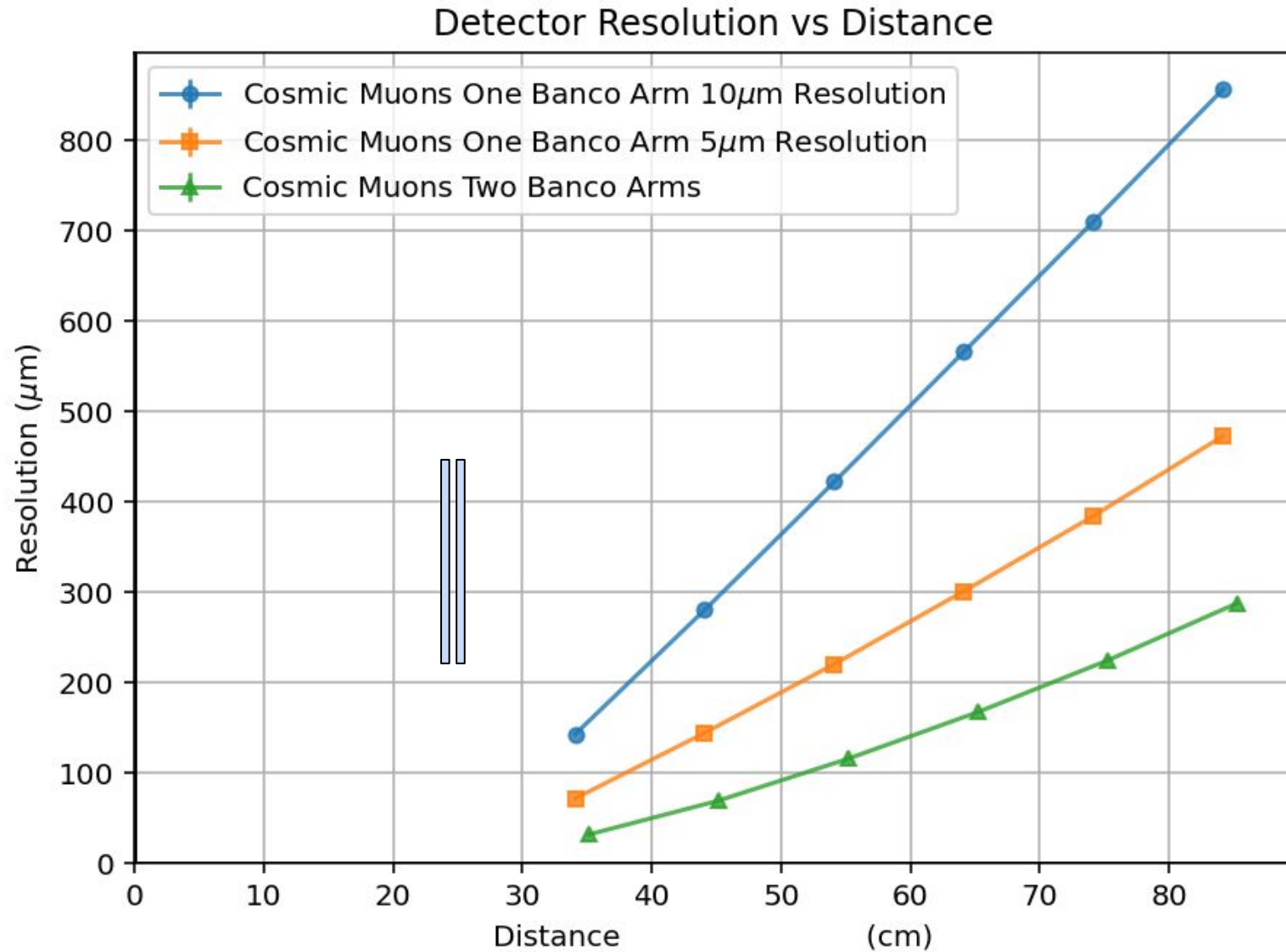


asacusa_strip_1 hits



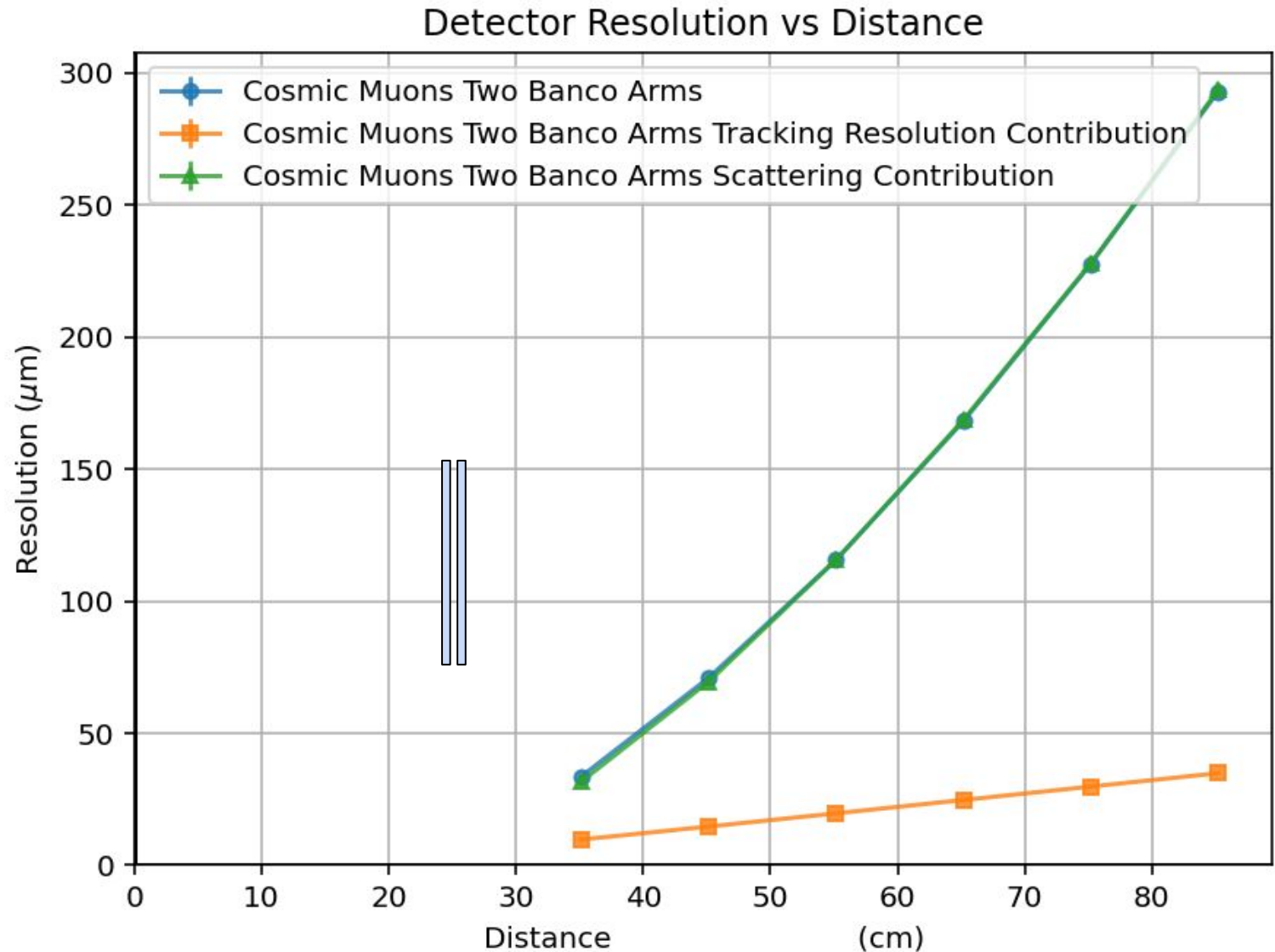
Cosmic Configuration Resolution $\sigma^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{tracking}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{scattering}}^2$

- Using two arms in coincidence we can should be able to get pretty good resolution on the first ~2 detectors



Cosmic Configuration Resolution $\sigma^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{tracking}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{scattering}}^2$

- Using two arms in coincidence we can should be able to get pretty good resolution on the first ~2 detectors
- Most of this resolution smearing still due to multiple scattering of 2 GeV muons
 - Need to double check simulation and cross-check with Geant4



Muon Rates

Low muon rate hitting small tracking detector.

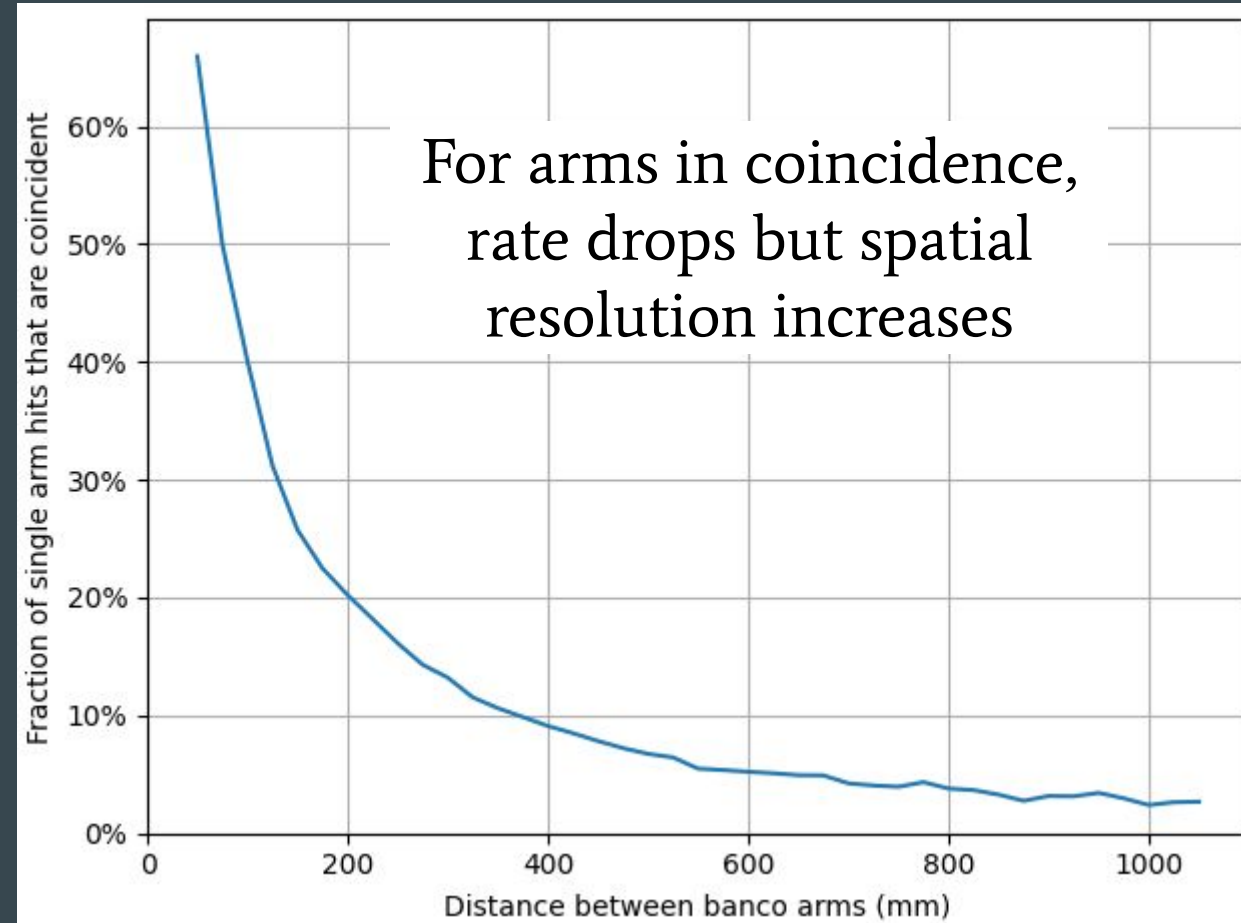
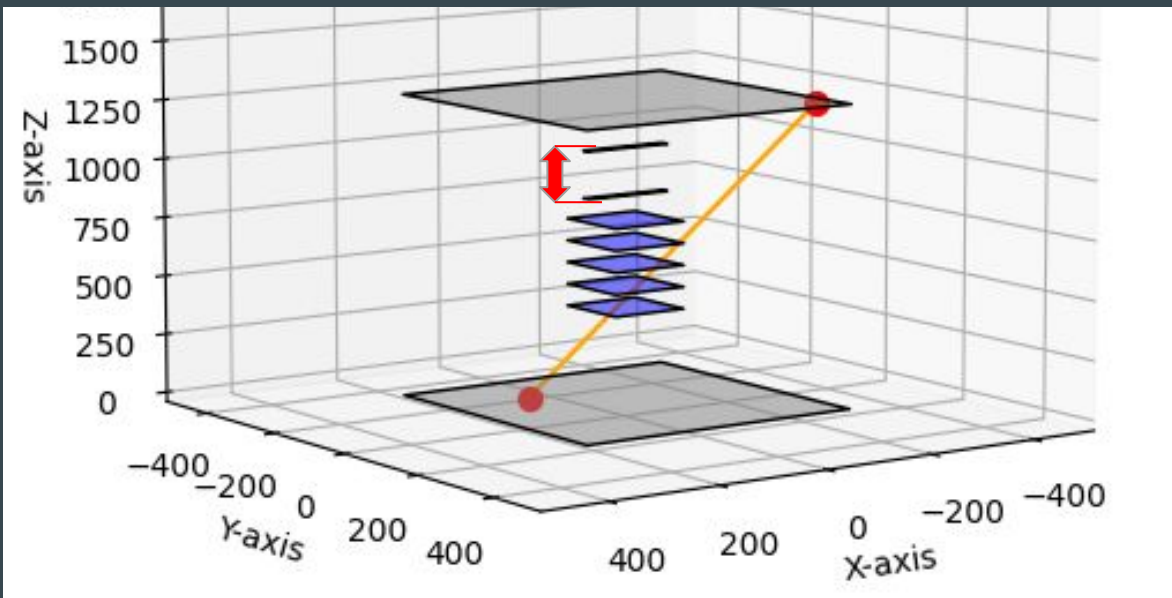
How many events do we need to characterize prototype resolution?

- 10cm: 40% → 1.2k/day
- 20cm: 20% → 600/day
- 30cm: 12% → 400/day
- 40cm: 9% → 300/day

Detector Rates

Reference detectors 500k/day

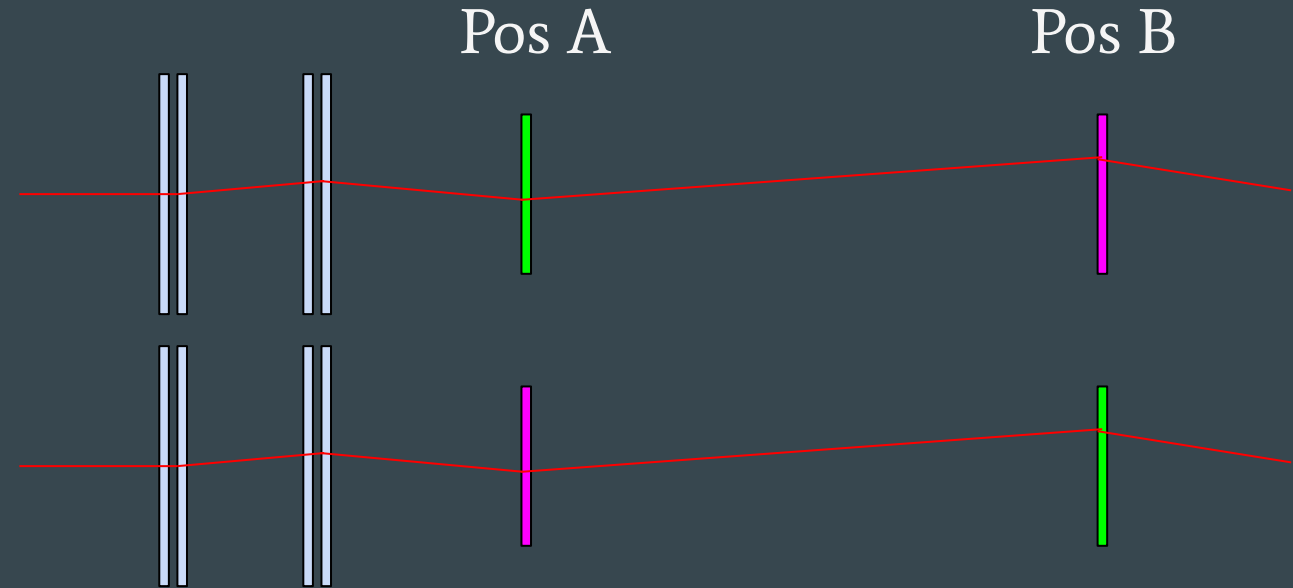
- 13x13cm: 30k/day
- 15x15cm: 3k/day



Correcting for Scattering and Tracking Resolution

$$\sigma^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{tracking}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{scattering}}^2$$

- Subtract tracking and scattering contributions directly using simulation
 - How much do we trust the simulations?
- Swap detector positions
 - If similar tracking and scattering smearing, may be able to measure relative resolution between detectors
 - Have to make sure we carefully swap



$$\sigma_{A1}^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector 1}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{position A}}^2$$

$$\sigma_{A2}^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector 2}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{position A}}^2$$

$$\sigma_{A1}^2 - \sigma_{A2}^2 = \sigma_{\text{detector 1}}^2 - \sigma_{\text{detector 2}}^2$$

Summary & Outlook

- Need to decide on best detector design for EIC
- 2023 beam test could only characterize one detector
- Plans to characterize other designs
 - September 2024 beam test
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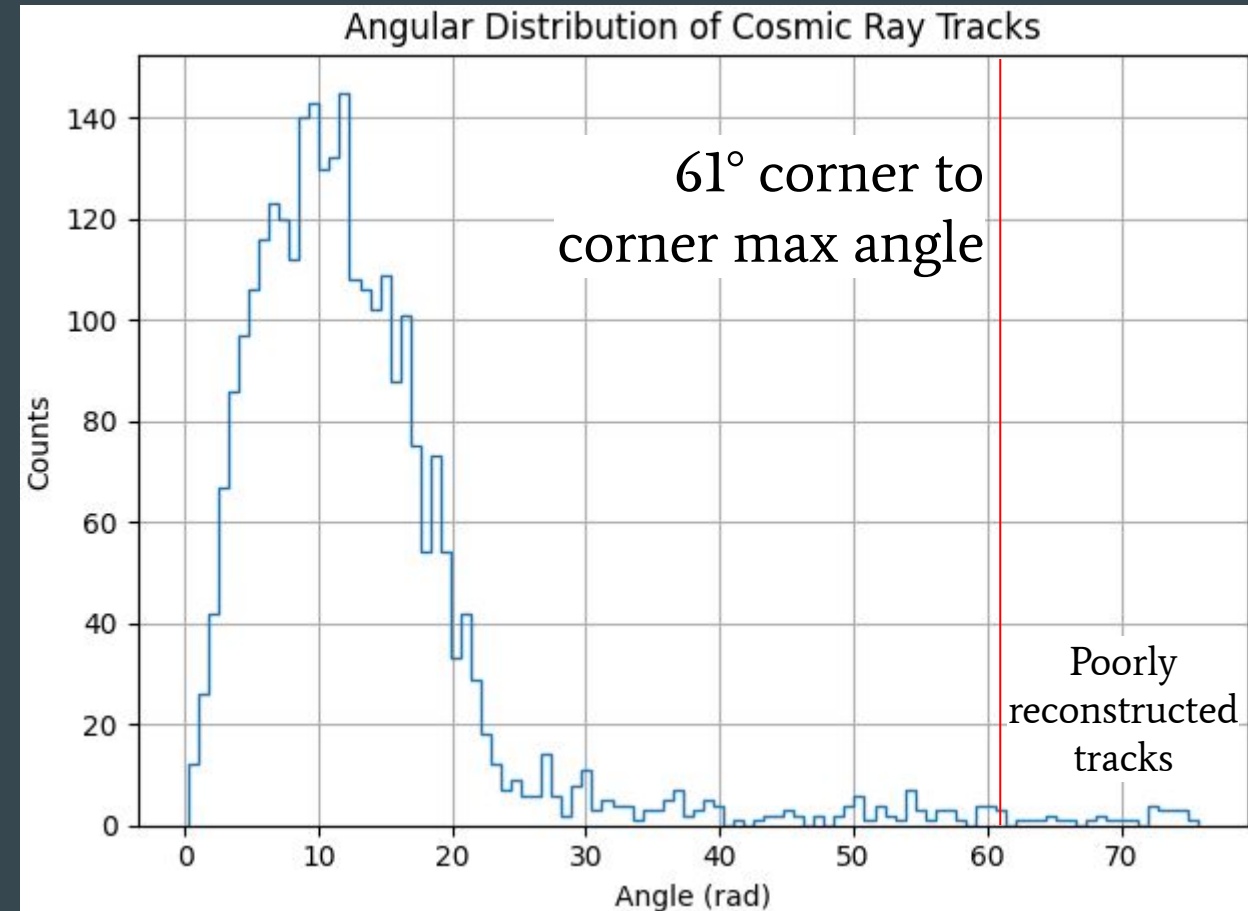
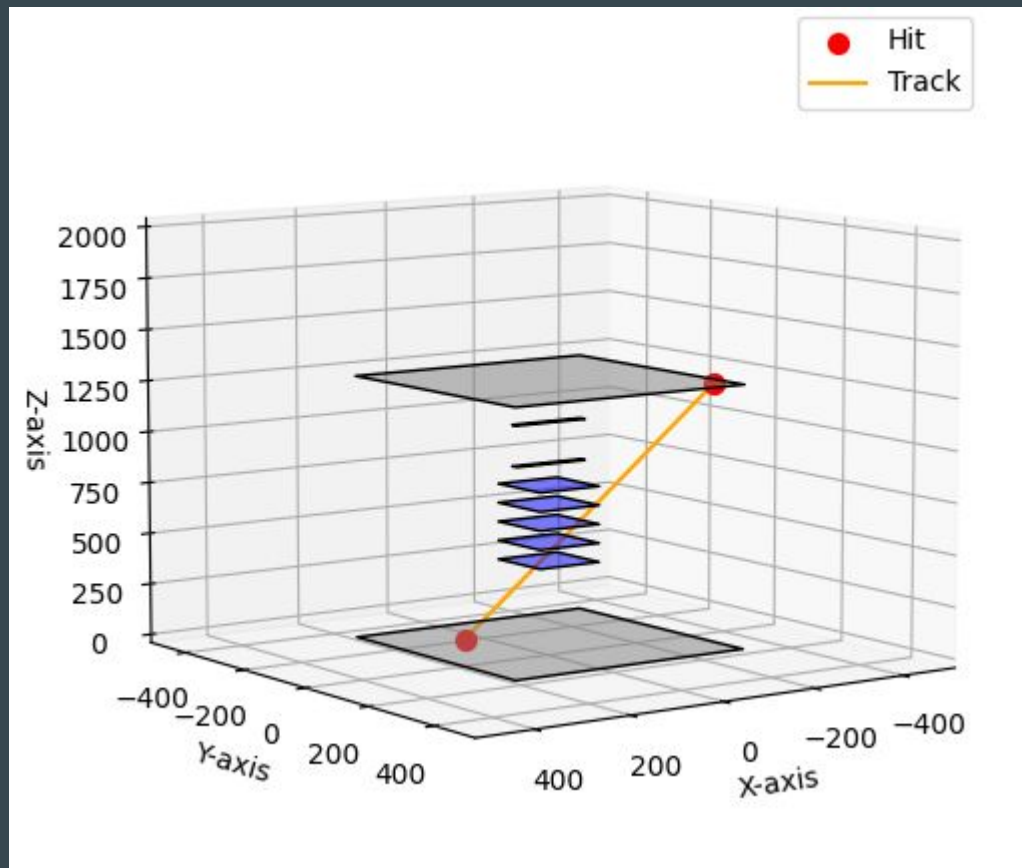
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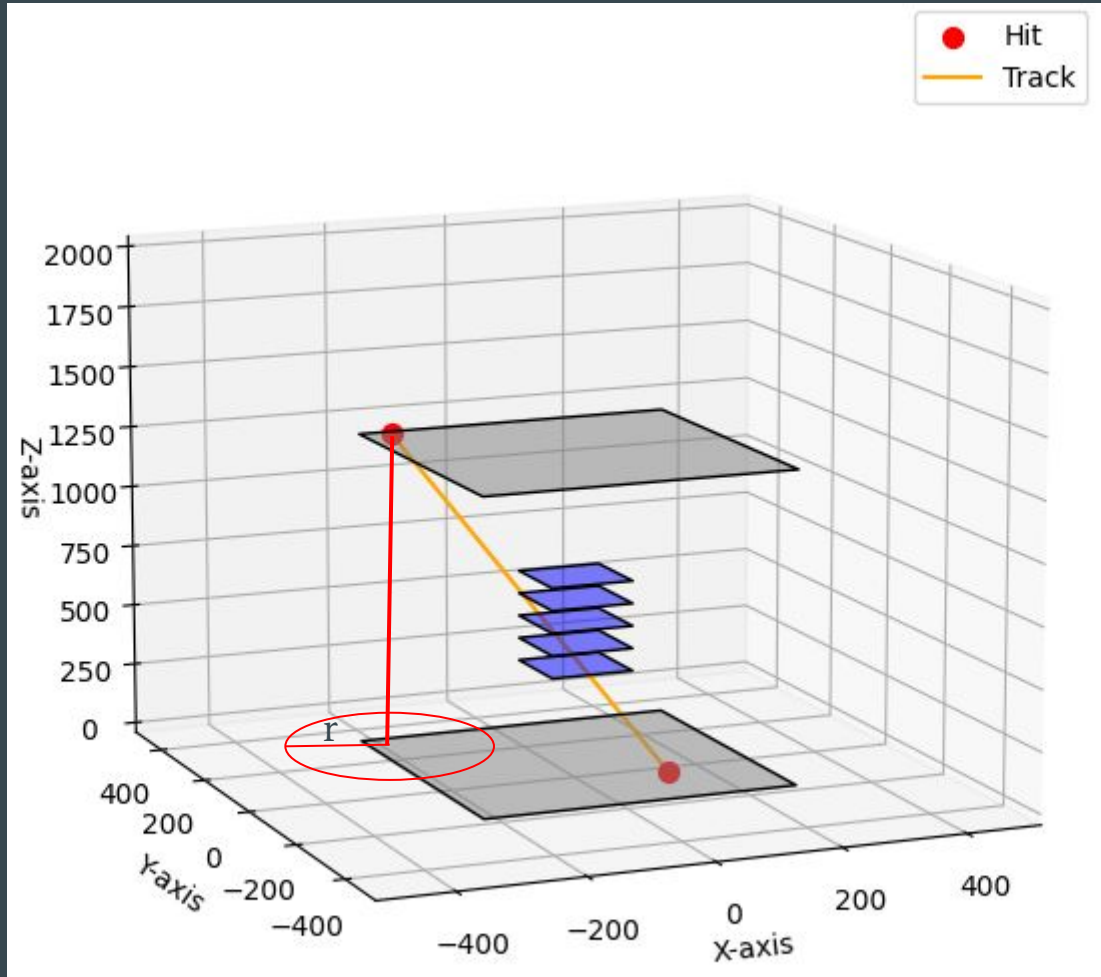
Backup

Muon Angular Distribution

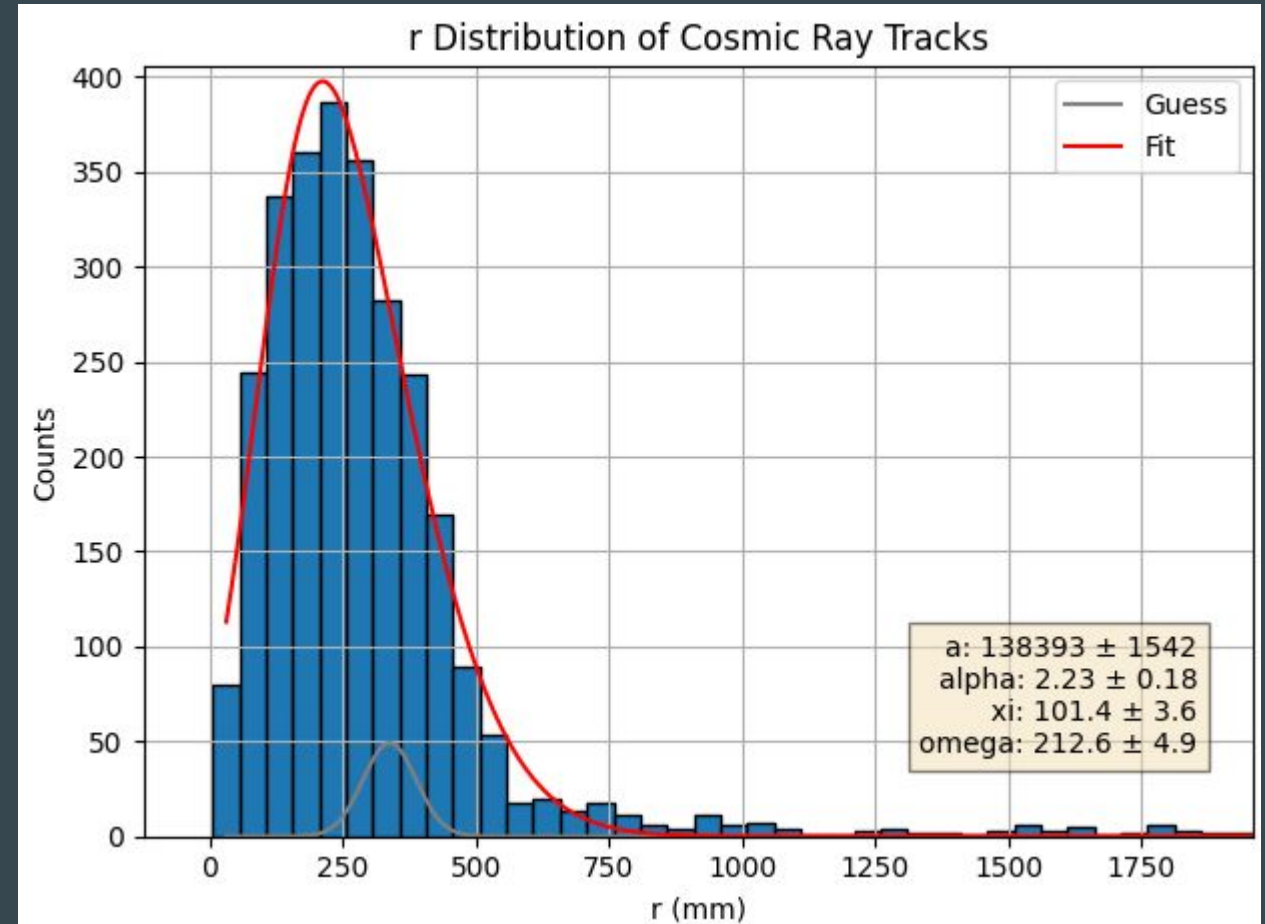


Muon Distribution

Random hits on top reference detector, bottom hit r distributed by distribution on right

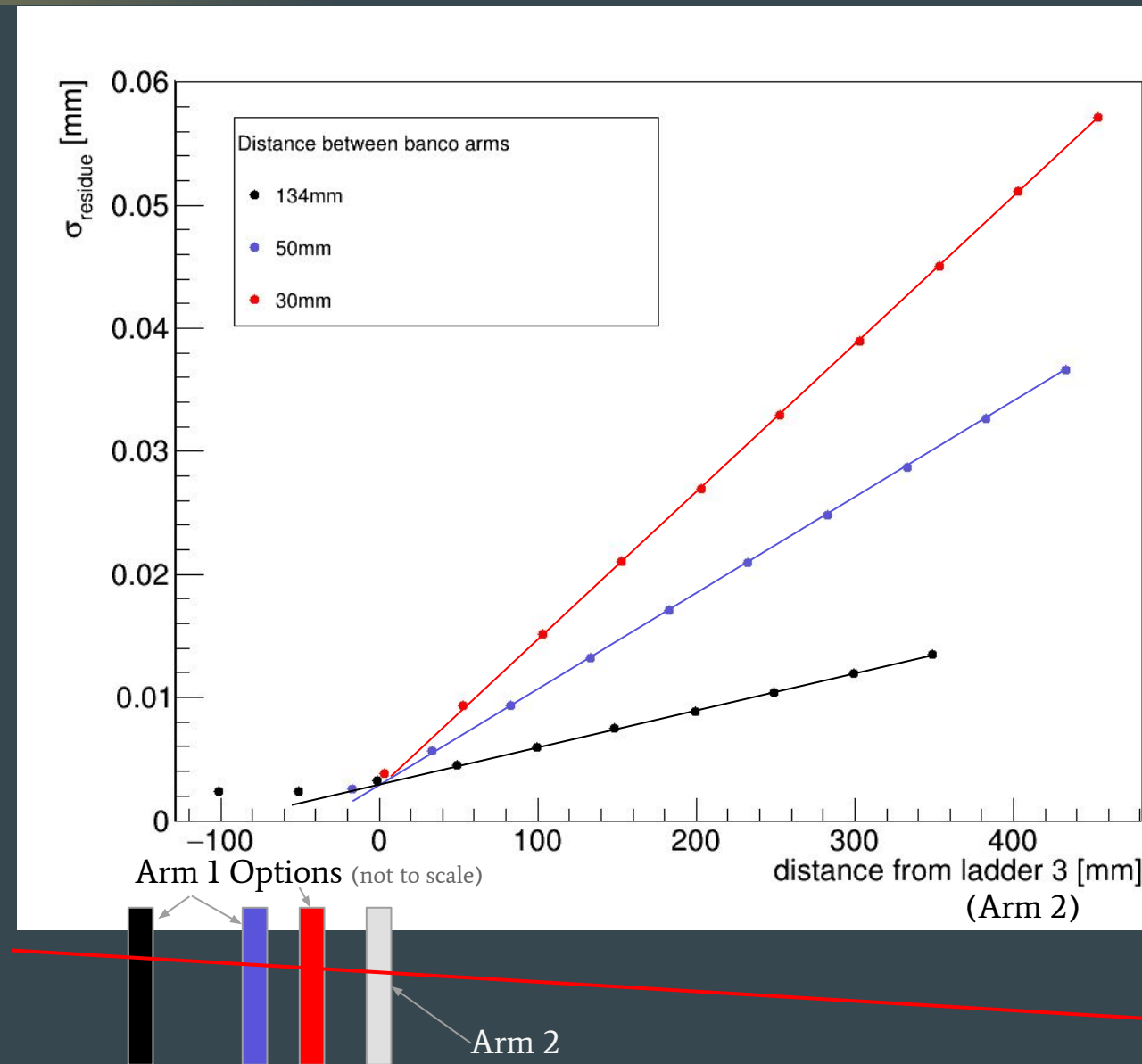
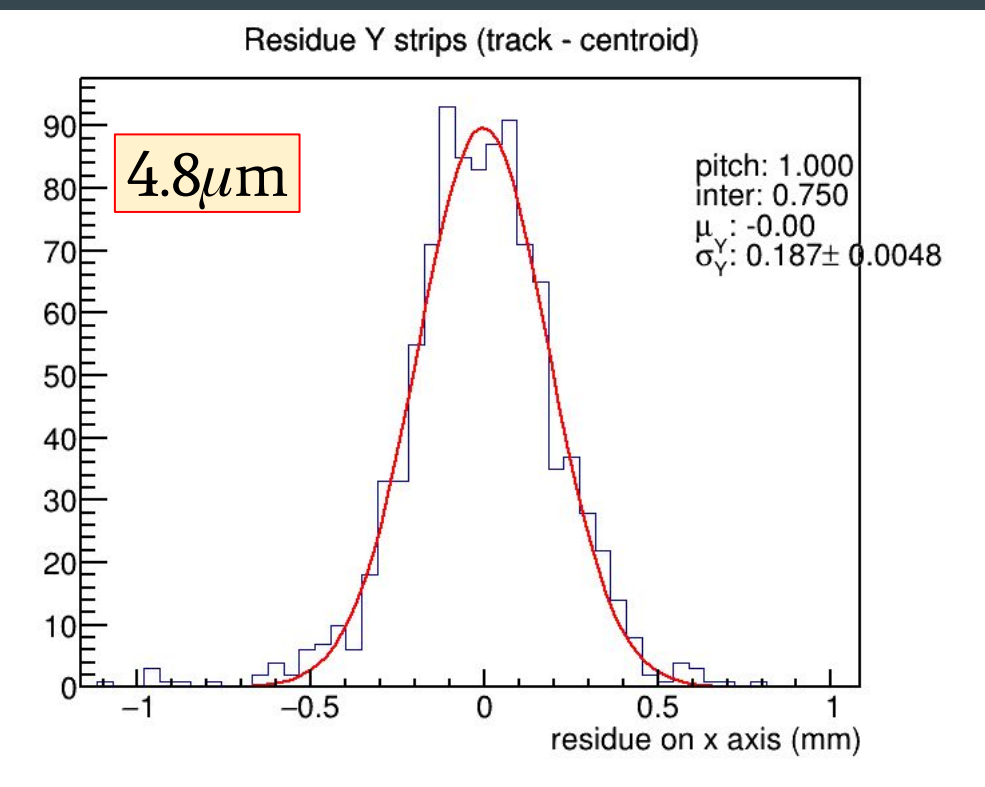


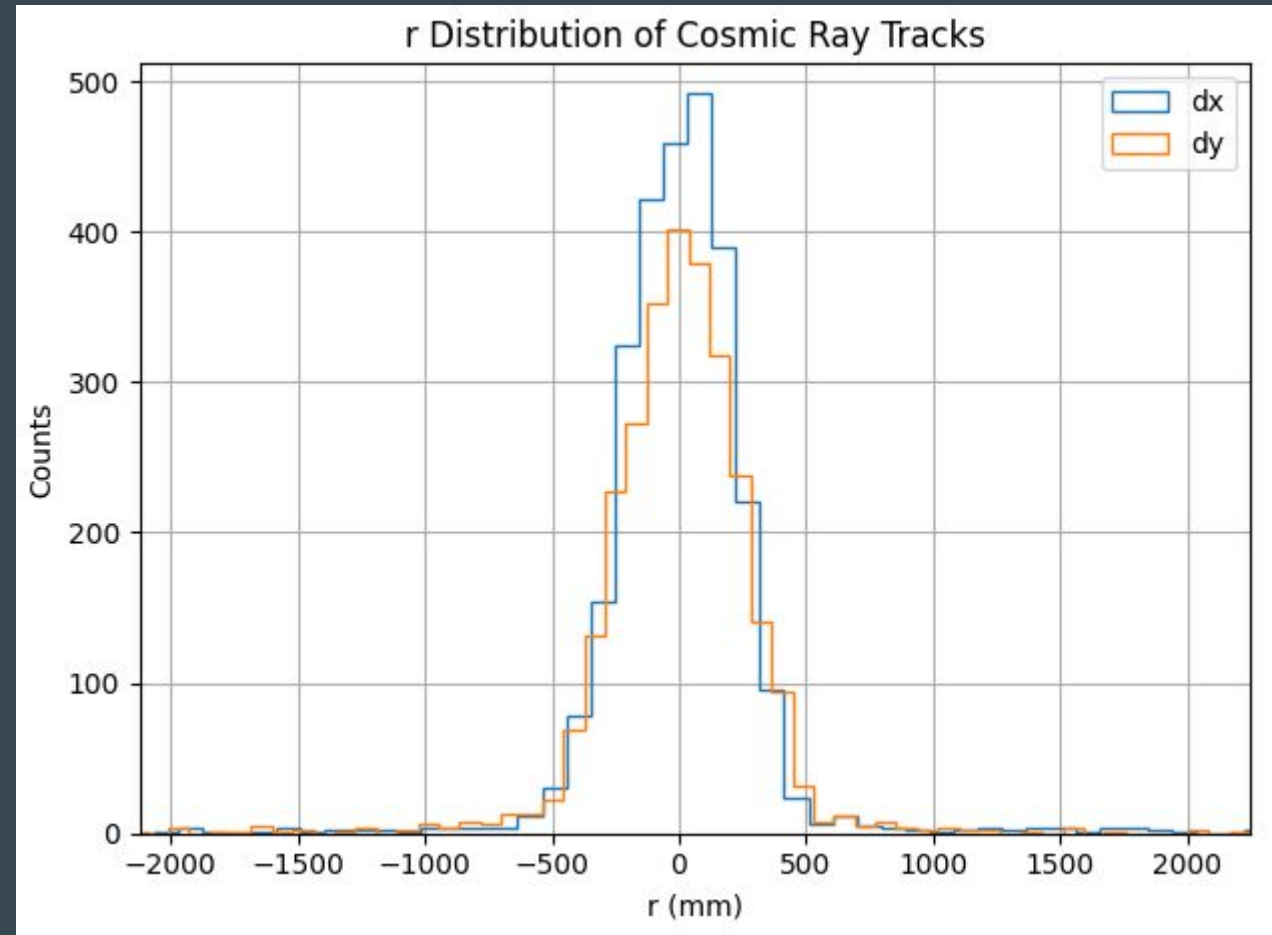
Model the angular distribution and simulate with detector geometry to get decent approximation of expected rate



Samy's Resolution Study

- Samy calculated the naively expected banco resolution as a function of the distance from the arms and for various arm separations
- Also estimated uncertainty on resolution measurement with 10000 events





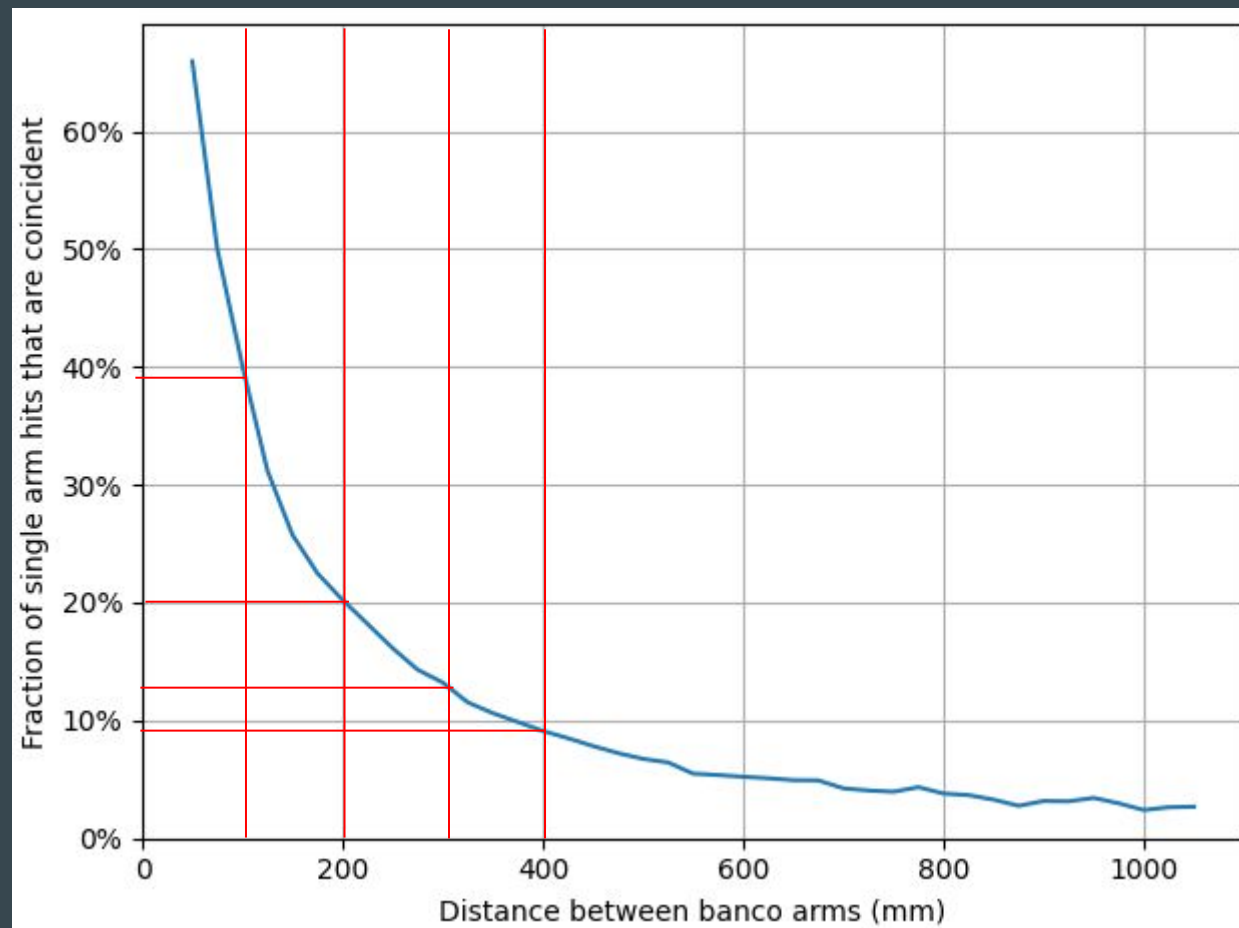
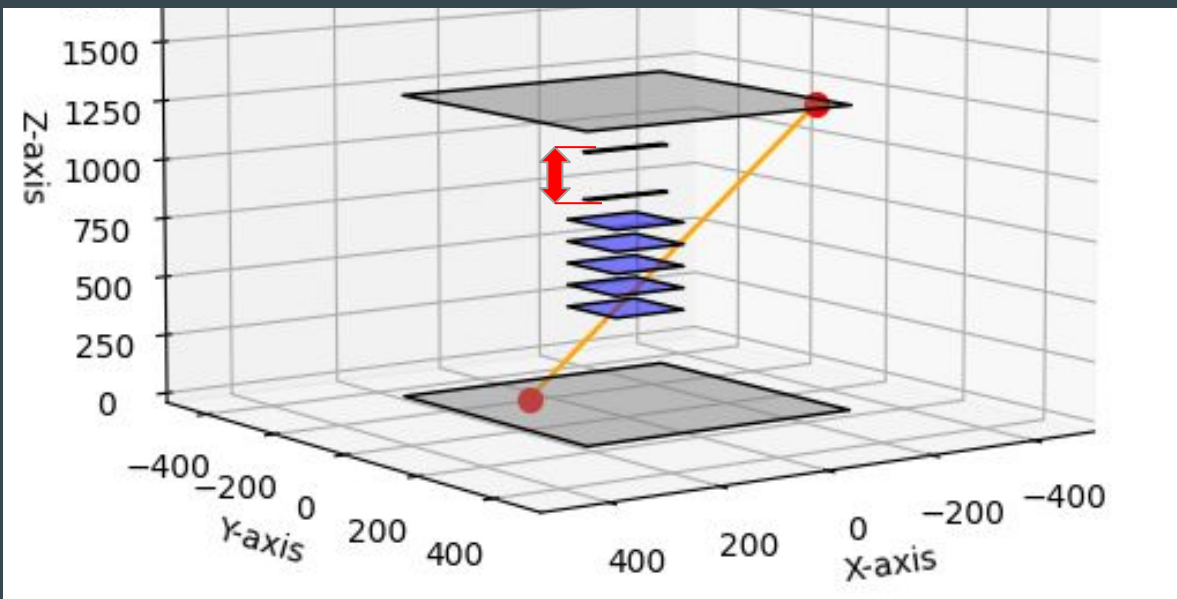
Rates

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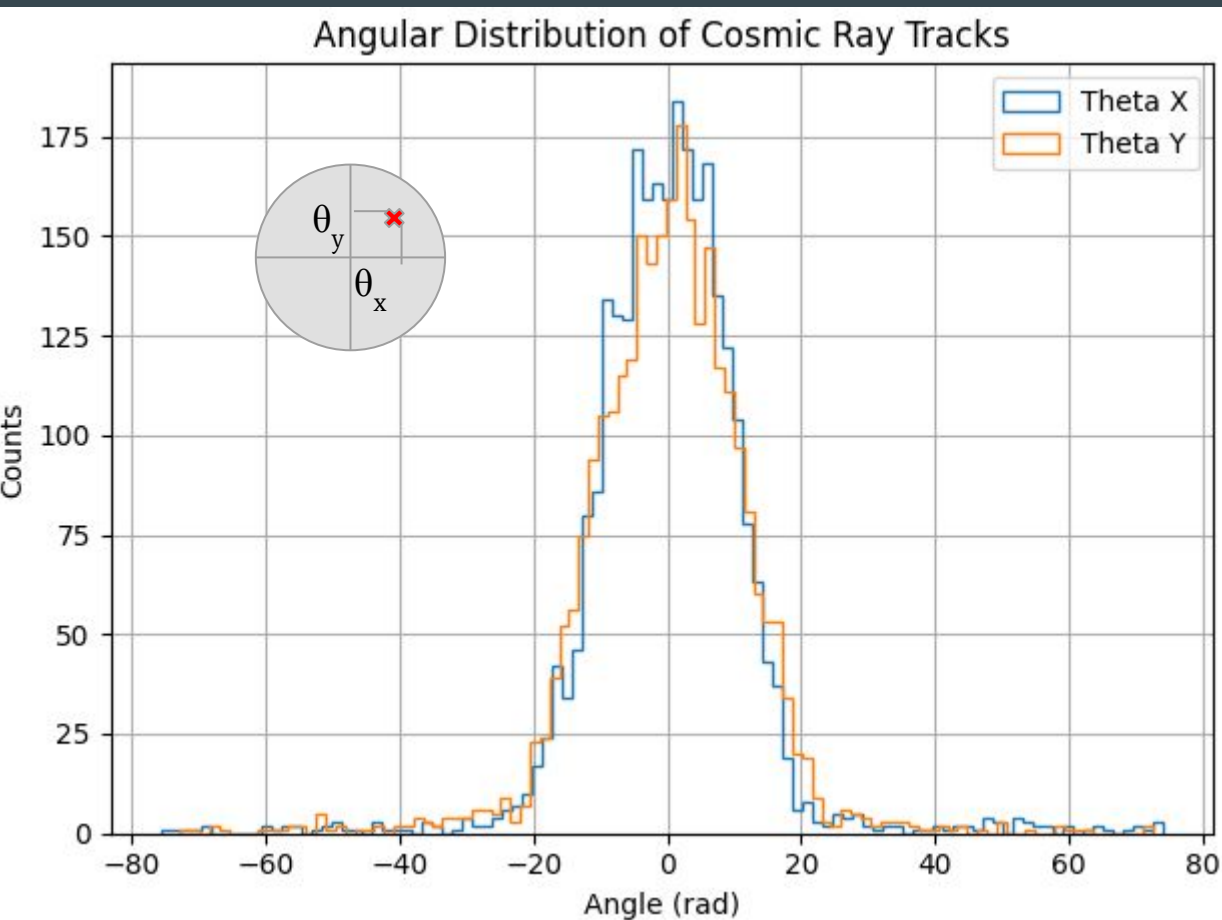
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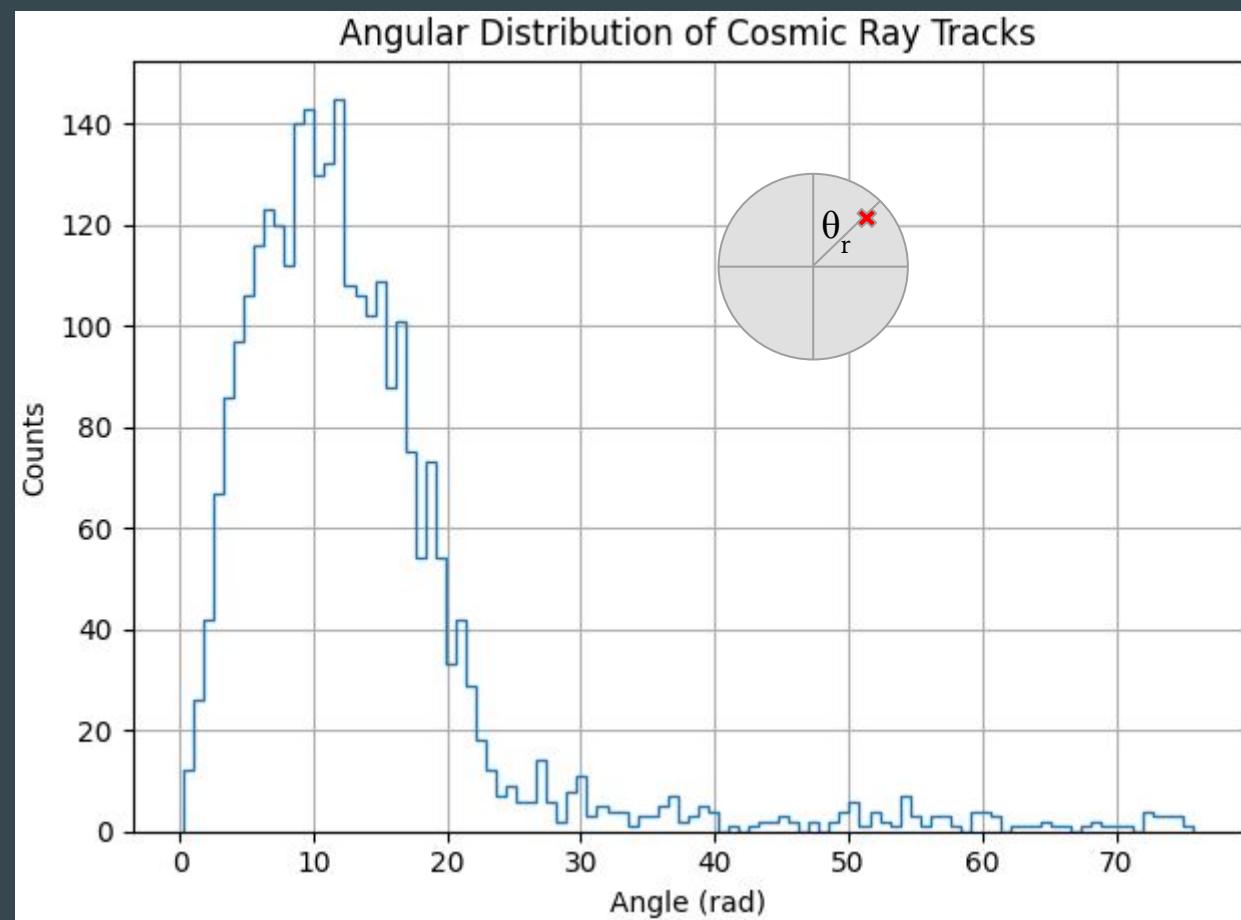


Muon Angular Distribution

X and Y Angles



Polar Angle?



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